

2008-09 BUDGET City of Boulder, Colorado

Volume I



GOVERNMENT FINANCE OFFICERS ASSOCIATION

Distinguished Budget Presentation Award

PRESENTED TO

City of Boulder Colorado

For the Biennium Beginning

January 1, 2006

President

Caren E perge

Executive Director

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) presented a Distinguished Budget Presentation Award to the City of Boulder, Colorado for its biennial budget for the biennium beginning January 1, 2006. In order to receive this award, a governmental unit must publish a budget document that meets program criteria as a policy document, as an operations guide, as a financial plan and as a communication device.

The award is valid for a period of two years only. We believe the 2008-09 budget continues to conform to program requirements and we will be submitting it to GFOA to determine its eligibility for another award.

2008-2009 BUDGET DOCUMENT OVERVIEW AND OPERATING BUDGET

City of Boulder

MayorM	Jark Ruzzin (town anded November 20, 2007)
Deputy Mayor	
Council Members	
	Robin Bohannan (term ended November 20, 2007)
	Macon Cowles (term began November 20, 2007)
	Angelique Espinoza (term began November 20, 2007)
Cı	rystal Gray – Incoming Deputy Mayor
	Shaun McGrath – Incoming Mayor
	Lisa Morzel (term began November 20, 2007)
	Susan Osborne (term began November 20, 2007)
	Richard Polk (term ended November 20, 2007)
	Andy Schultheiss (resigned as of August, 2007)
	Jack Stoakes (term ended November 20, 2007)
	Ken Wilson
City Manager	Frank W. Bruno

CITY OF BOULDER STAFF

City Manager	Frank W. Bruno
Deputy City Manager	Stephanie Grainger
Deputy City Manager	Kevin Burke
Acting City Attorney	Jerry Gordon
Municipal Judge	Linda P. Cooke
Director of Finance	Bob Eichem
Co Directors of Housing and Human Services	John Pollak and Karen Rahn
Director of Human Resources	Eileen Gomez
Acting Director of Information Technology	Francis Duffy
Library/Arts Director	Elizabeth Abbott
Director of Open Space/Mountain Parks	Michael Patton
Director of Parks and Recreation	Janice Geden
Acting Director of Planning	Ruth McHeyser
Director of Public Works for Development & Support Services	Maureen F. Rait
Director of Public Works for Transportation	Tracy Winfree
Director of Public Works for Utilities	Ned Williams
Fire Chief	Larry Donner
Police Chief	Mark R. Beckner
Director of Downtown University Hill Management Division/Parking Services	Molly Winter
Director of Support Services/City Clerk	Alisa D. Lewis
Budget Office Staff	
Budget Officer	Kathy McGuire
Budget Analysis Manager	Jim Reasor
Budget Analyst	Cindy Miller

2008-09 BUDGET DOCUMENT OVERVIEW AND OPERATING BUDGET

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Introduction

CITY OF BOULDER 2008-09 BUDGET

GENERAL INFORMATION

SHORT HISTORY OF BOULDER¹

The Boulder Valley was first the home of Native Americans, primarily the Southern Arapaho tribe who maintained a village near Haystack Mountain. Ute, Cheyenne, Comanche, and Sioux were occasional visitors to the area.

Gold seekers established the first non-native settlement in Boulder County on October 17, 1858 at Red Rocks near the entrance to Boulder Canyon. Less than a year later, on February 10, 1859, the Boulder City Town Company was organized by A.A. Brookfield, the first president, and 56 shareholders. Four thousand forty-four lots were laid out at a purchase price of \$1,000 each, a price that was later lowered in order to attract more residents.

Part of the Nebraska Territory until February 28, 1861, when the Territory of Colorado was created by the U.S. Congress, Boulder City grew slowly. It developed as a supply base for miners going into the mountains in search of gold and silver. Boulder City residents provided these miners with equipment, agricultural products, housing and transport services, and gambling and drinking establishments.

Competition among Boulder County settlements for new residents and businesses was intense. As a mining supply town, Boulder residents were more settled than in the mining camps. Economic stability was a necessity and residents encouraged the establishment of railroad service, hospital and school buildings, and a stable town government.

Boulder's first schoolhouse was built in 1860 at the southwest corner of Walnut and 15th Street, the first in the territory. Also in 1860 a group of Boulder residents began lobbying to have the University located in Boulder. By 1874 Boulder had won the designation, secured a donated 44.9 acre site and raised \$15,000 to match a similar grant by the state legislature. Construction of Old Main signaled the opening of the University, with classrooms, auditorium, office and the President's living quarters all located there.

Transportation was improved in 1873 with railroad service coming to Boulder. Gradually tracks were laid to provide service to Golden and Denver and to the mining camps to the west. In 1890 the railroad depot was constructed on Water Street (now Canyon Boulevard) and 14th Street.

City government was formalized in November, 1871 when the town of Boulder was incorporated. Designation of Boulder as the county seat occurred in 1867 and led to the construction of the first courthouse at its present site in 1883. It burned to the ground in 1932 and was replaced by the current courthouse in 1934.

Amenities and health services were developed, even in periods of little growth. The first Post Office was established in 1860; the telegraph became available in 1874; a hospital was built in 1873; a water system was installed in 1874; and the first bank was built in 1874.

The initial residential area was located in what is now downtown and in some parts of Goss/Grove, Whittier and Mapleton Hill neighborhoods. As commercial expansion took over downtown housing, these neighborhoods surrounding downtown remained primarily residential areas. At the turn of the century, growth of the University led to the development of parts of University Hill. Marks of elegance for residents were flagstone sidewalks, first installed during the 1880's.

The first private school in Boulder, Mt. St. Gertrude Academy, was opened in 1892. Boulder, by then accessible to visitors by railroad, was known as a community with a prosperous economy, a comprehensive educational system, and well maintained residential neighborhoods. It was no wonder that the railroad recommended Boulder as a site for a Chautauqua in 1897. Boulder residents passed a bond issue to buy the land, and the now familiar Chautauqua auditorium was built.

By 1905 the economy was faltering and Boulder counted heavily on tourism to boost its fortunes; however, Boulder had no first class hotel to attract summer visitors and group meetings. By 1906 a subscription drive had raised money to begin construction. The first event at the new hotel was a reception for Boulderites, held on December 30, 1908, and Hotel Boulderado opened to the public for business on January 1, 1909.

Tourism continued to dominate the Boulder economy for the next forty years. Each summer shopkeepers, transport firms, and lodging managers eagerly awaited the influx of Chautauqua residents, primarily from Texas, and other visitors. By World War II, when tourism declined, the University unknowingly provided another opportunity for growth. With the location of the U.S. Navy's Japanese language school at CU, young men and women from around the country became acquainted with the City and liked it.

Following World War II, many of these trainees returned as students, professional and business people, joining veterans attending the University on the G.I. bill. Boulder's population had not increased significantly since the 1920's. The 1920 census showed 11,006 residents while the 1940 census count was 12,958. After the first influx of new residents in the late 1940's the count soared to 20,000 in 1950.

New residents meant both new opportunities and new challenges. Although jobs were needed, townspeople wanted to preserve the beautiful natural setting and amenities developed over the years. By 1950 Boulder leaders were actively recruiting new "clean" industry and improved transportation, securing a new highway, the Boulder-Denver Turnpike, and the National Bureau of Standards in 1952. Other research and development industries soon followed.

The housing shortage and need for additional business and public buildings attracted young and talented architects. New subdivisions were planned, including the Highland Park-Martin Acres neighborhood located on the historic Martin Farm, and the North Boulder developments from Balsam north, originally part of the Tyler Farm. New neighborhoods brought the City's first two shopping centers, North Broadway and Basemar.

With the completed turnpike to downtown Denver, Boulder continued to expand. From 1950-1972 the population grew from 20,000 to 72,000.

With the purchase of thousands of acres of open space beginning in 1967, the adoption of the Boulder Valley Comprehensive Plan in 1970, passage of the building height restriction ordinance in 1972, and the residential growth management ordinance in 1977, Boulder began a period of infill and re-use of its past architectural development which continues to present. The Historic Preservation Code was passed in September, 1974. The ordinance is instrumental in preserving significant portions of our past while encouraging the rehabilitation of historic buildings.

GOVERNING BODY

The City of Boulder is governed by nine City Council members. City Council members are elected at-large and are non-partisan. The Mayor and Deputy Mayor are chosen for two-year terms by the Council from among its nine members.

CITY MANAGEMENT

The City employs a full-time City Manager, appointed by City Council to oversee the operations of the City. City Council also appoints the City Attorney and the Municipal Judge.

DEMOGRAPHIC CHARACTERISTICS²

Population (Estimate as of December 31, 2006): 101,900 Median Age: 29.0

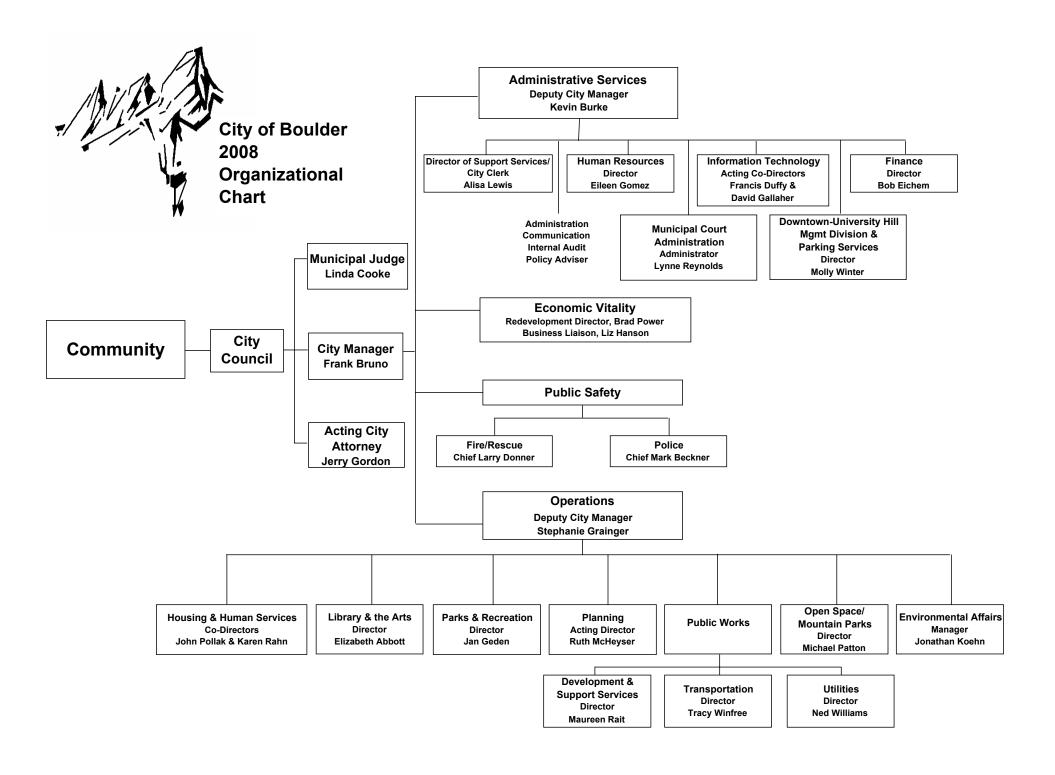
Median Education: 66.8% residents with four or more years of college

Median 4 person Household Income \$87,000

(2005: based on HUD Boulder-Longmont Area Median Income 6/11/04 Guidelines)

1. Landmarks Preservation Advisory Board

City of Boulder Planning Department, Trends Report from the Boulder Valley Comprehensive Plan 2005 Major Update
 City of Boulder Housing & Human Services Department, HHS Master Plan, April 2004, Census Highlights



BUDGET PHILOSOPHY AND PROCESS

Budget Philosophy

Serving the public trust requires that the annual budget provide the best possible balance of allocation to meet the varied needs of the community. The budget is a principal management tool for the City administration, and in allocating the City's resources, it both reflects and defines the annual work program. In this context, the budget provides a framework for us to accomplish our mission, which is "to create, enhance, and preserve a human, natural, physical, and economic environment which fosters our community's unique quality of life". The budget should also reflect our core City organization values of integrity, teamwork, service excellence, personal growth, and innovation.

In addition to balancing allocations to meet community needs, and incorporating our mission and core values, a successful annual budget preparation process requires excellent communications, community outreach, and a commitment to excellence. To this end, the process must be a cooperative effort of the entire City organization.

Boulder prides itself on being a progressive community, willing to challenge the status quo and being on the "cutting edge". City staff has accepted this challenge by developing the budget within the context of a search for creative solutions for the delivery of City services. The budget will emphasize measures to improve the productivity and effectiveness of service delivery to residents. Teamwork and efficiency enhancements will limit the amount of bureaucratic "red tape" required, both between functional areas within the City, and between City staff and the community. The overriding goals must be to support the high standards set by the community, and to provide long-term value at reasonable cost.

The budget will be based upon timely, consistent and clearly articulated policies. It will be realistic and will include adequate resources to meet assigned work programs. Once adopted, within the parameters of policy guidelines, departments will be given full spending authority for their budget(s).

Budget Process

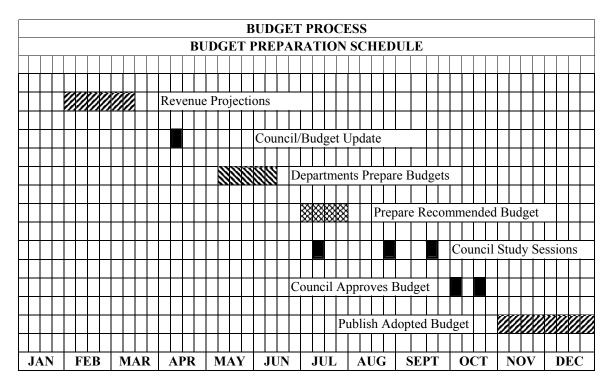
The fiscal year of the City is the calendar year. The City has implemented a two-year budget process and adopts a biennial budget by December 1st of the year prior to the two-year budget period. Even though the budget is adopted for a two-year term, the State and City Charter require that prior to each fiscal year, an appropriation ordinance must be adopted to authorize budgeted expenditures for the coming fiscal year.

The City of Boulder Charter establishes the time limits pertaining to the adoption of the budget. The budget process and schedule of development is designed to fit within the Charter mandate and to allow for active and early participation by the City Council, with an emphasis on public input.

The City's budget is developed over a ten month period, beginning in February and ending in October/November.

In February, staff begins the development of five year revenue projections along with preliminary cost projections. In April/May, Council is updated on the proposed budget. At this time, policy issues are presented and Council has the opportunity to provide direction for consideration by the City Manager in the development of the proposed budget. Then staff compiles all the necessary information in the budget guideline manual that provides the basis for the development of each department's budget. Departments begin developing their detailed budgets in May/June with review by boards and/or commissions where appropriate.

The City Manager reviews departmental budgets in June/July and meets with the Directors Group as needed to discuss the proposals submitted by departments.



The proposed budget is presented to the City Council in August and made available to the public at the same time. In August and September, Council holds study sessions to review the proposed operating and capital budgets.

The budget for the ensuing term and the annual Appropriation Ordinance for the coming fiscal year are adopted in October/November. The final Approved Budget document is printed and is available to staff and the public at the beginning of the year.

There are three opportunities during the fiscal year for supplemental additions to the annual appropriation approved by City Council. The first is typically adopted in April and re-appropriates funds from the previous year for projects or obligations that were approved but not completed during the year. The second opportunity to supplement department budgets is in September and the third, and final, is in November. In line with the City's budget philosophy that, with the exception of emergency situations, appropriations be considered only during comprehensive budget review processes, most of the requested adjustments in the second and third supplementals are funded by new revenues or grants.

The schedule for the 2008-09 Budget was revised in order for City Council to develop a City Council Budget Action Plan. For a description of the steps in the 2008-09 budget process, please see the 2008-09 Budget Message, section Budget Development Process.

Fund Accounting

The City of Boulder uses funds to budget and report on its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain government functions or activities.

Funds are classified into three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. Each category, in turn, is divided into separate "fund types."

Governmental funds are used to account for all or most of a government's general activities, including the collection and disbursement of earmarked moneys (special revenue funds), the acquisition or construction of general fixed assets (capital project funds), and the servicing of general long-term debt (debt service funds). The general fund is used to account for all activities of the general government not accounted for in some other fund.

<u>Proprietary funds</u> are used to account for activities similar to those found in the private sector, and where the determination of net income is necessary or useful to sound financial administration. Goods or services from such activities can be provided either to outside parties (enterprise funds) or to other departments or agencies primarily within the government (internal service funds). The City applies all applicable FASB pronouncements issued prior to November 30, 1989, and GASB statements since that date in accounting and reporting for its proprietary operations.

<u>Fiduciary funds</u> are used to account for assets held on behalf of outside parties, including other governments, or on behalf of other funds within the government. When these assets are held under the terms of a formal trust agreement, a pension trust fund must be used. Agency funds generally are used to account for assets that the government holds on behalf of others as their agent.

Fund Definitions

General Fund

The General Fund is established to account for the revenues and expenditures necessary to carry out basic governmental activities of the City such as public safety, human services, legal services, administrative services, etc, which are not required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds are established to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than special assessments, pension trusts, proprietary fund operations and revenues received for major capital projects) that are legally restricted for specific purposes. The City of Boulder has the following special revenue funds.

<u>Capital Development Fund</u> - to account for development fee proceeds to be utilized for the acquisition, construction and improvement of facilities necessary to maintain the current level of public amenities such as police, fire, library, human services, municipal offices, streets, and parks and recreation.

<u>Lottery Fund</u> - to account for State Conservation Trust Fund proceeds to be utilized for the refurbishment, capital improvement and debt service on park acquisitions.

<u>Planning & Development Services Fund</u> - to account for revenues and expenditures related to development and building services functions.

<u>Affordable Housing Fund</u> - to account for cash in lieu financial contributions from developers and General Fund contributions which are to be used to construct, purchase and maintain permanently affordable housing units in Boulder.

<u>Community Housing Assistance Program (CHAP) Fund</u> - to account for property tax, a housing excise tax and fees to be used to increase the supply of affordable housing in Boulder.

- <u>.15 Cent Sales Tax Fund</u> to account for earmarked sales tax authorized by the voters in 1992 for parks and recreation and general municipal purposes.
- <u>.25 Cent Sales Tax Fund</u> to account for earmarked sales tax authorized by the voters in 1995 for parks and recreation operating and capital needs.

<u>Library Fund</u> - to account for the operations of the City-owned library and branches. Financing is provided by general property taxes and General Fund contributions.

<u>Recreation Activity Fund</u> - to account for revenues and expenditures related to the provision of recreation, reservoir and golf course services/programs.

<u>Climate Action Plan Fund</u> - to account for revenues and expenditures related to programs implemented to increase energy efficiency, increase renewable energy use, reduce emissions from motor vehicles and take other steps toward the goal of meeting the Kyoto Protocol.

<u>Open Space Fund</u> - to account for the acquisition and maintenance of greenbelt land. Financing is provided by sales taxes and the issuance of long-term bonds and notes payable.

<u>Airport Fund</u> - to account for the operations of the City-owned municipal airport. Financing is provided by grants, rents and leases.

<u>Transportation Fund</u> - to account for construction, operation and maintenance of all major thoroughfares, local streets, bikeways, walkways and City-owned parking. Financing is provided by sales taxes, the City's share of the County Road and Bridge tax, State Highway Users' tax and State Auto Registration fees.

<u>Transportation Development Fund</u> - to account for development fees to be utilized for the construction of transportation capital improvements related to new development and growth.

<u>Community Development Block Grant Fund</u> - to account for the funds granted by the Community Development Block Grant program administered by the Department of Housing and Urban Development.

<u>HOME Fund</u> - to account for funds granted by the HOME program administered by the Department of Housing and Urban Development.

Capital Project Funds

The Capital Project Funds are established to account for financial resources to be utilized for acquisition, construction and improvement of general fixed assets (other than those financed by Proprietary Funds).

The City of Boulder has the following Capital Project Funds:

.25 Cent Sales Tax Bond Proceeds Fund Permanent Parks and Recreation Fund Boulder Municipal Property Authority Bond Fund

Debt Service Fund

The Debt Service Funds are established to accumulate moneys for payment of general long-term debt principal and interest.

<u>General Obligation Debt Service Fund</u> - Financing is provided by investments accumulated for the retirement of specific notes payable.

.15 Cent Sales Tax Debt Service Fund - Financing is provided by earmarked sales tax.

<u>Boulder Municipal Property Authority Debt Service Fund</u> - Financing is provided by base rentals from the General Fund, Lottery Fund, Open Space Fund and the Permanent Parks and Recreation Fund.

Enterprise Funds

Enterprise Funds are established to finance and account for the acquisition, operation and maintenance of governmental facilities and services which are entirely or predominantly self-supporting by user charges. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in these funds, including, but not limited to, administration, operations, maintenance, financing and related debt service, and billing collections.

The City of Boulder has the following Enterprise Funds:

Water Utility Fund Wastewater Utility Fund Stormwater/Flood Management Utility Fund Downtown Commercial District University Hill Commercial District

Internal Service Funds

The Internal Service Funds are established to finance and account for services and/or commodities required by other funds. The City of Boulder has the following Internal Service Funds:

<u>Telecommunications Fund</u> - to account for the costs of operating, acquiring and maintaining telecommunications equipment used by all City departments.

<u>Property & Casualty Insurance Fund</u> - to account for and facilitate the monitoring of the City's self-insured property & casualty insurance plan.

<u>Workers Compensation Insurance Fund</u> - to account for and facilitate the monitoring of the City's self-insured workers compensation plan.

<u>Compensated Absences</u> - to account for payments of compensated absences to employees of the General and Library Funds. Funding is received primarily from the General Fund.

<u>Fleet Fund</u> - to account for the costs of operating, acquiring and maintaining automotive equipment used by other City departments. Such costs are billed to the other departments.

<u>Computer Replacement Fund</u> - to account for the costs of acquiring and maintaining computer equipment used by other City departments. Such costs are billed to the other departments.

<u>Equipment Replacement Fund</u> - to account for the costs of acquiring equipment used by other City departments. Such costs are billed to the other departments.

<u>Facility Renovation & Replacement Fund</u> - to account for the costs of maintaining and replacing facilities within the City of Boulder.

Budget Basis

Budgets are prepared on a modified accrual basis, except for outstanding encumbrances which are budgeted as expenditures. Briefly, this means that obligations of the City are budgeted as expenditures, but revenues are recognized only when they are measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred.

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) shows the status of the City's finances on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). In most cases, this conforms to the way the City prepares the budget. One exception is compensated absences (accrued but unused vacation or sick leave) which are treated slightly differently in the budget and in the CAFR.

Budget Terms

<u>Accrual Basis</u> - The basis of accounting under which revenues and expenses are recognized when they occur, rather than when collected or paid.

Ad Valorem Tax - Tax based on the Assessed Valuation of property.

<u>Appropriation</u> - Legal authorization granted by City Council to make expenditures and incur obligations up to a specific dollar amount.

<u>Appropriation Ordinance</u> - An ordinance by means of which appropriations are given legal effect. It is the method by which the expenditure side of the annual budget is enacted into law by the City Council.

<u>Assessed Valuation</u> - Basis for determining property taxes. The assessor determines the assessed valuation of residential real property. For 2003-2004, property was appraised at the 2002 actual value. The residential rate was 7.96% of its actual 2002 value and all other property was assessed at 29%.

<u>Bond</u> - Written promise to pay a specified sum of money, called the face value or principal, at a specified date or dates in the future, called the maturity date(s), together with periodic interest at a specified rate.

<u>Budget</u> - Plan of financial operation, embodying an estimate of proposed expenditures for a given period and the proposed revenue estimates of financing them. Upon approval by City Council, the budget appropriation ordinance is the legal basis for expenditures in the budget year.

<u>Capital Assets</u> - Assets of significant value and having a useful life of several years. Capital assets are also referred to as fixed assets.

<u>Capital Improvement Program</u> - An annual, updated plan of capital expenditures for public facilities and infrastructure (buildings, streets, etc.) with estimated costs, sources of funding and timing of work over a five year period.

<u>Capital Project</u> - Projects involving the purchase or construction of capital assets. Often a capital project encompasses the purchase of land and the construction of a building or facility, or major street construction or reconstruction. Design, engineering or architectural fees are often a part of a capital project.

<u>Capital Purchases</u> - Those items which a department purchases that have a value of over \$5,000 and a life of longer than one year, with the exception of computing equipment and copy machines which have a limit of \$1,000.

<u>Debt Service</u> - Payment of principal and interest related to long-term debt.

<u>Department</u> - An organizational unit of the city which provides one or more services.

<u>Depreciation</u> - Expiration in the service life of fixed assets, attributable to wear and tear, deterioration, action of the physical elements, inadequacy and obsolescence.

<u>Designated Fund Balance</u> - That portion of the fund balance that has been set aside for a specific purpose by the City Council.

<u>Division</u> - A group of related tasks to provide a specific benefit to either the general public or the city organization. A division is a sub-organizational unit of the department.

<u>Encumbrance</u> - Appropriations committed by contract for goods or services, which will not be paid for until the next fiscal year.

<u>Fiscal Year</u> - A 12-month period to which the annual operating budget applies and at the end of which a government determines its financial position and the results of its operations. The City of Boulder's fiscal year is January 1 through December 31.

<u>Fund Balance</u> - The balance remaining in a fund after costs have been subtracted from revenues.

General Obligation Bonds - Bonds which the full faith and credit of the issuing government are pledged for payment.

<u>Grants</u> - Contributions or gifts of cash or other assets from another organization to be used or expended for a specified purpose or activity.

<u>Home Rule</u> - Statutory and constitutional provisions, which allow municipalities to exercise powers of local self-government such as the administration and collection of local taxes. The City of Boulder is a home rule municipality.

Infrastructure - Facilities on which the continuance and growth of a community depend, such as streets, waterlines, etc.

<u>Interdepartmental Charges</u> - Charges for services provided by the Interdepartmental Service Funds. An example of these charges is vehicle charges. These charges are reflected as expenditures in the department budgets and as revenues in the Intradepartmental Service Funds.

<u>Internal Transfers</u> - Legally authorized intra-city transfers from a fund receiving revenue to another fund where it is to be expended. Revenue and expenditures are accounted for in both funds.

<u>Lease-Purchase Agreements</u> - Contractual agreements which are termed "leases", but which in substance amount to purchase contracts, for equipment and machinery.

<u>Long-term Debt</u> - Debt with a maturity of more than one year after the date of issuance.

<u>Maturity</u> - The date on which the principal or stated value of investments or debt obligations are due and may be reclaimed.

<u>Mill Levy</u> - Rate applied to Assessed Valuation of property to determine property taxes. A mill is $1/10^{th}$ of a penny, or \$1.00 of tax for each \$1,000 of assessed valuation. The city's maximum mill levy, excluding debt service, is thirteen mills per City Charter.

<u>Modified Accrual Basis</u> - Revenues are recorded as the amount becomes measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the liability is incurred.

Operating Budget - Represents the amount of money necessary to provide for the day to day functions of city government. It does not include internal transfers between funds, nor does it include expenditures for debt service and capital projects.

<u>Operating Expenses</u> - Those items that a department will utilize in its daily operations. Examples of these items would be copying, office supplies, postage, work supplies, and chemicals. In addition, any item that a department receives from outside agencies such as telephone services, gas and electric charges, equipment rentals, rent, advertising, and contractual arrangements are also included in operating expenses.

<u>Personnel Services</u> - This category includes salary and benefits for standard and temporary employees. It also includes budgeted overtime.

<u>Plant Investment Fees</u> - Charges to new developers for connecting to the city's water or sewer system to compensate the city for additional facilities needed to serve the development.

<u>Program</u> - A specific activity within a department. A grouping of programs typically defines a division within a department.

<u>Projected</u> - Estimation of revenues and expenditures based on past trends, current economic conditions and future financial forecasts.

<u>Reserves</u> - Funds which are planned to not be spent in the current budget year, and whose level is established by a specific policy decision. Please refer to specific reserve policies in this document.

<u>Revised Budget</u> - Most recent estimate of revenue and expenditures including additional appropriations made throughout the year and encumbrances carried over.

<u>Special Assessment</u> - A levy made against certain properties to defray part or all of the cost of a specific improvement or service deemed to primarily benefit those properties.

Supplemental Requests - Programs and services which departments would like to have added to their budget. Typically,

supplemental requests are covered by additional revenue, as is the case with new grants.

<u>Unallocated Fund Balances</u> - Unspent funds whose levels at any point in time are the difference between expected revenues plus any unspent funds from prior years, and budgeted expenditures. The primary conceptual difference between unallocated fund balances and reserves is that reserves are earmarked by conscious policy decisions, and unallocated fund balances are funds which remain above the reserve.

<u>User Fees</u> - The payment of a fee for direct receipt of a public service by the party benefiting from the service.

CITY MANAGER'S BUDGET MESSAGE



City
Of
Boulder
Office of the City Manager

DATE: August 14, 2007

TO: Mayor, City Council and the Residents of Boulder

FROM: Frank W. Bruno, City Manager

SUBJECT: 2008-09 Budget Message

INTRODUCTION

The budget message is my transmittal memorandum and my opportunity to share with City Council and the community the overall philosophy for my budget recommendations. The 2008-09 Recommended Budget is a reflection of the economic challenges we face in providing a complex set of public services to the Boulder community. In addition, it mirrors the findings of the Blue Ribbon Commission which indicate that current revenues are not keeping pace with the growth in expenses (both in the short-term as well as the long-term). Indications are that this trend, which is impacting many other local governments, will persist and the cost of providing services will continue to outpace the resources available to fund them. Combining this ongoing economic reality with the continued expectation for providing a high quality, diverse set of services represents both a challenge as well as an opportunity for the municipal corporation.

As part of the development of this recommended budget, I am pleased to say that we were able to begin addressing the priorities identified through the City Council Budget Action Plan while continuing to work toward stabilizing basic services through the use of the Business Plan. Although we weren't able to make as much progress as we would like, or the community deserves, we were generally able to allocate the available funding in a way that is consistent with the Business Plan philosophy and with the city's community sustainability goals of social, environmental and economic sustainability. I believe that the core values of this community are represented through the recommendations in the 2008-09 budget.

The Challenges

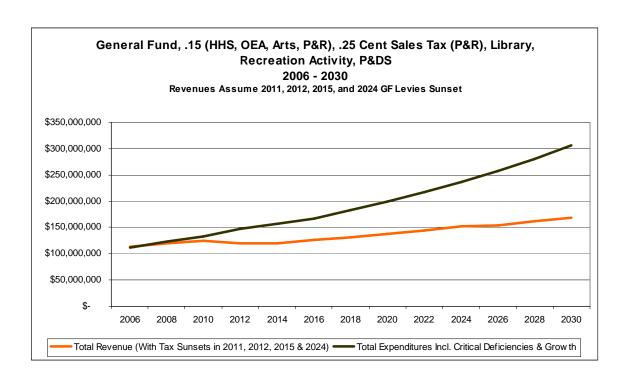
Revenue Instability

As the local economy began to improve slightly in late 2004, it became evident that the volatility of sales/use tax (the primary source of funding for city services) combined with the sharp escalation in the cost of providing services was creating further instability in the city's funding streams. This factor was masked to a degree by the failure and eventual closure of the Crossroads Mall. In response, City Council appointed a Blue Ribbon

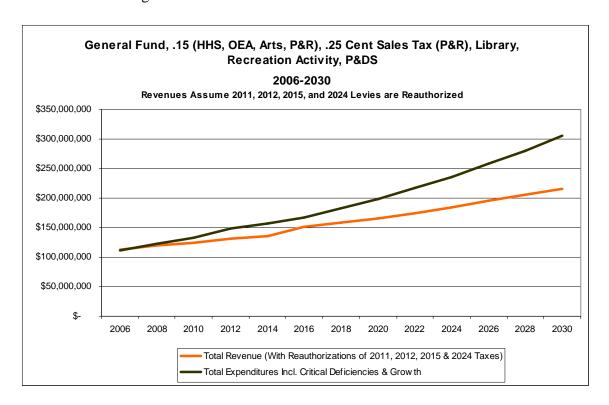
Commission (BRC) on Revenue Stabilization to examine the city's revenue structure and to incorporate a long-range approach to addressing financial challenges.

As part of the commission's work, a long-range forecast was developed for expenditures and revenues in the city's eight largest funds (excluding the three utility funds). The forecast adjusted the 2006 budget to 2030 by inflating each type of expense (e.g. personnel, utilities, transportation construction, etc.) by an appropriate factor. The 2006 base budget was also adjusted for identified critical deficiencies, including fire apparatus, facility maintenance, facility energy costs and software replacement.

For seven of the eight funds, the forecast indicated that revenues will not keep pace with population growth and inflation. In addition, the impact of the sales/use taxes set to expire (see the chart below) significantly impact the General Fund, the fund that supports the majority of basic services such as Police, Fire, Library, etc. If expiring sales taxes are not renewed then the financial picture to 2030 looks as follows:



If the sales taxes are renewed the financial picture does improve, but is not sustainable with current funding levels as demonstrated below:



More specifically, as shown in the two charts above, the forecast indicates that if the General Fund-related tax levies are reauthorized, the projected gap is \$90 million in 2030; if the tax levies are not reauthorized, the gap is projected to climb to \$136 million.

The chart below reflects the time frame for the expiration of sales/use taxes between now and 2024. These rates represent 41.4% of the total sales/use tax collections for the city and, for 2007, are projected to generate \$35 million in revenues. The final recommendations of the BRC will focus on tools for addressing the projected gap between revenues and expenses and developing a public finance system that is less volatile.



Reduced Buying Power

As discussed above, the local economy has been recovering since late 2004 and sales/use tax collections for 2006 appear to be close to 2000 levels:

Year	Amount Collected (Based on a sales/use tax rate of 3.26%)	Inflation Rate	Amount Collected Restated in 2000 \$s
2000	80,797,517	4.0%	80,797,517
2001	78,713,353	4.7%	75,196,670
2002	71,327,181	1.9%	66,849,934
2003	67,607,502	1.1%	62,685,328
2004	68,289,243	0.1%	63,249,716
2005	72,982,407	2.1%	66,215,573
2006	76,274,087	3.6%	66,821,810

However, if 2006 collections of \$76.3 million (adjusted for tax rate differences) are further adjusted for inflation, the amount collected in 2000 dollars is \$66.8 million. This amount compared to the actual collections in 2000 of \$80.8 million indicates that the city's buying power has decreased by almost \$14 million since 2000. The impact of reduced buying power has been felt across the organization, from double digit increases in utility costs to construction costs increasing at rates significantly greater than inflation. As an example, the cost for a ton of asphalt has increased from \$31.65 in 2004 to \$49.90 in 2007 - an increase of 58%. This material cost increase impacts multiple service areas including the street resurfacing program, day-to-day potholing and patching maintenance programs and the capital construction program. The cost increases in vehicle fuel (rates increased by 21% per year in 2005 and 2006) have required departments to postpone repair work or reduce budgets in other areas in order to cover fleet operations and maintenance. Energy costs have gone up approximately 7.5% for electricity and 22.5% for natural gas per year for 2005 and 2006.

Over-extended Resources

From 2000 to 2003, the sales/use tax revenue base for the city declined by approximately 17%. In response, all sales tax supported funds had to implement major expenditure reductions, first looking for efficiencies and then needing to reduce programs and services. Since most city services are provided by employees, reductions translated into the elimination of over 90 full-time equivalent positions between 2002 and 2005. Yet during this time, the organization attempted to maintain basic services since the overall goal of the strategic reduction plans was to minimize the impact of the reductions on the community.

To a significant degree, the organization was successful in achieving this goal, but there has been a cost. With a few exceptions, such as a decrease in library hours, we are providing the same set of services today as we did in 2001 and 2002. And this is being done with 50 fewer staff positions (staffing has been increased approximately 40 positions since 2005) and deferral of maintenance related expenditures. As a result, existing staff have been asked to continue providing the same high quality, diverse

services with fewer resources. This has taken a toll and we are seeing signs of fatigue and burnout across the organization. Fortunately, city staff are dedicated professionals and continue to be optimistic about the future, both in terms of continued financial support for services from the community as well as sound strategic decision-making by city leadership.

Opportunities

Improving Sales/Use Tax Collections

Beginning in 2004, sales/use tax collections showed a positive increase over the previous year. Although the increase for 2004 was modest at 1.01%, it ended a three year period of steady declines in annual collections. Since 2004, sales/use tax collections have continued to increase from the previous year, as reflected in the table below:

Actual 2000	Actual 2001	Actual 2002	Actual 2003	Actual 2004	Actual 2005	Actual 2006
5.19%	-2.58%	-9.38%	-5.21%	1.01%	6.87%	4.55%

Year-to-date collections for 2007 are trending positively, although we are slightly below our 5.18% projected growth. Revenue projections for 2008 and 2009 remain cautiously optimistic at 3.89% and 3.27% respectively. Again, staff continue to monitor and analyze collection results in order to ensure that budgetary decisions are based on the most realistic projections possible.

Economic Development

All of this information refreshes our memory of the economic downturn that occurred several years ago due to the national and local recession coupled with the closure of the Crossroads Mall. During this period, we lost several large employers and a significant portion of our retail sales tax base. With Twenty Ninth Street now open for business, we have made significant strides in addressing our declining retail sales tax. However, even as sales tax collections continue to recover, we are aware that we have lost significant buying power throughout the organization (as discussed above).

To ensure a vibrant and robust city, it is critical that we retain our local businesses and employment base. We recognize that Boulder's businesses contribute to our local economy and the city through sales and property tax, as well as by providing jobs and business-to-business spending.

To address these concerns, in 2004 staff recommended and Council established a coordinated economic vitality strategy and program. The strategy focuses on redevelopment, new start-ups, and business retention through the Economic Vitality (EV) Program, the Boulder Innovation Center, and completion of the Boulder Retail Strategy. Further, we are coordinating many of the strategies of our broad-based EV effort with local organizations, including the Boulder Convention and Visitors' Bureau, the Chamber of Commerce, Boulder Economic Council, the University of Colorado, and Downtown Boulder, Inc.

The redevelopment program is focused on the following areas:

- Crossroads Commons
- North Boulder Armory
- Diagonal Plaza
- The Village Shopping Center
- University Hill

As a key component of our Economic Vitality Program, in September 2006, City Council approved a pilot program of business incentives aimed primarily at encouraging the investment and retention of companies in Boulder. The incentives encourage primary employers to invest in Boulder by upgrading their facilities, acquiring new equipment and providing additional training to staff. As an example, the flexible rebate program encompasses a broad range of fees and taxes paid by businesses to the city, including permit fees, development review fees, and equipment/construction use taxes. Furthermore, in order to qualify for consideration, companies must meet the guidelines for community sustainability by verifying compliance with three of the five economic criteria.

We have begun to make progress with respect to the City's Economic Vitality efforts. An indication of this was reflected in the recent business survey conducted by an independent consultant, Ray Wilson. It is my recommendation that Council continue both the Economic Vitality program and Flexible Rebate program in 2008.

Looking ahead, a conference center and hotel engineering and site study will occur in 2008. The Transit Village Area Plan and the FasTracks rail program will likely encourage additional investment. The Peleton and Lankmark Lofts projects will provide new housing choices in our community. All these efforts combine to enhance the Boulder economy and continue in "turning the ship" – my philosophy for continuous improvement by the organization and an effort to focus our energies and work in the areas that will help the city become financially stable and sustainable.

BUDGET DEVELOPMENT PROCESS

This document summarizes the 2008 work plan for the organization and allocates the resources necessary to make that plan a reality. The 2008-09 Recommended Budget continues to provide a framework for us to accomplish our mission, which is "to create, enhance, and preserve a human, natural, physical, and economic environment which fosters our community's unique quality of life." This budget also reflects our core city organization values of integrity, teamwork, service excellence, personal growth, and innovation. The overriding goal is to support the high standards set by the community and to continue to provide long-term value at reasonable cost.

The budget process for the 2008-09 budget provided a framework for making the difficult decisions regarding resource allocation and included the following key steps:

DATE	MEETING TYPE	ТОРІС	
		Blue Ribbon Commission	
April 10	Study Session	Update; 2008-09 Budget	
		Process; 2006 year-end	
May 8	Study Session	Revenue forecasts and	
Way 6	Study Session	budget strategies	
		Adoption of budget	
June 5	Council Meeting	strategies and Council	
		Budget Action Plan	
July 21	Study Session	CIP and 2008-09 budget	
July 31 Study Session		overview	
August 28	Study Session	Review 2008-09	
August 20	Study Session	recommended budget	
		Review 2008-09	
September 11	Study Session	recommended budget (if	
		needed)	
October 2	Council Meeting	1st reading of 2008 budget	
October 16	Council Meeting	2nd reading of 2008	
October 16	Council Meeting	budget	

The 2008-09 budget process outlined above builds on the progress made during 2007 budget development and incorporates two significant changes. The first change was intended to further ensure that earlier input was received from City Council regarding the use of incremental revenues or changes in services/programs. This was done through the development of the City Council Budget Action Plan. The City Council Budget Action Plan was proposed to Council at its retreat in January 2007. The concept was well received and the Council Budget Subcommittee (comprised of Mayor Ruzzin and Council members Bohannan, Gray, and Polk) began meeting frequently from February until May to develop the plan.

The initial work of the group focused on gathering input from Council regarding initiatives and programs that should be included in the draft plan. Twenty-eight items were submitted by individual Council members to the committee. Those items were then reviewed in terms of how they related to the business plan and were categorized into essential, desirable or discretionary. Departments were then asked to review the costs for each item and determine how they related to items on the department's action plan. After reviewing information provided by departments, the committee ranked items on the draft plan in terms of not only the individual member's goals or priorities but also in terms of Council's overall goals, such as community sustainability. Items that had already been funded (e.g., a grant received by the Police department for radio inter-operability) were then highlighted and this reduced the remaining list to 24 items. The committee then prioritized these remaining items.

Next, the full Council ranked the 24 items, indicating their top priority as a number five and their lowest priority as a number one. The rankings were compiled and the results were reviewed and approved at the June 5th City Council meeting. The intent was that this plan would provide staff with a clear indication of Council priorities to weigh against all other funding requests as the recommended budget was developed. The City Council

Action Plan, along with recommended funding levels for 2008, is included as Attachment A to this message.

The second significant change to the annual budget process was City Council approval of a motion regarding the following budget strategies at its June 5, 2007 business meeting:

- a. "Must Do"
 - i. Maintain adequate reserves
 - ii. Fund liabilities adequately
- b. "Should Do"
 - i. Fund Compensation Philosophy
 - ii. Increase facilities maintenance budgets
 - iii. Use Business Plan approach process to reinforce strategic decision-making

This motion has provided staff with guidance to develop the 2008-09 Recommended Budget.

BUSINESS PLAN APPROACH

As part of the 2006-07 budget process, staff developed the <u>fiscally constrained</u> portion of a Business Plan to address the longer term financial future of the city. This represented the first phase of implementing a decision-making tool that assists the organization in making strategic citywide recommendations regarding revenue and expense priorities for current and future funding. The Business Plan also serves as the link between the comprehensive plan, various strategic and master plans and the recommended budget. The complete spectrum of the Business Plan has three financial scenarios, consisting of:

- A <u>fiscally constrained plan</u> when resources have stabilized, but there is limited revenue growth. Any increase in funding for programs or services must come from funds that have been reallocated from one service area or program to another; in addition, increases are made to adjust for inflation so service standards are not further deteriorated.
- An <u>action plan</u> when ongoing increased funding is available (or new funding generated) and priorities have been identified among competing needs to restore or expand programs or services.
- A <u>vision plan</u> when there are adequate funds (or the ability to generate new funding) for the complete set of services and facilities desired by the community.

Achieving fiscal stability and creating a framework for making strategic decisions about funding priorities are our most pressing challenges and are the focus of the Business Plan. Without a strategic plan that addresses effective management of current funding as well as future revenue and expenditure growth, we might:

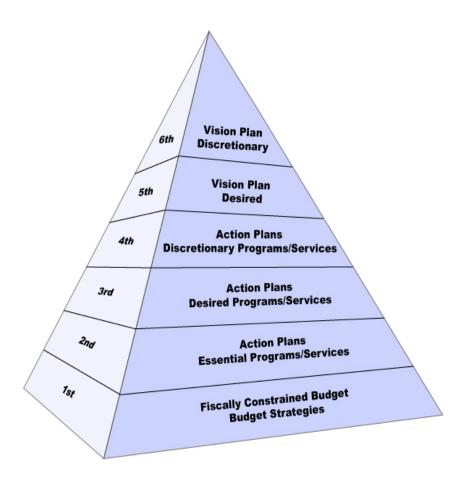
- Restore functions to their former levels without comparing those uses to competing needs, implying that what was represents how the future should be;
- React to the most vocal constituents, implying that needs that are heard most frequently and passionately should receive the scarce resources; and/or

• Fund the first few excellent ideas or master plan proposals implying that whatever comes up first should grow.

As mentioned above, the fiscally constrained budget was developed based on a Business Plan for the city and was considered **Phase I** of plan development. The Business Plan addresses effective management of current funding as well as any future revenue and expenditure growth. During this initial process of plan development, departments were asked to develop the fiscally constrained portion of the Business Plan (see description above). In addition, departments were asked to focus their efforts on determining where reallocations within their existing fiscally constrained plan were possible in order to continue meeting current service priorities without additional funding. Although the Business Plan addresses effective management of current resources, it is also the tool to address future revenue and expenditure growth and new services/programs.

In **Phase II** of Business Plan development, departments continued the work done in developing their fiscally constrained plans - identifying areas where resources should be reallocated to address essential services that are currently being provided below an acceptable standard – and developing action and vision plans (through strategic and master plans currently adopted or underway) to guide the allocation of available resources. Although departments and their advisory boards take the lead in preparing their fiscally constrained and action plans, all plans were compared and considered by the City Manager from a citywide perspective. For example, should an expenditure of funds for a Recreation program occur before basic Fire Safety services are provided? "Trade-off" conversations helped in identifying the costs and the benefits of giving or taking from one area or department.

The funding pyramid below depicts how the limited additional funding was allocated as the 2008-09 recommended budget was developed. As revenues start to increase, we are starting to move slowly up the pyramid, from the fiscally constrained base to the action plan level. Some funds, such as the Open Space Fund (that has a new dedicated .15% sales tax approved by voters in 2003), are able to fund some of their action and vision plan level services/programs while most funds remain fiscally constrained. As a result, most available funding is going to support the continuance of services/programs provided as part of the fiscally constrained budget. The goal with this approach is to maintain the current service standards being provided as part of the fiscally constrained plan (including essential, desired, and discretionary services). Fiscally constrained budgets also focus on reallocating desired and discretionary services in order to fund an acceptable service standard for essential services. Maintaining fiscally constrained budgets has gotten harder, and in many cases is not sustainable, as the organization's purchasing power continues to erode.



As city's economic resources have begun to improve, the city continues to focus on using the business plan to guide funding allocations. For the 2008-09 budget, the business plan continues to serve as the tool to determine how limited resources can be used to best meet the city's inherent responsibility as a governmental entity. This responsibility ensures that basic and essential services are maintained at reasonable service levels. As described in the next section, combining the business plan approach with the direction received via the City Council Budget Action Plan has resulted in a balanced budget recommendation and direction for the future.

OVERALL BUDGET RECOMMENDATIONS

The 2008-09 Recommended Budget represents a blending of the priorities identified using the business plan approach with those brought forward in the City Council Budget Action Plan. The recommendations show a continued commitment to maintain basic/essential services at an acceptable service standard while working to meet the unique and varied needs of the community. This blending of priorities is reflected in the details of the recommended budget described in the remainder of this section and in the attachments to this budget message.

At the May 8th budget study session, staff provided an update on development of the 2008-09 Recommended Budget. It was noted that revenue projections reflected modest new dollars and that initial funding allocations were based on the budget strategies, which are the base of the funding pyramid discussed earlier. These strategies include maintaining adequate reserves and funding liabilities adequately ("Must Do" items) as

well as funding the compensation philosophy and increasing facility maintenance budgets ("Should Do" items). Projected costs for the "Must Do" strategies (such as those required by contract, state mandate, or reserve requirements) total \$1,592,000 for the General Fund and \$3,138,000 citywide.

Once funding allocations for these "Must Do" budget items were built into the 2008 base budget, remaining dollars available in each of the funds were identified. For the General Fund, \$1,000,000 in ongoing funding and \$1,000,000 in one-time funding was available. Subsequently, these amounts were adjusted to \$1,100,000 ongoing and \$1,200,000 one-time through the recommended addition of a sales tax auditor and the projected reduction of the 2007 payment for the new Fire Training Facility property (a full payment will not be required for 2007 due to the timing of the purchase of the property).

The "Should Do" items vying for the ongoing and one-time dollars included salary/medical benefits for Police and Management and increased funding for facilities maintenance, fire apparatus, energy costs and software replacement. The ongoing dollars allocated to the "Should Do" items total \$780,000 for the General Fund (resulting in a remaining balance of \$320,000) and \$1,261,000 citywide. While I would prefer to see ongoing revenue dedicated to the critical deficiencies of the "Should Do" list (i.e. the facilities, fire apparatus, etc.), the size and scope of these deficits resulted in recommendations for one-time funding to prevent the situation from worsening. Both the "Must Do" and the "Should Do" funding recommendations are reflected in the following table:

"Must Do" Items	Ongoing General Fund	Ongoing Citywide
Salary & Medical/Dental Benefits for BMEA & Fire	\$ 944,000	\$1,387,000
Increase in PERA Contribution (11.0% to 11.9%)	229,000	524,000
Increase in Non-personnel budgets (by 2% for inflation)	310,000	1,016,000
Increase in Workers Comp Ins (by 15%)	109,000	211,000
TOTAL	\$1,592,000	\$3,138,000
"Should Do" Items	Ongoing General Fund	Ongoing Citywide
Salary Increase for Police (1.5% per contract)	\$ 184,000	\$ 184,000
Medical/Dental Benefits for Police (premium increase)	160,000	160,000
Salary Increase for Management (1.5% per agreement)	295,000	535,000
Medical/Dental Benefits for Mgmt (prem inc & cost sharing)	141,000	382,000
TOTAL	\$ 780,000	\$1,261,000
AVAILABLE ONGOING GF FUNDING	\$1,100,000	
REMAINING ONGOING GF FUNDING	\$ 320,000	

Funding requests from departmental budget submissions as well as the City Council Budget Action Plan items were considered in allocating the remaining \$320,000 in ongoing and \$1,200,000 in one-time funding available in the General Fund. This same process was completed for each of the restricted funds for both ongoing and one-time expenditures.

City Council Budget Action Plan

In terms of the City Council Budget Action Plan, progress was made in funding those items that were identified as significant community priorities (see Attachment A). The action plan stresses the goal of community sustainability and includes such items as redevelopment of the Boulder Mobile Manor (providing low income housing) to expansion of the Youth Services Initiative (serving economically disadvantaged youth). This will provide a basis for future steps toward realizing the organization's commitment to community sustainability. The following are the five highest ranked programs/services from the Council Action Plan:

- Boulder Mobile Manor Redevelopment
- Youth Services Initiative (YSI) Expansion
- Study of Pop-Tops and Scrapes
- Boulder TV Ongoing Operations
- Fire Apparatus Replacement Funding

Highlights of Action Plans

My recommended Action Plan items for each fund are included as Attachment B to this budget message. Although available new funding is limited, I believe that the funding recommendations in the budget align well with the Business Plan and the Community Sustainability filters.

A brief overview of key funding recommendations in the 2008-09 budget include:

- The Youth Services Initiative (YSI) program \$50,000 ongoing funding to
 provide additional services at two existing sites and increasing the Getting Fit
 program (which focuses on fitness, recreation and community projects) to two
 days per week.
- Facilities and Asset Management (FAM) \$200,000 one-time allocation for facility maintenance needs.
- Fire Apparatus Replacement and Operations \$100,000 one-time allocation to pay down the \$2.9 million fire apparatus lease; \$40,000 ongoing allocation to offset rising fuel costs.
- Boulder Television (BTV) \$150,000 one-time allocation to fund station operations in 2008 while a permanent solution is developed.
- Floor Area Ratio (FAR) aka "Pops and Scrapes" Study \$40,000 one-time allocation.
- Development Excise Study (DET) \$100,000 one-time allocation from excise tax funds (e.g. Transportation, Permanent Parks and Recreation, Capital Development and Affordable Housing, specifically CHAP).
- Planning and Development Services Investments focus on managing the
 customer "queue" and include the fixed-term positions for a land use review
 planner, landscape review and inspection, building permit administrative support,
 and modifications to the Service Center to expedite over-the-counter customer
 service.
- The Transportation budget includes a \$513,000 ongoing allocation for operations and maintenance to address escalating construction costs.

• Open Space – includes \$756,000 for 10 fixed-term position to facilitate implementation of the Visitor Master Plan. An additional \$176,200 has been reallocated from existing budget lines to fund two standard ranger positions and a Resources Monitoring Coordinator position.

Downtown and University Management Division - As a result of a \$1.6 million debt service bond payment being completely paid off, funds will be allocated to address deferred capital garage maintenance and repairs. In addition, the installation of new parking technology will be completed downtown and on the Hill. The parking technology improvements are being paid by additional revenue from parking fees and a one-hour extension.

OVERVIEW OF 2008-09 RECOMMENDED BUDGET

The 2008 recommended budget represents a 6.0% increase over the 2007 approved budget and totals \$237,819,000 for all funds, including governmental, enterprise, internal service and capital improvement funds.

The following chart (in \$1,000s) illustrates comparable amounts for 2006 (actual expenditures), 2007 approved, 2008 recommended and 2009 projected.

	2006	2007	2008	2009
Expense Type	Actual	Approved ¹	Recommended	Projected
Operating	149,426	156,214	169,879	171,593
Capital	53,240	35,530	37,294	36,763
Debt Service	31,841	32,592	30,646	28,481
Total	234,507	224,336	237,819	236,837

The increase in operating expenses of \$13,665,000, or 8.7%, over 2007 approved is due in part to the recommended Action Plan items in the General, Planning & Development Services, Open Space, Transportation, Water Utility, Wastewater Utility and Downtown Commercial District (formerly titled CAGID) Funds. The recommended Action Plans for these funds represent nearly half of the increase in operating expenses.

The capital portion of the budget fluctuates significantly from year to year and the 2008 capital budget reflects a 5.0% increase over 2007. Debt service actually decreased between 2007 and 2008 by \$1,946,000 or 6.0% due to the retirement of various debt issuances in the Lottery, Open Space, Water Utility and Downtown Commercial District (formerly titled CAGID) Funds.

¹ Please note that the 2007 approved amount has been restated to include the Internal Service Funds (ISFs). Beginning with the 2008-09 budget process, all ISFs will be included in the annual budget process. This change is being made for purposes of enhanced transparency and improved accountability across the organization. The ISFs, such as Fleet Replacement, Computer Replacement and the self-insurance funds, provide services to all city departments and receive funding directly from the departments. Funding is reflected as an expense (or "charge to") in each department and a revenue (or "charge from") in the applicable ISF. When an expenditure is made in the ISF, a second counting of the same money (the expense) has occurred. As a result, the actual revenues and expenses from departmental charges in each ISF are reduced from the total city budget to avoid the "double counting" that occurs.

REVENUE HIGHLIGHTS

The majority of user fees are increased according to the established pricing policy guidelines and, correspondingly, most are increased annually by approximately the rate of inflation. Please refer to the "Utility Rate" section of this document for detailed information.

POLICY & REVENUE ISSUES REQUIRING CITY COUNCIL DIRECTION

The following policy issues require additional discussion and direction from City Council and will be highlighted at the August 28, 2007 budget study session.

1.) Funding Options for Boulder Mobile Manor

The redevelopment of Boulder Mobile Manor (BMM) is currently in the concept planning phase and firm redevelopment budget numbers are not yet finalized. Preliminary numbers suggest that the project would have a budget in the range of \$14 million. The current concept plan indicates that BMM could increase from 66 up to 81 permanently affordable housing units and the redevelopment would result in a greatly improved, energy efficient infrastructure and community.

Typically for a project with this level of affordable housing and community benefit, including the potential addition of 15 permanently affordable units, it would be reasonable to expect a subsidy of approximately \$1 million from the city's affordable housing funds which include: Community Housing Assistance Program (CHAP), Affordable Housing Fund (AHF), Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) and Home Investment Partnership Grant (HOME). Decisions regarding the use of affordable housing funds are based on staff analysis and input from the community's resident advisory committee (the Technical Review Group).

Given City Council's desire to achieve a model redevelopment, including green building standards and high level energy efficiency, it is expected that the subsidy needed would be in the range of \$2 million, approximately 14% of the project cost.

Options: There are several funding options to be considered and each has trade-offs that will need to be considered in order to fund this project:

a.) Use affordable housing funds: Staff expects between \$2 million to \$4 million to be available for the 2008 housing fund round, depending on the timing of cash-in-lieu payments. If the \$2 million subsidy, potentially needed for this project, were provided entirely out of affordable housing funds, it would greatly limit the 2008 opportunities for development and acquisition of other affordable housing.

The trade-off for using a higher than normal affordable housing fund subsidy toward BMM as a demonstration project with enhanced quality and energy efficient redevelopment is that the city would reduce its progress towards the 10% permanently affordable housing goal by between 20-35 units or would reduce the

potential for other rehab and/or land acquisition in 2008/2009. This high level of subsidy, focused on fewer units, could be a precedent that would lead to significantly reduced progress towards the affordable housing goal in the future.

b.) Use one-time 2008 General Funds: For 2008, \$1.2M is available in one-time general funds and this funding or a portion of the funding could be used for this project. However, this would put the city's funding focus on just one project for 2008. As has been outlined in my recommended budget (action plan) I have distributed this one-time funding across many critical need services and "Should Do" items including fire apparatus, facilities maintenance, software maintenance, and other not service-critical, but needed services including park maintenance, liquor licensing staff, emergency management, etc.

One-time General Fund funding could be combined with the affordable housing fund in various combinations (for example, \$1.5 million housing/\$500,000 General Fund).

Whether funded through the General Fund or through the affordable housing funds, the impact could be spread out by distributing the subsidy over two years. However, as this City Council cannot bind a future City Council for 2009 one-time funds, staff believes if an allocation from the one-time General Fund is desired Council should allocate those funds in the 2008 budget process.

- **c.**) **Reduce the Scale of the Project:** Although the city desires a model "green" redevelopment at BMM, it could consider reducing the total anticipated city support to the \$1 million dollar level, provided from the affordable housing funds. The trade-offs to this option, is that if the city is not able to provide a strong level of subsidy for BMM, it is unlikely that the ambitious goals that were established by City Council for the redevelopment can be achieved.
- d.) Identify Environmental Grant or Other Sources for "Green" Funding: There is the potential for this project to receive grant and incentive funding from federal, state, and/or private agencies. There is also the potential for Council to consider using Climate Action Plan (CAP) funds set aside for affordable housing energy-related improvements each year to fund the higher level of "green" development at this site. The trade-off of using CAP funds is that all the focus on affordable housing improvements would occur at this site alone and limit improvements at other affordable housing facilities. In 2008, \$90,000 has been set aside in CAP funds for affordable housing energy improvements. If dedicated for two-years, CAP funding of \$180,000 could be made available with the same trade-offs discussed above.

2.) Boulder Community Media (dba Boulder Television)

During the 2007 budget deliberations, City Council indicated significant support for the idea of converting funding for BTV to ongoing rather then one-time. There was, however, some debate and desire to consider the trade-offs associated with various funding scenarios. When we use the business plan strategies and the community sustainability filters to assess the priority of BTV for ongoing funding, it is not as high a

priority as essential services (first to be restored with new funding), nor does it score as high on the community sustainability assessments/filters as do some of the other action items that I am recommending to be funded. Those items recommended for funding include ongoing funds for Library security and building/maintenance services, fire apparatus, the Youth Services Initiative, and "gap" funds to Housing and Human Services to help off-set some of the safety net service grant losses that have been experienced over the past couple of years.

However, as Council has identified this as a higher priority on its Budget Action Plan, I have recommended the allocation of <u>one-time</u> dollars to provide a continuation of funding for BTV through 2008. This will allow BTV to remain operational, but also allow <u>ongoing</u> dollars to go to more critical-need services and programs while we develop a more permanent funding solution for BTV.

In order to facilitate the decision-making prerogative of the Council on this issue, the trade-offs that would need to occur to make funding ongoing rather than one-time are in the following chart:

Action Plan Item	Recomi	nended	Rev	ised	Im	pact
	Ongoing	One-time	Ongoing	One-time	Ongoing	One-time
Boulder Television (BTV)		150,000	150,000		150,000	-150,000
Youth Services Initiative (YSI) Expansion	50,000		25,000		-25,000	
Fire Apparatus/Fuel Costs	40,000	100,000	5,600	155,000	-34,400	55,000
Social Sustainability Outreach/Gap	10,000			10,000	-10,000	10,000
Library Bldg/Maintenance Svcs	15,200			19,600	-15,200	19,600
Library Security Svcs	35,400			35,400	-35,400	35,400
Election Costs	30,000			30,000	-30,000	30,000

As shown in the chart above, providing \$150,000 in ongoing funding to Boulder Community Media would result in the following impacts. The Youth Services Initiative (YSI) would receive \$25,000 rather than \$50,000 in ongoing funding and this would result in less expansion of the program. For those items that would receive one-time funding rather than ongoing (such as fire apparatus, Library custodial/security and election costs), we would need to address these needs again as part of the 2009 budget. More specifically, the Library would not be able to implement an ongoing security presence but would use limited outside contractual services for a fixed number of walk-through visits daily. In terms of fire apparatus, eliminating even minimal ongoing funding would again delay progress towards a permanent or long-term solution.

3.) Short-term and Long-term Parking Rates

Both long and short-term parking rate increases are proposed in the 2008 budget. In the University Hill Commercial District, a short-term parking rate increase, from \$1.00 to \$1.25/hour, is proposed to take effect in the first quarter of 2008 when the new parking technology is installed. This rate increase will provide the funding for the new parking

pay stations which will be installed within the first quarter of 2008. Short-term parking rate increases are scheduled for every five years and the last rate increase on the Hill was in 2003. In addition, in order to cover costs for new parking technology and increase customer access to on-street parking spaces, the hours charged for parking are proposed to change from 6pm to 7pm. The proposed increase will make the parking rates and hours on the Hill consistent with the Downtown where short-term parking rates were increased in August 2007 in conjunction with the installation of the new parking technology. Parking is enforced on the Hill and Downtown Monday through Saturday beginning at 9am. As a point of reference, the University of Colorado charges \$1.25 at its on-street meters and enforces between 7:30 a.m. and 5 p.m., 7 days a week.

Long-term or permit parking rates are proposed to increase in both the Downtown and the Hill area. Historically, long-term permit rates are increased 5% every two years. A market analysis was done to evaluate utilization rates and evaluate competitive prices for both districts. For 2008, long-term rates in the University Hill Commercial District surface lots are proposed to increase 5% to \$148 per quarter. In the Downtown Commercial District, rates are proposed to increase 10% to \$155 per quarter for surface lots and \$255 per quarter for parking garages. Market research in private lots and garages in the downtown and hill areas indicate the new rates are competitive, but below current market rates.

These proposed rate increases will be presented for public hearing and input at both the Downtown Management Commission and the University Hill General Improvement District Advisory Committees this fall before implementation.

4.) Economic Vitality

As discussed at the August 14th study session regarding the city's Economic Vitality (EV) program, we are requesting that Council reauthorize the program for 2008. There is a sufficient balance in the BURA reserve (the current source of funding for the program) to cover the two fixed-term positions (Business Liaison and Redevelopment Director), to pay for the partnership programs and to fund a much scaled back Flexible Rebate Incentive program through 2008. In terms of the Flexible Rebate Incentive program, staff anticipates that roughly \$200,000 of remaining BURA reserves will be available to devote to this important element of the EV program. As Council may recall, \$500,000 was appropriated in 2006 from the reserve account to fund a pilot program. While this is a significant amount given the needs across the municipal corporation, it is a very small investment given the potential for retention and capital business expansion. As we face an increasingly constrained revenue stream, investing in our business community will become even more critical. I further believe that not continuing the incentive program would be very negative and would create the perception that the city is not serious about economic vitality and retaining businesses in Boulder.

Funding beyond 2008 is a challenge and we will be exploring options that provide an ongoing funding source for the EV program as part of the 2009 budget. During the upcoming study sessions on the recommended budget, staff will provide an overview of some of the funding options being considered, including a proposed trigger concept based on actual business use tax collections exceeding 2007 projections. In addition, the options considered for 2009 will include converting the two fixed-term positions to standard ongoing FTEs.

ORGANIZATIONAL UPDATES

Urban Wildlife Coordinator Pilot Program

I have established a new fixed-term Urban Wildlife Coordinator (UWC) position as part of a pilot program through 2008 to plan, coordinate, and implement the city-wide activities of the Urban Wildlife Management program and the city's wildlife ordinance. The management of urban wildlife affects many departments and projects/programs of the city. The adoption of a wildlife ordinance established permitting requirements and the need for staff to oversee and implement this program. The approval of the Urban Wildlife Management Plan set into motion a need for work programs and tasks to address management of urban wildlife in the city.

I believe it is important that the city have a consistent understanding of, and approach to, wildlife management to ensure that all of our codes and policies are being complied with and to ensure the same is occurring in the private sector. This position, working with the existing inter-departmental staff team for wildlife management, will help to achieve this goal. Funds are not being requested in the 2008 budget. The position will be funded through 2008 by the various departments who currently have urban wildlife management needs or staff working on urban wildlife. The position and the success of the program will be monitored over the next year and continuation of the program and funding requests will be considered as part of the 2009 budget process. An item with more information on the pilot program was provided in the August 16, 2007 Weekly Information Packet.

At the July 31 budget study session, a Council member raised questions about the funding and need for the Parks and Recreation "conservation team." At one of the upcoming budget study sessions, Parks and Recreation staff will be prepared to provide Council with information and costs (personnel and non-personnel) on how it handles urban wildlife management and how its current program will be impacted by the UWC position.

Community Sustainability Coordinator and Work Program

As Council is aware during its January 2006 and 2007 retreats, I was asked to consider establishing an Office of Sustainability. Council members also reaffirmed this interest through their 2008 Council Budget Action Plan submittals for consideration as part of my 2008 Recommended Budget. I believe City Council has shown great leadership in advancing the philosophy of community sustainability. In May 2007, I established a .50 FTE fixed-term Community Sustainability Coordinator position through 2008. I am using the resources of the municipal corporation to advance this important goal and to ensure that community sustainability is integrated throughout the entire organization and that it becomes part of our daily organizational lives.

The position through 2007 will cost approximately \$20,000 and for 2008, \$40,000. Funding for the position is coming from my "extraordinary personnel" contingency fund. This is an annual contingency that provides funds for unanticipated personnel costs – such as Fire overtime costs – and also used to allow flexibility for fixed-term personnel

needs. I put this structure in place - one, because it reflects the shift in the way we are doing business in support of community sustainability; and, two, because I wanted this current Council that inaugurated this philosophy and effort to see it in place during their terms.

CONCLUDING COMMENTS

The 2008-09 Recommended Budget supports the City Council's policies of balanced budgets with adequate reserves, contingency plans to enable reacting to economic changes, and making decisions within the context of the Business Plan and City Council goals. Although we are pleased with the progress made in this recommended budget, we also recognize that we are not where we would like to be. However, given current revenue projections, we feel this budget represents the best balance between fiscal responsibility and enhanced service delivery. Looking forward, we are committed to developing strategies that ensure Boulder continues to thrive.

As staff continues to develop the Business Plan and work with the Blue Ribbon Commission, we will begin identifying and refining strategies for long-term funding needs for city services/ programs as reflected in the departmental action and vision plans. This will include presenting options in upcoming elections to request that the community continue its financial support of the municipal organization. Staff will bring the resulting concepts and strategies forward for City Council review in early 2008. By August 2008, City Council can then determine whether to prepare a November 2008 ballot initiative regarding renewing expiring sales taxes, or approving other revenue sources, to support city services.

Please refer to the section in this document titled "City Council Direction on the Recommended Budget" for a summary of the changes made to the recommended budget.

Respectfully submitted,

Teanh Bus

Frank W. Bruno

City Manager

ATTACHMENT A

CITY COUNCIL BUDGET ACTION PLAN

					E	ssential	[Desirable	Dis	cretionary		
	City											
	Council Hotline		One-time									Funding
Fund	Votes	Program/Service	costs	Ongoing	%	Cost	%	Cost	%	Cost	NOTES	Recommendation
General Fund		Inter-departmental collaboration focused on community sustainability		х			100%	\$ -			Collaboration can be accomplished within existing work programs & with existing staff resources.	Achieved in 2007
General Fund		Emergency Preparedness - Radio Inter-operability	х	х	100%	\$ -					The Police Department recently received a grant to fund inter-operability of radios between the city and other emergency management organizations.	Achieved in 2007
General Fund		Create an Office of Sustainability		х			100%	\$ -			The CMO is recommending use of a fixed-term 0.50 FTE position through 2008. Program needs will be comprehensively analyzed for the 2009 budget.	Achieved in 2007
General Fund		Sustainability - to provide ongoing training and consultation for staff, Boards and Commissions.		х			100%	\$ -			Included in the Office of Community Sustainability noted above. Any additional ongoing needs will be identified by evaluating program effectiveness	Achieved in 2007
General Fund	26	Boulder Mobile Manor (BMM) redevelopment		х			100%	ТВС			Potential cost of redevelopment of Boulder Mobile Manor identified at a minimum of \$10 million; city's involvement could be \$1-2 million. It is anticipated that 50% of city investment would come from HHS' Action Plan with the balance of city funding to be provided by other city funds (e.g. the Climate Action Plan Fund for energy efficiency investment). Currently, YSI services are comprehensively provided at three Boulder Housing Partner (BHP) sites. The 2007 budget submission identified that an additional	\$250,000 potential reallocation in Housing
General Fund	22	Youth Services Initiative (YSI) Expansion		x			100%	\$ 320,000			$\$245,\!000$ is needed to expand YSI services. Additional funding would expand YSI to additional BHP sites and Boulder Mobile Manor.	\$50,000 ongoing
GF / Planning	18	Study of Housing Pop-Tops and Scrapes	x				100%	\$ 80,000			The FARs project was identified as a Council initiative. An estimated \$70,000 to \$90,000 will be necessary If Council votes to proceed with a comprehensive FAR study.	\$40,000 one-time for 2008; add'l funding in 2009 will be considered based on project scope
General Fund	12	Boulder TV Ongoing Operations		х					100%	\$ 150,000	\$150,000 in one-time funding allocated for 2007. Request for ongoing budget allocation beginning with the 2008 budget.	Two options - \$150,000 ongoing or one-time scenarios
General Fund	11	Fire Apparatus Replacement Funding	x	x	100%	\$ 3,550,000					Since 1994, the Fleet Replacement Fund (FRF) has been the leasing agent for fire apparatus. Annual contributions made by the Fire Dept. to the FRF for fire apparatus (\$321K in 2007) have not kept up with fire apparatus purchase costs (\$606K in 2007). As a result, pumpers/aerials have been replaced only when the FRF was in a position to do so rather than on a regularly scheduled basis. Without supplemental funding, the FRF will not be in a position to purchase another fire pumper until 2012. At that time, several pumpers will be twenty years old; the national standard for fire apparatus replacement is every 10 years for pumpers and 8 years for aerials. In order to establish a routine replacement schedule for fire apparatus, on-going supplemental funding of \$650K would be needed beginning in 2008. This additional on-going amount (in 2007 dollars) would provide the necessary replacement funding through 2014 based on an equipment inflation factor of 5% and duty cycles of 10 years for pumpers and 8 years for aerials. In addition, \$2.9M in one-time funds would be needed to pay back the FRF for current leases.	\$100,000 one-time
General Fund	8	Restore FAM funding transferred to BTV	x		100%	\$ 150,000					Of \$400,000 in one-time money in 2007, \$150,000 was programmed for BTV and \$250,000 for FAM. An additional \$40,000 was carried over for FAM in the 1st Supplemental Adjustment for 2007 The \$250,000 did not address FAM's funding deficiencies or maintenance backlog. The maintenance backlog will be \$4.6M by the end of 2007. Supplemental funding of \$523,000 would be needed to meet the funding goal of 2% of CRV for MM/FRR and reduce the backlog to below \$4M (by 2014).	\$200,000 one-time
General Fund	7	Enhanced Funding and Support for Boulder Housing Partners (BHP)		х	100%						Increased financial support to BHP for operations	\$50,000 ongoing reallocation from Housing Funds
General Fund	5	Dairy Center for the Arts feasibility study of regional cultural facilities and long-term sustainability of arts and culture	х		. 5575	.00,000			100%	\$ 40,000	Longmont is undertaking a feasibility study at a cost of approx. \$85,000. The Dairy Center for the Arts has requested a smaller-scope analysis of regional cultural facilities.	-
General Fund	5	Building Community - Restore Neighborhood Parking Program (NPP)		х			100%	TBC			\$15,000 in ongoing NPP funding was approved in conjunction with the 2007 parking rate increase. Research necessary to determine additional funding requirements.	\$10,000 one-time plus any excess from \$15,000 study allocation

ATTACHMENT A

CITY COUNCIL BUDGET ACTION PLAN

					E	ssential	[Desirable		Disc	retionary		
	City												
	Council Hotline		One-time										Funding
Fund	Votes	Program/Service	costs	Ongoing	%	Cost	%	Cost		%	Cost	NOTES	Recommendation
Excise Tax Funds	4	Development Excise Tax (DET) Structure Study	x				100%	\$ 100,	000			DET study estimated at \$80,000-\$120,000. The study is similar to the one conducted in 1997 and would include the following components: library, municipal facilities, fire services, police, parks and recreation facilities, transportation and human services. It does not include the Housing Excise Tax (HET) and the Education Excise Tax (EET) The project management and funding for this project have not yet been identified. In 1997, the project was managed by the Budget Office and funded proportionately from the DET funds. With existing staff resources, Long Range Planning cannot manage the FAR project and the DET analysis simultaneously. However, if P& DS's senior planner position is approved as part of the action plan, there would be sufficient staff resources to manage both projects.	t
General Fund	2	Sister City Cyber Café Construction/Commitment	х				100%	\$ 200,	000			Prioritized support to finalize approval and construction of Cyber Café	\$200,000 loan to be considered by Council
General Fund		Individual Development Accounts, Personal Investment Enterprise Program		х			100%	\$ 72,	000			Annual subsidy proportional to COB resident participation @ 24 residents at \$3,000 cap.	
General Fund		Building Community - Develop Neighborhood Newsletter		х						00%	\$ 10,000	Funding would support the printing of neighborhood newsletters as well as support a web site that neighborhood associations could use for networking.	
GF/ Recreatio n Activity Fund		Ensure sustainability of Pottery Lab by lowering cost-recovery goal to 60%.		х			20%	\$ 4,	300 8	30%	\$ 19,200	The Pottery Lab's current cost-recovery rate is 70%. Categorization within the CSBM and subsequent cost-recovery goals are determined by type of service, facility, and user. A further analysis is needed to determine how to equitably adjust cost recovery targets for other department-managed programs.	
GF/ RAF/ .25 Cent Sales Tax		Fund Pottery Lab energy efficiency improvements.	x				100%	\$ 15,	000			As a result of the Pottery Lab's energy audit completed in late 2005, energy projects implemented include the installation of a new furnace, installation of attic insulation, window coverings, installation of internal storm windows (to be completed in spring 2007), replacement of light bulbs, sequential (instead of concurrent) firing of kilns, and calibration of kilns to increase efficiency. Additional evaluation needed to determine if additional energy efficiency projects would be cost-effective and appropriate for the historic building. The energy audit recommendations not implemented include adding interior foam installation and dry wall and complete attic insulation (\$15K total). These items were not implemented because Pottery Lab floo space would be lost and the completion of the attic insulation would create a difficult environment for FAM staff to work on other maintenance items.	
General Fund		Provide additional resources to address alcohol use and resulting criminal behavior		x			100%	\$ 250,	000			Staff research to determine if additional resources could be used to stem the recent rise in alcohol-related violence. Police department recommendation is to add additional police officers to focus resources on alcohol education and enforcement.	
General Fund		Outreach tool kit, Web-based information Center	х	х			100%	\$ 17,	000			Set-up: \$10,000 plus City of Boulder staff supervision; Ongoing maintenance by staff 260 hours/year	;
General Fund		Sustainability Handbook	х				100%	\$ 6,	000			Sustainability Handbook would serve as a resource for staff to reference for departmental programs, services and to use for Council or Board/Commission agenda items.	
General Fund		Restore missing day at Meadows & Reynolds branch libraries		х			100%	\$ 90,	300			Funding is shown in 2007 dollars, and would allow both branches to open at 10 a.m. 7 days per week. This item is included in the library's draft Action Plan. But as a "desirable" service, its priority ranking falls below approximately \$500,000 in identified shortfalls in "essential" services.	d
General Fund		Provide additional General Fund subsidy to Recreation to fund internal and external youth recreation programs, including not-for-profit youth, partnerships, swim pass subsidies or scholarships and other recreation programs serving youth. The CC Action Plan recommendation may include adjusting cost-recovery goals within the Core Services Business Model.		x			50%	\$ 25,	000 5	50%	\$ 25,000	\$50,000 is the initial estimate to address the internal and external youth recreation programs. The 2006 P & R Master Plan includes an Action Plan recommendation totaling \$700,000 to implement the Core Services Business Model (CSBM). Additional research is necessary to determine how additional GF subsidy would be allocated to meet Council and master plan goals.	RAF Analysis and Benchmarking Study

ATTACHMENT A

CITY COUNCIL BUDGET ACTION PLAN

					Е	ssential		Desirable	Dis	cretio	nary		
Fund	City Council Hotline Votes	Program/Service	One-time costs	Ongoing	%	Cost	%	% Cost		% Cost		NOTES	Funding Recommendation
GF/ Recreatio n Activity Fund		Recognize not-for-profit organizations that provide recreation activities that the community desires. Provide add'l subsidy or adjust cost-recovery goals within the department's Core Services Business Model.		x					100%	\$		Clarification is necessary to define the not-for-profit and community organizations eligible for additional funding. A workgroup consisting of community representatives may be formed to assist in the information-gathering process. The current cost estimate is based on providing a 10% subsidy for not-for-profit and community organizations with agreements that exceed \$2,500/yr.	RAF Analysis and Benchmarking Study
General Fund		Building Community - Restore Park Flowers Program		х					100%	\$ 1		Funding estimate includes \$72,000 for staffing (1.5 FTE) and \$40,000 for materials. Fiscally constrained plan restores flower program in the municipal complex. P & R master plan includes an Action Plan recommendation to re-establish a flower program in Community Parks.	
Various Funds		Identify Action Plan Funding for departments	х	х								Departmental master plans and Business Action Plans will provide context regarding prioritized funding requests.	
Transport ation		Building Community - Restore Neighborhood Traffic Mitigation		x					100%	\$		Staff is currently engaged in a process to update the Neighborhood Traffic Mitigation Program (NTMP) guidelines. Staff is looking at possible funding sources and what, if any, NTMP efforts could be reestablished within our current lack of funding. Staff plans to develop three sets of guidelines that would represent different possible funding levels. Since we are in the process of developing these guidelines it is difficult to project scenarios, but the following is an estimation of what the three plans might look like from a financial standpoint. The first would be a "Vision Plan" which would be funded at or close to prior funding levels and would include either a 0.5 or 1.0 FTE administrator (\$200K to \$250K total). The second would be an "Action Plan" which would include a lower level of funding, presumably from a new source such as new Photo Enforcement revenues or revenue from a new surcharge on moving violations (\$75K to \$125K total). The third would be a "Fiscally Constrained Plan" which would assume no new funding. Public process would be very limited and funding for studies would need to be identified.	

ATTACHMENT B RECOMMENDATIONS FOR FUNDING ACTION PLAN ITEMS BY FUND AND DEPARTMENT

	Exp from Add'l Std Fixer Term	Tomatch PEF To cover esca Commission a This funding v \$4.6 million by To conduct ar To provide fur To offset elect	Comments RA contribution by increasing from 10.2% to 11.9% alating electric and gas costs; identified by Blue Ribbon as a critical deficiency will be used to decrease maintenance backlog (estimated at y the end of 2007). Innual evaluation of employees reporting to Council
Dept Plan Brief Description of Action Plan Item to be Funded Exp Exp A		To match PEF To cover esca Commission a This funding b \$4.6 million by To conduct ar To provide fur To offset elect	RA contribution by increasing from 10.2% to 11.9% alating electric and gas costs; identified by Blue Ribbon as a critical deficiency will be used to decrease maintenance backlog (estimated at y the end of 2007).
General Fund		To match PEF To cover esca Commission a This funding v \$4.6 million by To conduct ar To provide fur To offset elect	alating electric and gas costs; identified by Blue Ribbon as a critical deficiency will be used to decrease maintenance backlog (estimated at y the end of 2007).
General Fund Departments Facility energy costs contingency 145,000 Public Works/FAM X Facilities maintenance 200,000 * City Council Council Employee consultant 3,500 * City Council Sister City Relationships 4,000 * City Manager's Office Election Costs - HAVA Legislation 30,000 City Manager's Office Contingency 92,000 * City Manager's Office Imaging Software Maintenance 12,000 City Manager's Office Liquor Licensing 28,000 * City Manager's Office X Boulder Television (BTV) 150,000		To cover esca Commission a This funding v \$4.6 million by To conduct ar To provide fur To offset elect	alating electric and gas costs; identified by Blue Ribbon as a critical deficiency will be used to decrease maintenance backlog (estimated at y the end of 2007).
Public Works/FAM X Facilities maintenance 200,000 * City Council Council Employee consultant 3,500 * City Council Sister City Relationships 4,000 * City Manager's Office Election Costs - HAVA Legislation 30,000 City Manager's Office Contingency 92,000 * City Manager's Office Imaging Software Maintenance 12,000 City Manager's Office Liquor Licensing 28,000 * City Manager's Office X Boulder Television (BTV) 150,000		Commission a This funding v \$4.6 million by To conduct ar To provide fur To offset elect	as a critical deficiency will be used to decrease maintenance backlog (estimated at y the end of 2007).
Public Works/FAM X Facilities maintenance 200,000 * City Council Council Employee consultant 3,500 * City Council Sister City Relationships 4,000 * City Manager's Office Election Costs - HAVA Legislation 30,000 City Manager's Office Contingency 92,000 * City Manager's Office Imaging Software Maintenance 12,000 City Manager's Office Liquor Licensing 28,000 * City Manager's Office X Boulder Television (BTV) 150,000		This funding v \$4.6 million by To conduct ar To provide fur To offset elect	will be used to decrease maintenance backlog (estimated at y the end of 2007).
City Council Council Employee consultant 3,500 * City Council Sister City Relationships 4,000 * City Manager's Office Election Costs - HAVA Legislation 30,000 City Manager's Office Contingency 92,000 * City Manager's Office Imaging Software Maintenance 12,000 City Manager's Office Liquor Licensing 28,000 * City Manager's Office X Boulder Television (BTV) 150,000		\$4.6 million by To conduct ar To provide fur To offset elect	y the end of 2007).
City Council Council Employee consultant 3,500 * City Council Sister City Relationships 4,000 * City Manager's Office Election Costs - HAVA Legislation 30,000 City Manager's Office Contingency 92,000 * City Manager's Office Imaging Software Maintenance 12,000 City Manager's Office Liquor Licensing 28,000 * City Manager's Office X Boulder Television (BTV) 150,000		To conduct an To provide fur To offset elect	
City Council Sister City Relationships 4,000 * City Manager's Office Election Costs - HAVA Legislation 30,000 * City Manager's Office Contingency 92,000 * City Manager's Office Imaging Software Maintenance 12,000 * City Manager's Office Liquor Licensing 28,000 * City Manager's Office X Boulder Television (BTV) 150,000 *		To provide fur To offset elect	
City Manager's Office Contingency 92,000 * City Manager's Office Imaging Software Maintenance 12,000 City Manager's Office Liquor Licensing 28,000 * City Manager's Office X Boulder Television (BTV) 150,000			nding for Sister City relations and coordination
City Manager's Office Imaging Software Maintenance 12,000 City Manager's Office Liquor Licensing 28,000 * City Manager's Office X Boulder Television (BTV) 150,000			tion cost increases due to HAVA Legislation
City Manager's Office Liquor Licensing 28,000 * City Manager's Office X Boulder Television (BTV) 150,000			for unanticipated expenditures
City Manager's Office X Boulder Television (BTV) 150,000			are maintenance for new imaging system
			cohol Subcommittee recommendations & new BLA rules
	45.000		nding for 2008 operations
DUHMD X Neighborhood Parking Permit (NPP) expansion survey DUHMD X Neighborhood Parking Permit (NPP) implementation 10,000 *	15,000		arking meter rate and hour increase t approved NPP expansion areas
DUHMD New parking technology - installation and loan payment	29,366		arking meter rate and hour increase
DUHMD New parking technology - installation and loan payment New parking technology - operating & replacement costs	51,120		arking meter rate and hour increase
DUHMD Boulder Improvement District (BID) Ecopass	68,542		arking meter rate and hour increase
Repayment to Downtown Commercial District (formerly			ent to Downtown Commercial District (formerly CAGID) for
DUHMD CAGID) for 10th & Walnut garage 75,000 *			t garage construction cost overruns
		,	d-term position to transition financial reporting and audit
Financial Reporting and Audit			es prior to staff retirement; Financial reporting compliance
Finance Financial Reporting and Audit 85,000 * Finance Sales Tax Auditor 90,000	1.00		ntain bond rating and meet Govt'l Accounting Standards. dditional sales and use tax revenue
Fire Department Vehicle Operations (including fuel and repairs) 40,000	1.00		increases for fuel and vehicle repair
The spanner of the state of the			ay down fire apparatus lease (currently \$2.9 million);
Fire Department X Fire Apparatus 100,000 *		identified by B	Blue Ribbon Commission as a critical deficiency
Fire Department Office of Emergency Management (OEM) 58,000 *			of shared position dedicated to OEM
Housing & Human Services Food Tax Rebate 17,500		To manage th	ne food tax rebate program
Housing & Human Services Social Sustainability and Outreach 10,000			sing costs for Social Sustainability and Outreach goals
Human Resources Leadership Conference 6,000 * Human Resources EcoPass 3,700			ership Conference
Human Resources EcoPass 3,700 Human Resources Compensation Study 18,300 *			Pass cost increases evaluation of compensation system
Human Resources Diversity: Education 8,000 *			panish lessons for 80 employees
Human Resources Payroll Process Improvements 10,000 *			base to automate reconciliation of benefit payments
			t as a long-term member of the CWC, addressing digital
Information Technology Colorado Wireless Communities 14,000 *			nclusion issues for a regional wireless broadband network
Information Technology Computer Replacement 50,000 *		For 2008, the	Computer Replacement Fund has a deficit of \$50,000
Information Technology Independent Security Audit 16,000 *			al Audit recommendation
Library Main Library Security 35,400	0.75	Security staff	to monitor peak hours at Main Library
Library Building and Maintenance Services 15,900			ding maintenance to address declining levels of service
			ddress cost increases in electronic information formats and
Library Library materials 10,000 *			dio/DVD collections (e.g. Spanish language titles) osts to locate scofflaws
Municipal Court Contracted scofflaw investigation 5,000 Municipal Court Master Plan 7,200 *			osts to locate scottlaws materials and consulting
Planning & Develop Svcs X Study of Pop Tops and Scrapes 40,000 *			ses shared by General Fund and P & DS Fund
Parks & Recreation X Youth Services Initiative (YSI) 50,000	0.25		YSI program services
		To offset cost	increases and provide additional resources for fuel, fertilizer,
Parks & Recreation Park maintenance 25,000 *			l landscape supplies
Police Vehicle Operations (including fuel and repairs) 10,000 *			increases for fuel and vehicle repairs
Police Public Safety Building energy costs 35,000			alating electric and gas costs; identified by Blue Ribbon as a critical deficiency
Police Public Safety Building energy costs 35,000			as a critical deficiency om the remaining BURA reserve in the General Fund; this will
			funding for the Business Liaison and continued business
			grams; at the end of 2007, approx. \$139,000 would be
City Manager's Office Economic Vitality	292,900 1.0		a carryover into 2008 for the program.
General Fund Total 320,000 1,200,000	456,928 2.00 2.0	0	

ATTACHMENT B RECOMMENDATIONS FOR FUNDING ACTION PLAN ITEMS BY FUND AND DEPARTMENT

Command Action Plan But General Action Plan Item to be Funded Plan But General Plan Item to be Funded Plan Item to But General			0'1	RECOMMENDATIONS FOR FUI	IDINO AC	THOIVI L	/I V	TI LIVIO DI	1 OND 7	NIND DE	ACTIVILITY	
P & DS Service Center and Office Space Surface 9	Fund	Dept	Action	Brief Description of Action Plan Item to be Funded						Fixed	Term End	
Building Permits - Administrative Buggert 27,000 0.05 (1231-0) To expent building permit exacurus Sudding Permits and limited Support 8,000 1.00 (1231-0) 1.00 (Refurbishments								Service Center and Office surface refurbishments (for example, new paint, ceiling tiles and carpet) to the office areas on the 3rd floor of Park Central
Building Permiss Landinis Support Description Under Designer Description Building Permiss & Right of Way Building Permiss & Rig							Ш					
Building Permatulandink Support Building Permatulandink Support Building Permatulandink Support Building Permatulandink Building Reproduction of Building Reproduction of Building Reproduction of Building Reproduction and management for Building Reproduction of Building Reproduction and management of cultural resources program Building Reproduction of Building Repr				Building Permits - Administrative Support	27,000		Ш			0.50	12-31-09	To support building permit issuance
Utban Designer				Building Permits/Landlink Support	69,000					1.00	12-31-09	type in Landlink
Building Permits & Right of Way 20,000 P & DS Service Center Renovation				Urban Designer		50.000				1.00	12-31-08	use code changes and manage area plans and other special projects;
P & DS Service Center Renovation Planning & Development Svcs Fund Total 204,000 250,000 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0					30,000	,						Fixed-term position for records management for Building & Right-of-Way
Parks & Recreation Park Maintenance 52,000 Farks & Recreation Park Maintenance 52,000 Parks & Recreation Park Maintenance To offset cost increases and provide additional resources for fuel, fertilize materials and inactages supplies Computer replacement for positions funded by the .25 Cent Sales Tax Computer replacement for positions funded by the .25 Cent Sales Tax Computer replacement for positions funded by the .25 Cent Sales Tax Computer replacement for positions funded by the .25 Cent Sales Tax Computer replacement for positions funded by the .25 Cent Sales Tax Computer replacement for positions funded by the .25 Cent Sales Tax Computer replacement for positions funded by the .25 Cent Sales Tax Computer replacement for positions funded by the .25 Cent Sales Tax Computer replacement for positions funded by the .25 Cent Sales Tax Computer replacement for positions funded by the .25 Cent Sales Tax Computer replacement for positions funded by the .25 Cent Sales Tax Computer replacement for positions funded by the .25 Cent Sales Tax Computer replacement for positions funded by the .25 Cent Sales Tax Computer replacement for positions funded by the .25 Cent Sales Tax Computer for sales of the control of the VMP Conditional for funded funded for funded funded for funded funded for funded for funded for funded for funded for funded for												Service Center renovation will address customer service needs by adding a project specialist work station. The renovation will include recycled and demonstration materials for to increase public awareness.
Parks & Recreation Park Maintenance Park				Planning & Development Svcs Fund Total	204,000	250,000		0	0.00	4.00		
Parks & Recreation Park Maintenance S 2,000 Additional funding for computer replacement 16,367 Computer replacement for positions funded by the .25 Cent Sales Tax Computer replacement for positions funded by the .25 Cent Sales Tax Computer replacement for positions funded by the .25 Cent Sales Tax Computer replacement for positions funded by the .25 Cent Sales Tax Computer replacement for positions funded by the .25 Cent Sales Tax Computer replacement for positions funded by the .25 Cent Sales Tax Computer replacement for positions funded by the .25 Cent Sales Tax Computer replacement for positions funded by the .25 Cent Sales Tax Computer replacement for positions funded by the .25 Cent Sales Tax Computer replacement for positions funded by the .25 Cent Sales Tax Computer replacement for positions funded by the .25 Cent Sales Tax Computer replacement for positions funded by the .25 Cent Sales Tax Computer replacement for positions funded by the .25 Cent Sales Tax Computer replacement for positions funded by the .25 Cent Sales Tax Computer replacement for positions funded by the .25 Cent Sales Tax Computer replacement for positions funded by the .25 Cent Sales Tax Computer replacement for positions funded by the .25 Cent Sales Tax Computer replacement for positions funded by the .25 Cent Sales Tax Computer replacement for positions funded by the .25 Cent Sales Tax Computer replacement for positions funded by the .25 Cent Sales Tax Computer replacement for positions funded by the .25 Cent Sales Tax Computer replacement for positions funded by the .25 Cent Sales Tax Contract Conditions funded by the .25 Cent Sales Tax Contract Conditions funded by the .25 Cent Sales Tax Contract Conditions funded by the .25 Cent Sales Tax Contract Conditions funded by the .25 Cent Sales Tax Contract Conditions funded by the .25 Cent Sales Tax Contract Conditions funded by the .25 Cent Sales Tax Contract Conditions funded by the .25 Cent Sales Tax Contract Conditions funded by the .25 Cent Sales Tax Contract Conditions funded by t	.25	Cent Sales Tax Fund										
Den Space Fund Open Space & Mountain Parks Cultural Resources Program Coordinator 76,200 To support wildlife program and resource assessment of trail study areast To support wildlife program and resource assessment of trail study areast To support wildlife program and resource assessment of trail study areast To support wildlife program and resource assessment of trail study areast To support wildlife program and resource assessment of trail study areast To support wildlife program and resource assessment of trail study areast To support wildlife program and resource assessment of trail study areast To support wildlife program and resource assessment of trail study areast To support wildlife program and resource assessment of trail study areast To support implementation of the VMP NMP Coordinator To support implementation of the VMP VMP Coordinator Specialist 40,414		Parks & Recreation		Park Maintenance	52,000							To offset cost increases and provide additional resources for fuel, fertilizer, materials and landscape supplies
Open Space Rund Cultural Resources Program Coordinator 76,200 1.00 12-31-99 Coordination and management of cultural resources program To support wildlife program and resource assessment of trail study areast To support wildlife program and resource assessment of trail study areast To support wildlife program and resource assessment of trail study areast To support wildlife program and resource assessment of trail study areast To support wildlife program and resource assessment of trail study areast To support implementation of the VMP Matural Resources Technician 53,600 1.00 12-31-99 To support implementation of the VMP VMP Coordinator 95,250 1.00 12-31-19 To support implementation of the VMP Admin Specialist 40,414 1.00 12-31-19 Administrative support for Ranger Services at the Annex Ad				Additional funding for computer replacement	16,367							Computer replacement for positions funded by the .25 Cent Sales Tax
Den Space & Mountain Parks Cultural Resources Program Coordinator 76,200 Den Space & Mountain Parks Cultural Resources Program Coordinator 76,200 Den Space & Mountain To support wildlife program and resource assessment of trail study areast To support wildlife program and resource assessment of trail study areast To support wildlife program and resource assessment of trail study areast To support wildlife program and resource assessment of trail study areast To support wildlife program and resource assessment of trail study areast To support wildlife program and resource assessment of trail study areast To support wildlife program and resource assessment of trail study areast To support implementation of the VMP Natural Resources Technician Sa,600 1.00 12-31-99 To support implementation of the VMP NATURAL RESOURCES Technician Admin Specialist 40,414 1.00 12-31-19 Administrative support for Ranger Services at the Annex Administrative support for Ranger				.25 Cent Sales Tax Fund Total	68.367	0		0	0.00	0.00		
Open Space & Mountain Parks Cultural Resources Program Coordinator 76,200 1.00 12:31-09 Coordination and management of cultural resources program To support wildlife program and resource assessment of trail study areast 1.00 12:31-09 To support wildlife program and resource assessment of trail study areast 1.00 12:31-09 To support windlife program and resource assessment of trail study areast 1.00 12:31-09 To support implementation of the VMP VMP Coordinator 1.00 12:31-09 To support implementation of the VMP VMP Coordinator, including new recreation opportunities, trail construct 1.00 12:31-11 and resource protection 1.00 12:31-11 and resource protection 1.00 12:31-11 and resource protection 1.00 12:31-10 Administrative support for Ranger Services at the Annex Admin Specialist 21,477 1.00 12:31-09 Administrative support for Ranger Services at the Annex Admin Specialist 21,477 1.00 12:31-09 Administrative support for Ranger Services at the Annex Admin Specialist 1.00 12:31-09 12:31-09 and maintenance 1.00 12:31-09 3.00	Ope	en Space Fund					П	_				
Wildlife Ecologist		Open Space & Mountain		Cultural Resources Program Coordinator	76,200					1.00	12-31-09	
Natural Resources Technician 53,600 1.00 12-31-09 To support implementation of the VMP VMP Coordinator VMP Coordinator Admin Specialist 40,414 1.00 12-31-09 Administrative support for Ranger Services at the Annex Admin Specialist 21,477 Admin Specialist 21,477 20,50 12-31-09 Administrative support for Ranger Services at the Annex Administer permit processes for off-trail and special/commercial use; will 23-31-09 also provide web design and maintenance To assist financial operations, including reconciliation of dog tag program Admin Specialist - Financial 20,207 Admin Specialist - Financial 20,207 2.00 Protection of water resources Natural Resource Technician Water Resource Technician 40,682 0.67 Protection of water resources Natural Resources Tech - IPM 20,100 2.05 Integrated Pest Management (IPM) planning and coordination To achieve proper trail construction and improvements To achieve proper trail construction and improvements To achieve proper trail construction and improvements To achieve proper trail construction and dog Maintenance III Maintenance III 53,600 1.00 12-31-09 management Planning and implementation of trail maintenance/construction, including				Wildlife Ecologist	76,200					1.00	12-31-09	
Admin Specialist 40,414 1.00 12-31-09 Administrative support for Ranger Services at the Annex Administrative support for Ranger Services at th				Education & Outreach Coordinator	76,200					1.00	12-31-09	To support implementation of the VMP
Admin Specialist 40,414 1.00 12-31-09 Administrative support for Ranger Services at the Annex Admin Specialist 21,477 0.50 12-31-09 administrative support for Ranger Services at the Annex Admin Specialist 21,477 0.50 12-31-09 also provide web design and maintenance I Admin Specialist - Financial 20,207 0.50 12-31-09 also provide web design and maintenance or ew, Protection of water resources In address VMP-related signage needs for trail construction, including management of seasonal trail maintenance crew,				Natural Resources Technician	53,600					1.00	12-31-09	
Admin Specialist 21,477 0.50 12-31-09 Administer permit processes for off-trail and special/commercial use; will also provide web design and maintenance To assist financial operations, including reconciliation of dog tag program Admin Specialist - Financial 20,207 0.50 12-31-09 and daily deposits Ranger Naturalist 57,400 2.00 Funding supplemented by a \$100,000 reallocation from existing seasonal program Water Resource Technician 40,682 0.67 Protection of water resources Natural Resources Tech - IPM 20,100 0.25 Integrated Pest Management (IPM) planning and coordination Trails Contract Coordinator 76,200 1.00 12-31-09 To achieve proper trail construction and improvements To address VMP-related signage needs for trail construction and dog Maintenance III 53,600 1.00 12-31-09 management of seasonal trail maintenance/construction, including management of seasonal trail maintenance crew,				VMP Coordinator	95,250					1.00	12-31-11	
Admin Specialist 21,477 0.50 12-31-09 also provide web design and maintenance To assist financial operations, including reconciliation of dog tag program Admin Specialist - Financial 20,207 0.50 12-31-09 and daily deposits Ranger Naturalist 57,400 2.00 program Water Resource Technician 40,682 0.67 Protection of water resources Natural Resources Tech - IPM 20,100 0.25 Integrated Pest Management (IPM) planning and coordination Trails Contract Coordinator 76,200 1.00 12-31-09 To achieve proper trail construction and improvements Maintenance II 53,600 1.00 12-31-09 management Planning and implementation of trail maintenance/construction, including management of seasonal trail maintenance crew,				Admin Specialist	40,414					1.00	12-31-09	Administrative support for Ranger Services at the Annex
Admin Specialist - Financial 20,207 0.50 12-31-09 and daily deposits Ranger Naturalist 57,400 2.00 Funding supplemented by a \$100,000 reallocation from existing seasonal program Water Resource Technician 40,682 0.67 Protection of water resources Natural Resources Tech - IPM 20,100 0.25 Integrated Pest Management (IPM) planning and coordination Trails Contract Coordinator 76,200 1.00 12-31-09 To achieve proper trail construction and improvements Maintenance I 48,240 1.00 12-31-09 To analyze proper trail construction and dog management Planning and implementation of trail maintenance/construction, including management of seasonal trail maintenance crew,				Admin Specialist	21,477					0.50	12-31-09	
Ranger Naturalist 57,400 2.00 program Water Resource Technician 40,682 0.67 Protection of water resources Natural Resources Tech - IPM 20,100 0.25 Integrated Pest Management (IPM) planning and coordination Trails Contract Coordinator 76,200 1.00 12-31-09 To achieve proper trail construction and improvements To address VMP-related signage needs for trail construction and dog management Maintenance I 48,240 1.00 12-31-09 management Planning and implementation of trail maintenance/construction, including management of seasonal trail maintenance crew,				Admin Specialist - Financial	20,207					0.50	12-31-09	
Natural Resources Tech - IPM 20,100 0.25 Integrated Pest Management (IPM) planning and coordination Trails Contract Coordinator 76,200 1.00 12-31-09 To achieve proper trail construction and improvements To address VMP-related signage needs for trail construction and dog management Maintenance I 48,240 1.00 12-31-09 management Planning and implementation of trail maintenance/construction, including management of seasonal trail maintenance crew,				Ranger Naturalist	57,400				2.00			Funding supplemented by a \$100,000 reallocation from existing seasonal program
Natural Resources Tech - IPM 20,100 0.25 Integrated Pest Management (IPM) planning and coordination Trails Contract Coordinator 76,200 1.00 12-31-09 To achieve proper trail construction and improvements To address VMP-related signage needs for trail construction and dog management Maintenance I 48,240 1.00 12-31-09 management Planning and implementation of trail maintenance/construction, including management of seasonal trail maintenance crew,				Water Resource Technician	40,682				0.67			Protection of water resources
Maintenance I 48,240 To address VMP-related signage needs for trail construction and dog management Planning and implementation of trail maintenance/construction, including Maintenance III 53,600 11.00 12-31-09 management of seasonal trail maintenance crew,					,							Integrated Pest Management (IPM) planning and coordination
Maintenance I 48,240 1.00 12-31-09 management Planning and implementation of trail maintenance/construction, including Maintenance III 53,600 1.00 12-31-09 management of seasonal trail maintenance crew,				Trails Contract Coordinator	76,200		Ш			1.00	12-31-09	
Maintenance III Planning and implementation of trail maintenance/construction, including 1.00 12-31-09 management of seasonal trail maintenance crew,				Maintenance I	48,240					1.00	12-31-09	
Open Space Fund Total 755,770 0 0 2.92 10.00				Maintenance III	53,600				_	1.00	12-31-09	Planning and implementation of trail maintenance/construction, including
				Open Space Fund Total	755,770	0		0	2.92	10.00		

ATTACHMENT B RECOMMENDATIONS FOR FUNDING ACTION PLAN ITEMS BY FUND AND DEPARTMENT

		City	RECOMMENDATIONS FOR FOI	T TO ALC	THOIT EX	IN IT EINIG B	I I CITE 7	111000	1 / ((() () ()	1111
								A .1.111	Elmand.	
Fund		Council						Add'l	Fixed	
		Action					Add'l Std		Term End	
	Dept	Plan	Brief Description of Action Plan Item to be Funded	Exp	Exp	Add'l Rev	FTE	Term	Date	Comments
Airp	ort Fund									
	PW/Transportation		Extend Sanitary Sewer Line to Hangar N		30,000					To improved water quality by upgrading from a septic system
			Wildlife Mitigation		25,000					To prevent wildlife encroachment on runways and FAA violations
			Airport Fund Total	0	55,000	C	0.00	0.00		
Tra	nsportation Fund									
										Transfer traffic signals and system management expenses to
	PW / Transportation		Transfer expenses from Trans. Develop Fund	98,060						Transportation Fund
										An additional 4% in non-personnel expenses as a "catch-up" mechanism
			Increase Operations/Maintenance by add'l 4%	262,716						to address escalating operations and maintenance costs
			Targeted Operations, Repairs & Preventative Maint	250,000						To implement targeted maintenance recommendations from O & M study
				,						Increased signal needs due to growth and enhancements (i.e. pedestrian
			Signal Technician	87,120	88,500		1.00			countdown timers)
			Pay Down Transit Village Debt		170,000					Loan to be paid off in 2010
			Transportation Fund Total	697.896	258,500		1.00	0.00		2001110 20 2010 01111 2010
Wat	ter Utility Fund									
···	PW/Utilities		Windy Gap Payment	240,000						New operating assessment costs for Windy Gap participants
	- Wollings		Windy Gap Faymont	210,000						Boulder's portion of South Platte Water-Related Activities Program
			Platte River Assessment	71,000						Assessment
-			Water Treatment Facility Energy Costs	35,000						To cover increased facility energy costs
			Water Utility Fund Total	346,000	0		0.00	0.00		To cover increased racinty energy costs
10/-	Istewater Utility Fund		water offinty Fund Total	340,000	U		0.00	0.00		
wa	Stewater Utility Fund			-						An additional \$506,000 will be needed in 2008 and \$80,000 in 2009 in
	PW/Utilities		Wests Water Treatment Plant Improvements	506,000						
	PW/Otilities		Waste Water Treatment Plant Improvements Wastewater Utility Fund Total	506,000	0		0.00	0.00		order for new processes to become fully operational
Dav	I vntown Commercial District F		wastewater offility rund rotal	506,000	U		0.00	0.00		
DOV		una	Comital Maintanana	1,240,000						Defermed manage modistaneous
	DUHMD/Parking Svcs		Capital Maintenance							Deferred garage maintenance
			Capital Building Renovation & Refurbishment	165,675	405.000					Ongoing garage maintenance @ \$75/spot
			Conference Center Feasibility	400.000	125,000					Conference Center engineering and site study
			Downtown Community Improvements	100,000		200 101				Streetscape improvements - West side and South of Canyon
			Parking Technology			802,161				Parking technology installation - Loan to be paid over next 2-3 years
			Parking Technology operations & replacement	4 505 055	105.000	149,989		0.00		Operating expenses for capital replacement & credit card fees
			Downtown Commercial District Fund Total	1,505,675	125,000	952,150	0.00	0.00		
Uni	versity Hill Commercial Distri	Ct	D. U. T. I. I		000 000					
	DUHMD/Parking Svcs		Parking Technology	1	300,000	40				Parking technology installation - To be paid with cash financing
			Parking Technology Operating & Replacement	-	000.053	40,527		0.55		Operating expenses for capital replacement & credit card fees
			University Commercial District Fund Total	0	300,000	40,527	0.00	0.00		
Flee	et Operating Fund			1			ļ			
<u></u>	Public Works		Fuel Delivery System	1	40,000		ļ			Upgrade fuel delivery system
<u></u>			Digital Radios Test Set	1	25,000		ļ			Test digital radios
\vdash			Sound Curtain		25,000					Install sound curtain in bays adjacent to Radio Shop
			Fleet Operating Fund	0	90,000	C	0.00	0.00		
Tele	communications Fund									
										Transition from County to in-house system; \$250,000 reallocation for
	Information Technology		Implement new phone system		1,000,000					employee expenses
			Telecommunications Fund	0	1,000,000	C	0.00	0.00		
Pro	perty & Casualty Fund									
	Finance		Risk Management Non-Personnel Expenses	10.000	i i	1				To provide materials & supplies for the Risk Management division
	i mance		Property & Casualty Fund	10,000	0	0	0.00	0.00		To provide materials a supplies for the KISK Wanagement division
			Property & Casualty Fullu	10,000	0		0.00	0.00		

FOOTNOTES:

^{*} As described in the section of this document titled "City Council Direction on the Recommended Budget", a cascading funding approach has been implemented as part of the approved 2008 budget to provide funding for both the Boulder Mobile Manor project and the Economic Vitality program. As a result, these items allocated for one-time funding are being held in a contingency until 2007 year-end results have been finalized and these two programs have received their targeted funding allocation

CITY COUNCIL DIRECTION ON THE RECOMMENDED BUDGET

The City Manager's 2008-09 Recommended Budget was presented to City Council for first reading on October 2nd, second reading on October 16th and third reading/adoption on November 13th. The following changes were made to the recommended budget based on feedback received from City Council at the August 28th and the September 11th study sessions and at second reading of the budget on October 16th.

Boulder Mobile Manor Development Project and the Economic Vitality Program

Prior to first reading, the City Manager's recommended budget was changed based on feedback from City Council at both the August 28th and the September 11th study sessions. At the August study session, Council clarified that not all funding for the Manor project should come from affordable housing funds since this project is broader than just affordable housing and really reflects Council's broader goal of community sustainability. Council also expressed a concern about the limited 2008 funding for Economic Vitality, specifically for the Business Incentive Rebate Program. Based on this feedback, staff proposed a "cascading" approach to provide additional 2008 funding for both these items.

As part of the approach, target funding in the amount of \$800,000 from the General Fund for the Manor project was proposed for 2008. This is based on funding in previous years totaling \$600,000 already allocated to the project as well as the likelihood that \$1 million would be recommended for funding from the available 2008 affordable housing funds. Based on this, the additional \$800,000 from the General Fund in 2008 would bring the total city funding for the project to \$2.4 million and would allow for a significant achievement of community sustainability goals including:

- targets of 30%, 40% & 50% average median income (AMI)
- greater livability (design, green space, playground)
- a higher level of energy efficiency and green building

The additional 2008 funding from the General Fund for the Economic Vitality program was targeted at \$123,000. The goal of this target was to provide additional funding for the program with the understanding that it comes at the cost of other needed items in the city. However, every additional dollar improves the health of the city's overall economic vitality program and, as a result, a target of an additional \$123,000 in 2008 funding was recommended.

The following describes each of the steps in the "cascading" funding approach:

<u>Step 1</u>: As discussed above, the additional funding targets for both the Major and the Economic Vitality projects were set at \$800,000 and \$123,000, respectively. Approximately, \$90,000 of the Manor project will be covered by 2008 funding from the Climate Action Plan Fund. These dollars are budgeted for energy efficiency programs

for low income households. Based on the \$90,000 provided by the Climate Action Plan Fund, the remaining target for the Manor project is \$710,000 (\$800,000 less \$90,000).

Step 2: The second step includes the deferment of the proposed increase in Worker Compensation Insurance rates for 2008 until 2009. This will generate about \$110,000 in General Fund savings that will be appropriated for the Manor project. Although the 2008 targeted fund balance for Worker Compensation may fall short, staff feels it is an acceptable level of risk to defer the rate increase until 2009.

After step 2, the remaining target for the Manor project is \$600,000 (\$710,000 less \$110,000) and \$123,000 for Economic Vitality. At this point, staff would proceed to step 3.

<u>Step 3</u>: This step relies on allocating any excess collections from construction and business use tax as follows for the two projects:

- Any increase over the current 2007 General Fund projection for construction use tax would first be used to fill the funding target for the Manor
- Any increase over the current 2007 General Fund projection for business use tax would first be used to fill the funding target for Economic Vitality

If step 3 does not meet the remaining target for both projects, then staff would automatically move to step 4.

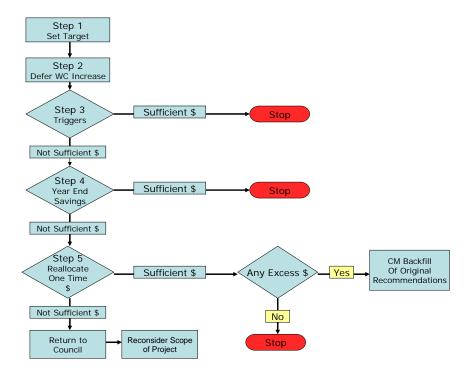
<u>Step 4:</u> After all accounts payable are booked for 2007, available year-end savings in the General Fund would be used to reach the remaining targets for the two projects. First, dollars would go to the Manor project until that target it met, then to the Economic Vitality program.

	Time Funding Recommendations Held in Continuous unding for the Boulder Mobile Manor project and the Economy Program)	
Department	Item	Amount
Public Works/FAM	Facilities maintenance	200,000
City Council	Council employee consultant	3,500
City Council	Sister City relationships	4,000
City Manager's Office	Contingency	92,000
City Manager's Office	Liquor licensing	28,000
	Neighborhood Parking Permit (NPP)	
DUHMD	implementation	10,000
	Repayment to Downtown Commercial District	
DUHMD	(formerly CAGID) for 10th & Walnut garage	75,000
Finance	Financial Reporting and Audit	85,000
Fire Department	Fire Apparatus	100,000
Fire Department	Office of Emergency Management (OEM)	58,000
Human Resources	Leadership Conference	6,000
Human Resources	Compensation Study	18,300
Human Resources	Diversity: Education	8,000
Human Resources	Payroll Process Improvements	10,000
Information Technology	Colorado Wireless Communities	14,000
Information Technology	Computer Replacement	50,000
Information Technology	Independent Security Audit	16,000
Library	Library materials	10,000
Municipal Court	Master Plan	7,200
Planning & Development		
Svcs	Study of Pop Tops and Scrapes	40,000
Parks & Recreation	Park maintenance	25,000
Police	Vehicle Operations (including fuel and repairs)	10,000
Total		870,000

<u>Step 5:</u> If steps 2 through 4 still do not meet the targets, there would be reductions in the one-time amounts originally included in the 2008-09 recommended budget until the targets are met.

All General Fund one-time funding amounts (with the exception of facility energy, Boulder Community Media and Library allocations) will be held in a contingency in case year-end savings and the revenue triggers are insufficient. The amounts shown in the table above will be released by the City Manager if the targets are met and/or the amounts generated in steps 2 through 4 are higher than expected (this will be known in April 2008).

Below is a diagram depicting the "cascading" funding proposal for the Boulder Mobile Manor and Economic Vitality projects:



At the September 11th study session, City Council generally supported the "cascading" funding approach for the two projects. This change was incorporated into the 2008 budget ordinances brought forward to City Council for first reading and public hearing on October 2, 2007.

Boulder Community Media (BCM)

At second reading of the 2008 budget on October 16th, City Council approved the following change in funding for Boulder Community Media (BCM), the group that currently provides public access television services to the Boulder community:

- 1) Decrease 2008 funding to BCM from \$150,000 to \$70,000 to manage and operate (in partnership with the Boulder Valley School District and the University of Colorado) Channel 22, the educational channel;
- 2) Authorize the BCM Board to use up to \$10,000 of the \$70,000 funding for outside legal advice and accounting as necessary;
- 3) Make 2008 funding contingent upon BCM presenting, and Council approving prior to January 1, 2008, a contract and business plan for managing and operating the educational channel:
- 4) Authorize BCM use of the .25 cent PEG fee (currently collected for Channel 54) for equipment for the educational access television station (EDTV).
- 5) Move all savings from the decreased amount of funds going to BCM in the proposed 2008 budget, or \$80,000, to fund implementation of the Library Master Plan;
- 6) Direct the City Manager to shut down operations of Channel 54 by November 16, 2007, and use all remaining 2007 funding for 1) the costs of shutting down Channel

54 and BTV; and 2) to operate and manage Channel 22, EDTV through fiscal year 2008.

Staff is currently developing a plan for utilizing the \$80,000 in one-time funding for the Library based on the Library Master Plan. The approach will be provided to City Council via a Weekly Information Packet (WIP) in early 2008 before the funds are actually expended.

CITY COUNCIL GOALS

Boulder City Council City Council Goals

Affordable Housing

To preserve and provide housing opportunities that promote an economically diverse community.

Social Sustainability

To enhance community livability by providing outreach and developing policies that address the needs of the community, including the underserved, under-represented and under-participating residents so all who live in Boulder can feel part of, and thrive in, our community.

Economic Sustainability

It is the Policy of the City of Boulder to encourage economic vitality and the contributions economic health make to the overall quality of life of its citizens. The City of Boulder welcomes and is supportive of business and economic development. Towards this end, the City of Boulder will utilize a variety of tools and strategies that will result in increased sales and use tax revenue, retention and expansion of business investment and opportunities in Boulder and lead to an improvement in the quality of life and prosperity of the community.

Environmental Sustainability

To enact and enhance city policies that cause the Boulder community to become a nationwide environmental leader among communities. The City will be a role model of exemplary environmental practices.

Transportation

Develop strategies to manage congestion at reasonable levels and enhance mobility to maintain a livable community. To generate consensus among and between the City Council and local and regional community about the specific transportation improvements envisioned for each corridor."

Current information on the status of the City Council goals is available on the city's website at www.bouldercolorado.gov (click on "City Council Office" under Departments at the top of the page, and then on "Council Goals" found in the box on the left side of the page).

BUDGET POLICIES

CITYWIDE FINANCIAL AND MANAGEMENT POLICIES

SECTION 1 - GENERAL INFORMATION

- **1.1 Annual Budget Submittal** Biennial budgets shall be balanced. Budgeted expenditures and transfersout will not exceed reasonable projection of the sum of current year revenues, transfers-in, and available fund balances. Debt shall not be utilized for operating expenses.¹
- **1.2 Budget Process** A Biennial budget shall be adopted every two years by December 1st of the year prior to the two-year budget period. Adjustments for changing circumstances for the second year of the two-year budget cycle shall be adopted by December 1st of the first year of the biennial period. ²
- **1.3 Budget Preparation -** While the Charter establishes time limits and the essential content of the City Manager's proposed budget, the budget preparation process is not prescribed. The preparation process is developed by the City Manager with input from the City Council.
- **1.4 Changes to Adopted Budget** Normally, initial appropriations (excluding carryovers and encumbrances) will be made only in the context of the annual budget process when all City needs can be reviewed and prioritized in a comprehensive manner. The biennial budget process will also include a projection of the multi-year impact of decisions.³

SECTION 2 - REVENUE POLICIES

- **2.1 Property Tax -** Mill levies shall be certified at the 1992 mill levy rate. A temporary mill levy credit shall also be certified whenever the calculated revenue forecast exceeds the calculated revenue limitation by more than 1/10th of a mill. ⁴
- **2.2 Revenue Review and Projection** The City reviews estimated revenue and fee schedules as part of the budget process. Estimated revenue is projected in a "most likely" scenario for five years and updated annually. Proposed rate increases are based upon Citywide Pricing Policy Guidelines that were adopted by Council in 1994. User fees shall be aligned with these guidelines over a five-year period.
- **2.3 User Fee Guidelines** The general guidelines of the City of Boulder regarding user fees are based upon the following considerations:

A. Full Cost Recovery

- 1. The individual or group using the service is the primary beneficiary.
- 2. The level of service use attributed to a user is known.
- 3. Administrative cost of imposing and collecting the fee is not excessive.
- 4. Imposing a full cost fee would not place the City at a competitive disadvantage.
- 5. The service is usually provided by the private sector, but may also be provided by the public sector.

B. Partial Cost Recovery

- 1. Services benefit those who participate but the community at large also benefits.
- 2. The level of service use attributed to a user is known.
- 3. Administrative costs of imposing and collecting the fee is not excessive.
- 4. Imposing a full cost fee would place the City at a competitive disadvantage.
- 5. The service is usually provided by the public sector, but may also be provided by the private sector.

C. No-cost Recovery:

(a service does not have to meet every criterion)

- 1. The service is equally available to everyone in the community and should benefit everyone.
- 2. Because the service is basic, it is difficult to determine benefits received by one user.
- 3. The level of service attributable to a user is not known.
- 4. Administrative costs of imposing and collecting a fee exceed revenue expected from the fee.
- 5. Imposing the fee would place the City at a serious competitive disadvantage.
- 6. The service is primarily provided by the public sector.
- 7. Charging a fee would result in undesirable behavior.

D. "Enterprise or Profit" Center

(a service does not have to meet every criterion)

- 1. Individuals or groups benefit from the service and there is little community benefit.
- 2. The level of service use attributable to a user is known.
- 3. There is excess demand for the service; therefore, allocation of limited services is required.
- 4. Administrative cost of imposing and collecting the fee is not excessive.
- 5. The service is provided at market price by the private sector.

E. Other Considerations

- 1. Nonresidents do not pay the full level of City taxes. Therefore, nonresidents will usually pay a premium of 25% above the standard fee for the service.
- 2. The City currently defines "Direct Costs" as costs that are all the specific, identifiable expenses associated with the actual provision of a service.
- 3. "Indirect Costs" can include departmental overhead costs such as administrative costs and operating reserve account as well as city overhead costs. City overhead costs include the costs of all the City's general support services.
- 4. Departments when establishing fees should identify whether a fee recovers the full cost, (sum of direct and indirect costs), partial cost or is a market rate fee.
- 2.3a User Fee Subsidies After a fee has been set at a either a full, partial or market level, any subsidy or reduced rate user fee offered by the City of Boulder will be based primarily on economic or financial need. The basis for determining financial need will be 50% of the average median income (AMI) for Boulder County. In addition, programs that include a subsidy or reduced rate component are available to City of Boulder residents only.

Recreation services in Parks and Recreation offer reduced rate user fees based on age only rather than on economic or financial need. As part of its 5-year User Fee Alignment Plan, this department is moving away from age-based discounting, but has not yet determined if it should be completely eliminated.

2.4 Asset Forfeiture Revenue - To create a long-term funding source from limited and uncertain revenue, asset forfeiture/seizure revenue resulting from crime prevention/apprehension activities by the Police Department shall be conceptually considered as "endowment" funds and the principal shall be held in reserve. With the exception of occasional exceptional unanticipated unfunded needs, only interest earnings on the principal shall be allocated for expenditures.

- **2.5 Accrued Interest -Earmarked Funds -** The determination of whether earmarked funds shall accrue interest income is whether the General Fund costs required to collect and administer such funds are allocated to the subject funds. Interest income shall not be distributed to funds unless they are bearing their appropriate allocation of administrative costs.
- **2.6 Unspent Revenues -** On an annual basis, any unspent revenues subject to and in compliance with the associated limitations of Amendment #1 revenue and spending constraints shall be "reserved" and therefore will be considered "spending" in the current fiscal year.
- **Excise Taxes** In November 1998, the electorate approved a ballot issue that increased the current excise tax rates by an inflationary factor. The rate will be adjusted annually by an inflation factor until the maximum amount included in the ballot issue is reached. ⁵
- **2.7 a Education Excise Tax-** In June 2003, City Council approved the following policy guidelines pertaining to Education Excise Tax:

Education Excise Tax revenues shall be used for capital expenditures only, and not for operational expenditures. Education Excise Tax revenues may be used to:

- Help fund facilities needed to serve new growth
- Improve or renovate existing facilities
- Enhance the viability of existing facilities , including recreational facilities
- Fund tax refunds or set-offs relating to education purposes
- Purchase properties to preserve them for future educational purposes.

Education Excise Tax revenues shall be expended in a manner that supports both Boulder Valley School District and city of Boulder needs and objectives.

Education Excise Tax revenues shall be programmed for expenditure as part of the city's Capital Improvement Programming process. The intent is that funds will be used for large capital expenditures that exceed \$1,000,000 and will be programmed for expenditure on an infrequent basis.

- **2.8 Utility Charges** The City reviews estimated revenues and fee schedules as part of the budget process. Estimated revenue and expenditures are projected for five years and updated annually. Proposed rate increases to monthly user fees are developed using a cost-of-service methodology which includes the following:
 - Determination of the Utility's revenue requirements for operations, maintenance, and capital construction;
 - Ability of the Utility to maintain adequate reserves and meet debt service coverage requirements;
 - Analysis of customer demands and usage characteristics;
 - Allocation of revenue requirements to customer service characteristics;
 - Development and design of rates schedules.

Other charges for specific services are designed to recover costs and follow the guidelines of the Citywide Pricing Policy adopted by Council in 1994.

Plant Investment Fees are one-time charges to customers connecting to the utility system are based on the replacement value of the utility assets and are reviewed every 3-5 years.

SECTION 3 - FINANCIAL ADMINISTRATION

- **3.1 General Information -** The city's fiscal year shall be the calendar year. The Department of Finance and Record shall collect taxes and maintain financial records.⁶
- **3.2 Administrative Charges -** The City shall employ a cost allocation system to identify the full cost of providing services to the public and recover certain costs incurred by various funds in providing support services to other City departments. The system shall accomplish the following objectives:
 - a. Complete recovery of costs incurred with the exception of the costs of "general governance".
 - b. Equitable allocation of costs to users.
 - c. Provision of incentives for service providers to deliver products and services efficiently and effectively.
 - d. Provision of a stable cost allocation system to facilitate the organization's budgeting for charges and revenues.
 - e. Promotion of customer confidence in and acceptance of the accuracy, reasonableness, and fairness of the charges they incur.

Charges for "general governance" (City Council, City Manager's Office, City Clerk Council support and elections, etc.) shall <u>not</u> be cost allocated to restricted funds but instead shall be totally funded out of the General Fund. The "general governance" category shall <u>not</u> include election costs for ballot issues related to funds with earmarked revenue sources. Costs for non-General Fund ballot issues shall be charged to the appropriate fund.

The Housing Authority shall not be charged for services provided by General Fund Departments. Such costs will be born by the General Fund.

- 3.3 Building Maintenance/Renovation To protect City investment in facilities, funds shall be budgeted annually for maintenance of such facilities. To extend the life of these assets, the goal shall be to increase the funds budgeted annually for maintenance of facilities to approximately 2 percent of the replacement cost (with the exception of debt financed facilities). These funds may be utilized for facility maintenance, reserved for facility replacement, or utilized for debt service payments for facility related projects pursuant to a long term plan based upon the condition of each facility. If the 2 percent funding goal cannot be reached in any given year due to funding constraints, the expected result will be an increase in the maintenance backlog equal to the funding shortfall. The Facilities and Asset Manager will prioritize maintenance/renovation needs to ensure that critical systems are properly maintained so that facility safety and operations continue without interruption. Lower priority work will be postponed until funding is available to complete these tasks. The Facilities & Asset Manager will report the amount of maintenance backlog and any impacts on facility safety and operations annually during the budget process. If/when the revenue base permits, facility maintenance funding shall be given a high priority before consideration of other service restorations or additions.
- **3.4 Building Replacement Costs -** Where debt payments are being made for city buildings, if the revenue source(s) do not sunset when the debt is retired, the on-going revenue will be allocated to a building replacement fund. If the funding source does sunset, replacement resources for the building shall usually come from new or extended revenue leveraged by bonding.
- **3.5 Equipment Replacement Costs -** Funds shall be reserved annually for replacement of City equipment and these costs will be reflected in the operating expenditures of the activity using the equipment, to facilitate accurate costing of service delivery.
- 3.6 Vehicle Replacement Costs Vehicles shall normally be purchased rather than leased and a vehicle replacement fund shall be maintained for replacement of vehicles at the end of their useful life. In the limited situations where vehicles may be leased (temporary vehicles, fire apparatus, etc.) specific approval by the City Manager is required.

- **3.6a Vehicle Changes -** It is the expectation of the City Manager's Office that all departments will meet the objectives of the Fleet Evaluation Study. These objectives are: no increase in miles driven in the conduct of City business, and no net increase in the number of fleet units.
- 3.7 Computer Replacement Costs Computer replacement funds shall be created to level out spending for microcomputer and network related hardware and software and ensure that adequate replacement funds are available when equipment reaches the end of its useful life. This fund is expected to cover 80% of the General Fund replacement costs. The remaining 20% costs will be covered in individual departmental budgets. Restricted funds are expected to reserve funds necessary to cover 100% of their microcomputer and network related hardware and software.
- **3.8 Technology Improvements -** Recognizing the contribution of technology in efficient and effective service provision, improvements in technology shall be important considerations in resource allocations.
- **3.9 General Fund Annual Savings** The General Fund emergency/stabilization reserve shall be maintained at a 10% minimum and a 15% maximum, as conditions allow.
- **3.10 Grant Expenditures -** Expenditures related to grants shall continue only during the period of time they are funded by the grant. Any grant employees will be considered fixed-term. The City Manager shall review applications for <u>new</u> grants before they are submitted to the granting agency.
- 3.11 Property & Casualty and Workers Compensation Funds Both Property and Casualty and Workers Compensation liability will be self-insured. The goal of the Property & Casualty Fund is to fully fund an actuarially calculated liability as of the end of the prior year at the 50% certainty level plus \$500,000 for current and future claims. The Workers Comp Fund's goal is to fully fund case loss reserves at the 50% confidence level and rate stabilization reserves at the industry standard reserve/retention of eight-to-one. At least every five years, an analysis comparing the cost and effectiveness of self insurance compared to purchase outside insurance will be conducted to determine whether self-insurance in one or both of these liability categories continues to be the best alternative.
- 3.12 Accumulated Sick, Vacation Time, & Appreciation Bonus To facilitate the long-term financial sustainability of the city, liabilities associated with accumulated sick time, vacation time, appreciation bonuses, and/or any other employee benefits that would result in liability upon termination or retirement shall be fully funded based on TABOR requirements. This may be accomplished, subject to Council review and approval, by a combination of modifying benefits and/or setting aside reserves.
- **3.13 Compensation Policy -** The City of Boulder is committed to recruiting and retaining highly productive employees through a competitive total compensation package, which strives to:
 - Provide favorable salary relationships when compared to appropriate labor markets, while recognizing the City's ability to pay;
 - Maintain internal job relationships according to the responsibilities and customer service requirements found in all jobs;
 - Recognize and reward employees for their efforts as demonstrated through specific performance achievements; and
 - Acknowledge the unique contributions and potential sacrifices of our Police and Fire Protective Services by continuing to offer enriched benefit programs for them.

SECTION 4 - CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PLANS

- **4.1 Capital Improvement Plan Submission** While the Charter establishes time limits and the essential content of the City Manager's proposed CIP budget, the budget preparation process is not prescribed. The preparation process is developed by the City Manager with input from the City Council.⁷
- **4.2 Inclusion of Operating Costs -** Prior to approval of capital projects, associated operating costs must be included in balanced multi-year operating budgets.

- **4.3 Capital Improvement Project Contingency Funds** Capital Improvement Project contingency funds may be expended by the Project Manager, with Director approval, for unanticipated needs or changes that are within the original scope of the project. The "scope of the project" is defined as the description of the project presented with the CIP that clearly defines the parameters, objectives, and budget of the project. Requested modifications exceeding the original scope of the project shall be presented to Council for approval.
- **4.4 CIP Arts Funding -** Where feasible, Project Managers, when designing capital projects should incorporate public art into the design.

SECTION 5 - RESERVE POLICIES

- 5.1 Please refer to separate section defining individual reserve goals by fund.
- 5.2 In the case of a declared emergency within the City, applicable insurance coverage (subject to the related deductibles) would be the first funding source utilized. Reserve funds established for other purposes may also be utilized for needs related to emergency situations. The following reserve categories could be utilized if required (as prioritized based upon the importance of the needs related to the emergency versus the negative impact of the steps necessary to replenish reserves in the future).

General Fund (no legal restrictions):

Emergency/stabilization reserve

Computer replacement reserve

Facility renovation and replacement reserve

Workers compensation reserve (would have to "book" any unfunded liability)

Property & casualty self-ins reserve (would have to "book" any unfunded liability)

Insurance stabilization reserve

Restricted funds (only for emergency purposes within the function of each fund)

Emergency/stabilization reserves

Various replacement reserves

SECTION 6 - PENSION PLAN POLICIES

- **6.1** Authorization to Expend Funds for Administrative Costs If budgetary conditions permit, the City may authorize defined contribution (money purchase) pension plans to expend certain forfeiture funds for administrative costs. The plan board(s) may submit a request annually to the City Manager to be considered in the context of the City's annual budget process.
- **6.2 Increase for "Old Hire" Police and Fire Pension Plans -** "Ad hoc"/cost of living increases for retirees of the Old Hire Police and Old Hire Fire Pension Plans will be funded only if adequate funds are available, on an actuarially sound basis, from existing plan assets.

SECTION 7 - DEBT POLICIES

7.1 Policy Statement - Debt shall be considered only for capital purchases/projects and the term of the debt shall not exceed the useful life of the financed asset. Municipal bonds, Interfund loans, equipment leases (with the exception of vehicles) and sale/leaseback agreements are approved methods for financing capital projects.

END NOTES

1. Charter Requirements Sec 93. Not later than three months before the end of each fiscal year, the city manager shall prepare and submit to the council an annual budget for the ensuing fiscal year, based upon detailed estimates furnished by the several departments and other divisions of the city government, according to a classification as nearly uniform as possible. The budget shall present the following information:

- (A) An itemized statement of the appropriations recommended by the city manager for estimated expenses and for permanent improvements for each department and each division thereof for the ensuing fiscal year, with comparative statements in parallel columns of the appropriations and the expenditures for the current and last preceding fiscal year and the increases or decreases in the appropriations recommended;
- (B) An itemized statement of the taxes required and of the estimated revenues of the city from all other sources for the ensuing fiscal year with comparative statements in parallel columns of the taxes and other revenues for the current and last preceding fiscal year and of the increases or decrease estimated or proposed;
- (C) A statement of the financial condition of the city; and
- (D) Such other information as may be required by the council.
- 2. Charter Requirement Sec. 95. Upon the basis of the budget as adopted and filed, and including the levies required to be made by the charter, the several sums shall forthwith be appropriated by ordinance to the several purposes therein named for the ensuing fiscal year. Said ordinance shall be adopted not later than the first day of December in each year and shall be entitled "The Annual Appropriation Ordinance."
- 3. Charter Requirement Sec. 102. At any time after the passage of the annual appropriation ordinance and after at least one week's public notice, the council may transfer unused balances appropriated for one purpose to another purpose and may by ordinance appropriate available revenues not included in the annual budget. This provision shall not apply to the water, park and library funds.
- 4. Charter Requirements. Sec 94. Upon said estimate the council shall forthwith proceed to make by ordinance the proper levy in mills upon each dollar of the assessed valuation of all taxable property within the city,... The levy shall never exceed thirteen mills on the dollar for all general city purposes upon the total assessed valuation of said taxable property with the city. The foregoing limitation of thirteen mills shall not apply to taxes levied by the council for the payment of any interest, sinking fund, or principals of any bonded indebtedness of the city now existing or hereafter created nor to special assessments for local improvements.
- Sec. 135. The city council shall make an annual appropriation, which shall amount to not less than the return of one-third of a mill tax levied upon each dollar of assessed valuation of all taxable property in the City of Boulder.
- Sec. 161. There shall be a permanent park and recreation fund. This fund shall consist of the following:

 (a) An annual levy of nine-tenths of one mill on each dollar of assessed valuation of all taxable within the city.
- 5. Code Requirement. Sec. 3-8-1. Development Excise Tax; Sec. 3-9-1, Housing Excise Tax; Sec. 8-3-18, and Park Land Acquisition and Development Fees, B.R.C. 1981.

6. Charter Requirements

Sec. 88. The fiscal year of the city shall commence on the first day of January and end on the last day of December of each year.

Sec. 89. Collection and custody of public moneys. The Director of Finance and Record shall have charge of the revenues and records of the city except as otherwise provided by this charter or by ordinance. All taxes, special assessments, and license fees accruing to the city shall be received or collected by officers of the department of finance and record. All moneys received by any officer or employee of the city or in connection with the business of the city shall be paid promptly into the city treasury.

The council shall by ordinance provide a system for prompt collection and regular payment, custody, and deposit of all city moneys; shall require surety bonds of all depositors of city moneys. Deposits shall be made daily and in the name of the city.

Sec. 90. System of accounting

The council shall by ordinance provide a system of accounting for the city, not inconsistent with the provisions of this charter, which may be recommended by the city manager, to conform as nearly as possible with the uniform system of municipal accounting.

7. Charter Requirements. Sec 78. The Planning Department shall.....

(C)Submit annually to the city manager, not less than sixty days prior to the date for submission of the city manager's proposed budget to the city council, a list of recommended capital improvements to be undertaken during the forthcoming six-year period;

The list shall be arranged in order of preference, with recommendations as to which projects shall be completed each year. Each list of capital improvements shall be accompanied by a six-year capital budget indicating estimated costs and methods of financing all improvements.

Fund	Category	Reserve	Purpose	Current Reserve Policy	Projected Year-End Balance (2008)	Balance to Comply w/Budget Policy	Variance	Comments
General	Emergency/ Stabilization	Emergency Reserve	Reserve is to provide a cushion for revenue shortfalls, emergencies, and for expenditure opportunities.	Based upon GF expenditures less grants: proposed goal is to have a 10% reserve.	11,059,000	9,342,000	1,717,000	Current reserve policy is being met.
	Liability	Compensated Absences	The fund was established for liabilities assoc. with accumulated sick and vacation time, appreciation bonuses, and/or other employee benefits that result in liabilities.	To facilitate the long-term financial sustainability for the city the sick/vac/app. bonus liability shall be a fully funded reserve based on TABOR requirements.	2,692,742	2,612,784	79,958	Current reserve policy is being met.
		Workers Comp. Reserve	The Workers Comp fund is self- insured. The fund was developed to enhance the management of program costs.	To fully fund case loss reserves at the 50% confidence level and rate stabilization reserves at the industry standard reserve/retention of 8 to 1.	3,551,568	3,619,228	(67,660)	Current reserve policy is not being met; an 2008 rate increase was deferred based on the "cascading" funding approach to fund the Boulder Mobile Manor and the Economic Vitality program; rate increases will be considered for 2009.
	Liability	Workers Comp: Pay Period 27 Reserve	Reserve established to provide funding for years in which there are 27 pay periods. First one occurs in 2013.	Reserve is to cover 100% of cash payment for 27th pay period for year in which it occurs (e.g. 2013).	(67,660)	2,780	(70,440)	Current reserve policy is not being met.
		Property & Casualty Reserve	The Property & Casualty Reserve will be self-insured. The fund was set up when insurance costs were expected to increase significantly.	Goal is to fully fund an actuarially calculated liability as o end of the prior year at the 50% certainty level plus \$537,500 for current & future year claims.	3,828,625	1,497,411	2,331,214	Current Reserve policy is being met
	Replacement	General Fund- Computer Replacement Reserve	Reserve was created to level out spending for micro-computer related hardware and software.	Goal is that this fund will cover the replacement of existing computer systems and keep software maintenance up to date.	3,232,518	1,903,966	1,328,552	Current reserve policy is being met.
		Telecommuni- cations Replacement Reserve	Reserve was created to level out spending for Telecommunications system replacement and upgrades	Goal is that this fund will fund the City's phone service equipment replacement and fiber network needs.	510,154	510,154	0	Current reserve policy is being met.
		Facility Renovation & Replacement Reserve	Fund was created to protect the City investment in facilities.	To protect City investment in buildings, funds shall be budgeted annually for maintenance of such buildings. To extend the life of these assets, the goal over a 20 year period shall be to increase the funds budgeted annually for maintenance of buildings to approximately 2% of the replacement cost.	1,632,692	1,632,112	580	Current reserve policy is being met.
	Liability	Facility Renovation & Replacement: Pay Period 27 Reserve	Reserve established to provide funding for years in which there are 27 pay periods. First one occurs in 2013.	Reserve is to cover 100% of cash payment for 27th pay period for year in which it occurs (e.g., 2013).	580	580		Current reserve policy is being met.
		Equipment Replacement	Reserve was created to level out spending for replacement of City's equipment. Includes contributions annually from general & nongeneral funds.	It is the policy of the City of Boulder that all equipment users shall fund the replacement of equipment through contributions to the Equipment Replacement Fund (ERF). Annual contributions by unit shall be calculated by Facilities & Asset Management (FAM) and distributed to users during the budget process.	2,477,776	2,477,521		Current reserve policy is being met.
	Liability	Equipment Replacement: Pay Period 27 Reserve	Reserve established to provide funding for years in which there are 27 pay periods. First one occurs in 2013.	Reserve is to cover 100% of cash payment for 27th pay period for year in which it occurs (e.g., 2013).	255	255	0	Current reserve policy is being met.
Capital Development Fund	Emergency/ Stabilization	Emergency Reserve	Reserve was established to cover emergencies and revenue fluctuations.	Current reserve policy designates \$500,000 to cover the purposes of the fund.	4,188,104	500,000	3,688,104	Current reserve policy is being met.

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Fund	Category	Reserve	Purpose	Current Reserve Policy	Projected Year-End Balance (2008)	Balance to Comply w/Budget Policy	Variance	Comments
Planning and Development Services	Emergency /Stabilization	Emergency Reserve		Reserve is currently set at \$25,000.	25,000	25,000	0	Current reserve policy is being met.
	Emergency /Stabilization	Operating Reserve	This is an unappropriated reserve which was established to cover revenue fluctuations and operating emergencies.	10% of the operating budget that is funded by fees and permit revenue	3,165,737	541,510	2,624,227	Current reserve policy is being met.
	Liability	Pay Period 27 Reserve	funding for years in which there	Reserve is to cover 100% of cash payment for 27th pay period for year in which it occurs (e.g. 2013).	2,624,227	69,150	2,555,077	Current reserve policy is being met.
	Liability	Sick/Vac/App. Bonus Liability Reserve		To facilitate the long-term financial sustainability for the city the sick/vac/app bonus liability shall be fully funded by or before 2010. Interim goal is to fully func reserve based on TABOR requirements.	2,555,077	420,413	2,134,664	Current reserve policy is being met; this reserve is to be fully funded by 2010.
Affordable Housing Fund	Liability	Sick/Vac/ App. Bonus Liability Reserve	Reserve was established to fund sick/vac/app. bonus liability.	Reserve is to fully cover sick/vac/app. bonus liability.	28,064	26,409	1,655	Current reserve policy is being met.
	Liability	Pay Period 27 Reserve Sick/Vac/ App.	funding for years in which there	Reserve is to cover 100% of cash payment for the 27th pay period for year in which it occurs (e.g. 2013).	1,655	1,655	0	Current reserve policy is being met.
CHAP Fund	Liability	Bonus Liability Reserve	Reserve was established to fund sick/vac/app. bonus liability.	Reserve is to fully cover sick/vac/app. bonus liability.	25,317	22,307	3.010	Current reserve policy is being met.
	Liability	Pay Period 27 Reserve	Reserve established to provide funding for years in which there	Reserve is to cover 100% of cash payment for the 27th pay period for year in which it occurs (e.g. 2013).	3,010	3,010		Current reserve policy is being met.
.25 Cent Sales Tax Fund	Liability	Sick/Vac/App Bonus Liability Reserve	Reserve was established to fund sick/vac/app. bonus liability.	Reserve is to fully cover sick/vac/app. bonus liability.	1,422,478	191,318	1,231,160	Current reserve policy is being met.
	Liability	27th Payperiod		Reserve was established to fund 27th payperiod which occurs every 11 years	1,231,160	21,790	1,209,370	Current reserve policy is being met.
Library Fund	Emergency/ Stabilization	Emergency	Reserve was established to cover emergencies.	Current reserve policy designates 10% of annual Library revenues for emergencies.	206,912	69,745	137,167	Current reserve policy is being met.
Recreation Activity Fund	Emergency/ Stabilization	Emergency Reserve	revenue shortfalls, emergencies,	Policy is to allow a rolling fund balance to provide stability to annual operations that may otherwise be affected by shortfalls in revenue.	881,299	50,000	831,299	Current reserve policy is being met.
	Liability	27th Payperiod		Reserve was established to fund 27th payperiod which occurs every 11 years	831,299	66,670	764,629	Current reserve policy is being met.
Open Space Fund	Emergency /Stabilization	OSBT Contingency Reserve	debt service payments, as well as	Reserve per OSBT is to cover an amount based on outstanding General Obligation and BMPA debt totals supported by sales tax revenues.	7,637,117	5,475,000	2,162,117	Current reserve policy is being met.
	Liability	Sick/Vac/App. Bonus Liability Reserve	The fund was established for liabilities assoc with accumulated sick and vacation time, appreciation bonuses, and/or other employee benefits that result in liabilities upon termination or retirement	Reserve is to cover 100% of accrued costs as determined by Finance Department.	2,162,117	490,000	1,672,117	Current reserve policy is being met.

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Fund	Category	Reserve	Purpose	Current Reserve Policy	Projected Year-End Balance (2008)	Balance to Comply w/Budget Policy	Variance	Comments
		Property & Casualty Reserve	Reserve was established to cover retained insurance exposure.	Reserve is to cover 100% of retained loss not covered by City's insurance policy.	1,672,117	400,000	1,272,117	Current reserve policy is being met.
	Liability	Pay Period 27 Reserve	Reserve established to provide funding for years in which there are 27 Pay Periods. First one occurs in 2013.	Reserve is to cover 100% of cash payment for 27th pay period for year in which it occurs (e.g. 2013).	1,272,117	68,270	1,203,847	Current reserve policy is being met.
Airport Fund	Emergency /Stabilization	Operating Reserve	This is an appropriated reserve to fund unanticipated operating emergencies	3% of Fund's operating budget.	10,000	10,000	0	Current reserve policy is being met.
	, Didomeanon	Designated Reserve	This is an unappropriated reserve for operating and capital emergencies and revenue	25% of Fund's operating budget.	469,529	117,018	352,511	Current reserve policy is being met.
	Liability	Sick/Vac/App. Bonus Liability Reserve	The fund was established for liabilities assoc with accumulated sick and vacation time, appreciation bonuses, and/or other employee benefits that result in liabilities upon termination or retirement	Reserve is to cover 100% of accrued costs as determined by Finance Department.	352,511	2,240	350,271	Current reserve policy is being met.
	Liability	Pay Period 27 Reserve	Reserve established to provide funding for years in which there are 27 pay periods. First one occurs in 2013	Reserve is to cover 100% of cash payment for 27th pay period for year in which it occurs (e.g. 2013).	350,271	1,760	348,511	Current reserve policy is being met.
Transportation Fund	Emergency /Stabilization	Operating Reserve	This is an appropriated reserve to fund unanticipated operating emergencies.	Reserve is set at \$100,000.	100,000	100,000	0	Current reserve policy is being met.
		Sick/Vac/App. Bonus Liability Reserve &	The fund was established for liabilities assoc with accumulated sick and vacation time, appreciation bonuses, and/or other employee benefits that result in liabilities upon termination or retirement and includes allocation	Reserve is to cover 100% of accrued costs as determined by				Current reserve policy is being met; adjusted annually to reflect most
	Liability	Designated Reserve	for designated reserves. Reserve established to provide funding for years in which there are 27 pay periods. First one	Finance Department. Reserve is to cover 100% of cash payment for 27th pay period for year in which it occurs (e.g.	1,698,641	652,752	1,045,889	recent estimates. Current reserve policy is
Transportation	Liability	Reserve	occurs in 2013 This is an unappropriated reserve for operating and capital emergencies and revenue	2013).	1,045,889	32,630	1,013,259	Current reserve policy is
Development	Liability	Pay Period 27 Reserve	shortfalls. Reserve established to provide funding for years in which there are 27 pay periods. First one occurs in 2013	Reserve is set at \$25,000 Reserve is to cover 100% of cash payment for 27th pay period for year in which it occurs (e.g. 2013).	108,727	25,000 1,530		being met. Current reserve policy is being met.
Permanent Parks & Recreation Fund	Liability	Sick/Vac/ App. Bonus Liability Reserve	Reserve was established to fund sick/vac/app. bonus liability.	Reserve is to fully cover sick/vac/app. bonus liability.	1,589,691	58,796	1,530,895	Current reserve policy is being met.
	Liability	27th Payperiod	Reserve was established to fund 27th payperiod which occurs every 11 years	Reserve was established to fund 27th payperiod which occurs every 11 years	1,530,895	5,120	1,525,775	Current reserve policy is being met.
Water Utility	Emergency/ Stabilization	Emergency Reserve	This is an appropriated reserve to fund unanticipated operating emergencies.	3% of Fund's operating budget.	304,000	304,000	0	Current reserve policy is being met.
	Bond	Bond Reserve	These reserves are established in accordance with bond covenant requirements for revenue bonds.	Reserve amount defined individually for each bond issuance, equal to approximately one year's annual debt payment. The 2006 Lakewood Pipeline	33,518,250	3,068,830	30,449,420	Current reserve policy is being met.
	Special Purpose	Lakewood Pipeline Remediation Reserve	This is an unappropriated reserve to be used for inspections and improvements for Lakewood Pipeline.	Settlement resulted in \$15 million to the City. This money and related interest reside in this reserve until it is needed for the pipeline.	30,449,420	15,473,648	14,975,772	Current reserve policy is

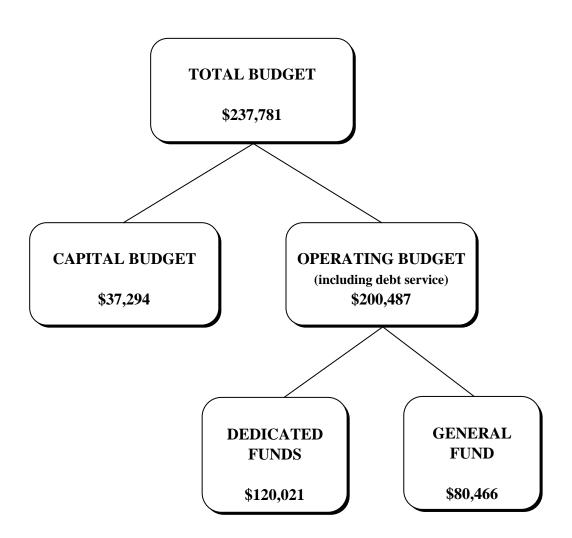
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Fund	Category	Reserve	Purpose	Current Reserve Policy	Projected Year-End Balance (2008)	Balance to Comply w/Budget Policy	Variance	Comments
	Emergency/ Stabilization	Lakewood/ USFS Damage Claims Reserve	This is an unappropriated reserve to be used for damages to Forest Service Land outside the construction corridor for Lakewood Pipeline.	Per the Resource Damage Claims Plan	14,975,772	100,000	14,875,772	Current reserve policy is being met
	Liability	Sick/Vac/App. Bonus Liability Reserve	The fund was established for liabilities assoc with accumulated sick and vacation time, appreciation bonuses, and/or other employee benefits that result in liabilities upon termination or retirement	Reserve is to cover 100% of accrued costs as determined by Finance Department.	14,875,772	624,843	14,250,929	Current reserve policy is being met.
	Liability	Pay Period 27 Reserve	Reserve established to provide funding for years in which there are 27 pay periods. First one occurs in 2013.	Reserve is to cover 100% of cash payment for 27th pay period for year in which it occurs (e.g. 2013).	14,250,929	80,560	14,170,369	Current reserve policy is being met.
	Emergency/ Stabilization	Operating Reserve	This is an unappropriated reserve for operating emergencies and/or revenue shortfalls.	25% of Fund's operating budget (including transfers) .	14,170,369	3,986,607	10,183,762	Current reserve policy is being met.
	Emergency/ Stabilization	Capital Reserve	This is an unappropriated reserve for capital expenditures due to emergencies and/or revenue shortfalls.	Minimum annual capital costs for renewal and replacement of utility infrastructure.	10,183,762	2,000,000	8,183,762	Current reserve policy is being met
Wastewater Utility	Emergency/ Stabilization	Emergency Reserve	This is an appropriated reserve to fund unanticipated operating emergencies.	3% of Fund's operating budget.	250,000	250,000	0	Current reserve policy is being met.
	Bond	Fund Bond Reserve	These reserves are established in accordance with bond covenant requirements for revenue bonds.	Reserve amount defined individually for each bond issuance, equal to approximately one- year's annual debt payment.	9,644,066	170,250	9,473,816	Current reserve policy is being met.
	Liability	Sick/Vac/App Bonus Liability Reserve	The fund was established for liabilities assoc with accumulated sick and vacation time, appreciation bonuses, and/or other employee benefits that result in liabilities upon termination or retirement	Reserve is to cover 100% of accrued costs as determined by Finance Department.	9,473,816	661,625	8,812,191	Current reserve policy is being met.
	Liability	Pay Period 27 Reserve	Reserve established to provide funding for years in which there are 27 pay periods. First one occurs in 2013.	Reserve is to cover 100% of cash payment for 27th pay period for year in which it occurs (e.g. 2013).	8,812,191	59,160	8,753,031	Current reserve policy is being met.
	Emergency/ Stabilization	Operating Reserve	This is an unappropriated reserve for operating emergencies and/or revenue shortfalls.	25% of Fund's operating budget (including transfers) .	8,753,031	2,448,820	6,304,211	Current reserve policy is being met.
	Emergency/ Stabilization	Capital Reserve	This is an unappropriated reserve for capital expenditures due to emergencies and/or revenue shortfalls.	Minimum annual capital costs for renewal and replacement of utility infrastructure.	6,304,211	500,000	5,804,211	Current reserve policy is being met
Stormwater/ Flood Management Utility	Emergency/ Stabilization	Emergency Reserve	This is an appropriated reserve to fund unanticipated operating emergencies.	3% of Fund's operating budget.	90,000	90,000	0	Current reserve policy is being met.
	Bond	Bond Reserve	These reserves are established in accordance with bond covenant requirements for revenue bonds.	Reserve amount defined individually for each bond issuance, equal to approximately one year's annual debt payment.	3,434,930	824,715	2,610,215	Current reserve policy is being met.
	Emergency/ Stabilization	Post-Flood Property Acquisition	Reserve is for post - flood property acquisition in the event of a flood.	Reserve is increased by \$150,000 a year such that the fund will accumulate and maintain a level of \$1,000,000.	2,610,215	1,050,000	1,560,215	Current reserve policy is being met.

Fund	Category	Reserve	Purpose	Current Reserve Policy	Projected Year-End Balance (2008)	Balance to Comply w/Budget Policy	Variance	Comments
	Liability	Sick/Vac/App Bonus Liability Reserve	The fund was established for liabilities assoc with accumulated sick and vacation time, appreciation bonuses, and/or other employee benefits that result in liabilities upon termination or retirement	Reserve is to cover 100% of accrued costs as determined by Finance Department.	1,560,215	134,786	1,425,429	Current reserve policy is being met.
	Liability	Pay Period 27 Reserve	Reserve established to provide funding for years in which there are 27 pay periods. First one occurs in 2013.	Reserve is to cover 100% of cash payment for 27th pay period for year in which it occurs (e.g. 2013).	1,425,429	18,460	1,406,969	Current reserve policy is being met.
	Emergency/ Stabilization	Operating Reserve	This is an unappropriated reserve for operating emergencies and/or revenue shortfalls.	25% of Fund's operating budget (including transfers) .	1,406,969	860,578	546,391	Current reserve policy is being met.
	Emergency/ Stabilization	Capital Reserve	This is an unappropriated reserve for capital expenditures due to emergencies and/or revenue shortfalls.	Minimum annual capital costs for renewal and replacement of utility infrastructure.	546,391	200,000	346,391	Current reserve policy is being met
Downtown Commercial District (formerly CAGID)	Emergency/ Stabilization	Emergency Reserve	This is an unappropriated reserve to fund unanticipated operating emergencies.	10% of Fund's total operating uses.	567,250	293,954	273,296	Current reserve policy is being met.
		Natural Disaster Reserve	This reserve is required under TABOR.	3% of Fund's total sources as required by TABOR.	273,296	197,682	75,614	Current reserve policy is being met.
	Liability	Sick/Vac/App Bonus Liability Reserve	The fund was established for liabilities assoc with accumulated sick and vacation time, appreciation bonuses, and/or other employee benefits that result in liabilities upon termination or retirement.	Reserve is to cover 100% of accrued costs as determined by Finance Department.	75,614	113,464	-37,850	Current reserve policy is being met.
	Liability	Pay Period 27 Reserve	Reserve established to provide funding for years in which there are 27 pay periods. First one occurs in 2013.	Reserve is to cover 100% of cash payment for 27th pay period for year in which it occurs (e.g. 2013).	-37,850	14,000	-51,850	Current reserve policy is not being met for 2008; is projected that the reserve policies will be met for 2009.
University Hill Commercial District (formerly UHGID)	Emergency/ Stabilization	Emergency Reserve	This is an unappropriated reserve to fund unanticipated operating emergencies.	25% of Fund's total uses.	577,994	176,743	401,251	Current reserve policy is being met.
		Natural Disaster Reserve	This reserve is required under TABOR.	3% of Fund's total sources as required by TABOR.	401,251	6,128	395,123	Current reserve policy is being met.
	Liability	Sick/Vac/App Bonus Liability Reserve	The fund was established for liabilities assoc with accumulated sick and vacation time, appreciation bonuses, and/or other employee benefits that result in liabilities upon termination or retirement		395,123	15,581		Current reserve policy is being met.
	Liability	Pay Period 27 Reserve	Reserve established to provide funding for years in which there are 27 pay periods. First one occurs in 2013	Reserve is to cover 100% of cash payment for 27th pay period for year in which it occurs (e.g. 2013).	379,542	2,365	377,177	Current reserve policy is being met.
Elect Operations	Emergency/ Stabilization	Emergency Reserve	This is an appropriated reserve to fund unanticipated operating emergencies.	1% of Fund's operating budget.	26,772	26,772	0	Current reserve policy is being met.
	Emergency/ Stabilization		This is an unappropriated reserve for operating emergencies	2% of Fund's operating budget	355,649	156,465		Current reserve policy is being met.

Fund	Category	Reserve	Purpose	Current Reserve Policy	Projected Year-End Balance (2008)	Balance to Comply w/Budget Policy	Variance	Comments
	Liability	Sick/Vac/App. Bonus Liability Reserve	The fund was established for liabilities assoc with accumulated sick and vacation time, appreciation bonuses, and/or other employee benefits that result in liabilities upon termination or retirement	Reserve is to cover 100% of accrued costs as determined by Finance Department.	199,184	184,617	14,567	Current reserve policy is being met.
	Liability	Pay Period 27 Reserve	Reserve established to provide funding for years in which there are 27 pay periods. First one occurs in 2013.	Reserve is to cover 100% of cash payment for 27th pay period for year in which it occurs (e.g., 2013).	14,567	11,760	2,807	Current reserve policy is being met.
Fleet Replacement	Replacement	Fleet Replacement Reserve	Reserve was established to level out the spending for the replacement of the City's vehicles	Policy is to collect sufficient funds from the departments to replace vehicles as identified in replacement schedule.	4,621,343	4,621,343	0	Current reserve policy is being met.

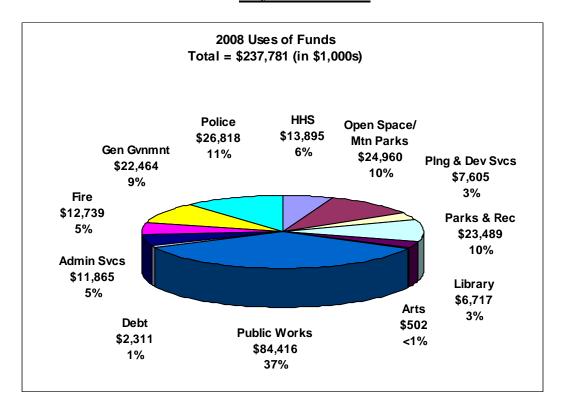
CITYWIDE SUMMARIES

CITY OF BOULDER 2008 BUDGET (in \$1,000s)



City of Boulder Budget Summary 2008-09 Budget

Citywide Overview



The total 2008 approved budget for the City of Boulder is \$237,781,000. Overall, the 2008 budget is 6.0% greater than the 2007 approved budget of \$224,336,000¹. This total increase reflects a 8.7% increase in operating budgets, a 5.0% increase in the capital improvement program (CIP) and a 6.0% decrease in debt service. The increase in operating expenses is due in part to the recommended Action Plan items (reflected in Attachment B to the 2008-09 Budget Message) in the General, Planning & Development Services, Open Space, Transportation, Water Utility, Wastewater Utility and Downtown Commercial District (formerly titled CAGID) Funds.

As described in the section of this document titled "City Council Direction on the Recommended Budget", a cascading funding approach has been implemented as part of the approved 2008 budget to provide funding for both the Boulder Mobile Manor project and the Economic Vitality program. As a result, the \$870,000 allocated in the General Fund for one-time funding in 2008 are being held in a contingency until 2007 year-end

¹ Please note that the 2007 approved amount has been restated to include the Internal Service Funds (ISFs). Beginning with the 2008-09 budget process, all ISFs will be included in the annual budget process. This change is being made for purposes of enhanced transparency and improved accountability across the organization. The ISFs, such as Fleet Replacement, Computer Replacement and the self-insurance funds, provide services to all city departments and receive funding directly from the departments. Funding is reflected as an expense (or "charge to") in each department and a revenue (or "charge from") in the applicable ISF. When an expenditure is made in the ISF, a second counting of the same money (the expense) has occurred. As a result, the actual revenues and expenses from departmental charges in each ISF are reduced from the total city budget to avoid the "double counting" that occurs.

results have been finalized and these two programs have received their targeted funding allocation. These items are categorized in the chart above as General Government.

Citywide Expenses (Uses)

Basic Assumptions

Personnel Factors/General Salary Increases:

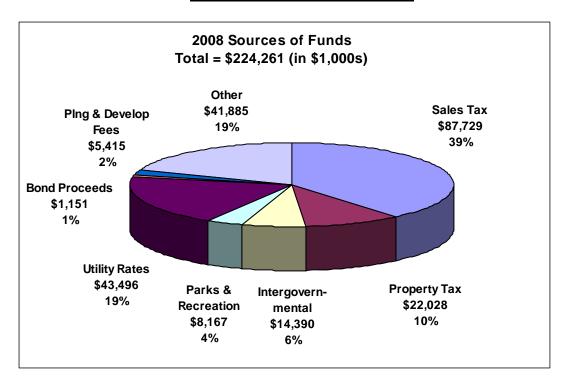
Management/Non-union	1.50%
Boulder Municipal Employees Association	2.00%
Fire *	4.00%
Police	1.50%

^{*} In addition, Fire received a 3.0% increase as of July 1, 2007 based on sales/use tax collections over the amount projected for 2006.

Non-Personnel Factors:

Non-personnel budgets were increased by 2.0% for 2008.

Citywide Revenue (Sources)



The city has several revenue sources, each representing a different percentage of total revenues. Citywide revenues are projected to be \$224,261,000, an increase of 4.40% from 2007 estimated revenues of \$214,878,000.

Sales Tax

Sales Tax represents 39% of the city's total revenue. Sales tax is a transaction tax levied upon all sales, purchases, and leases of tangible personal property and taxable services sold or leased by persons engaged in business in the city and is collected by the vendor or lessor and remitted to the city. The 2008 sales and use tax rate consists of several components. The following is a list of the specific funds that have sales tax as a component of their revenue.

Fund	Rate	Start Date	Expiration Date
General	1.00%	1/1/1964	None
General	0.38%	1/1/1988	12/31/2011
General (designated)	0.15%	1/1/1993	12/31/2012
General (formerly designated for	0.15%	1/1/2005	12/31/2024
public safety purposes)			
Open Space	0.40%	1/1/1967	None
Open Space	0.33%	1/1/1990	12/31/2018
Open Space	0.15%	1/1/2004	12/31/2019
Transportation	0.60%	1/1/1967	None
Parks	0.25%	1/1/1996	12/31/2015
Total for 2008	<u>3.41%</u>		

Basic Assumptions:

<u>Inflation</u> – Projected CPI for the Denver-Boulder-Greeley area is 2.6% for 2008. This information based on projections from the Colorado Office of State Planning and Budgeting (OSPB).

Overall Sales Tax Growth – The overall growth in sales & use tax for the city is expected to be 3.9% in 2008.

Property Tax

Property Tax represents 10% of the city's total revenue. Property tax revenue is based on the city's mill levy to the current assessed value. All property tax revenue growth (except the 2 mil for public safety services) is restricted under the Taxpayer Bill of Rights Amendment to the Colorado Constitution (TABOR) to the Denver-Boulder Consumer Price Index (CPI) and a local growth factor. The following rates were approved as part of the 2008 budget:

Property Tax Rate from 2007 Approved Budget:

General City Operations	8.748
Permanent Parks Fund (Charter Sec. 161)	0.900
Library Fund (Charter Sec. 165)	0.333
TOTAL	9.981
Less Mill Levy Credit	<u>2.780</u>
TOTAL (Mills subject to Article X, Section 20	
Of the Colorado Constitution	7.201
General City Operations (Public Safety)	2.000
NET WAY A FRANK	0.201
NET MILL LEVY	<u>9.201</u>

City of Boulder - Net Mill Levy										
Revenue 2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 Year 2007 2008 <td< th=""></td<>										
Mill Levy	9.301	9.640	9.860	10.005	9.643	9.889	9.201			

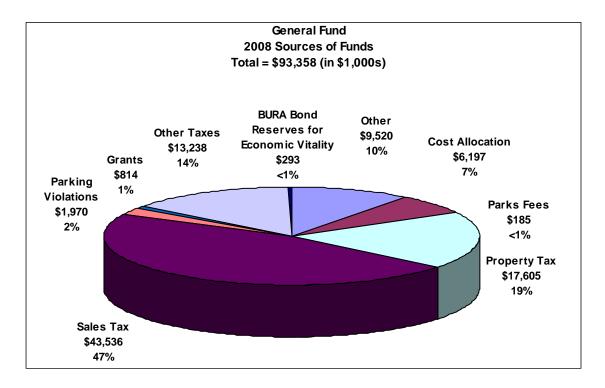
Impact on Fund Balance

For the 2008 budget year, there is \$13,520,000 being used from fund balance to fund anticipated expenses. The use of fund balance is typically for one-time only expenses or for capital projects. Most funds that are using fund balance have built up reserves especially for the purpose of funding capital projects; for example, the Open Space, Transportation and Utility Funds.

For a complete look at the five year position of the city's funds, please refer to the "Fund Financial" section of the budget document. In addition, each fund's reserve policies are summarized in the "Budget Policies" section of the document and their current status relative to those policies.

General Fund Revenues (Sources)

Total sources for the General Fund for the 2008 budget year are \$93,358,000. This represents a 5.5% increase over the 2007 approved budget for estimated revenues of \$88,520,000.



Sales Tax

Sales tax collections of \$43,536,000 represent 47% of the General Fund annual revenue.

Property Tax

Based on the mill levy in place for the 2007 budget, property tax collections for 2008 are projected to be \$17,605,000 or 19% of General Fund revenues for 2008.

Other Taxes

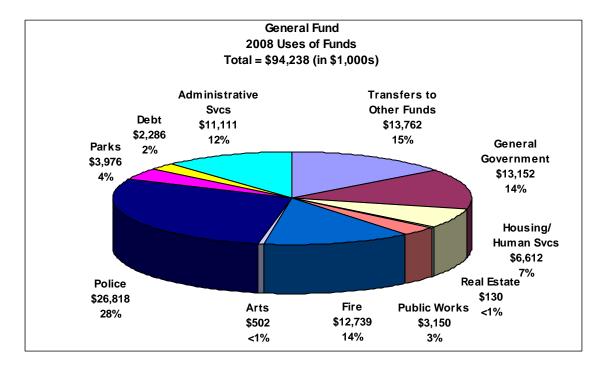
Other taxes include admission tax, accommodation tax, liquor occupation tax, telephone occupation tax, cable franchise tax, electric franchise tax, specific ownership tax, tobacco tax and trash tax. Estimates for these taxes are based on historical trends, inflation and economic growth in the respective areas.

Cost Allocation

The General Fund provides various support services to the restricted funds. The costs to provide these services are determined and allocated to the various restricted funds based on their utilization of these services. The estimated reimbursement amount to the General Fund in 2008 is \$6,197,000, a 4.4% increase from the 2007 approved budget.

General Fund Expenses (Uses)

The 2008 General Fund budget is \$94,238,000. This represents a 5.1% increase over the 2007 approved budget of \$89,650,000.



		2006		2007		2008	2009
		ACTUAL		APPROVED		APPROVED	PROJECTED
UNRESTRICTED FUNDS:							
General (includes Public Safety Fund)							
Sales and Use Taxes	\$	35,708	\$	36,509	\$	39,014	\$ 40,291
Add'l Sales/Use Tax from Add'l Auditor		0		0		90	93
Tax Increment (10th & Walnut)		245		0		597	651
.15 Cent Sales Tax		3,610		3,741		3,835	3,960
Food Service Tax		443		433		473	490
BURA Bond Reserves		0		380		111	0
BURA Bond Reserves for EV thru 2008		0		0		293	0
Accommodation Tax		2,467		2,525		2,655	2,787
Admission Tax		406		682		644	660
Property Tax		12,526		12,896		13,218	13,549
Property Tax (Public Safety)		4,116		4,280		4,387	4,519
Trash Hauler/Recycling Occ.Tx.		1,590		1,230		1,152	1,164
Liquor Occupation Tax		568		586		601	619
Telephone Occupation Tax		768		768		768	768
Cable Television Franchise Tax		937		925		999	1,009
Cable Access Fee		143		72		0	0
Xcel Franchise Tax		3,910		3,900		4,090	4,212
Specific Ownership Tax		1,435		1,527		1,471	1,500
Tobacco Tax		395		385		385	385
Misc. Charges for Services		103		186		191	194
NPP & Other Parking Revenue		159		72		74	74
Meters - Out of Parking Districts		311		307		311	311
Meters - Within Parking Districts		1,416		1,446		2,210	2,483
Sale of Goods		50		56		57	59
Misc. Fines & Administr. Penal		4		2		2	2
Municipal Crt Charges & Fines		1,705		1,600		1,648	1,648
		1,804		1,970		1,970	1,970
Parking Violations Photo Enforcement		1,034		1,338		1,842	
							1,888
Business Licenses		210		186		191	196
Misc. Intergovernmental Chg.		0		0		0	0
Court Awards		499		106		109	112
Grants		1,758		1,307		814	833
Interest & Investment Earnings		866		557		989	1,007
Leases, Rents & Royalties		148		147		151	155
Miscellaneous Revenues		478		696		637	662
Education Excise Tax (To Reserve)		425		0		0	
Parks Fees		168		184		185	187
Housing/Human Services Fees		252		247		250	254
Recommended Parking Meter & Hour Inc		0		0		0	0
Recommended Photo Enforcement Expansion		0		793		0	0
Action Plan frm Add'l Rev (Parking Meter Inc	rease)	0		77		164	169
Carryovers from Add'l Revenue		962		0		0	0
SUB-TOTAL REVENUE	\$	81,619 \$	_	82,116 \$	_	86,578 \$	88,861
Transfers In							
Cost Allocation - All Funds	\$	5,985 \$		5,855 \$		6,197 \$	6,345
CAGID - Reimb for Mall Improvements		500		500		500	500
Other		174		49		83	53
SUB-TOTAL TRANSFERS IN	\$	6,659 \$	_	6,404 \$	_	6,780 \$	6,898

	2006 ACTUAL	2007 APPROVED	2008 APPROVED	2009 PROJECTED
TOTAL General Fund	\$ 88,278 \$	88,520 \$	93,358 \$	95,759
Community Housing Assistance (CHAP)				
Property Tax	\$ 1,261 \$	1,311 \$	1,350 \$	1,391
Development Excise Tax	117	350	250	250
Interest & Investment Earnings	104	35	35	35
Loan Repayment	0	0	0	964
Transfers In	24	0	0	0
Proceeds from Sale of Units	192	0	0	0
Other	4	0	0	0
TOTAL CHAP	\$ 1,702 \$	1,696 \$	1,635 \$	2,640
NET TOTAL UNRESTRICTED FUNDS	\$ 89,980 \$	90,216 \$	94,993 \$	98,399

	2006 2007 ACTUAL APPROVED			2008 APPROVED	2009 PROJECTED			
ESTRICTED FUNDS:								
Capital Development								
Development Excise Tax	\$	211	\$	434	\$	250	\$	250
Interest & Investment Earnings		141		77		178		195
<i>θ</i> .	\$	352	\$	511	\$	428	\$	445
Lottery								
Lottery Funds	\$	1,074	\$	904	\$	926	\$	931
Interest & Investment Earnings		59		61		60		52
	\$	1,133	\$	965	\$	986	\$	983
Planning & Development Svcs								
Misc. Development Fees	\$	6,284	\$	5,114	\$	5,415	\$	5,551
Interest & Investment Earnings		145		86		170		147
Transfers In		2,606		2,736		2,850		2,873
	\$	9,035	\$	7,936	\$	8,435	\$	8,571
Affordable Housing Fund								
Cash In Lieu of Affordable Units	\$	1,113	\$	1,500	\$	2,900	\$	3,100
Interest & Investment Earnings		72		35		35		35
Transfers In		391		398		406		414
Sale of Goods and Capital Assets		57		64		0		0
Other		156		756		156		295
	\$	1,789	\$	2,753	\$	3,497	\$	3,844
.25 Cent Sales Tax								
Sales and Use Taxes	\$	5,840	\$	5,976	\$	6,392	\$	6,601
Interest & Investment Earnings		157		140		155		159
Intergovernmental		20		0		0		0
Grants		18		80		0		0
Other		13		12		12		12
	\$	6,048	\$	6,208	\$	6,559	\$	6,772
Library								
Property Tax	\$	525	\$	545	\$	551	\$	561
Misc. Charges for Services		141		99		102		115
Interest & Investment Earnings		23		11		15		15
Leases, Rents & Royalties		8		5		6		6
Transfers In		5,302		5,605		6,019		6,048
Other		35	_	24	_	24		24
	\$	6,034	\$	6,289	\$	6,717	\$	6,769

	2006			2007	2008		2009
	A	CTUAL		APPROVED	APPROVED	PR	OJECTED
Recreation Activity							
Admission & Activity Charges	\$	7,748	\$	7,663	\$ 7,982	\$	8,222
Interest & Investment Earnings		30		0	0		0
Transfers In		1,429		2,057	 1,878		1,940
	\$	9,207	\$	9,720	\$ 9,860	\$	10,162
Climate Action Plan							
Climate Action Plan Tax	\$	0	\$	0	\$ 875	\$	879
Transfer In		0		0	0		0
	\$	0	\$	0	\$ 875	\$	879
Open Space							
Sales and Use Taxes	\$	20,569	\$	21,037	\$ 22,498	\$	23,234
Sale of Capital Assets		223		0	0		0
Grants		38		0	0		0
Interest & Investment Earnings		831		325	325		325
Leases, Rents & Royalties		470		325	486		486
Bond Proceeds		20,481		0	0		0
Transfers In		958		1,013	1,057		1,068
	\$	43,570	\$	22,700	\$ 24,366	\$	25,113
Airport							
Misc. Charges for Services	\$	11		10	\$ 11	\$	11
Grants		36		1,412	616		0
Interest & Investment Earnings		26		27	27		27
Leases, Rents & Royalties		310		344	412		420
	\$	383	\$	1,793	\$ 1,066	\$	458
Transportation							
Sales and Use Taxes	\$	13,992	\$	14,304	\$ 15,303	\$	15,804
Highway Revenues		4,637		3,211	3,544		3,543
HOP Reimbursement		0		0	1,207		1,244
Grants		42		0	0		0
Interest & Investment Earnings		388		368	420		420
Miscellaneous Revenues		122		199	199		199
Special Assessments		142		70	140		140
External Funding		2,983		5,911	2,921		2,545
Transfers In		170		150	100		125

Z006 ACTUAL Z007 APPROVED Z008 APPROVED Z009 PROJECTED Transportation Development Development Excise Tax \$ 384 \$ 600 \$ 600 \$ 600 Interest & Investment Earnings 182 140 120 62 External Funding 1,226 3,078 0 0 Third Party Reimbursements 3 100 100 100 \$ 1,795 \$ 3,918 \$ 820 \$ 762 Transit Pass General Improvement District Property Tax \$ 7 7 8 8 8 Transit Pass General Improvement District 8 7 8 8 8
Development Excise Tax \$ 384 \$ 600 \$ 600 \$ 600 Interest & Investment Earnings 182 140 120 62 External Funding 1,226 3,078 0 0 Third Party Reimbursements 3 100 100 100 100 \$ 1,795 \$ 3,918 \$ 820 \$ 762 Transit Pass General Improvement District Property Tax \$ 7 \$ 7 \$ 8 8 8
Development Excise Tax \$ 384 \$ 600 \$ 600 \$ 600 Interest & Investment Earnings 182 140 120 62 External Funding 1,226 3,078 0 0 Third Party Reimbursements 3 100 100 100 \$ 1,795 \$ 3,918 \$ 820 \$ 762 Transit Pass General Improvement District Property Tax \$ 7 \$ 7 \$ 8 8 8
Interest & Investment Earnings 182 140 120 62 External Funding 1,226 3,078 0 0 Third Party Reimbursements 3 100 100 100 \$ 1,795 \$ 3,918 \$ 820 \$ 762 Transit Pass General Improvement District Property Tax \$ 7 \$ 7 8 8 8
External Funding 1,226 3,078 0 0 Third Party Reimbursements 3 100 100 100 \$ 1,795 \$ 3,918 \$ 820 \$ 762 Transit Pass General Improvement District Property Tax \$ 7 \$ 7 8 8 8
Third Party Reimbursements 3 100 100 100 \$ 1,795 \$ 3,918 \$ 820 \$ 762 Transit Pass General Improvement District Property Tax \$ 7 \$ 7 \$ 8 8 8
Transit Pass General Improvement District \$ 7 \$ 7 \$ 820 \$ 7 62
Transit Pass General Improvement District Property Tax \$ 7 \$ 7 \$ 8 8 8
Property Tax \$ 7 \$ 7 \$ 8
Transfers In
\$ 12 \$ 10 \$ 11 \$ 11
CommDvlpmnt Block Grnt (CDBG)
Sale of Capital Assets \$ 24 \$ 0 \$ 0
Federal - Direct Grants 1,142 914 909 873
Third Party Reimbursements 18 0 0 0
Transfers In 63 0 0 0
\$ 1,247 \$ 914 \$ 909 \$ 873
номе
Federal - Direct Grants \$ 1,006 \$ 1,500 \$ 1,300 \$ 1,400
\$ 1,006 \$ 1,500 \$ 1,300 \$ 1,400
Permanent Parks and Recreation
Property Tax \$ 1,418 \$ 1,460 \$ 1,497 \$ 1,534
Development Excise Tax 300 300 475 281
Interest & Investment Earnings 198 217 221 212
Miscellaneous Revenues 8 14 14 14
\$ 1,924 \$ 1,991 \$ 2,207 \$ 2,041
Water Utility
Utility Service Charges 23,517 20,936 21,185 21,885
Recommended Rate Increase 0 0 763 1,989
Misc. Charges for Services \$ 31 \$ 33 \$ 25 \$ 25
Utility Plant Invest. Fee Summ 2,743 2,500 2,500 2,500
Utility Connection 180 150 165 165
Interest & Investment Earnings 2,011 850 1,756 1,347
Leases, Rents & Royalties 14 16 17 17
Special Assessments 6 10 5 5
State and Federal Grants 4 0 0 0
Lakewood Settlement 19,500 0 0
Transfers In 0 130 130 130
\$ 48,006 \$ 24,625 \$ 26,546 \$ 28,063

	2006			2007		2008		2009
	A	ACTUAL		APPROVED		APPROVED	PI	ROJECTED
Wastewater Utility								
Utility Service Charges	\$	12,092	\$	12,681	\$	12,718	\$	13,119
Recommended Rate Increase		0		0		375		387
Utility Plant Invest. Fee Summ		491		420		450		450
Utility Connection		16		12		12		12
Interest & Investment Earnings		2,254		380		511		385
Miscellaneous Revenues		27		28		28		29
Special Assessments		4	_	20		5		5
	\$	14,884	\$	13,541	\$	14,099	\$	14,387
Stormwater/Flood Mgmt Utility								
Utility Service Charges	\$	4,589	\$	4,654	\$	4,663	\$	4,813
Recommended Rate Increase		0		0		140		144
Utility Plant Invest. Fee Summ		498		500		500		500
Urban Drng & Fld Contr Dist		860		485		500		500
Colorado Dept of Transportation Funds		0		0		1,529		0
State and Federal Grants		10		0		0		0
Interest & Investment Earnings		404		225		240		137
Misc. Intergovernmental Chg.		126		109		124		127
Miscellaneous Revenues		50		17		31		31
	\$	6,537	\$	5,990	\$	7,727	\$	6,252
Downtown Commercial District								
Property & Spec Ownership Tx	\$	922	\$	960	\$	988	\$	1,018
Parking Charges		3,443		3,381		3,846		3,846
Interest & Investment Earnings		51		47		42		18
Leases, Rents & Royalties		210		421		366		366
Miscellaneous Revenues		57		42		19		19
Transfers In		1,241		1,271		1,942		1,942
10th & Walnut Bonds and Revenue		1,186		1,080	_	1,151		1,186
	\$	7,110	\$	7,202	\$	8,354	\$	8,395
University Hill Commercial District								
Property & Spec Ownership Tx	\$	25	\$	28	\$	29	\$	28
Parking Charges		150		161		231		324
Interest & Investment Earnings		30		23		34		21
Transfers In		175		175		258		175
	\$	380	\$	387	\$	552	\$	548
Telecommunications								
Charges to Departments	\$	581	\$	571	\$	584	\$	591
Interest & Investment Earnings	Ψ	54	7	32	*	27	7	10
Miscellaneous Revenues		120		139		144		143
	\$	755	\$	742	\$	755	\$	744

	2006 ACTUAL		2007	2008	2009 PROJECTED	
	A	CIUAL	APPROVED	APPROVED	PK	OJECTED
Property & Casualty Insurance						
Charges to Departments	\$	1,609	\$ 1,767	\$ 1,974	\$	1,974
Interest & Investment Earnings		121	125	153		124
Miscellaneous Revenues		268	0	0		0
	\$	1,998	\$ 1,892	\$ 2,127	\$	2,098
Worker Compensation Insurance						
Charges to Departments	\$	1,161	\$ 1,442	\$ 1,429	\$	1,472
Interest & Investment Earnings		146	149	166		142
Miscellaneous Revenues		2	0	 0		0
	\$	1,309	\$ 1,591	\$ 1,595	\$	1,614
Compensated Absences						
Charges to Departments	\$	661	\$ 311	\$ 311	\$	311
Interest & Investment Earnings		103	123	 107		108
	\$	764	\$ 434	\$ 418	\$	419
Fleet Operations						
Charges to Departments	\$	2,755	\$ 2,779	\$ 3,015	\$	3,236
Interest & Investment Earnings		2	25	13		16
Miscellaneous Revenues		211	 50	 50		50
	\$	2,968	\$ 2,854	\$ 3,078	\$	3,302
Fleet Replacement						
Charges to Departments	\$	3,057	\$ 3,401	\$ 3,556	\$	3,616
Interest & Investment Earnings		186	156	190		215
Miscellaneous Revenues		289	162	 152		136
	\$	3,532	\$ 3,719	\$ 3,898	\$	3,967
Computer Replacement						
Charges to Departments	\$	1,625	\$ 1,441	\$ 1,459	\$	1,475
Interest & Investment Earnings		119	142	154		128
Miscellaneous Revenues		4	0	0		0
	\$	1,748	\$ 1,583	\$ 1,613	\$	1,603
Equipment Replacement						
Charges to Departments	\$	619	\$ 479	\$ 373	\$	376
Interest & Investment Earnings		158	164	 117		115
	\$	777	\$ 643	\$ 490	\$	491
Facility Renovation & Replace						
Charges to Departments	\$	1,246	\$ 752	\$ 775	\$	787
Interest & Investment Earnings		101	 97	90		76
	\$	1,347	\$ 849	\$ 865	\$	863

	2006 ACTUAL			2007 APPROVED	2008 APPROVED	2009 PROJECTED		
TOTAL RESTRICTED FUNDS SOURCES	\$	198,126	\$	157,473	\$	163,987	\$	165,849
TOTAL CITY SOURCES OF FUNDS	\$	288,106	\$	247,689	\$	258,980	\$	264,248
Less: Transfers from Other Funds Less: Current Yr ISF Charges (1.)	\$	19,078 13,314	\$	19,868 12,943	\$	21,243 13,476	\$	22,045 13,838
NET TOTAL SOURCES OF FUNDS	\$	255,714	\$	214,878	\$_	224,261	\$	228,365

FOOTNOTE:

(1.) Please note that the 2007 approved amount has been restated to include the Internal Service Funds (ISFs). Beginning with the 2008-09 budget process, all ISFs will be included in the annual budget process. This change is being made for purposes of enhanced transparency and improved accountability across the organization. The ISFs, such as Fleet Replacement, Computer Replacement and the self-insurance funds, provide services to all city departments and receive funding directly from the departments. Funding is reflected as an expense (or "charge to") in each department and a revenue (or "charge from") in each applicable ISF. When an expenditure is made in the ISF, a second counting of the same money (the expense) has occurred. As a result, the actual revenues and expenses from departmental charges in each ISF are reduced from the total city budget to avoid the "double counting" that occurs.

	2006	2007	2008	2009
	ACTUAL	APPROVED	APPROVED	PROJECTED
UNRESTRICTED FUNDS:				
General (includes Public Safety Fund)				
City Council	\$ 281	\$ 295	\$ 300	\$ 307
Municipal Court	1,328	1,526	1,605	1,642
City Attorney	1,736	1,793	1,819	1,861
Contingency	21	115	118	121
Contingency-Univ Hill Meter Rev	0	0	10	0
Utility Contingency	0	250	145	0
Economic Vitality Program	486	361	111	0
Economic Vitality Prgm thru 2008	0	0	293	0
Extraordinary Personnel Expense	22	115	118	121
Non-Departmental	711	779	814	838
Boulder Television	134	150	70	0
Wildlife Management Plan	0	0	0	0
Washington School Project	37	0	0	0
Public Power Project	91	0	0	0
Environmental Affairs	1,406	1,230	1,152	1,164
Communications	592	658	633	648
Downtown/University Hill Mgmt Div	859	935	1,142	1,169
BID	248	0	0	0
City Manager's Office/Support Svcs	1,396	1,413	1,691	1,730
West Nile Virus Program	211	300	300	300
Human Resources	1,223	1,296	1,627	1,665
Finance	2,448	2,585	2,501	2,526
Information Technology	4,516	4,501	4,659	4,767
Volunteer and Unemployment Ins	77	107	107	109
Property and Casualty Ins	1,609	1,767	1,974	1,974
Compensated Absences	661	311	311	311
Police	23,835	25,456	26,818	27,444
Fire	11,662	12,427	12,739	13,036
Police/Fire Pensions	497	773	773	773
Public Works	3,103	3,401	3,150	3,224
Parks	3,980	3,845	3,976	4,069
Arts	187	199	204	209
Open Space (Real Estate)	113	121	130	133
Housing/Human Services	5,304	5,209	4,824	4,937
Annual Merit Added to Base	0	0	0	900
Campaign Financing	0	43	0	46
Humane Society Bldg Loan	114	114	114	112
Carryovers & Supplementals	2,270	0	0	0
Carryovers & Supplementals frm Add'l Re	v 962	0	0	0
Encumbrance Carryovers	652	0	0	0
Community Sustainability Plan	10	74	0	0

		2006 ACTUAL		2007 APPROVED		2008 APPROVED	2009 PROJECTED	
		ACTUAL		AFFROVED		AFFROVED	r	KOJECTED
Special Purpose Reserve		0		301		301		301
Recommended Ongoing Funding		0		0		0		0
Recommended One-time Funding		0		0		980		0
Action Plan Items frm Add'l Rev		0		0		0		0
Debt		1,731	_	1,728	_	1,724	_	1,679
Total General Fund Expenditures	\$	74,513	\$	74,178	\$	77,233	\$	78,116
Transfers Out		11,621	_	12,337	_	13,772		14,324
Subtotal General Fund	\$	86,134	\$	86,515	\$	91,005	\$	92,440
.15% Sales Tax Allocation								
Environment	\$	206	\$	287	\$	298	\$	317
Arts		276		287		298		317
Human Services		1,457		1,434		1,490		1,584
Youth Opportunity		286		287		298		317
Four-Mile Soccer Complex		203		276		287		350
Debt	_	561	_	564		562		558
Subtotal .15% Sales Tax	\$	2,989	\$	3,135	\$	3,233	\$	3,443
Total General Fund Uses	\$	89,123	\$	89,650	\$	94,238	\$	95,883
Community Housing Assistance								
Operating	\$	270	\$	364	\$	359	\$	370
Community Housing Funds		2,480		1,324		1,253		2,245
Transfers Out		84	-	22	_	22		23
Total Community Housing Assistance	\$	2,834	\$	1,710	\$	1,634	\$	2,638
TOTAL UNRESTRICTED FUNDS	\$	91,957	\$_	91,360	\$	95,872	\$	98,521

		2006		2007		2008	2009		
	A	CTUAL	AI	PPROVED		APPROVED	PR	OJECTED	
STRICTED FUNDS:									
Capital Development									
Transfers Out	\$	29	\$	31	\$	33	\$	34	
Capital		758		80		80		80	
•	\$	787	\$	111	\$	113	\$	114	
Lottery									
Operating	\$	238	\$	746	\$	480	\$	375	
Debt		304		304		170		0	
Capital		545		50		350		625	
	\$	1,087	\$	1,100	\$	1,000	\$	1,000	
Planning & Development Svcs									
Operating	\$	6,309	\$	6,849	\$	7,201	\$	7,303	
Transfers Out		1,224		1,038		1,080		1,123	
Recommended Action Plan		0		0	_	404		210	
	\$	7,533	\$	7,887	\$	8,685	\$	8,636	
Affordable Housing Fund									
Operating	\$	176	\$	295	\$	391	\$	403	
Transfers Out		25		10		11		11	
Debt		872		1,009		1,823		229	
Community Housing Funds		1,402		1,412		1,270		3,199	
	\$	2,475	\$	2,726	\$	3,495	\$	3,842	
.25 Cent Sales Tax									
Operating	\$	2,639	\$	3,072	\$	3,116	\$	3,247	
Debt		2,385		2,429		2,421		2,385	
Transfers Out		188		449		158		164	
Capital		471		493		875		750	
Recommended Action Plan		0		0		68		71	
	\$	5,683	\$	6,443	\$	6,638	\$	6,617	
Library									
Operating	\$	6,002	\$	6,289	\$	6,717	\$	6,769	
	\$	6,002	\$	6,289	\$	6,717	\$	6,769	
Recreation Activity									
Operating	\$	8,885	\$	9,533	\$	9,917	\$	10,214	
Transfers Out		30		0	_	0		0	
	\$	8,915	\$	9,533	\$	9,917	\$	10,214	
Climate Action Plan									
Operating	\$	0	\$	0	\$	875	\$	879	
Transfers Out		0		0	_	0		0	
	\$	0	\$	0	\$	875	\$	879	

	2006 ACTUAL			2007 APPROVED		2008 APPROVED		2009 PROJECTED	
_									
Open Space									
Operating	\$	8,518	\$	8,949	\$	9,144	\$	10,093	
Debt		9,830		11,694		10,950		10,689	
Transfers Out		726		776		815		815	
Capital		8,924		3,980		3,980		4,150	
Recommended Action Plan	_	0	_	0	_	756		0	
	\$	27,998	\$	25,399	\$	25,645	\$	25,747	
irport									
Operating	\$	338	\$	350	\$	362	\$	372	
Transfers Out		53		59		61		64	
Capital		0		1,448		632		0	
Recommended Action Plan		0	_	0		55		0	
	\$	391	\$	1,857	\$	1,110	\$	436	
ransportation									
Operating	\$	13,952	\$	14,139	\$	15,689	\$	16,272	
Transfers Out		1,337		1,292		1,302		1,350	
Debt		273		124		293		123	
Capital		5,875		10,602		8,530		6,745	
Recommended Action Plan	_	0	_	0	_	956		673	
	\$	21,437	\$	26,157	\$	26,770	\$	25,163	
ransportation Development									
Operating	\$	302	\$	321	\$	226	\$	226	
Transfers Out		11		12		12		13	
Capital	_	1,885	_	3,910	_	660		600	
	\$	2,198	\$	4,243	\$	898	\$	839	
ransit Pass General Improvement District	t								
Operating	\$	10	\$	10	\$	11	\$	11	
	\$	10	\$	10	\$	11	\$	11	
ommDvlpmnt Block Grnt (CDBG)									
Operating	\$	156	\$	165	\$	163	\$	155	
Debt		1,163		0		0		0	
Transfers Out		41		18		18		19	
Community Housing Funds	_	987	_	732		728		698	
	\$	2,347	\$	915	\$	909	\$	872	
OME									
Operating	\$	69	\$	118	\$	99	\$	107	
Transfers Out		3		3		4		4	
Community Housing Funds	_	933		1,379	_	1,197	_	1,289	
	\$	1,005	\$	1,500	\$	1,300	\$	1,400	

	2006 ACTUAL			2007 APPROVED		2008 APPROVED	2009 PROJECTED	
Downsont Doubs and December								
Permanent Parks and Recreation	\$	442	\$	924	\$	420	\$	876
Operating Debt	Ф	443 50	Ф	924	Þ	429 0	Ф	0
Transfers Out		57		53		55		57
Capital		1,295		1,070		1,400		1,828
Сариа	\$	1,845	\$	2,047	\$	1,884	\$	2,761
General Obligation Debt Svc								
Operating	\$	11	\$	25	\$	25	\$	25
	\$	11	\$	25	\$	25	\$	25
Vater Utility								
Operating	\$	12,121	\$	13,750	\$	14,258	\$	15,003
Debt		6,543		6,544		6,296		6,282
Transfers Out		1,221		1,288		1,342		1,394
Capital		7,283		5,950		8,775		9,980
Recommended Action Plan	_	0		0	_	346		0
	\$	27,168	\$	27,532	\$	31,017	\$	32,659
Vastewater Utility								
Operating	\$	6,653	\$	7,953	\$	8,324	\$	9,058
Debt		3,673		3,745		3,766		3,728
Transfers Out		904		930		966		1,003
Capital		17,670		950		2,210		2,475
Recommended Action Plan	\$	28,900	\$	13,578	\$	506 15,772	\$	36 16,300
	Ψ	26,700	Ψ	13,376	Ψ	13,772	Ψ	10,500
tormwater/Flood Mgmt Utility								
Operating	\$	2,814	\$	2,983	\$	3,131	\$	3,187
Debt		920		806		806		810
Transfers Out		268		297		312		324
Capital	\$	2,732 6,734	\$	2,150 6,236	\$	5,354 9,603	\$	2,100 6,421
	Ф	0,/34	ψ	0,230	Ф	9,003	φ	0,421
owntown Commercial District								
Operating	\$	2,444	\$	2,964	\$	2,944	\$	4,645
Debt		3,536		3,645		2,005		1,998
Transfers Out		629		624		629		634
Transfer Excess TIF to Gen. Fund		245		285		532		543
Capital		0		0		0		0
Recommended Action Plan	_	0	. —	0	. —	2,578	. —	0
	\$	6,854	\$	7,518	\$	8,688	\$	7,820

		2006		2007		2008	2009		
	A	CTUAL	1	APPROVED		APPROVED	PR	OJECTED	
University Hill Commercial District									
Operating	\$	295	\$	333	\$	331	\$	393	
Transfers Out		37		31		32		33	
Recommended Action Plan		0	. —	0	. —	344	. —	0	
	\$	332	\$	364	\$	707	\$	426	
elecommunications									
Operating	\$	577	\$	605	\$	1,604	\$	790	
Transfers Out		11		10		10		10	
	\$	588	\$	615	\$	1,614	\$	800	
roperty & Casualty Insurance									
Operating	\$	1,418	\$	1,584	\$	1,530	\$	1,603	
Transfers Out		71		65		68		71	
	\$	1,489	\$	1,649	\$	1,598	\$	1,674	
Vorker Compensation Insurance									
Operating	\$	1,225	\$	1,702	\$	1,544	\$	1,638	
Transfers Out		95		111		112		113	
	\$	1,320	\$	1,813	\$	1,656	\$	1,751	
Compensated Absences									
Operating	\$	827	\$	381	\$	381	\$	381	
Transfers Out		12		13		13		14	
	\$	839	\$	394	\$	394	\$	395	
leet Operations									
Operating	\$	2,680	\$	2,572	\$	2,790	\$	2,914	
Transfers Out		211		221		215		224	
	\$	2,891	\$	2,793	\$	3,005	\$	3,138	
leet Replacement									
Operating	\$	3,813	\$	3,364	\$	3,325	\$	3,025	
Transfers Out		37		55		72		75	
	\$	3,850	\$	3,419	\$	3,397	\$	3,100	
omputer Replacement									
Operating	\$	1,410	\$	1,860	\$	1,559	\$	1,574	
Transfers Out		16	_	14	_	15		15	
	\$	1,426	\$	1,874	\$	1,574	\$	1,589	
quipment Replacement									
Operating	\$	715	\$	1,296	\$	531	\$	1,156	
Transfers Out		27		30		31	_	32	
	\$	742	\$	1,326	\$	562	\$	1,188	

		2006		2007		2008	2009	
		ACTUAL	A	APPROVED		APPROVED	PROJECTED	
Facility Renovation & Replace								
Operating & Capital	\$	1,819	\$	1,175	\$	1,110	\$	1,093
Transfers Out		63		69		72		75
	\$	1,882	\$	1,244	\$	1,182	\$	1,168
Police Pension								
Transfers Out	\$	16	\$	5	\$	5	\$	5
	\$	16	\$	5	\$	5	\$	5
Fire Pension								
Transfers Out	\$	16	\$	5	\$	5	\$	5
	\$	16	\$	5	\$	5	\$	5
TOTAL RESTRICTED FUNDS USES	\$	174,771	\$	166,607	\$	176,771	\$	173,764
TOTAL CITY USES OF FUNDS	\$	266,728	\$	257,967	\$	272,643	\$	272,285
Less:Transfers to Other Funds	\$	19,078	\$	19,868	\$	21,243	\$	22,045
Less: Current & Prev Yrs ISF Charges (1.)		13,143		13,763		13,619		13,540
NET TOTAL USES OF FUNDS	\$_	234,507	\$	224,336	\$_	237,781	\$	236,700
USES OF FUNDS BY CATEGORY								
OPERATING USES OF FUNDS	\$	149,426	\$	156,214	\$	169,671	\$	171,455
CAPITAL USES OF FUNDS		53,240		35,530		37,294		36,764
DEBT	_	31,841	_	32,592	_	30,816		28,481
TOTAL USES OF FUNDS BY CATEGORY	\$	234,507	\$	224,336	\$	237,781	\$	236,700

FOOTNOTE:

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FROM	TO FUND	FOR		2006 ACTUAL		2007 APPROVED		2008 APPROVED	Pl	2009 ROJECTED
GENERAL										
	Plng & Dev Svcs	Subsidy	\$	1,903	\$	2,076	\$	2,170	\$	2,221
	Plng & Dev Svcs	Excise Tax Admin		5		5		5		5
	Affordable Hsng	Subsidy		391		398		406		416
	Recreation Activity	Subsidy		1,336		1,664		1,785		1,827
	Library Fund	Subsidy		5,302		5,605		6,019		6,160
	Open Space	Subsidy		958		1,013		1,057		1,082
	Downtown Commercial	Meter Rev		1,241		1,271		1,942		2,215
	University Hill Commercial	Meter Rev		175		175		258		268
	Water Utility Fund	Wells Property		0		130		130		130
	Transportation	Photo Enforcement		170		0		0		0
	Misc One-time Transfers	Misc		140		0		0		0
			\$	11,621	\$	12,337	\$	13,772	\$	14,324
CAPITAL I	DEVELOPMENT									
	General	Cost Allocation	\$	24	\$	26	\$	28	\$	29
	Plng & Dev Svcs	Excise Tax Admin		5		5		5		5
	-		\$	29	\$	31	\$	33	\$	34
PLANNING	G & DEVELOPMENT SVCS									
	General	Cost Allocation	\$	1,224	\$	1,038	\$	1,080	\$	1,123
			\$	1,224	\$	1,038	\$	1,080	\$	1,123
AFFORDA	BLE HOUSING FUND									
	General	Cost Allocation	\$	25	\$	10	\$	11	\$	11
			\$	25	\$	10	\$	11	\$	11
CMMNTY	HSG ASST PRGM (CHAP)									
	General	Cost Allocation	\$	16	\$	17	\$	17	\$	18
	Plng & Dev Svcs	Excise Tax Admin		5		5		5		5
	CDBG	Section 108 Loan		63		0		0		0
			\$	84	\$	22	\$	22	\$	23
.25 CENT S	ALES TAX									
	General	Cost Allocation	\$	188	\$	149	\$	158	\$	164
	Recreation Activity	Bridge Funding		0		300		0		0
			\$	188	\$	449	\$	158	\$	164
RECREAT	ION ACTIVITY									
	General	Interest Income	\$	30	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0
			\$	30	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0
OPEN SPA	CE									
	General	Cost Allocation	\$	726	\$	743	\$	784	\$	832
	General	Sales Tax System	•	0		33		32		0
		Said Tan Djotein	\$	726	\$	776	\$	816	\$	832
			+	120	4	770	+	010	~	032

				2006		2007		2008		2009
FROM	TO FUND	FOR		ACTUAL		APPROVED		APPROVED	PF	ROJECTED
AIDDODE										
AIRPORT	General	Cost Allocation S	\$	52	\$	59	\$	61	\$	64
	General		\$ 	53	\$ \$	59	\$ 	61	\$ 	64
		4	Ψ	33	Ψ	3,	Ψ	01	Ψ	04
TRANSPOL	RTATION									
	General	Cost Allocation	\$	1,051	\$	1,020	\$	1,068	\$	1,110
	General	Legislative Consultan	nt	0		0		0		0
	General	Bldr Creek Maint		0		0		0		0
	General	HHS		13		13		13		13
	Recreation Activity	Expand Program		28		28		28		28
	Plng & Dev Svcs	Subsidy		241		184		190		196
	Forrest Glen GID	Subsidy		4		3		3		3
	General	Sales Tax System	<u>-</u>	1 227	φ.	1 202	Φ.	1 202	ф	1 250
			\$	1,337	\$	1,292	\$	1,302	\$	1,350
TRANSPOL	RTATION DEVELOPMENT	•								
	General		\$	6	\$	7	\$	7	\$	8
	Plng & Dev Svcs	Excise Tax Admin		5		5		5		5
		5	\$	11	\$	12	\$	12	\$	13
COMMDVI	LPMNT BLOCK GRNT (CD		_				_			
	General		\$	24	\$	18	\$	18	\$	19
	CHAP	Interest Income	\$	17 41	\$	18	\$	18	\$	0
		J	Ф	41	Ф	18	Ф	18	Ф	19
HOME										
	General	Cost Allocation	\$	3	\$	3	\$	4	\$	4
		9	\$	3	\$	3	\$	4	\$	4
PERMANE	NT PARKS AND RECREAT									
	General		\$	52	\$	48	\$	50	\$	52
	Plng & Dev Svcs	Excise Tax Admin		5	φ.	5	_	5		5
			\$	57	\$	53	\$	55	\$	57
WATER UT	rii itv									
WAILKU	General	Cost Allocation S	\$	1,043	\$	1,105	\$	1,149	\$	1,195
	Plng & Dev Svcs	Subsidy	Ψ	168	Ψ	1,103	Ψ	178	Ψ	183
	General	Legislative Consultan	nt	10		10		15		16
		=	\$	1,221	\$	1,288	\$	1,342	\$	1,394
WASTEWA	ATER UTILITY									
	General		\$	736	\$	757	\$	787	\$	819
	Plng & Dev Svcs	Subsidy	φ	168	_	173	_	179	ф.	184
		9	\$	904	\$	930	\$	966	\$	1,003

			2006	2007		2008		2009
FROM	TO FUND	FOR	ACTUAL	APPROVED		APPROVED	PR	OJECTED
STORMW	ATER/FLOOD MGMT UT	ILITY						
	General	Cost Allocation \$	157	\$ 183	\$	190	\$	197
	Plng & Dev Svcs	Subsidy	101	104		107		111
	General	Legislative Consultant	10	10	_	15		16
		\$	268	\$ 297	\$	312	\$	324
DOWNTO	WN COMMERCIAL DIST	RICT						
	General	Cost Allocation \$	129	\$ 124	\$	129	\$	134
	General	Mall Improvements	500	500		500		500
		\$	629	\$ 624	\$	629	\$	634
UNIVERSI	ITY HILL COMMERCIAL	DISTRICT						
	General	Cost Allocation \$	37	\$ 31	\$	32	\$	33
		\$		\$ 31	\$	32	\$	33
TELECOM	IMUNICATIONS							
	General	Cost Allocation \$	11	\$ 10	\$	10	\$	10
		\$	11	\$ 10	\$	10	\$	10
PROPERT	Y & CASUALTY INSURAN	NCE						
	General	Cost Allocation \$	71	\$ 65	\$	68	\$	71
		\$		\$ 65	\$	68	\$	71
WORKER	COMPENSATION INSUR	ANCE						
	General	Cost Allocation \$	15	\$ 31	\$	32	\$	33
	Recreation Activity	Wellness Program	80	80		80		80
	•	\$	95	\$ 111	\$	112	\$	113
COMPENS	SATED ABSENCES							
	General	Cost Allocation \$	12	\$ 13	\$	13	\$	14
		\$		\$ 13	\$	13	\$	14
FLEET OP	PERATIONS							
	General	Cost Allocation \$	211	\$ 221	\$	215	\$	224
		\$	211	\$ 221	\$	215	\$	224
FLEET RE	CPLACEMENT							
	General	Cost Allocation \$	37	\$ 55	\$	72	\$	75
		\$		\$ 55	\$	72	\$	75
СОМРИТІ	ER REPLACEMENT							
50	General	Cost Allocation \$	16	\$ 14	\$	15	\$	15
		\$		\$ 14	\$	15	\$	15

FROM	TO FUND	FOR		2006 2007 ACTUAL APPROVED			2008 APPROVED		2009 PROJECTED	
TROM	TOTOND	FOR		ACTUAL		AFFROVED		AFFROVED		PROJECTED
EQUIPMENT F	REPLACEMENT									
	eneral	Cost Allocation	\$	27	\$	30	\$	31	\$	32
			\$	27	\$	30	\$	31	\$	32
FACILITY RE	NOVATION & REPLAC	E								
Ge	eneral	Cost Allocation	\$	63	\$	69	\$	72	\$	75
			\$	63	\$	69	\$	72	\$	75
POLICE PENS	ION									
Ge	eneral	Cost Allocation	\$	16	\$	5	\$	5	\$_	5
			\$	16		5	\$	5	\$	5
FIRE PENSION	N									
Ge	eneral	Cost Allocation	\$	16	\$	5	\$	5	\$	5
			\$	16		5	\$	5		5
SU	JBTOTAL TRANSFERS		\$_	19,078	\$_	19,868	\$_	21,243	\$_	22,045

2008 Fund Activity Summary - Original Budget

The following schedule reflects the impact of the 2008 budget for the City of Boulder, including estimated revenues (including transfers in) and appropriations (including transfers out), on projected unreserved fund balance.

	Projected 01/01/08 Unreserved Fund Balance	Estimated Revenues (Including Transfers In)	Appropriations (Including Transfers Out)	Projected 12/31/08 Unreserved Fund Balance
FUND TITLE				
General Fund	11,941,000	90,124,808 (1)	91,002,767	11,063,041
Capital Development	3,872,413	428,131	112,440	4,188,104
Lottery	512,379	986,223	1,000,000	498,602
Planning and Development Services	3,390,390	8,435,446	8,685,098	3,140,738
Affordable Housing	26,031	3,497,000	3,494,967	28,064
Community Housing Assistance Program (CHAP)	24,611	1,635,112	1,634,406	25,317
.15 Cent Sales Tax	1,351,588	2,384,000	2,670,726	1,064,862
.25 Cent Sales Tax	1,500,904	6,559,142	6,637,567	1,422,479
Library	206,912	6,716,610	6,716,610	206,912
Recreation Activity	937,788	9,860,269	9,916,758	881,299
Climate Action Plan Tax	0	875,000	875,000	0
Open Space	8,916,774	24,366,330	25,645,987	7,637,117
Airport	523,600	1,065,581	1,109,652	479,529
Transportation	4,534,548	23,833,857	26,769,762	1,598,643
Transportation Development	186,415	820,000	897,687	108,728
Community Development Block Grant (CDBG)	0	909,313	909,313	0
HOME	0	1,300,000	1,300,000	0
Permanent Parks and Recreation	1,266,824	2,207,040	1,884,174	1,589,690
General Obligation Debt Service	45,315	0	25,000	20,315
.15 Cent Debt Service	532,359	1,451,000	1,163,570	819,789
Water Utility	37,585,448	26,546,207	31,017,403	33,114,252
Wastewater Utility	10,992,065	14,098,864	15,771,865	9,319,064
Stormwater and Flood Management Utility	5,170,442	7,727,075	9,602,585	3,294,932
Telecommunications	1,368,968	755,299	1,614,113	510,154
Property and Casualty Insurance	3,298,936	2,127,401	1,597,800	3,828,537
Worker Compensation Insurance	3,612,549	1,595,418	1,656,399	3,551,568
Compensated Absences	2,669,030	418,001	394,289	2,692,742

	Projected 01/01/08 Unreserved Fund Balance	Estimated Revenues (Including Transfers In)	Appropriations (Including Transfers Out)	Projected 12/31/08 Unreserved Fund Balance
FUND TITLE				
Fleet	4,402,459	6,976,072	6,401,539	4,976,992
Computer Replacement	3,194,132	1,612,777	1,574,391	3,232,518
Equipment Replacement	2,550,274	489,757	562,255	2,477,776
Facility Renovation and Replacement	1,950,012	864,962	1,182,281	1,632,693
Totals	116,564,166	250,666,695	263,826,404	103,404,457

NOTE:

⁽¹⁾ The General Fund estimated revenues include \$403.932 from reserved fund balance for Economic Vitality and Urban Redevelopment.

CITY OF BOULDER CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE (in \$1,000s)

FUND	INCREASE/(DECREASE) TO FUND BALANCE FROM 2008 APPROVED BUDGET
General	(880)
Community Housing Assistance	1
Capital Development	315
Lottery	(14)
Planning & Development Services	(250)
Affordable Housing	2
.25 Cent Sales Tax	(79)
Library	0
Recreation Activity	(57)
Climate Action Plan	0
Open Space	(1,279)
Airport	(44)
Transportation	(2,936)
Transportation Development	(78)
Transit Pass GID - Forest Glen	0
Community Development Block Grant (CDBG)	0
HOME Investment Partnership Grant	0
Permanent Parks and Recreation	323
General Obligation Debt Svc	(25)
Water Utility	(4,471)
Wastewater Utility	(1,673)
Stormwater/Flood Mgmt Utility	(1,876)
Downtown Commercial District (formerly CAGID)	(334)
University Hill Commercial District (formerly UHGID)	(155)
Police Pension	(5)

Fire Pension

TOTAL

(5)

(13,520)

CITY OF BOULDER SUMMARY OF STANDARD FTES (1) BY CITY DEPARTMENT

	2006 APPROVED	2007 APPROVED	2008 APPROVED (2.)	VAR '07-'08	EXPLANATION OF VARIANCE
			(/		
City Council	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	
City Attorney	18.75	19.70	18.65		-1.00 (Risk Mgmt xfer to Finance); -0.05 (reorganization)
Municipal Court	17.00	18.50	18.50	0.00	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Administrative Servcies:		.0.00	.0.00	0.00	
City Manager's Office (3.)	19.50	19.50	20.50	1.00	1.00 (position xfer from Finance)
Finance	27.25	28.87	29.37		-3.50 (payroll xfer to HR); 3.00 (Risk Mgmt xfer from
					CAO & HR); -1.00 (position xfer to City Manager's Ofc);
					1.00 (Sales Tax Auditor); 1.00 (reallocation)
Human Resources	14.25	14.63	16.38	1.75	3.50 (payroll xfer from Finance); -2.00 (Risk Mgmt
					xfer to Finance); 0.25 (reallocation)
Information Technology	32.75	32.75	35.25		2.50 (reallocation)
Economic Vitality:					
DUHMD/Parking Services	40.50	42.25	42.25	0.00	
Econ Vit and Urban Redev	2.00	2.00	2.00	0.00	
Operations:					
Housing/Human Svcs	53.42	56.51	56.24	-0.27	-0.27 (decrease in grants)
Library	78.95	79.45	80.20	0.75	0.75 (Action Plan item)
Arts	1.50	1.50	1.50	0.00	
Office of Environ Affairs	6.00	5.50	9.50	4.00	4.00 (added from Climate Action Plan tax)
Open Space/Mtn Parks	77.58	83.25	92.00	8.75	-5.17 (fixed term positions); 13.92 (Action Plan items)
Parks & Recreation	145.25	144.62	145.82	1.20	.07 (reorganization); .25 (Action Plan item);
					.88 (reallocation)
PW/Fleet	16.90	16.87	16.87	0.00	
PW/Transportation	62.97	65.99	68.24	2.25	1.00 (Action Plan item); 1.25 (reallocation)
PW/Utilities	150.44	154.93	155.18	0.25	0.25 (reallocation)
PW/FAM	13.51	13.58	14.58		1.00 (reorganization)
Planning & Dvlpmnt Svcs	64.74	69.36	72.56	3.20	-2.00 (ending fixed term positions);0.20 (reorganization);
					3.00 (Action Plan items); 2.00 (reallocation)
Public Safety:					
Police	263.25	269.25	273.25		4.00 (Fire dispatch moved from Bldr Co to COB Police)
Fire	111.33	111.33	111.33	0.00	
TOTALS	1,218.84	1,251.34	1,281.17	29.83	

NOTES:

- (1) The FTE counts include standard Management, BMEA, Fire and Police positions; they also include capital and grant-funded standard positions
- (2.) The FTEs for 2008 do not reflect the FTEs on Attachment A to the Budget Message (those FTEs related to the recommended Action Plan items)
- (3.) The areas included in the City Manager's FTE count are:
- City Manager's Office/Support Services
- Internal Audit
- Communications

DEBT POLICY AND ADMINISTRATION

Debt Policy

As stated in Section 7 of the Citywide Financial and Management Policies, debt shall be considered only for capital purchases/projects and the term of the debt shall not exceed the useful life of the financed asset. Municipal bonds, Interfund loans, equipment leases (with the exception of vehicles) and sale/leaseback agreements are approved methods for financing capital projects.

Debt Administration

At December 31, 2007, the City had a number of debt issues outstanding made up of (amounts in 000's):

\$ 88,185	General Obligation Bonds Payable (Includes \$20,431 of General Improvement
	District Bonds which are a debt of the Central Area General Improvement
	District)
110,603	Revenue Bonds Payable
2,065	Certificates of Participation (which are a debt of the Boulder Municipal Property
	Authority)

In addition, there were \$16,878,000 of Lease Purchase Revenue Notes Payable and \$1,560,000 payable under a Revolving Credit Facility Agreement outstanding at December 31, 2007.

The Combined Schedule of Long-Term Debt Payable and the current debt schedules by fund for 2008-2013 present more detailed information about the debt position of the city.

The city's general obligation credit rating has been established as Aa1 by Moody's Investors Service and AA+ by Standard & Poor's. The city's revenue bond credit rating has been established as Aa2 by Moody's Investors Service and AA+ by Standard and Poors. The primary reasons for these high rating levels are the general strength and diversity of the Boulder economy anchored by a major university; above average income indicators; strong financial performance and reserve policies; and affordable debt levels.

Under the City Charter, the city's general obligation bonded debt issuances are subject to a legal limitation based on 3% of total assessed value of real and personal property. None of the city's outstanding debt is supported by property taxes. As a result, all bonded debt is considered to be self-supporting and the ratio of net bonded debt to assessed valuation is zero. The actual calculation of the debt margin is presented in the Computation of Legal Debt Margin schedule.

As of November 30, 2007, the City does not anticipate issuing additional debt in 2008.

Supplementary Schedule

Combined Schedule of Long-Term Debt Payable

December 31, 2007

(Amounts in 000's)

	Interest rates	Issued	Dates <u>Maturity</u>	Authorized and issued	Outstanding	Current portion
Governmental Activities:						
Supported by sales tax revenues and other financing sources:						
General Obligation Bonds:						
Open Space Acquisition Refunding	4.35 - 4.55 %	8/11/98	8/15/10 \$	10,185	3,055 \$	980
Open Space Acquisition Refunding	3.50 - 5.00	7/06/99	8/15/13	17,485	9,050	1,305
Parks Acquisition Refunding	4.50-5.375	9/07/99	12/15/15	22,385	15,375	1,620
Open Space Acquisition	5.00 - 7.50	4/25/00	8/15/10	8,535	3,210	1,015
Open Space Acquisition Premium on Bonds	4.00 - 5.50	6/20/06	8/15/19	20,115	18,905 324	1,255
Open Space Acquisition Refunding Premium on Bonds Refunding Bond Charges	3.50 - 4.00	6/26/07	8/15/18	12,345	12,175 67 (716)	100
Parks, Recreation, Muni., Cap., Imp., Ref.	4.00 - 4.30	9/11/01	12/1/12	5,255	2,480	460
Premium on Refunding Bonds Refunding Bond Charges	4.00 4.50	<i>y</i> /11/01	12,1,12	-	9 (63)	-
Library Capital Improvement Refunding	3.50 - 4.20	1/08/02	10/01/11	9,250	3,975	970
Premium on Refunding Bonds Refunding Bond Charges	3.30 - 4.20	1/06/02	10/01/11	-	9 (101)	-
Refunding bond Charges				105,555	67,754	7,705
Sales Tax Revenue Bonds:				103,333	07,734	7,703
Open Space Acquisition Sales Tax Revenue						
Refunding Bonds	4.75 - 5.25	7/15/99	8/15/14	15,835	8,810	1,090
FNMA Revolving Credit Facility Agreement	variable			3,000	1,560	1,560
Compensated Absences - estimated					9,545	2,679
Total Governmental Activities and total supported by sales tax revenues and other financing sources			\$	124,390	87,669 \$	13,034

(continued)

CITY OF BOULDER, COLORADO

Supplementary Schedule

Combined Schedule of Long-Term Debt Payable, (continued)

December 31, 2007

(Amounts in 000's)

		Interest <u>rates</u>	Issued	Dates <u>Maturity</u>	Authorized and issued	Outstanding	Current portion
Business-type Activities:							
Supported by utility revenues:							
Revenue Bonds:							
Water and Sewer		4.00 - 5.50	12/19/01	12/01/21	28,830	22,495	1,215
Water and Sewer Revenue Ref	unding Bonds	3.00 - 3.75	5/01/05	12/01/16	7,900	6,460	620
Refunding Bond Charges	S					(160)	-
Water and Sewer Revenue Ref	•	4.00 - 4.125	6/08/07	12/01/19	25,935	24,960	2,260
Refunding Bond Charges	S					(1,143)	
Water and Sewer		3.50 - 5.00	11/15/05	12/01/25	45,245	42,155	1,665
Premium on Bonds					-	1,026	-
Water and Sewer Revenue Ref		3.00 - 3.50	5/01/05	12/01/12	1,110	770	145
Storm Water & Flood Mgmt R	ev. Rfdg.	3.65 - 5.10	6/09/98	12/01/18	9,680	5,230	550
					118,700	101,793	6,455
Compensated Absences-estimated	I					1,340	249
Total supported by utility re	evenues				118,700	103,133	6,704
rom supported by unity re	vendes						0,701
Supported by parking revenues:							
General Obligation General Impro	ovement						
District Bonds:							
Central Area General Impro	ovement District:						
Parking Facilities		2.50 - 4.20	6/17/03	8/15/23	12,500	11,030	520
Premium on Bonds		4.00 5.00	6/22/00	6/15/10	12.500	121	645
Parking Facilities		4.00 - 5.00	6/23/98	6/15/18	13,500	9,280	645
					26,000	20,431	1,165
Compensated Absences - estimate	ed					102	19
Total supported by parki	ng revenues				26,000	20,533	1,184
Supported by base rentals:							
Refunding Certificates of Participa	ation Series :						
Boulder Municipal Property A	uthority:						
East Boulder Community C	enter	4.125 - 5.00	1/08/98	12/01/12	5,750	2,605	475
Lange Brench B N					5,750	2,605	475
Lease Purchase Revenue Notes:							
Boulder Municipal Property As Open space acquisition:	umority:						
Beech		3.875 - 12.315	3/03/88	3/02/08	1.250	171	171
Autrey	Note 1989B-IV	5.875 - 12.515 6.50	7/21/89	7/21/07	90	9	9
K-Investments	Note 1989B-1V Note 1990C	7.00	4/10/90	4/10/10	574	142	44
K-myestments	11010 17700	7.00	7/10/70	7/10/10	374	172	77

(continued)

CITY OF BOULDER, COLORADO

Supplementary Schedule

Combined Schedule of Long-Term Debt Payable, (continued)

December 31, 2007

(Amounts in 000's)

		Interest	erest Dates		Authorized		Current
		rates	Issued	Maturity	and issued	Outstanding	portion
Lease Purchase Revenue Notes (cont	inued):						
Boulder Municipal Property Author	,						
Open space acquisition:	•						
Mardick	Note 1991G	7.00	10/03/91	10/03/11	225	72	16
Stepanek	Note 1995A	6.00	6/07/95	6/07/10	249	69	22
Joder	Note 1996A	6.00	4/22/96	4/22/11	1,400	499	114
Lousberg	Note 1996B	6.00	5/30/96	6/01/11	850	303	69
Henrikson	Note 1997C	6.00	6/25/97	6/25/12	383	166	29
Foothills	Note 1997G	7.00	7/16/97	7/16/17	1,095	726	53
Marshall	Note 1997H-2	6.00	9/17/97	9/17/07	300	38	38
Degge	Note 1998A	6.00	11/12/98	11/12/08	440	56	56
Van Vleet	Note 1999B	6.00	3/5/99	3/5/14	2,500	1,437	171
Steele	Note 2000A	6.00	2/01/00	2/08/08	300	46	46
Wright	Note 2000B	6.00	2/18/00	2/18/10	450	163	51
Dexter	Note 2000C	6.00	2/01/00	2/01/10	750	272	86
Johnson, Family	Note 2001A-R1	6.00	1/10/01	1/10/11	245	116	26
Johnson, Wife	Note 2001A-R2	6.00	1/10/01	1/10/11	300	141	32
Hester	Note 2001B	6.00	6/01/01	6/01/11	580	273	62
Suitts	Note 2001C	6.00	10/31/01	10/31/11	1,675	1,675	-
Abbott	Note 2001D	6.00	12/05/01	1/14/13	430	270	32
William & Assoc.	Note 2001E-R1	6.00	11/21/01	11/21/11	230	230	-
Suitts, Enterprises	Note 2001E-R2	6.00	11/21/01	11/21/11	420	420	-
Edward H. Kolb	Note 2002A-R1	6.00	8/15/02	8/15/12	242	138	25
John B. Kolb	Note 2002A-R2	6.00	8/15/02	8/15/12	242	138	25
Frederick M. Kolb	Note 2002A-R3	6.00	8/15/02	8/15/12	242	139	25
Helayne B. Jones	Note 2003A	6.00	6/20/03	6/20/13	715	478	68
Dagle	Note 2004A	4.75	12/1/2004	12/1/2014	770	575	71
Gisle	Note 2005A	4.75	2/18/05	2/18/17	1,180	1,026	83
Hill	Note 2005B	4.75	4/05/05	4/05/15	910	760	80
Luchetta	Note 2005C	5.00	8/05/05	8/05/20	720	652	37
Boulder Valley Farm, Inc.	Note 2006A	5.00	6/16/06	6/16/16	3,550	3,268	296
Joel & Ruth Eisenberg	Note 2006B	5.00	6/07/06	6/07/16	1,206	1,110	101
					24,513	15,578	1,938
Parks Land acquisition:	N . 1000D	6.00	11/12/00	11/12/00	1.250	1.00	160
Degge	Note 1998B	6.00	11/12/98	11/12/08	1,250	160	160
					1,250	160	160
Boulder Transit Villiage acquis	sition:						
30th & Pearl, LLC	Note 2004B	6.50	10/14/04	1/01/11	2,600	1,140	469
					28,363	16,878	2,567
Total supported by base ren	tals				34,113	19,483	3,042
Total Business-type Activ	vities			\$	178,813	\$ 143,149	\$10,930

GENERAL FUND

	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
DEBT ISSUES						
I. BONDS Library Capital Improvement Refunding Bonds Series 2002	\$1,122	\$1,079	\$1,074	\$1,073	-	<u>-</u>

NOTE: The 2008 General Fund budget also funds base rentals in the amount of \$602k to the Boulder Municipal Property Authority Debt Service Fund for the payment of East Boulder Community Center Certificates of Participation.

Note: This debt service schedule is prepared using the accrual basis of accounting.

LOTTERY FUND

NOTE: The 2008 Lottery Fund budget funds base rentals in the amount of \$170k to the Boulder Municipal Property Authority Debt Service Fund for the final Degge property payment.

AFFORDABLE HOUSING FUND

DEBT ISSUES

I. REVOLVING LINE OF CREDIT

A revolving credit facility agreement was made on August 29, 2003, between Fannie Mae and the City of Boulder. There is a \$3,000,000 limit on this credit facility agreement. The agreement requires an annual payment of 20% on any outstanding principal and quarterly interest payments. To date, \$3 million has been drawn to finance the Mapleton Mobile Home Park and the Boulder Transit Village. Principal payments of \$600,000, \$480,000 and \$384,000 were made in 2005, 2006 and 2007 respectively, reducing the principal balance to \$1,536,000.00. Housing and Human Services has elected not to draw against the line of credit in the future. Therefore, the Affordable Housing Fund has appropriated \$1,536,000 for the principal payment and \$57,600 for the interest payment in 2008. The interest rate is based on the 90 LIBOR rate plus 1.75%.

NOTE: The 2008 Affordable Housing Fund budget also funds base rentals in the amount of \$229k to the Boulder Municipal Property Authority Debt Service Fund for the Thirtieth and Pearl, LLC property payment.

.15 CENT SALES TAX FUND

		2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
DEI	BT ISSUES						
I.	BONDS						
	Parks and Recreation/Municipal Improvement Refunding Bonds Series 2002	\$560	\$557	\$558	\$563	\$551	<u>-</u>

Note: This debt service schedule is prepared using the accrual basis of accounting.

.25 CENT SALES TAX FUND

		2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
DE	BT ISSUES						
I.	BONDS						
	Parks Acquisition Refunding Bonds						
	Series 1999	\$2,421	\$2,385	\$2,386	\$2,387	\$2,402	\$2,402

BMPA DEBT SERVICE FUND

This debt is paid with base rentals transferred from various funds as indicated in the above debt service schedules.

		2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
		2000	2003	2010	2011	2012	2013
DEBT ISSUES							
I. CERTIFICA	ATES OF PARTICIPATION						
East Bould	er Community Center	602	600	596	601	604	-
	Sub-total	\$602	\$600	\$596	\$601	\$604	-
II. LEASE PU	RCHASE REVENUE NOTES						
1988A	Beech	\$192	-	-	-	-	-
1989B-IV	Autrey	10	-	-	-	-	-
1990C	K-Investments	54	54	54	-	-	-
1991G	Mardick	21	21	21	21	-	-
1995A	Stepanek	26	26	26	-	-	-
1996A	Joder	144	144	144	144	-	-
1996B	Lousberg	88	88	88	88	-	-
1997C	Henrickson	39	39	39	39	39	-
1997G	Foothills Business Park, LLC	103	103	103	103	103	103
1997H-2	Marshall	41	- #	-	-	-	-
1998A	Degge	60	-	-	-	-	-
1998B	Degge	170	-	-	-	-	-
1999B	Van Vleet	257	257	257	257	257	257
2000A	Steele	48	-	-	-	-	-
2000B	Wright	61	61	61	-	-	-
2000C	Dexter	102	102	102	-	-	-
2001AR-1	F. LaVerne Johnson Family	33	33	33	33	-	-
2001AR-2	F. LaVerne Johnson Wife	41	41	41	41	-	
2001B	Hester	79	79	79	79	-	-
2001C	Suitts Enterprises, Ltd.	101	101	101	1,776	-	-
2001D	Abbott	47	47	46	46	46	46
2001ER-1	William and Associates	14	14	14	244	-	-

BMPA DEBT SERVICE FUND

This debt is paid with base rentals transferred from various funds as indicated in the above debt service schedules.

		2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
2001ER-2	Suitts Enterprises, Ltd.	25	25	25	445	_	_
2002AR-1	Edward H. Kolb	32	32	32	32	32	-
2002AR-2	John B. Kolb	32	32	32	32	32	-
2002AR-3	Frederick M. Kolb	32	32	32	32	32	-
2003A	Helayne B. Jones	95	95	95	95	94	94
2004A	Waldo R. & Nancy R. Dagle	98	98	98	98	98	98
2004B1	Thirtieth & Pearl, LLC (Affordable Housing)	229	229	219	-	-	-
2004B2	Thirtieth & Pearl, LLC (Transportation)	293	123	133	10	-	-
2005A	Gary L. & Donna K. Gisle, Trustees	128	128	128	127	127	127
2005B	John G. & Barbara G. Hill, Tenants in Common	114	113	113	113	113	113
2005C	Luchetta Properties, Inc.	69	69	69	69	68	68
2006A	Boulder Valley Farm, Inc.	452	451	451	450	450	449
2006B	Joel and Ruth Eisenberg	153	153	153	153	153	153
	Sub-total	\$3,483	2,790	2,789	4,527	1,644	1,508
TOTAL		\$4,085	\$3,390	\$3,385	\$5,128	\$2,248	1,508

OPEN SPACE FUND

	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
						_
DEBT ISSUES						
I. BONDS						
i. Bondo						
Open Space Acquisition Refunding	g					
Bonds Series 1998	\$1,116	\$1,113	\$1,103	-	-	-
Open Space Acquisition Refunding	g					
Bonds Series 1999	1,737	1,743	1,745	1,747	1,749	1,948
Open Space Acquisition Refunding	g					
Bonds Series 2000	1,176	1,180	1,182	-	-	-
Open Space Acquisition Bonds						
Series 2006	2,064	2,055	2,049	2,043	2,031	2,029
Open Space Acquisition Refunding	g					
Bonds Series 2007	578	565	566	1,737	1,739	1,740
Sales Tax Revenue Refunding Bo	nds					
Series 1999	1,540	1,535	1,533	1,525	1,522	1,525
Total	\$8,211	\$8,191	\$8,178	7,052	7,041	7,242

NOTE: The 2008 Open Space Fund budget also funds base rentals in the amount of \$2,791k to the Boulder Municipal Property Authority Debt Service Fund for the payment of various open space properties.

NOTE: Debt Service for both the Open Space Acquisition Bonds, Series 2006, and the Open Space Acquisition Refunding Bonds, Series 2007, has been recorded using the accrual basis of accounting. Previous bond issues are recorded using the cash basis of accounting. GASB #34 was implemented in 2002.

TRANSPORTATION FUND

NOTE: The 2008 Transportation Fund budget funds base rentals in the amount of \$293k to the Boulder Municipal Property Authority Debt Service Fund for the Thirtieth & Pearl, LLC property payment.

WATER UTILITY FUND

	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
DEBT ISSUES						
I. BONDS						
Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds -						
Series 2001 Water and Sewer Revenue Ref. Bonds -	2,179	2,180	2,174	2,172	2,172	2,176
Series 2005B	845	844	845	849	855	854
Water and Sewer Revenue Ref. Bonds -						
Series 2007	3,258	3,258	3,253	2,508	2,506	2,511
TOTAL	\$6,282	\$6,282	\$6,272	\$5,529	\$5,533	\$5,541

WASTEWATER UTILITY FUND

		2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
DEBT ISSUES							
I. BONDS							
Water and Series 20	d Sewer Revenue Refunding Bonds 05A	\$170	\$170	\$165	\$166	\$176	-
Water and	d Sewer Revenue Bonds						
Series 20	05C	3,566	3,558	3,557	3,550	3,546	3,545
		\$3,736	\$3,728	\$3,722	\$3,716	\$3,722	\$3,545

FLOOD CONTROL UTILITY FUND

		2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
DEI	BT ISSUES						
I.	BONDS						
	Storm Water & Flood Refunding Bonds Series 1998	\$806	\$810	\$1,126	\$494	\$492	\$494

CAGID FUND

	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
DEBT ISSUES						
I. BONDS						
CAGID Bonds Series 1998	\$1,069	\$1,073	\$1,077	\$1,078	\$1,083	\$1,085
CAGID Bonds Series 2003	936	925	917	920	922	928
TOTAL	\$2,005	\$1,998	\$1,994	\$1,998	\$2,005	\$2,013

CITY OF BOULDER LEASE-PURCHASE OBLIGATIONS IN THIS BUDGET (in \$1,000s)

ITEM	ESTIMATED AMOUNT TO BE EXPENDED DURING 2008	REMAINING LIFETIME OBLIGATION - 2009 AND BEYOND
REAL PROPERTY		
Open Space Properties	\$2,791	\$13,639
East Community Center	602	2,130
Parks Properties	170	-
Affordable Housing Property	229	422
Transportation Property	293	249
SUBTOTAL	\$4,085	\$16,440
TOTAL	\$4,085	\$16,440

Represented are all lease/purchase obligations known or predictable at the time of the production of the 2008 budget.

CITY OF BOULDER, COLORADO

Computation of Legal Debt Margin

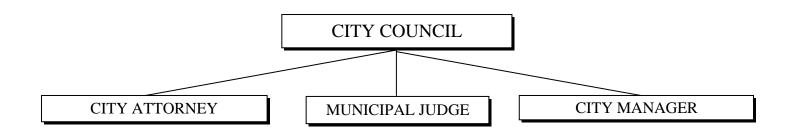
Last Ten Years

(Amounts in 000's)

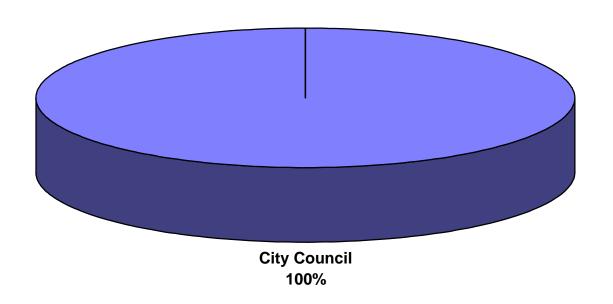
	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002	2001	2000	1999	1998
Total assessed value (prior year assessed value for current year collections estimated)	\$ 2,094,604	\$ 2,091,962	\$ <u>1,970,654</u>	\$ <u>1,970,952</u>	\$ <u>1,929,525</u>	\$ <u>1,912,398</u>	\$ <u>1,529,977</u>	\$ <u>1,508,482</u>	\$ <u>1,353,113</u>	\$ <u>1,319,748</u>
Debt limit - 3% of total assessed value	\$ 62,838	\$ 62,759	59,120	59,129	57,886	57,372	45,899	45,254	40,593	39,592
Amount of debt applicable to debt margin:										
Total bonded debt	67,754	75,081	60,375	66,294	71,929	77,620	81,310	84,350	66,925	73,225
Less deductions allowed by law:										
Self-supporting General Obligation bonds	\$ 67,754	\$ 75,081	\$ 60,375	\$ 65,929	\$ 71,214	\$ 76,585	\$ 79,960	\$ 82,695	\$ 64,990	\$ 71,035
Self-supporting General Obligation Water Utility bonds				365	715	1,035	1,350	1,655	1,935	2,190
Total deductions	67,754	75,081	60,375	66,294	71,929	77,620	81,310	84,350	66,925	73,225
Amount of debt applicable to debt margin										
Legal debt margin	\$ 62,838	\$ 62,759	\$ 59,120	\$ 59,129	\$ 57,886	\$ 57,372	\$ 45,899	\$ 45,254	\$ 40,593	\$ 39,592

Note: The total indebtedness of the City, payable solely from the proceeds of ad valorem taxes, shall not exceed 3% of assessed value of taxable property in the municipality. Indebtedness payable in whole or in part from other revenue sources, or is subject to annual appropriations by the Boulder City Council, is not included in this limitation. (Charter of the City of Boulder, Sec. 97.)

CITY COUNCIL



2008 BUDGET \$300,108



2008-09 BUDGET CITY COUNCIL

	2006	2007	2008	2009
	ACTUAL	APPROVED	APPROVED	PROPOSED
BUDGET BY PROGRAM				
City Council	\$ 281,518	\$ 294,507	\$ 300,108	\$ 307,584
TOTAL	\$ 281,518	\$ 294,507	\$ 300,108	\$ 307,584
BUDGET BY CATEGORY Personnel Expenses Operating Expenses Interdepartmental Charges TOTAL	\$ 100,005	\$ 114,853	\$ 117,882	\$ 121,713
	179,253	175,653	179,226	182,811
	2,259	4,000	3,000	3,060
	\$ 281,518	\$ 294,507	\$ 300,108	\$ 307,584
BUDGET BY FUND General TOTAL	\$ 281,518	\$ 294,507	\$ 300,108	\$ 307,584
	\$ 281,518	\$ 294,507	\$ 300,108	\$ 307,584
AUTHORIZED FTE's Standard FTE's TOTAL	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00

2008-09 BUDGET CITY COUNCIL

MISSION STATEMENT

To serve as the governing body for the City of Boulder, providing policy direction and leadership to the city organization.

BUSINESS PLAN NARRATIVE

Through the establishment of Council Goals, the Boulder City Council sets policy and direction.

During the January 2006 City Council Retreat, the Council restructured its committees and approach around the community sustainability concept. This resulted in three Council Committees with corresponding impact tools: 1) Social; 2) Environmental; and 3) Economic. An outcome of the 2007 City Council Mid-Term Retreat was to meet as a Committee of the Whole each month to review Council initiatives using these tools.

The following are the definitions for providing that information:

<u>Economic</u>: Overall economic impacts on the business community which could impact city revenues; promotes a diverse and sustainable economy that supports needs of all segments of the community; may also include intergovernmental relations or issues.

<u>Environmental</u>: Overall impacts based on environmental concerns such as transportation, climate, energy, greenhouse gas emission, recycling; considers balance of renewable and non-renewable resources; may also include intergovernmental relations or issues.

<u>Social</u>: Overall impacts on the needs of diverse communities, e.g. different ethnicities and cultures, abilities, age, income, family demographics, under-represented residents; engages broad segments of community for input; may also include intergovernmental relations or issues.

The current initiatives that council has identified:

- 1. Bicycle Summit
- 2. Executive Sessions
- 3. Upgrading Green Points Program
- 4. Increase City Purchasing of Renewable Energy (Purchase improved pricing through partnerships)
- 5. Small Car Initiative
- 6. Sister City project for Cyber Café in Dushanbe
- 7. Redevelop the Boulder Mobile Manor (BPH project)
- 8. Re-evaluate Floor Area Ratios decision (FAR's)
- 9. Complementary Currency Consideration
- 10. CAP Symposium for press and delegates at 2008 Democratic Convention

11. Baseline Reservoir- work on IGA with Lafayette to improve recreational opportunities

GUIDING PRINCIPLES OR INVESTMENT STRATEGY

- 1.) Essential Services include: Council salary, a portion of administrative support tied to primary Council functions including agenda preparation, costs associated with legal notifications and boards and commissions. All of the above are mandated by Charter or are essential to conduct the business of Council.
- **2.) Desirable Services include:** Administration and Intergovernmental Memberships, includes Council administrative support not directly linked to mandated responsibilities, and membership in the following intergovernmental organizations: DRCOG \$31,000, CML \$69,426 and Metro Mayor's Caucus \$7,120.
- **3.) Discretionary Services include:** Council meals and travel.

OVERVIEW OF ACTION PLAN

Please refer to Attachment B of the 2008-09 Budget Message for a listing of those Action Plan Items that were recommended for funding. The listing is presented in order by fund and department. Please see the section titled "City Council Direction on the Recommended Budget" for any changes from Attachment B.

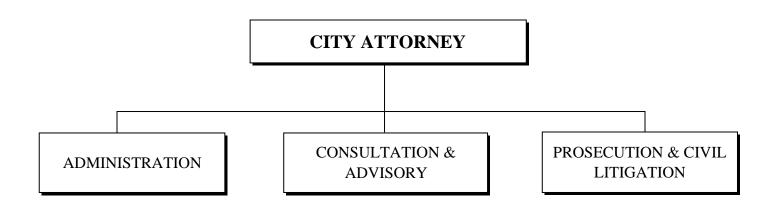
OVERVIEW OF VISION PLAN

To lead a progressive community that fosters quality of life, is a world leader on environmental issues, is economically sustainable, provides equitable housing and is at the forefront of transportation issues while being inclusive of all.

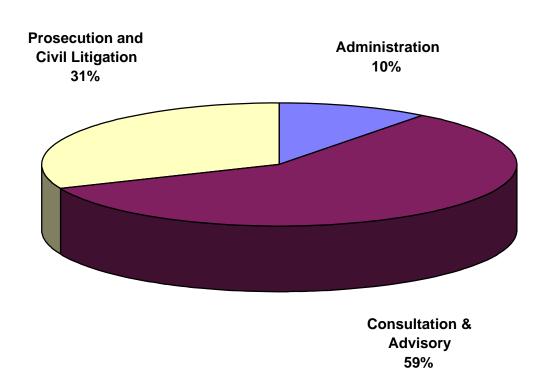
PERFORMANCE MEASURES

	Actual 2006	Target 2007	Target 2008	Target 2009
Number of days to respond to public correspondence when additional response is directed by CAC	95% 1,891 items of correspondence were received this year.	Within 10 days after CAC	Within 10 days after CAC	Within 10 days after CAC

CITY ATTORNEY



2008 BUDGET \$1,819,090



2008-09 BUDGET CITY ATTORNEY

	2006 ACTUAL	2007 APPROVED	2008 APPROVED	2009 PROPOSED
BUDGET BY PROGRAM				
CITY ATTORNEY				
City Attorney	\$ 780	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
Prosecution	-15	0	0	0
	765	0	0	0
ADMINISTRATION				
Administration	170,186	175,457	184,570	189,801
CONSULTATION & ADVISORY	170,186	175,457	184,570	189,801
Consultation & Advisory	920,881	985,157	1,062,078	1,095,973
Consultation & Advisory	920,881	985,157	1,062,078	1,095,973
PROSECUTION AND CIVIL LITIGATION		703,137	1,002,070	1,075,775
Prosecution and Civil Litigation	644,336	632,086	572,442	589,944
	644,336	632,086	572,442	589,944
TOTAL	\$ 1,736,169	\$ 1,792,699	\$ 1,819,090	\$ 1,875,718
BUDGET BY CATEGORY				
Personnel Expenses	\$ 1,532,176	\$ 1,594,975	\$ 1,619,741	\$ 1,672,382
Operating Expenses	188,029	175,494	177,119	180,661
Interdepartmental Charges	15,963	22,230	22,230	22,675
Capital	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	\$ 1,736,169	\$ 1,792,699	\$ 1,819,090	\$ 1,875,718
BUDGET BY FUND				
	\$ 1,736,169	\$ 1,792,699	\$ 1,819,090	\$ 1,875,718
TOTAL	\$ 1,736,169	\$ 1,792,699	\$ 1,819,090	\$1,875,718
AUTHORIZED FTE's				
Standard FTE's	18.75	19.70	18.65	18.65
TOTAL	18.75	19.70	18.65	18.65

2008-09 BUDGET OFFICE OF THE CITY ATTORNEY

MISSION STATEMENT

We work for Boulder to deliver the highest quality municipal legal service. We achieve this by providing responsive, creative, and timely advice. We back our advice with cost-effective litigation services when necessary.

BUSINESS PLAN NARRATIVE

The City Attorney's Office has completed many of the reorganization and adaptation measures identified in the January 2005 "Organizational Review and Management Analysis of the City Attorney's Office." Some of the highlights include:

- Implementing a practice management system. This system increases productivity by reducing the time spent on routine tasks such as document production, time keeping and project tracking;
- Dedicating substantially greater staff resources to the Human Resources Department;
- Introducing a customer service feedback program for our public interactions on claims against the city;
- Emphasizing recovery of compensation for damage to city property (usually as the result of car accidents);
- Continued development of our in-house litigation group.

Training, teaching and staff development continue to be emphasis areas for the office. The CAO's management philosophy is built around the use of life long learning techniques, such as internal teaching and training opportunities, to inspire, retain and develop city attorneys.

GUIDING PRINCIPLES OR INVESTMENT STRATEGY

1) Essential Services

A. Administration:

Supporting legally-required continuing legal education for staff attorneys is essential. File maintenance, timekeeping and reporting, and updating the municipal code is also essential.

B. Advisory Services:

Support for the City Council and the City's advisory boards and commissions is essential, as is compliance with the Colorado Open Records Act, elections law, Council agenda support, bond finance and tax matters, water rights defense, and providing conflict of interest advice. In addition, support for operating

departments is essential when that support is part of their efforts to meet their own essential functions or the City Council's goals.

C. Litigation Services:

The CAO is legally obligated to defend the City in civil litigation and to prosecute criminal matters within the Boulder Municipal Court's jurisdiction.

2) Desirable Services

A. Administration:

Providing intra-departmental coordination and training is desirable.

B. Advisory Services:

Support for operating departments is desirable when that support is part of their efforts to provide desirable services. Other desirable services include legal maintenance of the City's extensive real estate and affordable housing portfolio, providing responsive support to public inquiries, and supporting the City's legislative agenda.

C. Litigation Services:

Providing proactive litigation services to challenge the actions of other persons and entities when those actions are contrary to the City's interests is desirable. Pre-prosecution counseling and informal dispute resolution is also desirable. Work done on behalf of the Office of Environmental Affairs is desirable and includes the city's leadership in the key "global warming" lawsuit, *Friends of the Earth v. Peter Watson* (in the United States District Court for the District of Northern California, Docket No. C 02-4106 JSW, see http://www.climatelawsuit.org), litigation on implementation of Amendment 37 (renewable energy portfolio requirements), and Xcel Energy cases pending before the Colorado Public Utilities Commission.

3) Discretionary Services

A. Administration:

Administrative time reporting to operating departments is discretionary.

B. Advisory Services:

All other advisory services are discretionary.

C. Litigation Services:

All other litigation is discretionary, such as Amicus Curiae (friend of the court) participation in significant cases.

OVERVIEW OF ACTION PLAN

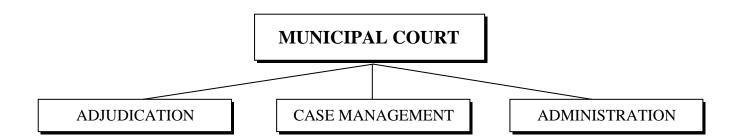
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PERFORMANCE MEASURES

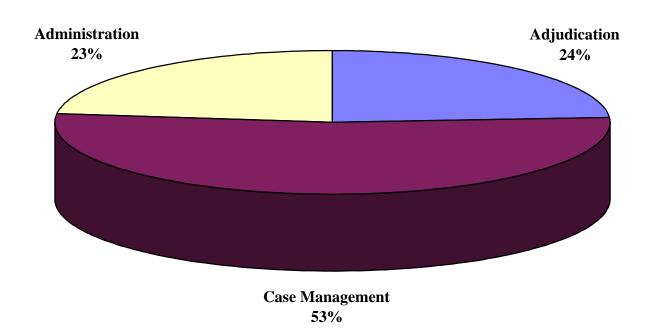
		Actual 2006	Target 2007	Target 2008	Target 2009
1.	Criminal Prosecution: Maintain the number of Municipal Court matters submitted for alternative dispute resolution and restorative justice resolution.	Victim Offender Reconciliation Program (VORP) - 42 Community Mediation Service (CMS) - 63 Colorado University Restorative Justice (CURJ) - 353 ===================================	One hundred thirty formal referrals and continue to work with municipal court to utilize a variety of community-based justice models and agencies.	One hundred thirty formal referrals and continue to work with municipal court to utilize a variety of community-based justice models and agencies.	One hundred thirty formal referrals and continue to work with municipal court to utilize a variety of community-based justice models and agencies.
2.	Risk Management: Continue recent efforts to improve systems and efficiencies regarding claims management.	Sent 44 (100%) survey cards to individual claimants from 51 total claims received. Avg. turn around time = 10 days.	Claims management was transferred to the Finance Department in 2007. This is no longer a City Attorney Performance Measure		

		Actual 2006	Target 2007	Target 2008	Target 2009
3.	Outside Lawyers: Standardize the procedures and oversight mechanism for managing the work performed by outside lawyers.	Sr. paralegal assigned task of contract and invoice review and monitoring of procedural and financial contract compliance.	Institute formal procedures for outside counsel contract review/renewal and actively monitor 100% outside counsel invoices by CAO staff. Provide increased accountability for budgeting outside counsel funds.	Institute formal procedures for outside counsel contract review/renewal and actively monitor 100% outside counsel invoices by CAO staff. Provide increased accountability for budgeting outside counsel funds.	Institute formal procedures for outside counsel contract review/renewal and actively monitor 100% outside counsel invoices by CAO staff. Provide increased accountability for budgeting outside counsel funds.

MUNICIPAL COURT



2008 BUDGET \$1,604,519



2008-09 BUDGET MUNICIPAL COURT

	2006 ACTUAL	2007 APPROVED	2008 APPROVED	2009 PROPOSED
BUDGET BY PROGRAM				
ADJUDICATION				
Adjudication	\$ 305,431	\$ 341,989	\$ 381,681	\$ 393,418
·	305,431	341,989	381,681	393,418
CASE MANAGEMENT				
Traffic/ General/ Animal	210,427	240,476	284,362	293,364
Parking Support	167,002	196,835	220,124	225,991
Photo Enforcement	96,535	192,154	164,544	169,687
Probation Services	163,133	203,306	183,889	189,604
	637,096	832,770	852,920	878,646
ADMINISTRATION	207.251	250.005	2.00.010	201.021
Administration	385,361	350,895	369,919	381,031
	385,361	350,895	369,919	381,031
TOTAL	\$ 1,327,889	\$ 1,525,654	\$ 1,604,519	\$ 1,653,095
TOTAL	\$ <u>1,327,889</u>	5 1,323,034	ş 1,004,319	1,033,093
BUDGET BY CATEGORY				
Personnel Expenses	\$ 1,039,694	\$ 1,248,504	\$ 1,318,866	\$ 1,361,729
Operating Expenses	226,144	252,012	236,836	241,572
Interdepartmental Charges	56,830	25,138	48,817	49,794
Capital	5,221	0	0	0
TOTAL	\$ 1,327,889	\$ 1,525,654	\$ 1,604,519	\$ 1,653,095
BUDGET BY FUND				
General	\$ 1,327,889	\$ 1,525,654	\$ 1,604,519	\$ 1,653,095
TOTAL	\$ 1,327,889	\$1,525,654	\$ 1,604,519	\$ 1,653,095
AUTHORIZED FTE's Standard FTE's	17.00	18.50	18.50	18.50
TOTAL	17.00	18.50	18.50	18.50

2008-09 BUDGET MUNICIPAL COURT

MISSION STATEMENT

The mission of the Boulder Municipal Court is:

- To provide an accessible, efficient, and impartial forum for all participants in cases involving municipal ordinance violations;
- To adjudicate cases consistent with the law, the needs of the individual, and the community's values; and
- To promote public trust in both the justice system and local government.

BUSINESS PLAN NARRATIVE

The Court has continued to manage service demands through significant changes in operations. Cross-training as well as workload assessments remain key activities used to address delivery of services. Responding to routine procedures by capitalizing on technology is also one of the Court's major objectives.

Initial Strategic Planning efforts clearly identified management of parking violations as the most seriously deficient service standard in the department. Much of the focus of the past three years has involved replacing a twenty-four year old parking system with a state-of-the-art, web-based, industry leading software solution. Completed project phases include the ability to make payments and file appeals on-line through e-commerce. The Court has improved this deficient service area and parking activities now meet minimal acceptable service standards.

While the Court has worked very hard to preserve service standards of core functions; resource reductions inevitably have had a negative impact on some aspects of service delivery. The Court has experienced a lower performance in several service areas including accuracy of data entry, and financial/budgetary reporting and analysis. These service standard reductions have been largely invisible to the public.

Over the past four years the Court has been operating at the absolute minimum staffing and funding level necessary to maintain current functions. Court staff is very challenged by the demands inherent in the performance of their increased level of duties. Administrative personnel are also challenged by the increased oversight and audit trails necessary to manage new technologies used to gather revenue such as e-payment and expanded collection interfaces. Department leaders have taken on additional responsibilities with increased workload in an effort to meet the short-term budget limitations. At current staffing levels, there is no room to further increase the obligations of staff or the department's leadership to manage the Court's workload. The result is that administration service standards have decreased and options are being explored internally to attempt to improve the service delivery without adding additional staff.

GUIDING PRINCIPLES OR INVESTMENT STRATEGY

The guiding principles of the Court are:

- Commitment to simplicity in procedure
- Fairness in administration
- Elimination of unjustifiable expense and delay
- Professional development of employees/employee retention
- 1.) Essential Services include activities legally mandated by City Charter and that support adjudication of city ordinances. Judge and support staff roles involve court proceedings including arraignments, trials, and hearings. The Violations Bureau processes traffic, general, animal, and parking violations and collects associated revenue. Probation Services activities include interactions with probationers and monitoring compliance with the integrity of Court orders. Administrative functions encompass financial, project, office management, staff evaluation, and training.
- 2.) Desirable Services include various judicial and probation services activities in alternative sentencing including Restorative Justice and offender education. These activities involve collaboration with the University of Colorado and city Community Mediation Services. Elimination of these partnerships would shift the processing of these cases back to traditional court proceedings and place the activity into our essential services. Additionally, mailing certain parking overdue letters need not occur as often as the Court is currently accomplishing this task. However, the Court believes there is a dual benefit of notifying the public and positive impact to collection efforts that make this activity highly desirable. Lastly, staff attendance at and involvement in various community or inter-departmental meetings are activities which advance desired community values. These meetings include task forces and subcommittees addressing a wide range of subjects such as data sharing, financial security issues, and town-gown relations.
- **3.) Discretionary Services include** judicial community outreach including participation in Citizen Police Academy, school programs, collaboration with other courts, university, and city departments.

OVERVIEW OF ACTION PLAN

Please refer to Attachment B of the 2008-09 Budget Message for a listing of those Action Plan Items that were recommended for funding. The listing is presented in order by fund and department. Please see the section titled "City Council Direction on the Recommended Budget" for any changes from Attachment B.

OVERVIEW OF VISION PLAN

The Municipal Court's vision is to be a leader among all Courts in providing:

- Effective, fair, and responsive justice to all;
- Relevant public outreach and education;
- Non-traditional and/or innovative approaches to adjudication;
- Internal and external customer service that sets the standard for any organization to follow; and
- A positive, inclusive, and respectful environment for all stakeholders.

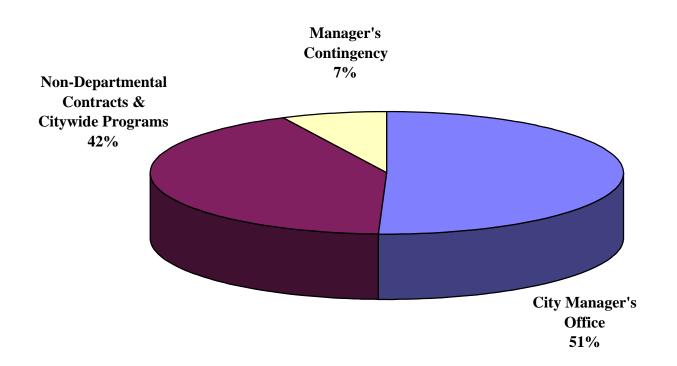
PERFORMANCE MEASURES

		ACTUAL 2006	TARGET 2007	TARGET 2008	TARGET 2009
1.	Median time for length of an arraignment session $(2-2 \frac{1}{2} \text{ hours})$	2 – 2 ½ hours			

CITY MANAGER



2008 BUDGET \$5,395,477



2008-09 BUDGET CITY MANAGER'S OFFICE

	2006 ACTUAL	2007 APPROVED	2008 APPROVED	2009 PROPOSED
BUDGET BY PROGRAM				
CITY MANAGER'S OFFICE				
Administration	\$ 689,652	\$ 759,807	\$ 850,015	\$ 876,548
	689,652	759,807	850,015	876,548
INTERNAL AUDIT				
Internal Audit	128,244	136,119	149,541	154,259
ECONOMIC VITALITY	128,244	136,119	149,541	154,259
Economic VITALITY Economic Vitality Program	374,766	250,000	292,900	0
Urban Redevelopment Program	110,583	111,032	111,032	0
Orban Redevelopment Program	485,349	361,032	403,932	
CITY CLERK / SUPPORT SERVICES	100,019	201,022	.05,752	· ·
City Clerk Administration	227,078	251,537	270,264	278,605
Elections	100,669	82,236	116,020	118,850
Licensing	64,434	65,896	69,580	71,670
Records Management	180,641	206,607	235,284	242,230
Campaign Financing	4,976	43,000	0	46,000
	577,799	649,276	691,148	757,356
COMMUNICATION				
Communication Administration	175,163	170,667	193,553	199,456
Municipal Channel 8	347,883	287,907	318,105	327,357
Neighborhood Services	4,852	40,651	43,901	45,117
University Liaison	63,719 591,618	69,976 569,201	77,609 633,168	80,125 652,055
	391,018	309,201	033,108	052,055
TOTAL	\$ 2,472,662	\$ 2,475,436	\$ 2,727,803	\$ 2,440,218
BUDGET BY CATEGORY	Φ 1.027.026	Φ 1.000.210	ф. 2.125.02 <i>c</i>	d 1.071.602
Personnel Expenses	\$ 1,927,926 467,025	\$ 1,909,310	\$ 2,125,936	\$ 1,971,602
Operating Expenses Interdepartmental Charges	467,025 77,711	461,548 104,577	485,124 116,743	351,781 116,834
Capital	0	0	110,743	110,634
Capitai	U	U	U	O
TOTAL	\$ 2,472,662	\$ 2,475,436	\$ 2,727,803	\$ 2,440,218
BUDGET BY FUND				
General	\$ 2,472,662	\$ 2,475,436	\$ 2,727,803	\$ 2,440,218
	,,	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	, ,,-,,-,	,,-10
TOTAL	\$ 2,472,662	\$ 2,475,436	\$ 2,727,803	\$ 2,440,218
AUTHORIZED FTE's				
Standard FTE's	21.50	21.50	22.50	22.50
TOTAL	21.50	21.50	22.50	22.50

2008-09 BUDGET CITY MANAGER'S OFFICE

MISSION STATEMENT

We provide timely, accurate, accessible information and the administration and execution of policies, representing the City of Boulder with integrity, professionalism and progressive leadership.

- The mission of the City Manager's Office is to provide professional leadership in the administration and execution of policies and objectives formulated by City Council, the development and recommendation of alternative solutions to community problems for Council consideration, the planning and development of new programs to meet future needs of the city, and government through excellent customer service.
- The Policy Advisor's Office provides staff representation and communication on intergovernmental matters, and guidance on cross-departmental city policies, on behalf of the City Council and all city departments, in order to further city goals and advance understandings and mutually beneficial alliances with other governmental organizations.
- Internal Audit provides audit and consulting information and analysis for city of Boulder management to promote effective and efficient operations of city departments and programs, to promote effective management controls, to protect the assets of the city of Boulder, and to ensure the integrity of administration and execution of policies.
- Communication provides information, education and resources to the Boulder community, its stakeholders and city staff and policymakers in an effort to support an open government, build a healthy and informed community, and ensure excellent customer service.
- Boulder Channel 8 provides current and accessible community and government information to viewers so they may participate more fully and effectively in the creation and preservation of Boulder's unique quality of life.
- Support Services/City Clerk's Office provides program administration, excellent customer service, guidance and access to information and resources, and various levels of support for our diverse customers to foster informed, open and participatory government while meeting legal requirements.
- Economic Vitality supports an economic environment of partnership, collaboration, innovation and opportunity with the private sector to achieve a vibrant and healthy economy.

BUSINESS PLAN NARRATIVE

City Manager's Office

The City Manager's Office (CMO) provides an array of services and programs to the organization and the community. The ongoing challenge is to maintain quality customer service as we recover from prior year reductions and the ambitious work plan driven by Council goals and complex initiatives.

As part of recovering and working with the business plan to evaluate services in our fiscally constrained budget, the City Clerk/Support Service Division is undertaking an effort to review its services and explore re-structuring/re-organizing where opportunities to maximize effectiveness present themselves. This effort should be complete by October of 2007.

A direct outcome of utilizing the business plan and prioritizing services has led to reallocation of resources and the ability to restore the Assistant to the City Manager position. The Assistant to the City Manager performs a variety of complex assignments including: policy analysis and recommendations, report preparation and drafting correspondence, project research and coordination, management of Hotline and Council Correspondence. This was a transfer of 1 FTE from Finance in 2007.

The City Manager's Office continues to utilize interns for Economic Vitality, Communication, University Liaison and has extended the program to Channel 8. The internship program continues to be invaluable in that we are able to attract talented resources that address issues/work that we would have otherwise had to discontinue.

Internal Audit

An RFP for Fraud Hotline services has been issued and responded to by five vendors. The Fraud Hotline implementation schedule will depend on a vendor selected, contract completion process, and the availability of personnel to implement the hotline. Once implemented an evaluation will be conducted and any on-going issues will be brought forward in the 2009 budget.

Policy Advisor

Having completed the Washington Elementary School project in 2006, the Policy Advisor's Office was able to increase its service level on intergovernmental policy matters. Beyond providing the usual support for effective city participation with its regional partners, this also included specific intergovernmental policy efforts relating to the proposed multi-modal improvements to the US 36 corridor, exploration of regional revenue sharing possibilities, and analyzing and facilitating consideration of requests made of the city's education excise tax fund. While the Policy Advisor's federal legislative lobbying efforts continue at an appropriate service level standard, insufficient resources dedicated toward lobbying at the state legislature continue to account for below service level standards of representation for the city on state legislative matters. This resource deficiency is significantly less problematic during the eight-month

period when the state legislature is not in session and when only limited demands are placed on the Policy Advisor by interim committee work and proactive planning for the next session.

Economic Vitality

The city of Boulder established its Economic Vitality Program in 2003 to reinforce the importance of economic health to our overall quality of life and to demonstrate the city's support of business and economic development. Funding was approved for five years from the Boulder Urban Renewal Authority (BURA) Bond reserves and a base budget of \$250,000 per year for five years was established (with carry over of unused funds each year) *continuing until the end of 2007*. In 2005, the City of Boulder teamed with the Boulder Economic Council and brought forth the Economic Vitality work plan. In 2006 a Business Liaison intern were hired, and a Business Incentive pilot program was implemented.

Over the past few years, the Economic Vitality program has evolved from an account with funds for economic development related needs to an active and visible city program with staff providing customized services to Boulder businesses, ranging from small businesses, to local start ups, to larger companies. Proactive city efforts include a business retention and expansion program, community outreach, and "troubleshooting" assistance with city-related issues. All efforts have received positive feedback from the business community indicating that this is a useful and needed program that is essential to the city's sustainability. Economic Vitality staff is scheduled to update Council at its August 14, 2007 study session on the status of the Economic Vitality Work Program and the business incentives pilot program.

Just as the Economic Vitality Program begins to take shape and gain momentum, the original funding is expiring. On-going funding for this effort is critical in order to grow revenues essential to funding basic and enhanced city services. It is projected that there will be a fund balance of \$542,478 at the end of 2007. This fund balance, if authorized by Council, will extend the program through 2008. Ongoing economic vitality funding past 2008 would require City Council approval of a general fund source in the 2009 budget.

Communication

The Communication division has absorbed the reduction of a Director of Communication, a .5 FTE administrative assistant and three FTE's at Channel 8. In light of this, the Communication team seeks to provide openness, accuracy, consistency and accessibility of local government information, resources and relationships. Key projects this group has been involved with in the last year include: South Platte wells, community dialogue, alcohol issues, diversity issues, CMO internship program, emergency preparedness, crisis communication, prairie dog issues, economic vitality, public meeting notification, West Nile Virus, and ongoing efforts to provide neighborhood services, media relations, communication resources, Channel 8 programming and university relations. The continually growing list of high profile city issues, such as the ones listed

above requiring strategic and coordinated communication to the public, presents an ever growing challenge to an understaffed Communication division.

With limited resources and an ever-changing media landscape, the CMO communication team has used creativity and ingenuity to increase opportunities for getting out the city's messages. By using existing formats and re-engineering current tools using the city's Web site, Municipal Channel 8 and the local media, city departments have been able to send their messages about their programs consistently, frequently and effectively. Examples of this include upgrading Channel 8's Update Boulder program to include interviews with City Council; using the city's weekly News Briefs to create Channel 8's What's Happening Boulder program and to enhance the city's electronic bulletin board on Channel 8; hiring non-paid interns to track media coverage, work on special research projects (including researching community newsletters across the Front Range), and assist in producing some of the Channel 8 programs as listed above; and working more closely with local reporters (through twice-monthly Manager Media Meetings) and public information staff (through monthly or quarterly meetings between PIOs) across the organization to create communication plans and strategies in a more proactive, less reactive way. The ability to provide more direct city-to-resident communication through webstreaming, podcasting, print and television will be limited by the corresponding staff increase necessary to accomplish this.

Licensing

The Licensing Clerk, in addition to day-to-day operations, continues to work with the various committees on the on-going effort to support Council Resolution No. 960. With one full year of the implementation of the new Beverages Licensing Authority (BLA) rules and the information sharing effort between departments, the work of the liquor licensing office increased approximately 18 percent with no additional funding or increase in FTE.

The increase is directly related to an increase in the number of applications and the changes brought forward by the new BLA rules. Overall, the rules call for a higher level of investigation and information sharing when preparing New, Transfer, Change-Alter-Modification and Renewals for approval.

Following are examples of volume and time demand to administer liquor licensing: In 2000 there were 8 new licenses, in 2006 that number increased to 20. In 2000, the estimated time to handle a new application over a three month timeline was 20 hours. In 2006, this increased to 27 hours due to the additional investigation detail that is now presented to the BLA to consider when approving or denying a license. In 2000, the licensing office handled a total of 31 applications; 19 Show Cause Hearings and 0 Renewal Hearings. In 2006, this increased to 32 applications, 25 Show Cause Hearings and 11 Renewal Hearings or a 26% increase in volume. In 2000, this office handled 33 Special Event Liquor licenses; this increased to 51 in 2006 and continues to grow in 2007.

Elections

The cost of elections continues to grow as a direct outcome of the requirements outlined in the Help America Vote Act (HAVA). Our election costs have doubled in the last year as HAVA requires additional levels of outreach to voters and improved security provisions.

Even with the progress we have made there are still areas that continue to be impacted by the reductions from previous years. The organization has managed to address as much as it can by strategic planning, leveraging technology and reallocating resources in the context of the business of the day with marginal decrease in service standards. At this time any additional funding in operating goes to the growing cost to provide service at the current level vs. being able to apply it to improving service standards.

GUIDING PRINCIPLES OR INVESTMENT STRATEGY

In support of our community, open government and the city of Boulder municipal organization with progressive leadership.

The City Manager's Prioritization is as follows:

- 1.) City Administration (Essential): Management and administration to the municipal organization and support to City Council, as well as items mandated by local charter or state and federal law. These include the City Manager, Primary City Clerk responsibilities, Elections, Records Management, and Liquor and miscellaneous licensing.
- 2.) Administration & Programs (Desirable): Whereas these services are not essential to the safety, health and welfare of the city, they are highly desirable in the underlying value that they bring to the community, indirect cost savings to the organization and effectiveness of the City Manager. These include Deputy City Managers, City Manager Support, Policy Advisor, Communication, Municipal Channel 8, Internal Audit and Economic Vitality.
- **3.**) Additional Administration (Discretionary): This area includes additional administration that is not tied to charter or local and state law. This area of the budget has sustained a 100 percent reduction.

OVERVIEW OF ACTION PLAN

Please refer to Attachment B of the 2008-09 Budget Message for a listing of those Action Plan Items that were recommended for funding. The listing is presented in order by fund and department. Please see the section titled "City Council Direction on the Recommended Budget" for any changes from Attachment B.

OVERVIEW OF VISION PLAN

Policy Advisor:

The Policy Advisor is the city's primary staff resource for outstanding representation and communication on intergovernmental matters, and guidance on cross-departmental polices.

The action steps necessary in order to achieve this vision are as follows:

- Identifying options for regular administrative support for correspondence, meeting planning, Website updates, editing and document production. Formalize roles and expectations.
- Restructuring federal lobbying contracts to increase departmental commitments and intergovernmental partnerships, thus potentially lowering contract costs to the city and increasing overall financial return to the city.
- Increasing resources devoted to state lobbying efforts as deemed necessary.
 Options to consider include contracting with full-time lobbyist and/or hiring an intern to assist with the legislative monitoring and reporting during the legislative session.

Internal Audit:

Provide world-class internal audit and consulting services to city of Boulder management in support of achieving City Council Goals. This is accomplished by implementing best practices appropriate for small audit shops (one to three auditors) described in the most recent National Association of Local Government Auditors Benchmarking and Best Practices Survey.

These Best Practices include:

- Audit Committee reviews audit work plan, and strongly supports early involvement of the audit department.
- Audit department has developed a marketing product (in our case Audit Report Summary), which encourages management to see audit as an advisor/consultant and supports the audit mission.
- Audit asks customers to value audit after engagement completed.
- Audit response action items date logged and tracked and non-compliance reported to Audit Committee.
- Audit Committee / Senior Management actively supports the audit resolution process and takes corrective action in a reasonable period of time.
- Audits focus on business process (economy and efficiency and effectiveness) in addition to management controls.
- Audit Department educates/facilitates/equips operating department for self-assessment of organizational risks.
- Use computer-assisted audit techniques and tools to assist in audit analysis and testing.

• Provide a hotline for employees to report suspected fraud, waste and abuse for independent analysis by Internal Audit.

Communication:

The city's Communication team seeks to provide openness, accuracy and accessibility to local government information, resources and relationships by employing skilled and experienced professionals; fostering a work environment of empowerment, authority and balance; and encouraging personal and professional growth, collaborative approaches to projects, and clear, concise and truthful communication with each other and the public. To provide this, the city's Communication team needs to be fully-staffed, fully-funded and fully-supported.

This could be best accomplished by:

- The transfer of Neighborhood services to the city's community sustainability effort
- Shifting in resources to provide outreach to underserved, under participating groups in the community
- Increasing staffing to provide additional outreach, communications tools and programming
- Funding for Channel 8 operating so efforts can return inward to provide unfiltered government message.

Boulder Municipal Channel 8:

The Boulder Channel 8 vision provides world-class, timely information with a unified voice of the city organization to the people of Boulder, city of Boulder employees and to anyone in the world with an interest in Boulder. This information will accurately portray and reflect city goals such as affordable housing, community sustainability, and retention and expansion of business investment and opportunities in Boulder.

This could be best accomplished by:

- Incorporating evolving broadcasting technologies such as wireless technology.
- Staffing and funding to meet current and expanding programming requests.
- Capability to broadcast from the Emergency Operations Center.

Support Services/City Clerk's Office:

The city of Boulder Support Services/City Clerk's Office is a national model of municipal government that encourages active public involvement and is responsive to the needs of its diverse citizens.

The actions to achieve this vision are as follows:

- The transparent and accessible conduct of elections and Campaign Finance Reform.
- Thorough administration and equitable support in Licensing while meeting all legal requirements.
- The provision of comprehensive historic and current records accessible to all.
- Providing excellence to the Boulder City Council and community through timely
 provision of information in a transparent way, always meeting the current council
 needs and exceeding standards for customer service by prompt, professional and
 respectful interaction with all our customers

PERFORMANCE MEASURES

		Actual 2006	Target 2007	Target 2008	Target 2008
1.	Provide 24 hour response to records requests with a 3 day turn around for information with the exception being extremely large research requests	98% There were 1058 requests with 17 that were extensive open records requests	95%	95%	95%
2.	Number of days to respond to public correspondence when additional response is directed by CAC (*See Note below)	95% 1891 items of correspondence were received this year	Within 10 days after CAC	Within 10 days after CAC	Within 10 days after CAC
3.	To provide better monitoring of "Hotline" communications, we will establish a standard turnaround time for "Hotline" replies.	Handled 172 Hotlines 62.5% of the questions requiring a response received a reply within five working days.	80 percent of "Hotline" questions requiring a response receive replies within five working days	80 percent of "Hotline" questions requiring a response receive replies within five working days	80 percent of "Hotline" questions requiring a response receive replies within five working days

^(*) Performance Measure No. 2 is cross-referenced here (Council's Performance Measure), as it is CMO/Support Services that administers this measure and provides this service.

2008-09 BUDGET MANAGER'S CONTINGENCY

	2006 2007		2008	2009
	ACTUAL APPROVED		APPROVED	PROPOSED
BUDGET BY PROGRAM				
Extraordinary Personnel Utility Contingency Manager's Contingency TOTAL	\$ 21,733	\$ 115,260	\$ 117,565	\$ 121,386
	0	250,000	145,000	147,900
	20,785	115,260	127,565	130,116
	\$ 42,518	\$ 480,520	\$ 390,130	\$ 399,402
BUDGET BY CATEGORY Personnel Expenses Operating Expenses Interdepartmental Charges TOTAL	\$ 21,733	\$ 115,260	\$ 117,565	\$ 121,386
	20,785	365,260	272,565	278,016
	0	0	0	0
	\$ 42,518	\$ 480,520	\$ 390,130	\$ 399,402
BUDGET BY FUND General TOTAL	\$ 42,518	\$ 480,520	\$ 390,130	\$ 399,402
	\$ 42,518	\$ 480,520	\$ 390,130	\$ 399,402
AUTHORIZED FTE's Standard FTE's TOTAL	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

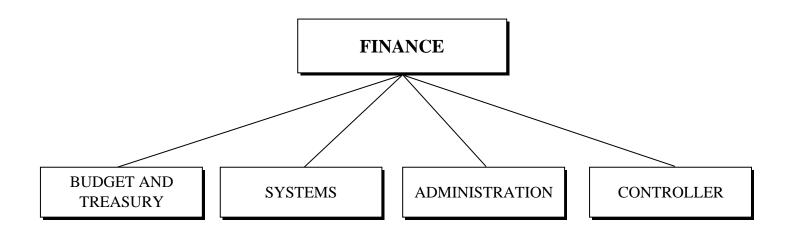
2008-09 BUDGET NON-DEPARTMENTAL CONTRACTS AND CITYWIDE PROGRAMS

		2006 ACTUAL		2007 APPROVED		2008 APPROVED		2009 PROPOSED	
BUDGET BY PROGRAM									
NON-DEPARTMENTAL CONTRACTS									
Convention & Visitors Bureau	\$	621,091	\$	642,000	\$	693,455	\$	707,324	
Museum of History		22,246		22,692		23,146		23,609	
Chamber of Commerce		8,130		8,174		8,337		8,504	
Negotiations Support		0		44,592		45,484		46,394	
Humane Society Building Loan		114,063		114,474		114,474		116,763	
Downtown Boulder Improvement District		247,753		0		0		0	
Federal Legislative Consultant		60,490		61,812		42,648		43,501	
Boulder Television	_	134,493	_	150,000	_	70,000		0	
		1,208,266		1,043,744		997,544		946,095	
CITYWIDE PROGRAMS									
West Nile Virus Program		210,865		300,000		300,000		306,000	
Community Sustainability Plan		9,938		74,000		0		0	
Washington School		37,424		0		0		0	
Public Power Project		90,845		0		0		0	
Wildlife Management Plan		300		0		0		0	
Ç	_	349,372		374,000	_	300,000		306,000	
CONTINGENCY- 2008 ONE-TIME ALLOCATIONS									
Contingency- 2008 One-time Allocations *		0		0		980,000		0	
		0		0		980,000		0	
TOTAL	\$_	1,557,638	\$	1,417,744	\$	2,277,544	\$	1,252,095	
Personnel Expenses	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	
Operating Expenses	Ψ	1,557,638	Ψ	1,417,744	Ψ	2,277,544	Ψ	1,252,095	
Interdepartmental Charges		0		0		0		0	
TOTAL	ς-	1,557,638	\$	1,417,744	\$	2,277,544	φ	1,252,095	
TOTAL	Ψ=	1,337,036	Φ=	1,417,744	Φ=	2,211,344	Ψ	1,232,093	
BUDGET BY FUND									
General	\$	1,557,638	\$	1,417,744	\$	2,277,544	\$	1,252,095	
TOTAL	\$	1,557,638	\$	1,417,744	\$-	2,277,544	\$ <u> </u>	1,252,095	
	~ =	2,557,050	*=	-, / , / 1 /	~=	_,_,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	~ =	1,202,070	
AUTHODIZED ETE!									
		0.00		0.00		0.00		0.00	
AUTHORIZED FTE's Standard FTE's TOTAL	_	0.00	_	0.00		0.00	_	0.00	

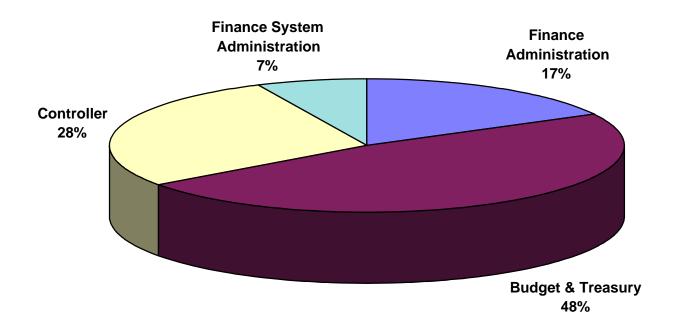
NOTES:

^{*} As described in the section of this document titled "City Council Direction on the Recommended Budget", a cascading funding approach has been implemented as part of the approved 2008 budget to provide funding for both the Boulder Mobile Manor project and the Economic Vitality program. As a result, \$980,000 in one-time funding allocations for the General Fund are being held in a contingency until 2007 year-end results have been finalized and these two programs have received their targeted funding allocations. Please note that \$110,000 of the \$980,000 was generated as a result of delaying the rate increase for Workers Compensation; this amount will be allocated to the Boulder Mobile Major project (as described in step #2 of the "cascading" funding approach).

FINANCE



2008 BUDGET \$2,500,655



The citywide Risk Management function is also managed in the Finance Department. Funding for this program is provided by two Internal Service Funds; the Property & Casualty Insurance Fund and the Workers Compensation Insurance Fund. Funding for this program totals \$3,176,972 and includes 4.00 of the positions in the Finance Department.

2008-09 BUDGET FINANCE

	2006 ACTUAL			2009 PROPOSED	
BUDGET BY PROGRAM					
FINANCE ADMINISTRATION					
Finance Administration	\$ 448,513 448,513	\$ 461,519 461,519	\$ 429,982 429,982	\$ 441,973 441,973	
BUDGET & TREASURY	110,313	101,317	.23,502	111,273	
Budget	196,850	288,051	305,243	314,887	
Treasury	213,385	252,831	277,527	285,904	
Sales Tax	516,064	513,189	614,358	634,091	
Support Services	36,590	0	0	0	
	962,889	1,054,071	1,197,128	1,234,882	
CONTROLLER					
Financial Operations	229,970	299,756	309,395	319,347	
Payroll/Mail	356,130	366,277	136,640	140,899	
Financial Reporting	306,983	244,244 910,277	256,598 702,633	264,237	
FINANCE SYSTEM ADMINISTRATION	893,083	910,277	702,033	724,483	
Finance System Administration	143,470	158,704	170,912	176,441	
Timalice System Administration	143,470	158,704	170,912	176,441	
	113,170	130,701	170,512	170,111	
TOTAL	\$ 2,447,954	\$ 2,584,572	\$ 2,500,655	\$ 2,577,779	
Personnel Expenses Operating Expenses Interdepartmental Charges Capital TOTAL	\$ 1,969,231 394,497 84,226 0 \$ 2,447,954	\$ 2,182,718 354,730 36,924 10,200 \$ 2,584,572	\$ 2,168,818 285,709 35,725 10,404 \$ 2,500,655	\$ 2,239,304 291,423 36,439 10,612 \$ 2,577,779	
BUDGET BY FUND General TOTAL	\$ 2,447,954 \$ 2,447,954	\$ 2,584,572 \$ 2,584,572	\$ 2,500,655 \$ 2,500,655	\$ 2,577,779 \$ 2,577,779	
AUTHORIZED FTE's	27.25	29.97	20.27	20.27	
Standard FTE's TOTAL	27.25 27.25	28.87 28.87	29.37 29.37	29.37 29.37	
IOIAL		20.01	27.31	27.31	

2008-09 BUDGET FINANCE DEPARTMENT

MISSION STATEMENT

The mission of the Finance Department is to provide responsive, professional and ethical administrative and fiscal services to meet the needs of the public, the city council, and all departments of the city. We value and maintain business practices that further the City's goals for sustainability.

Specific services provided by the Finance Department include: long-range financial planning and budgeting, accounting/auditing, financial reporting, risk management, accounts payable, accounts receivable, investment and cash management, debt issuance and management, purchasing, assessments, revenue collection, tax enforcement, and financial analyses.

BUSINESS PLAN NARRATIVE

The Finance Department provides central financial services necessary for the financial operations of the city of Boulder. We provide these services for all departments in the city while also carrying out specific responsibilities assigned in the City Charter and state or federal laws. The Finance Department has a history of minimizing discretionary costs while meeting legal requirements. Over the years, processes have been modified and new computer systems implemented to add efficiency both within the Finance Department and for users in the other city departments.

Beginning with the 2006 budget, the business plan was used to categorize and prioritize services. As a result, it became apparent that some of the essential and all of the desirable services in the department were bordering on inadequate. To address this, it was determined that all remaining discretionary services should be eliminated and the resources should be reallocated to essential and desirable services. As a result, essential and desirable services now meet standards. For example, resources in Finance were reallocated to provide support for the old hire fire and police pension programs, the debt management programs, staffing of the governmental accounting functions, staffing of long-range financial planning, additional quantitative and qualitative analysis, and improving the operations area of the department.

During 2007, an organizational evaluation resulted in a restructuring of the citywide payroll and risk management functions. The payroll function was transferred to the Human Resources Department from Finance in order to provide a better alignment of all employment services. All aspects of the citywide Risk Management function were consolidated in the Finance Department to provide a more comprehensive and coordinated approach. This included reclassifying a vacant position to hire the city's first Risk Manager who is responsible for coordinating a variety of programs for all city departments including insurance administration, liability and risk mitigation, workers' compensation, property and casualty administration, safety training, Americans with

Disabilities Act (ADA), loss prevention programs and the employee wellness program. The risk management division also has responsibility for the day to day management of both the property and casualty and worker's compensation funds.

GUIDING PRINCIPLES AND/OR INVESTMENT STRATEGY

- 1.) Essential Services include those financial/budgetary functions that are legally mandated by federal or state law, City Charter or generally accepted accounting requirements for governmental agencies. Specifically, this service category reflects those processes which ensure the sound fiscal management of the municipal organization, such as strategic planning and budgeting, debt issuance and management, financial reporting and accounting, purchasing, assessments, treasury management, and collections. These programs represent 92% of the appropriation and 87% of the staffing in the general fund portion of Finance.
- **2.) Desirable Services** reflect services that provide positive interaction with the public, efficient and effective business practices, provide financial information so departments can make sound fiscal decisions, enhance internal customer service, increase citywide efficiency and effectiveness, or generate cost savings due to centralization. Services in this category include Property and Casualty Insurance Fund Management, financial inquiry and query reporting, the information center in the municipal building, and central mail services. This category currently represents 8% of the appropriations and 13% of the staff in general fund portion of Finance.
- **3.) Discretionary Services** on an ongoing basis have been eliminated in Finance. Resources were consolidated and transferred to meet acceptable service levels in the essential and desirable programs of the department. Project work that is requested that falls into this category is accomplished by either assigning finance staff members on an ad hoc basis or asking the requesting department to outsource the project.

OVERVIEW OF ACTION PLAN

The Finance Department is in the process of developing a Strategic Plan which is projected to be completed by the end of 2007 or early in 2008. In the interim, the Action Plan includes those immediate needs that are above the personnel and nonpersonnel expense (NPE) increase for the 2007-2012 budget planning period. This includes one-time expenses to overfill for the Accounting Manager's position since she will be retiring at the end of 2008. This is a crucial position and will allow time for adequate training and succession planning. The Finance Department has recommended that an additional sales/use tax auditor be hired in 2008 in order to meet standard practices for a municipality the same size as the City of Boulder.

Please refer to Attachment B of the 2008-09 Budget Message for a listing of those Action Plan Items that were recommended for funding. The listing is presented in order by fund and department. Please see the section titled "City Council Direction on the Recommended Budget" for any changes from Attachment B.

OVERVIEW OF VISION PLAN

The vision for the department is to be the best Finance Department in the state of Colorado. This will be based on the implementation of a set of "the best of the best practices" as defined by local, state and national authorities that focus on public financial organizations. The identification of these "best practices" will take place over the next two years as the department completes and begins implementation of its strategic plan.

PERFORMANCE MEASURES

		Actual 2006	Target 2007	Target 2008	Target 2009
1.	Annual attainment of Government Finance Officers Association award for excellence in financial reporting.	Award was received	Award is received	Award is received	Award is received
2.	Annual attainment of Government Finance Officers Association award for excellence in budgeting.	Award was received for budget years 2006-07	Award is received	Award is received	Award is received
3.	Achievement of a rate earnings on city investments that exceeds (on an amortized basis) the six month trailing average US Govt. 2 yr. Treasury Note rate.	Actual rate of return was 4.71%, which was less than the six month trailing average rate of 4.75%	Actual rate exceeds 2 year Treasury Note rate	Actual rate exceeds 2 year Treasury Note rate	Actual rate exceeds 2 year Treasury Note rate

	Actual 2006	Target 2007	Target 2008	Target 2009
4. Achievement of reserves, which include minimum fund balance of 5% of operating expenses (excluding grants, internal service, and special revenue funds) in all city funds. *	Target reserve balances were achieved for all funds but the Workers Compensation Ins. Fund; recommended rate increases in this fund will bring it into compliance by 2008	Target reserve balances are achieved.	Target reserve balances are achieved.	Target reserve balances are achieved.

^{*} Depending upon perceived risk, certain funds may be required to maintain fund balances higher than 5%.

Performance measure number three indicates that the target was missed for 2006 by .04%. The following discussion helps to put investment performance into perspective.

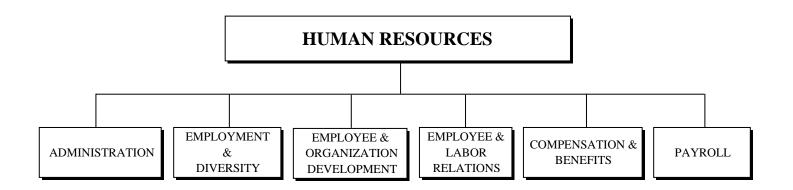
With every meeting from June 2004 to June 2006, the Federal Open Market Committee of the Federal Reserve Board raised interest rates, eventually going from 1.0% to 5.25%.

As interest rates rise, the market value of a fixed rate bond decreases. Investors will pay less for bonds with lower interest rates than they would for bonds with higher interest rates. This loss in value of fixed rate bonds is called an unrealized loss and it only becomes a real loss if the bonds are sold before maturity. As a bond moves closer to maturity, the difference in the lower interest earned on the bond compared to the interest earned at new higher rates decreases and the unrealized loss on the bond decreases.

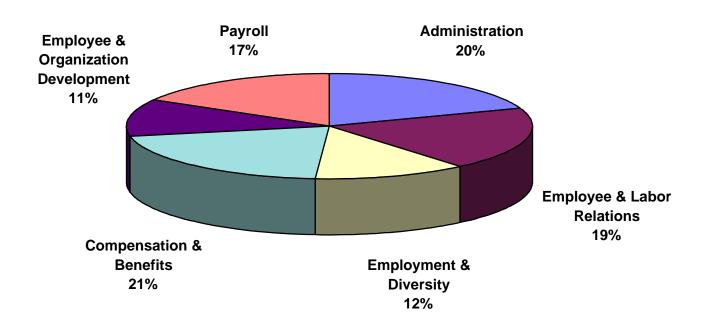
As a general investment practice, the city holds its bonds until maturity. However, under accounting requirements, the yield on the city's portfolio assumes that the bonds will be sold at the current market values instead of held until maturity, resulting in the unrealized loss being recognized as a reduction in the interest earnings.

The result of all of this is that the effective yield of a fixed income portfolio will trail the market rates when interest rates are rising. As noted above, with no interest rate increases by the Federal Reserve Board since June 2006, the yield on the city's portfolio is recovering, only missing the target by .04% on December 31, 2006.

HUMAN RESOURCES



2008 BUDGET \$1,627,330



2008-09 BUDGET HUMAN RESOURCES

		2006 2007 ACTUAL APPROVED		2008 APPROVED		2009 PROPOSED		
BUDGET BY PROGRAM								
Administration Employee Relations & Org Effectiveness Employment & Diversity Compensation & Benefits Employee & Labor Relations Employee & Organization Development Payroll TOTAL	\$ * <u>=</u>	456,521 217,471 107,601 291,608 18,176 131,437 0 1,222,815	\$ 	303,350 0 203,362 329,046 306,657 153,333 0 1,295,749	\$	315,622 0 202,559 337,462 315,416 184,267 272,003 1,627,330	\$ \$	325,056 0 208,896 346,589 325,568 189,919 280,458 1,676,486
BUDGET BY CATEGORY Personnel Expenses Operating Expenses Interdepartmental Charges	\$	982,313 219,787 20,714	\$	1,027,286 248,863 19,600	\$	1,328,765 276,023 22,542	\$	1,371,950 281,543 22,993
TOTAL	\$_	1,222,815	\$	1,295,749	\$	1,627,330	\$_	1,676,486
BUDGET BY FUND General	\$ _	1,222,815	\$	1,295,749	\$	1,627,330	\$	1,676,486
TOTAL	\$=	1,222,815	\$	1,295,749	\$	1,627,330	\$_	1,676,486
AUTHORIZED FTE's Standard FTE's		14.25		14.63		16.38		16.38
TOTAL	_	14.25		14.63		16.38		16.38

2008-09 BUDGET HUMAN RESOURCES DEPARTMENT

MISSION STATEMENT

Our mission simply put is "Caring Accountability". Human Resources traditional mission is to recruit and retain talent for the organization. Our purpose is two-fold:

- As enforcers, we provide a safe working environment for employees and protect the City from liability.
- As coaches and trainers, we provide tools to the workforce for accomplishing their goals.

BUSINESS PLAN NARRATIVE

Since the inception of the business plan, our focus has been on rebuilding the department, which has included assessing customer needs, improving efficiencies and ensuring the department has employees who are aligned with department values and trained to deliver needed services. For example, in 2006 work re-design resulted in service level improvements in the areas of compliance and our compensation philosophy.

In 2007 we experienced a lot of change through turnover and the movement of Workers' Compensation to the Finance department and the shift of Payroll from Finance to Human Resources. We took advantage of these changes and saw them as an opportunity to do some internal work re-design and training. Once the department is fully staffed and experiences a full year with the job re-design, we anticipate service levels to increase in additional areas.

Diversity became a Council and City Manager focus in 2007 with a commitment to begin diversity training for all employees. As a result, a city-wide employee Diversity Planning Group was created and a Leadership Conference for all managers was held. In coordination with these efforts and supporting the City Manager's commitment to diversity, we have added an area to the Business Plan on diversity training and oversight to the city-wide diversity plan.

As we updated our Action Plan, we referred to our guiding principles to determine priorities among the programs and services. Our top 1% priorities, both essential services, are based on retaining and developing operational knowledge.

GUIDING PRINCIPLES OR INVESTMENT STRATEGY

- 1.) **Essential Services include** those that are required by law as well as those services relative to compensation and benefits that help us maintain our competitive place in the market as an employer. Examples include:
 - a. Complying with the Family & Medical Leave Act of 1993, which includes notifying employees of their rights to take leave as well as administering the leave.

- b. Developing policies that help provide a safe working environment for employees and protect the City from liability.
- 2.) **Desirable Services include** those that improve our competitive place in the market and those that help us to be more efficient. Examples include:
 - a. Ecopasses for employees are a competitive benefit that provides a more economic means of commuting, fits in with the Boulder mission and also prevents congestion and additional construction for parking.
 - b. A training program helps us work and manage more efficiently. Sharing policies, standards and templates, not only results in consistency, but also time savings.
- 3.) **Discretionary Services include** those that help us to be a "best practices" employer. Examples include:
 - a. Having a leadership course that brings public sector and private sector employers together to solve regional issues.
 - b. Creatively designing incentive pay as a way to continue to show employees' value while controlling costs.

OVERVIEW OF ACTION PLAN

Please refer to Attachment B of the 2008-09 Budget Message for a listing of those Action Plan Items that were recommended for funding. The listing is presented in order by fund and department. Please see the section titled "City Council Direction on the Recommended Budget" for any changes from Attachment B.

OVERVIEW OF VISION PLAN

The HR Department's vision is to be a World Class HR Department. We are in the process of continuing development of a Strategic Plan.

The types of services, programs, benefits and pay we provide to employees is indicative of the type of culture we have. As we strive to maintain Boulder's status as one of the great cities, the employee characteristics of the culture that will support this goal include high performing, service-oriented, partnership, proactive, forward and big-picture thinking.

We want to model and support that culture in our behavior and the types of service we provide.

A World Class HR department consists of valued strategic partners who:

- have simplified and standardized processes,
- are innovators in the field,
- provide just-in-time high quality service and
- meet cost/effectiveness metrics

There are many metrics that can be used to determine HR's value to the organization. The ones we will focus on in our Vision Plan include:

- Turnover ratio
- Absenteeism
- Retention and Succession Plans for at risk talent

As the culture and the work evolve, we will review the metrics and shift to ones appropriate for the culture at that time.

In 2007, as part of our strategic planning process, we met with our customers. In these meetings we reviewed their department's business plan and identified services HR could provide that are critical for their future success. As a result, we developed a multi-year work plan that included some of these items, i.e. succession planning, a compensation system review, ongoing benefits modernization, and expanding the leadership academy.

We will continue to partner with our customers as we develop the services and/or tools to meet their needs.

PERFORMANCE MEASURES

	Goal:			
1. Compliance/mgmt training Protect city liability: Consolidate and update city policies. Conduct all regulatory-driven training.	Revise/update/ consolidate 20% of the policies. Complete Sexual Harassment training for the Police Department by Summer 2006 and conduct make-up sessions for those that missed the initial round of Sexual Harassment and FMLA training. Conduct New Supervisor training in Summer/Fall 2006. Finish Policy Review training for all managers.	Goal: Revise/update/ consolidate 20% of the policies. Complete required training to be identified year end 2006.	Goal: Revise/update/ consolidate 20% of the policies. Complete required training to be identified year end 2007.	Goal: Revise/update/ consolidate 20% of the policies. Complete required training to be identified year end 2008.

Actual	Target	Target	Target
2006	2007	2008	2009

Compliance/mgmt training (cont'd)

Protect city liability: Consolidate and update city policies. Conduct all regulatory-driven training.

Results: Six policies updated, began revisions on three policies and created three new policies. A committee of department heads was formed to review the recommendations of an employee committee for updates/drafts for up to 10 leave policies. Sexual Harassment training for the Police and Fire Departments was completed 8/2006 and one make-up session for other city employees in 12/2006. FMLA training took place 11/2006. Conducted New Supervisor training in the Fall of 2006. Two Policy Review make up sessions were conducted.

2.	Performance
	Management

Focus on performance: improve the timeliness of reviews. 100% within 30 days of due date. Applying accountability measures and establishing standards.

Actual 2006

Goal: 85% will be within 30 days of due date.

Results: 741 reviews were completed within 30 days of due date or 58% (1282 employees).

Director "norming" conversations now held twice a year.

The transition to an on-line form is final on July 1, 2007.

Target 2007

Goal: 100% will be within 30 days of due date. 100% of performance plans and evaluations will be online.

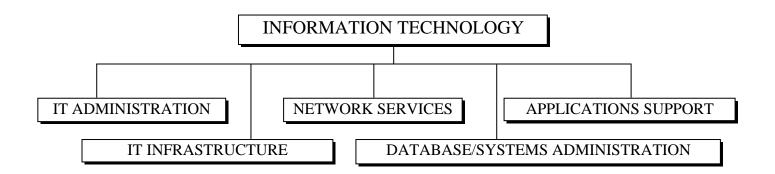
Target 2008

Goal: Apply Goal: accountability Establishing measures to standards for what is ensure timeliness of considered reviews -Exceptional, Competent 100% within 30 days of due and Needs date. Improvement All managers and will complete ensuring the performance consistent management application of training. these standards throughout the organization.

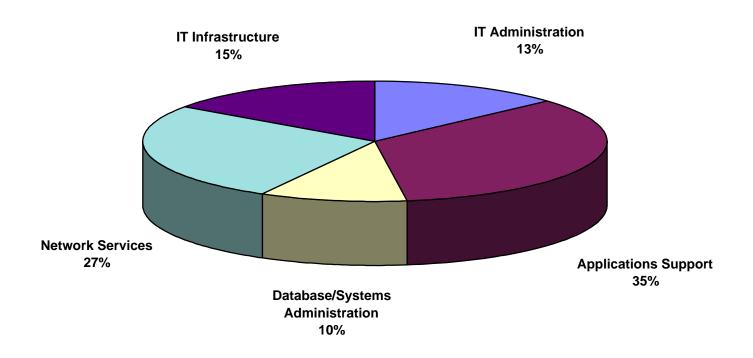
Target

2009

INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY



2008 BUDGET \$4,658,806



The city phone system and the citywide replacement programs are also managed in Information Technology. Funding for these programs are provided by two Internal Service Funds; the Telecommunications Fund and the Computer Replacement Fund. Funding for these programs total \$3,188,504 and includes 2.50 of the positions in Information Technology.

2008-09 BUDGET INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY

	2006 2007 2008 ACTUAL APPROVED APPROVED		2009 PROPOSED	
BUDGET BY PROGRAM				
IT ADMINISTRATION Administration - IT TOTAL	\$ <u>354,858</u>	\$ 637,390	\$ 620,275	\$ 636,567
	354,858	637,390	620,275	636,567
IT APPLICATIONS Applications Support Public Safety Applications TOTAL	1,516,509	1,502,304	1,607,092	1,655,888
	149,120	0	0	0
	1,665,629	1,502,304	1,607,092	1,655,888
DATABASE/SYSTEM ADMINISTRATION Operations/System Administration TOTAL	383,005	425,414	471,437	485,777
	383,005	425,414	471,437	485,777
IT MICROCOMPUTER SUPPORT Microcomputer/LAN Support TOTAL	1,346,614	1,237,810	1,249,002	1,288,894
	1,346,614	1,237,810	1,249,002	1,288,894
IT INFRASTRUCTURE Computer Replacement IT Technology Funds Telecommunications Fund TOTAL	590,000	601,000	613,000	625,260
	0	51,000	52,000	53,040
	45,000	46,000	46,000	46,920
	635,000	698,000	711,000	725,220
IT PROJECTS IT Projects - Applications IT Projects - Network Services	111,274 19,989 131,263	0 0	0 0	0 0
TOTAL	4,516,369	4,500,917	4,658,806	4,792,345
BUDGET BY CATEGORY Personnel Expenses Operating Expenses Interdepartmental Charges Capital TOTAL	\$ 3,134,157 429,572 936,105 16,534 \$ 4,516,369	360,562 160,782 881,312	\$ 3,229,057 391,202 772,368 266,179 \$ 4,658,806	\$ 3,334,001 399,026 787,815 271,503 \$ 4,792,345
BUDGET BY FUND General TOTAL	\$ 4,516,369 \$ 4,516,369		\$ 4,658,806 \$ 4,658,806	\$ 4,792,345 \$ 4,792,345
AUTHORIZED FTE's Standard FTE's TOTAL	32.75	32.75	35.25	35.25
	32.75	32.75	35.25	35.25

2008-09 BUDGET INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY DEPARTMENT

MISSION STATEMENT

We leverage technology to improve city services.

BUSINESS PLAN NARRATIVE

The IT Department's budget for 2008 continues to focus on accomplishing our mission in a fiscally constrained environment, which means meeting the demand for more sophisticated services and providing quality secure infrastructure services, with only minor compromises to long term technical strategies and goals.

Throughout the past few years, the IT Department has continued to benefit and grow from an increasing citywide demand for technology services. This is mostly a result of executive management understanding the value and benefits of technology as a strategy to offset citywide budget and staffing reductions. With this understanding comes the demand for more sophisticated services, an increasing number of secure "self service" web-based systems, as well as more rapid software development cycles. An ongoing tightly constrained IT budget without new citywide investment in IT will continue to limit our ability to meet the appetite for new services while also maintaining the reliability and performance of existing system.

However, the demand on IT for new and increasingly sophisticated services is only part of our responsibility. We must continue to be proactive in implementing industry standard "best practices" that are necessary, yet not requested from the enterprise. Examples are security improvements, project management and improved repeatability of processes and procedures. With this, IT Management must also manage one of the most challenging aspects of technology... constant change within a fiscally constrained environment

A continued limit in new technology investments, offset with a never-ending appetite for new technology services continues to force IT to look inward for creative funding and management approaches. We have had success with this in past budget years as an attempt to balance increasing demand without new organizational investment. Open source software development, server virtualizations, aggressive contract renegotiations, increased investment in IT staff training, and technology standards are a few examples of our ongoing internal IT investments.

However, the opportunities for new and significant cost and staff savings within IT are becoming scarce. IT must have additional investment from the organization to continue its current pace of new development and maintenance responsibilities.

GUIDING PRINCIPLES AND/OR INVESTMENT STRATEGY

The following points embrace the long term strategic direction of the IT Department, support our mission and follow IT industry best practices:

- Align IT services with the current and future needs of the city organization and its customers,
- Improve the quality and delivery of IT services to the organization, and
- Reduce the long term costs of IT services

Based on this, the following guiding principles have been used to prioritize the IT Department 2008 budget:

- 1. Maintenance and support of existing systems (essential): These are highly critical services that ensure existing systems function and perform as designed. This includes maintenance of the network and server infrastructure, software applications, databases, and workstations; Help Desk services for customer support; data backup and recovery; business continuity planning and disaster recovery; and security. Essential services also include technology asset management, centralized purchasing, planning, quality control, IT/client relationships, and staff training and development. A portion of our essential work includes application modifications in order to meet changing requirements, such as changes in the law, city charter or codes. As software reaches the end of its life cycle, it is essential that systems be replaced. Examples of software that lived beyond its useful life includes utility billing system, the police records management system, and the sales tax application. We also consider the ongoing work to update our software standards and web services development as essential.
- 2. **Improvements of Systems** (<u>desirable</u>): These services are performed if any improvements to existing software applications are needed based on changing business needs. If an existing application no longer meets the business needs of the city or its departments, the application must be changed or replaced. These services ensure that the city stays current in its use of technology, therefore avoiding costly major replacements of out dated technology. Some examples of major upgrades to existing systems include the transition from mainframe to client-server, which has now shifted to web services technology used today.
- 3. Implement New Systems (discretionary): These are a portion of the projects that have been requested by or are specifically designed for City departments. These services or elements do not exist in the current environment. These projects are new investments in technology to improve services, reduce overhead, and save staff time. Expected financial returns are documented and approved prior to implementing the project. Even still, a portion of these projects can be postponed in the short term without significant impact. As the city's economy recovers and discretionary projects are identified, these project investments must occur to continue to advance the city's use of technology.

OVERVIEW OF ACTION PLAN

The Information Technology Department is in the process of revising the city's Strategic Technology Plan (STP). This document will outline business valued strategies for 2008 – 2010, in part, for our ongoing advancement of enhancing the city's business processes through open source technologies, web services, and mobile government services.

In the interim, the Action Plan includes those immediate needs that are above the personnel and non-personnel expense (NPE) increase for the 2008 – 2012 budget planning period. This includes expenses associated with the following:

- 1. maintaining Help Desk and PC/End user support
- 2. citywide wireless network contract funding
- 3. increasing the general fund subsidy to the CRF (one time)
- 4. improving business continuity planning and disaster recovery preparedness (mostly one time cost)
- 5. establishing an enterprise Software Replacement Fund
- 6. implementing application development QA/QC testing
- 7. pursuing "yellow list" master plan projects
- 8. performing annual security audits and mitigation
- 9. acquiring consulting services for negotiating the citywide wireless network contract (one time cost)
- 10. establishing a citywide Business Intelligence system
- 11. restoring the IT training program.
- 12. funding for the upgrade of the city's phone system

During the year 2008 the city's telephone system will be converted from a PBX system to VoIP technology. This project is being funded from the city's telecommunications fund and has been planned for several years.

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OVERVIEW OF VISION PLAN

The City of Boulder's vision is to use information technology to increase the capacity of the organization by improving Service Delivery, supporting Policy Development, and enabling Information Access.

Improving Service Delivery -

The City organization is about delivering quality services to the public. We must use information technologies to improve how efficiently and conveniently those services are delivered.

Supporting Policy Development -

The City organization is about developing and implementing sound public policies. To do that, we need quality information. We must use information technologies to improve the quality, timeliness and cost effectiveness of the City's information.

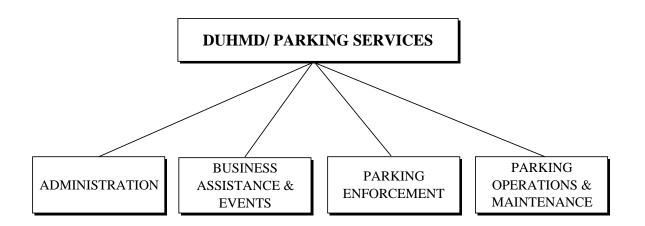
Enabling Information Access -

The City organization is "the keeper" of a vast amount of public information. The public has a "right to know and access" that information. We must use information technologies to enable that access. We are also part of a knowledge-based economy. We must use information technologies to make information available to support and enhance that economy.

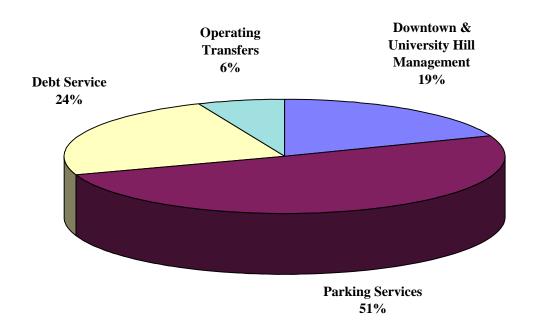
PERFORMANCE MEASURES

	Actual 2006	Target 2007	Target 2008	Target 2009
1. Percentage of City cost to Market cost (Outside consultant cost) for the following:				
a) Applications Support	69.50%	<100%	<100%	<100%
b) Network Services	70.12%	<100%	<100%	<100%
c) System Admin Support	53.15%	<100%	<100%	<100%
2. Number of help desk calls per PC	6.73	6.0	5.0	4.0

DOWNTOWN UNIVERSITY HILL MANAGEMENT DIVISION/PARKING SERVICES



2008 BUDGET \$10,537,501



2008-09 BUDGET DOWNTOWN UNIVERSITY HILL MANAGEMENT DIVISION/PARKING SERVICES

GID Administration Operations & Public Information Public Events	\$							
Operations & Public Information	¢							
Operations & Public Information	ď.	1,205,840	\$	870,533	\$	867,595	\$	891,094
	Ψ	86,226	Ψ	123,428	Ψ	129,327	Ψ	132,965
		86,149		86,766		89,701		92,122
Community Improvements		15,800		10,200		235,404		240,112
Economic Vitality		36,846		17,646		17,999		18,359
Transportation		573,364		600,211		650,918		664,783
Parking		5,000		70,000		1,240,000		1,264,800
Debt Service		3,536,097		3,929,830		2,537,265		2,540,645
Operating Transfers		666,470		654,599		660,795		667,227
Parking Enforcement		614,885		704,574		745,899		768,831
Parking Maintenance/Operations		959,304		1,395,729		1,678,971		1,723,307
Meter Program		196,102		259,048		1,573,030		1,606,318
Neighborhood Permit Parking		56,088		63,481		79,384		81,711
Public Information								
Public information	_	7,688	_	30,600	_	31,212	_	31,836
TOTAL	\$_	8,045,859	\$_	8,816,645	\$_	10,537,501	\$	10,724,110
UDGET BY CATEGORY								
Personnel Expenses	\$	1,957,447	\$	2,336,102	\$	2,400,688	\$	2,478,710
Operating Expenses		1,716,885		1,672,670		2,208,861		2,253,038
Interdepartmental Charges		163,527		174,115		343,090		349,951
Capital		5,433		49,329		2,386,802		2,434,538
Debt Service		3,536,097		3,645,363		2,005,029		1,997,765
Non-Recurring Expenditures		0		284,467		532,236		542,881
Other Financing Uses		666,470		654,599		660,795		667,227
TOTAL	\$	8,045,859	\$	8,816,645	\$	10,537,501	\$	10,724,110
UDGET BY FUND								
General	\$	859,179	\$	934,904	\$	1,142,324	\$	1,175,503
Downtown Commercial District		6,854,552		7,517,663		8,688,205		8,824,083
University Hill Commercial District		332,129		364,079		706,972		724,524
TOTAL	\$	8,045,859	\$	8,816,645	\$	10,537,501	\$	10,724,110
MANAGEMENT PAREL								
.UTHORIZED FTE's Standard FTE's		40.50		42.25		42.25		42.25
TOTAL		40.50		42.25		42.25		42.25
	_		=				_	

2008-09 BUDGET DOWNTOWN AND UNIVERSITY HILL MANAGEMENT DIVISION/ PARKING SERVICES

MISSION STATEMENT

We serve the Downtown, University Hill and affected communities by providing quality programs, parking, enforcement, maintenance, and alternative modes services through the highest level of customer service, efficient management, and effective problem solving.

BUSINESS PLAN NARRATIVE

The Downtown and University Hill Management Division and Parking Services represents an unusual bundling of municipal services – downtown management, travel demand management, parking operations (on and off street and neighborhood permits), parking enforcement, citywide event permitting, and economic vitality initiatives. This integrated management strategy incorporating these diverse services enables a comprehensive approach to supporting Boulder's historic commercial centers – downtown and the University Hill commercial areas. The funding mechanism for DUHMD/PS is almost exclusively parking revenues from the commercial districts which are reinvested back into the parking systems and commercial areas. Strong and thriving commercial areas generate sales tax for the city as well as drawing residents and visitors, increasing parking revenues. These revenues in turn are used to reinvest in programs and strategies that keep the downtown and the hill vital, competitive and appealing. It is this reinvestment strategy that is at the core of the business plan approach that benefits University Hill and downtown as well as the city as a whole – both in terms of assuring revenues for city services but also creating vibrant public spaces that are a source of community benefit and pride, and an asset for tourism.

Downtown Commercial District Fund (formerly CAGID Fund)

A key priority for the Downtown Commercial District Fund in 2008 is to reinvest in the long term economic sustainability of the downtown in several areas –

- Renovations and repairs in downtown parking garages
- Long-term economic vitality of the downtown and the city as a whole through further studies and refinement of a potential citywide conference/convention center
- Assessment and design of ongoing downtown public right of way streetscape improvements to maintain a vital and competitive commercial area.

University Hill Commercial District Fund (formerly UHGID Fund)

A key priority for the University Hill Commercial District Fund in 2008 is to reinvest in the long-term economic sustainability of the University Hill commercial area by:

- Replacement of on-street parking with new customer friendly parking technology,
- Support and potential partnerships for redevelopment on the hill.

General Fund

In the DUHMD/PS's General Fund services, priorities are:

- Support neighborhood livability through the reinstatement of the Neighborhood Parking Permit program
- Enhance the goals of the Transportation Master Plan by expanding the free, downtown Eco Pass program to include additional downtown employees who work in the Business Improvement District (BID) boundary but outside of CAGID.

GUIDING PRINCIPLES OR INVESTMENT STRATEGY

- 1.) **Essential Services include:** Services that ensure the basic qualities of a healthy, efficient, accessible, and economically viable downtown and University Hill commercial districts are essential to maintaining the commercial infrastructure and fiscally responsible funds. These include parking operations and maintenance, EcoPass program for downtown employees and parking enforcement.
- 2.) **Desirable Services include:** Services that enhance and promote the quality of life of the commercial centers, bolster economic vitality efforts and encourage economic recovery, and contribute to neighborhood quality of life. These include mall permitting and operations, travel demand management programs other than the Eco Pass program, contract services with the Business Improvement District, parking marketing activities, the NPP program, and proactive measures to stimulate economic recovery and redevelopment such as the Hill Redevelopment workshops, Downtown Strategic Plan, and the conference/convention center.
- **3.) Discretionary Services include:** Services that enhance the quality of life but can be provided by other entities. This includes school crossings.

OVERVIEW OF ACTION PLAN

Please refer to Attachment B of the 2008-09 Budget Message for a listing of those Action Plan Items that were recommended for funding. The listing is presented in order by fund and department. Please see the section titled "City Council Direction on the Recommended Budget" for any changes from Attachment B.

OVERVIEW OF VISION PLAN

DUHMD/PS does not yet have an overall departmental strategic plan and efforts are underway to develop one. A draft vision statement: "World class organization focusing on integrated transportation, economic development and public space management for urban areas through best practices analysis, progressive technology use, and robust partnerships and collaboration" will be reviewed and commented upon by internal staff and our customer stakeholder groups.

However, area strategies and plans have been developed over the years for both the University Hill (the Hill Business Plan, the Hill Marketing Study and the council-approved Hill Sub Area Plan) and the downtown (the Downtown Alliance plan and regular development updates, the Downtown Economic Strategic Plan, Best Practices in Parking, and annual downtown user surveys). Strategies and polices for specific issues and projects, such as Eco Pass funding, major maintenance and improvements plan for CAGID parking garages, social issues on the mall and parking enforcement, are implemented on a case by case basis through special task forces and studies. All of these past efforts will be integrated into the development of the DUHMD/PS Strategic Plan.

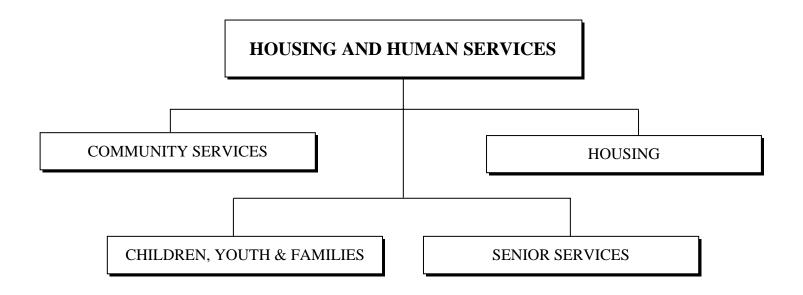
In the interim prior to the adoption of a strategic plan, DUHMD/PS has identified key programs and initiatives for initial funding under an Action Plan including activities rated below standard as well as initiatives to enhance the vitality of the commercial districts and meet Council goals.

PERFORMANCE MEASURES

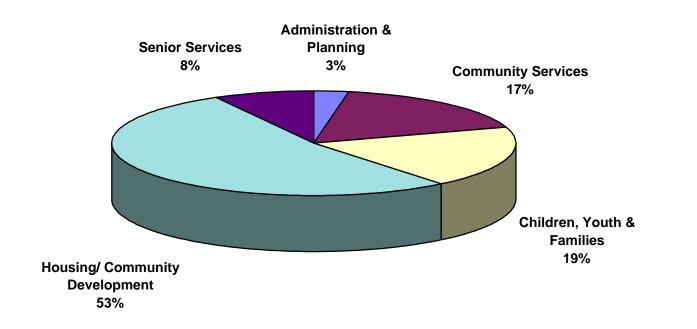
In 2004, DUHMD/PS initiated a survey form for customers to complete and submit at our front desk. We ask questions that will help us evaluate our products, our customer service, our advertising and to determine the impact of our education and outreach programs. We will continue to monitor and update our survey. Results from a few sample questions are included below.

		Actual 2006	Target 2007	Target 2008	Target 2009
1.	Do you know that the City Parking garages are FREE on Saturday and Sunday?	86%	91%	92%	93%
2.	Are you aware that many downtown businesses validate parking?	75%	80%	82%	83%
3.	Were you satisfied with the service you received?	98%	98%	98%	98%
4.	Are you aware of prepaid parking products? (cash pass, meter key, etc.)	75%	75%	80%	80%

HOUSING AND HUMAN SERVICES



2008 BUDGET \$13,950,624



2008-09 BUDGET HOUSING AND HUMAN SERVICES

	2006 ACTUAL	2007 APPROVED	2008 APPROVED	2009 PROPOSED
UDGET BY PROGRAM				
ADMINISTRATION & PLANNING				
Administration & Planning \$	0	\$ 376,318 376,318	\$ <u>375,141</u> 375,141	\$ 386,208 386,208
COMMUNITY SERVICES Community Services				
Social Planning & Administration	363,548	0	0	(
Human Services Contract Programs	2,174,725	2,156,659	2,230,200	2,276,849
Human Rights & Human Relations	172,426	176,625	198,392	204,020
TOTAL	2,710,699	2,333,284	2,428,592	2,480,869
CHILDREN, YOUTH & FAMILIES (CYF)				
CYF Division Administration	100.011	2 - 7 - 0 - 0	272 - 24	201.11
CYF Division Administration TOTAL	199,841	265,989	272,631	281,143
Community Based Services	199,841	265,989	272,631	281,143
Community Based Services Admin	145,125	151,100	160,386	165,414
Child Care Resource & Referral	131,960	147,524	142,135	147,578
Child Care Assistance Programs	353,759	362,167	356,813	368,410
Child Care Recruitment & Training	169,895	73,884	104,371	113,913
Mediation Services	148,084	139,861	144,474	148,99
Youth Opportunities	286,020	287,000	298,000	305,370
TOTAL	1,234,842	1,161,536	1,206,179	1,249,688
School Based Services				
School Based Services Admin	74,457	83,421	84,688	87,343
Prevention & Intervention Program	398,941	391,809	382,652	390,25
Family Resource Schools TOTAL	478,353 951,750	463,253 938,483	932,411	478,43° 956,030
Early Care & Education Council Programs	931,730	930,403	932,411	930,030
Early Care & Education Council Programs	859,087	741,824	259,924	267,274
TOTAL	859,087	741,824	259,924	267,274
TOTAL	3,245,520	3,107,833	2,671,145	2,754,135
SENIOR SERVICES				
Senior Services				
Senior Services Administration	171,104	171,753	171,911	177,46
Facilities Management	373,693	402,151	432,754	445,013
Nutrition Programs	96,431	75,757	76,357	77,88
Senior Resource & Referrel	153,138	157,815	173,123	178,68
Senior Recreation Programs TOTAL	262,420 1,056,785	295,922 1,103,397	269,649 1,123,794	1,156,493
HOUSING/COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT				
HOUSING/COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT Housing/Community Development/Administration				
Funding & Administration	429,358	432,685	444,350	457,54
Planning & Development Review	122,655	223,127	164,697	170,049
Asset Management	73,710	80,197	135,453	139,85
Home Ownership Programs	99,545	88,310	84,982	87,74
Tenant Services	8,379	8,763	8,998	9,29
Support for Housing Authority	21,139	71,667	123,230	125,69
Operating Transfers	130,275	52,978	55,052	57,203
TOTAL	885,060	957,728	1,016,762	1,047,382

2008-09 BUDGET HOUSING AND HUMAN SERVICES

	2006 ACTUAL	2007 APPROVED	2008 APPROVED	2009 PROPOSED
BUDGET BY PROGRAM				
Housing/Community Development/Direct Services				
Asset Management	34,385	103,530	0	0
Home Ownership Programs	58,934	79,952	199,981	206,480
TOTAL	93,319	183,482	199,981	206,480
CHAP/HOME/CDBG/AHF Projects	75,517	103,402	177,761	200,400
CHAP/HOME/CDBG/AHF Projects	7,719,220	5,719,744	6,135,209	7,511,504
TOTAL	7,719,220	5,719,744	6,135,209	7,511,504
TOTAL	8,697,599	6,860,954	7,351,952	8,765,366
TOTAL	15,710,604	13,781,786	13,950,624	15,543,072
BUDGET BY CATEGORY	 .	h	h 10=-00:	
Personnel Expenses \$		\$ 4,006,322	\$ 4,076,894	\$ 4,209,393
Operating Expenses	9,781,268	8,501,783	7,782,562	10,829,765
Interdepartmental Charges	190,548	209,423	211,301	215,527
Capital	0	2,000	2,000	2,040
Debt Service	2,035,873	1,009,281	1,822,814	229,143
Other Financing TOTAL \$	153,802	52,978	55,052	57,203
TOTAL \$	15,710,604	\$ 13,781,786	\$ 13,950,624	\$ 15,543,072
BUDGET BY FUND				
General \$	5,303,754	\$ 5,209,156	\$ 4,823,937 *	\$ 4,961,714 *
Affordable Housing Fund	2,475,929	2,726,969	3,494,967	3,841,665
Community Hsg Asst Prgm (CHAP)	2,834,689	1,710,243	1,634,406	2,637,831
.15 Cent Sales Tax Fund	1,743,143	1,721,000	1,788,000	1,828,921
Comm Dvlpmnt Block Grant (CDBG)	2,347,095	914,418	909,313	872,941
HOME	1,005,994	1,500,000	1,300,000 ***	* 1,400,000
TOTAL \$	15,710,604	\$ 13,781,786	\$ 13,950,624	\$ 15,543,072
\$813,674 of this comes from outside grants to the Children, Y \$843,620 of this comes from outside grants to the Children, Y The City entered into a County-wide HOME consortium in 20 \$598,520 will pass through the City directly to other communications.	outh and Families 007. In 2008, of th	Division e approximately \$1.		
AUTHORIZED FTE's				
Standard FTE's	53.42	56.51	56.24	56.24
Seasonal Temporary FTE's	4.25	4.25	4.25	4.25
TOTAL	57.67	60.76	60.49	60.49
1011112				
10.1.2				

2008-09 BUDGET HOUSING AND HUMAN SERVICES DEPARTMENT

MISSION STATEMENT

To create a healthy community by providing and supporting diverse housing and human services to Boulder residents in need.

BUSINESS PLAN NARRATIVE

In preparing the 2008 Housing and Human Services (HHS) Business Plan (BP), we first looked closely at the programs and services contained in the Fiscally Constrained Plan. Over the past two years, we have created efficiencies and reallocated funds, where feasible, from non-essential services to essential services, in recognition of the priority of these programs and the level of service provided to the community. We have also considered the importance to the community of a balanced mix of services and programs in the essential, desirable and discretionary categories of the BP and the HHS Master Plan (HHSMP). Although the BP allows for Fiscally Constrained Erosion (FCE), the unique circumstances of funding streams (General Fund, dedicated sales tax, restricted funds and grants) create additional erosion, particularly with regard to personnel costs. Due to changing demographics and other factors, there is an increasing demand for HHS services and programs in the community. All of this presents important challenges to the Department, especially with declining resources, which we have addressed in our Action Plan.

The City Council approved Social Sustainability Strategic Plan has relevance to HHS in all eight goal areas in the Plan. Some strategies and action items identified in the Plan as priorities are already included in the HHSMP. Other strategies and action items are new initiatives, without additional funding, and will be prioritized in the department's Action Plan. Other strategies and action items are currently being implemented within the fiscally constrained plan. These are activities which are low cost to the department or activities which could take advantage of available funding and partnerships to strategically leverage resources. Workplan activities which have been implemented within the fiscally constrained plan are: 1) Development of Social Impact Assessment Tool; 2) Implementation of Immigrant Advisory Committee; 3) Scoping and on-going work for Community Dialogue Initiative; 4) Participation in development of a regional county-wide human services strategic plan; 5) Coordination of National League of Cities Inclusive Communities Partnership; 6) Coordination of community collaboration in the development of a community-wide comprehensive plan for early care and education; 7) Coordination of community process for development of recommendations to address issues in the Youth Risk Behavior Survey; 8) Partnering with Public Works in implementing utility bill fact sheets on youth issues; 9)Partnering with Economic Vitality Office on expanding youth and family friendly policies; 10) Participation in development of a county-wide Senior Services Strategic Plan, and; 11) Implementation of CU/City

Oversight Group Sub-Committee on Inclusiveness and Diversity. This has increased the workload of the department and reduced the ability of the department to minimize erosion in programs and services in the fiscally constrained plan.

The City Council Action Plan Budget identifies two housing items that inter-face with the HHS budget: 1) subsidy to Boulder Housing Partners (BHP) toward capital investment in the redevelopment of Boulder Mobile Manor (BMM) and 2) operating subsidy to support BHP efforts to provide rental assistance to vulnerable residents.

As of July 2007, the city has expended and/or obligated approximately \$410,000 of subsidy to BHP for BMM. This includes \$307,000 in 1996 toward the acquisition of the property. Given the type of redevelopment that has been proposed, it is reasonable to expect that additional funding in the range of \$500,000 - \$1,000,000 could be provided through allocation of existing Housing Funds. This funding would be subject to review and analysis by HHS staff and the community's Technical Review Group (TRG) and to approval of this expenditure by the City Manager. In addition, one-time funding of approximately \$500,000 could provide substantive support for some of the goals for the property that have been identified by City Council.

Regarding on-going BHP operating subsidy, HHS proposes a reallocation of up to \$50,000 toward this initiative out of the Affordable Housing Fund. It should be recognized that shifting funds to operations will diminish progress on increasing the community's affordable housing inventory. To the extent that General Fund is used to match this reallocation, additional support could be provided to this initiative.

As of mid-2007, the city had secured approximately 2,800 permanently affordable housing units. Currently the city is on track to reach the goal of 4,500 units by 2019, in the Fiscally Constrained Plan. The Action Plan shortens the time to achieve the goal to 2015 and the Vision Plan to 2013. A combination of factors, such as reduced funding and shifting funding from acquisition to redevelopment, could push the date of achieving the goal out beyond 2019.

GUIDING PRINCIPLES AND/OR INVESTMENT STRATEGY

Guiding Principles:

- Maintain the integrity of the City's Human Services infrastructure by providing and/or supporting programs and services which meet community needs in the following areas:
 - ⇒ Safety net health and safety
 - ⇒ Prevention and intervention
 - ⇒ Social equity, diversity and human rights
 - ⇒ Services and programs that promote self-sufficiency
 - ⇒ Quality of life enhancement
- Seek out efficiency improvements

- Capitalize on leverage opportunities
- Fulfill current financial obligations

Investment Strategy:

The ten-year update to the HHSMP was completed and accepted in 2005 and is being implemented. It provides direction regarding investment strategies for the department and is the basis for the Department's Business Plan, including the 2008 Action Plan. This includes operational and organizational strategies that may impact investment. The strategies are consistent with the city-wide business plan. In addition to the HHSMP, the approved Social Sustainability Strategic Plan provides further direction regarding investment priorities.

Only 29% of the HHS budget comes from the General Fund. The remaining 71% comes from restricted or dedicated funds, including Federal, State, other local government and private grants. Some of these funds are received in support of specific programs and cannot be used for any other purpose. HHS strives to maximize leveraged funding, as a way to increase the community benefit of COB dollars.

HHS serves primarily vulnerable (at risk and/or low income) populations through all of its services and programs, including those that have been listed as desirable or discretionary. HHS also recognizes, as per direction from Council and in support of community values, the importance of having a range and mix of services that contribute to a balanced and diverse community.

HHS Categorization is based on the following:

Essential

- ⇒ Safety net services and programs meeting basic needs of mental and physical health, food and shelter, crisis intervention and containment With a priority focus of residents at 40% AMI or less, residents at 200% national poverty level or less, disabled residents, at risk residents (e.g. of domestic violence, suicide, teen pregnancy, social isolation), etc.
- ⇒ Financial obligations
- ⇒ Barebones maintenance of existing, essential facilities
- ⇒ Core services not provided by any other entity

Desirable

- ⇒ Prevention and intervention services and programs that avoid future social and economic cost to the City and the community counseling, outreach, education, training, family support -
 - With a priority focus of meeting the needs of residents up to 70% AMI
- ⇒ Services and programs reflecting community values and supported by ballot initiatives or legislative action of City Council
- ⇒ Services and programs that advance and/or support Council goals and/or Council directed initiatives

Discretionary

- ⇒ Services and programs that enhance quality of life social, cultural and recreational support that improves the social fabric of the community
- ⇒ Services available through other means
- ⇒ Other community desired programs and services not specifically supported through legislative action or election

HHS Prioritization is based on the following criteria:

Safety net services
Services not available elsewhere
Services available elsewhere but not affordable
Support of legislative action and/or code
Support of Council goals
Council directed initiatives
Consistency with Boulder Valley Comprehensive Plan
Support of regional initiatives or goals

Cost per client served and/or cost/benefit Efficiency of providing service or program Available funding and/or leveraged funding

Breadth of community population served Community capacity building Court-ordered or referred services Geographic population served

OVERVIEW OF ACTION PLAN

Please refer to Attachment B of the 2008-09 Budget Message for a listing of those Action Plan Items that were recommended for funding. The listing is presented in order by fund and department. Please see the section titled "City Council Direction on the Recommended Budget" for any changes from Attachment B.

OVERVIEW OF VISION PLAN

The HHS Vision Plan, as detailed in the HHS Master Plan, is a vision of the future, based on what is desirable for the community and could be accomplished if sufficient funds were available. Through the Vision Plan, the basic needs of residents are more fully met and programs are supported to ensure families and individuals at all stages of life have the tools necessary to reduce dependencies and be successful, contributing members of the community.

Services contained in the Vision Plan are designed to address changing demographics, needs and service trends and enhance Boulder's position as a leader in the housing and human services fields. When compared with the Action Plan, these services are viewed as longer-term, visionary needs within the 10-year planning period.

The Vision plan proposes additional areas of emphasis including: 10% affordable housing goal by 2013; senior services analysis and plan for future services; increase nutritional, dental and hearing aid needs for seniors; expand human services fund to better meet community health needs; increase community engagement efforts; expand mediation services; expand services related to early care and education for children; and address needs of middle and high school youth.

BUDGET POLICY ISSUES

The Food Tax Rebate Program was transferred to HHS from the City Clerk's Office in 2004 without funds to administer the program. The Food Tax Rebate Program is administratively costly and burdensome for applicants due to the eligibility and certification criteria. The Program has been streamlined and changed to be as efficient and effective as possible, within the constraints of the ordinance. This is still currently an unfunded program with funds diverted from other programs to support the Food Tax Rebate Program. We are requesting that funding the Food Tax Rebate Program be considered during the 2008 budget process.

REVENUE ISSUES -none

PERFORMANCE MEASURES

		Actual 2006	Target 2007	Target 2008	Target 2009
1.	The number of permanently affordable housing units added to the City of Boulder's housing stock on an annual basis ¹	117	120	125	125
2.	The average percentage of goal attainment on performance objectives set for agencies & projects funded by the HSF & YOP ²	91%	85%	85%	85%

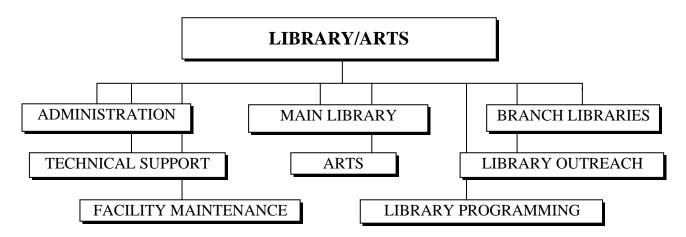
		Actual 2006	Target 2007	Target 2008	Target 2009
3.	The percent of self-reported customer satisfaction	010/	0.504	0.504	0.50/
	surveys rating HHS services as "satisfactory" or "very satisfactory" ³	91%	85%	85%	85%

¹ The 3-year average of permanently affordable housing units added to the COB's housing stock from 2004-2006 was 127/yr, which was just under the average target for those years of 133/yr. The lower numbers in 2005 and 2006 were primarily due to variability from year to year in the timing of closings and requests for building permits, though some slippage is a result of rising costs in a time of reduced subsidy from the City to the Affordable Housing Fund and reduced Federal funding.

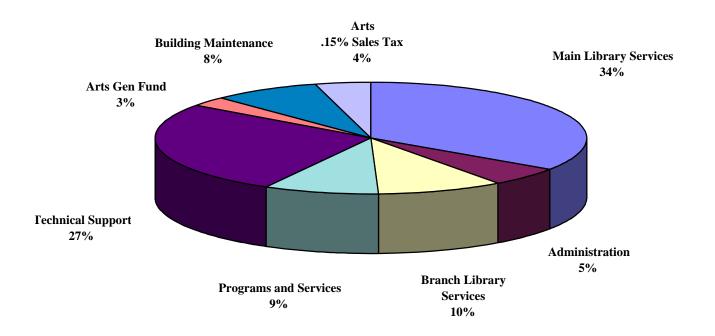
² HSF (Human Services Fund); YOP (Youth Opportunities Program)

³ 2006 target for goal attainment on performance objectives (2) and for customer satisfaction surveys (3) was 85%.

LIBRARY/ARTS



2008 LIBRARY/ARTS BUDGET \$7,218,611



2008-09 BUDGET LIBRARY

UDGET BY PROGRAM			APPROVED	APPROVED	PROPOSED
ADMINISTRATION					
Administration		\$ 344,296	\$ 399,866	\$ 387,458	\$ 399,890
TOTAL		344,296	399,866	387,458	399,890
MAIN LIBRARY SERVICES Adult Services					
Adult		1,202,637	1,120,143	1,290,750	1,246,421
Young Adult		25,174	19,554	32,285	33,334
	TOTAL	1,227,811	1,139,697	1,323,035	1,279,755
Childrens Services					
Childrens Services		249,435	297,237	299,711	309,433
	TOTAL	249,435	297,237	299,711	309,433
Information Services		702.254	922.020	970 704	000 040
Information Services	TOTAL	792,254 792,254	832,930 832,930	870,794 870,794	898,942 898,942
TOTAL	TOTAL	2,269,501	2,269,864	2,493,540	2,488,130
BRANCH LIBRARY SERVICES Meadows Branch Library					
Meadows Branch Library		257,013	248,361	275,110	283,698
	TOTAL	257,013	248,361	275,110	283,698
Reynolds Branch Library					
Reynolds Branch Library		253,083	252,436	271,032	279,681
	TOTAL	253,083	252,436	271,032	279,681
Carnegie Branch Library Carnegie Branch Library		141 250	141 200	147.165	151 722
Carnegie Branch Library	TOTAL	141,358 141,358	141,298 141,298	147,165 147,165	151,732 151,732
TOTAL	TOTAL	651,454	642,095	693,307	715,110
PROGRAMS AND SERVICES					
Adult Programming Film Program		32,680	33,705	36,538	37,690
Concert series		25,340	27,927	28,292	29,195
Lectures, Exhibits		15,129	23,257	23,534	24,218
Public Information		149,803	161,996	171,177	175,915
	TOTAL	222,953	246,884	259,540	267,017
Childrens Programming					
Childrens Programming		45,522	55,297	58,421	60,313
	TOTAL	45,522	55,297	58,421	60,313
Volunteer Services					
Volunteer Services	TOTAL	30,549	32,657	34,923	36,044
	TOTAL	30,549	32,657	34,923	36,044
Literacy Program Literacy Program		143,013	148,548	148,152	152 805
Eneracy Frogram	TOTAL	143,013	148,548	148,152	152,895 152,895

2008-09 BUDGET LIBRARY

	2006 ACTUAL	2007 APPROVED	2008 APPROVED	2009 PROPOSED
BUDGET BY PROGRAM				
Special Services				
Special Services	35,899	39,776	42,353	43,717
Library Outreach	68,530	71,255	74,117	76,513
TOTA	AL 104,429	111,031	116,470	120,230
TOTAL	546,466	594,417	617,505	636,500
TECHNICAL SUPPORT				
Technical Support Services				
Acquisitions	728,529	659,566	675,114	688,867
Collection Org. and Maintenance	365,091	437,899	505,790	521,600
TOTA	AL 1,093,620	1,097,465	1,180,905	1,210,468
Computer Services				
Computer Services	482,067	509,123	523,874	539,294
TOTA	AL 482,067	509,123	523,874	539,294
Database Services				
Database Services	119,211	229,745	235,680	242,029
TOTA	AL 119,211	229,745	235,680	242,029
TOTAL	1,694,898	1,836,332	1,940,458	1,991,792
BUILDING MAINTENANCE				
Building Maintenance	495,852	546,900	584,342	598,644
TOTAL	495,852	546,900	584,342	598,644
TOTAL	\$ 6,002,467	\$ 6,289,475	\$ 6,716,610	\$ 6,830,065
UDGET BY CATEGORY Personnel Expenses	\$ 4,243,846	\$ 4,561,176	\$ 4,857,845	\$ 5,015,725
Operating Expenses	1,484,119	1,652,540	1,702,499	1,654,949
Interdepartmental Charges	274,502	72,259	156,266	159,391
Capital	0	3,500	0	C
TOTAL	\$ 6,002,467	\$ 6,289,475	\$ 6,716,610	\$ 6,830,065
UDGET BY FUND				
Library	\$ 6,002,467	\$ 6,289,475	\$ 6,716,610	\$ 6,830,065
TOTAL	\$ 6,002,467	\$ 6,289,475	\$ 6,716,610	\$ 6,830,065
UTHORIZED FTE's				
Standard FTE's	78.95	79.45	80.20	80.20
TOTAL	78.95	79.45	80.20	80.20
TOTAL	10.73	17.43	00.20	50.20

2008-09 BUDGET ARTS

	 2006 ACTUAL	Al	2007 PPROVED	A	2008 PPROVED	Pl	2009 ROPOSED
BUDGET BY PROGRAM							
Arts Administration	\$ 47,966	\$	49,864	\$	51,553	\$	53,134
Arts .15% Allocation	276,022		287,000		297,945		304,791
Major Arts Grants	70,535		74,485		75,975		77,495
Arts Mini-Grants	7,735		8,160		8,323		8,489
Theater Guild Assistance	4,067		22,278		0		0
Boulder Arts Center Assistance	43,716		44,591		45,483		46,393
Space for Dance Assistance	 12,698		0	_	22,722		23,176
TOTAL	\$ 462,739	\$	486,378	\$	502,001	\$	513,479
BUDGET BY CATEGORY							
Personnel Expenses	\$ 106,716	\$	110,022	\$	114,984	\$	118,721
Operating Expenses	287,352		376,356		387,017		394,757
Interdepartmental Charges	30,971		0		0		0
Other Financing Uses	 37,700		0		0		0
TOTAL	\$ 462,739	\$	486,378	\$	502,001	\$	513,479
BUDGET BY FUND							
General	\$ 186,716	\$	199,378	\$	204,056	\$	208,687
.15 Cent Sales Tax Fund	276,022		287,000		297,945		304,791
	 		,				
TOTAL	\$ 462,739	\$	486,378	\$	502,001	\$	513,479
AUTHORIZED FTE's Standard FTE's TOTAL	 1.50		1.50		1.50		1.50 1.50

2008-09 BUDGET LIBRARY DEPARTMENT

MISSION STATEMENT

The mission of the Boulder Public Library is to enhance the personal and professional growth of Boulder residents and contribute to the development and sustainability of an engaged community through free access to ideas, information, cultural experiences and educational opportunities.

BUSINESS PLAN NARRATIVE

The business plan model continues to provide a framework for library budget development and has been integral to the development of the 2007 Library Master Plan recommendations. Like many city departments, the library has been challenged to rethink how it can best offer services of sustainable quality in an environment of limited resources. The business plan offers a clearly defined system of priorities to guide these decisions.

The 2008 library business plan has evolved from the 2006 and 2007 business plans, to include fully developed fiscally constrained, action and vision plans. The 2008 Fiscally Constrained Plan presents a number of challenges, as analysis of the library's financial position and services show that the quality of several core services cannot be sustained at current levels without new funding or reallocations that would result in service reductions. Even with an ongoing, dedicated focus on efficiencies and cost savings, the General Fund reductions sustained during the 2003-2005 budget retrenchment are proving to have a long-term impact on service quality. The areas most affected by this service quality erosion include building maintenance and security, energy costs, the library collection, children's services, technology equipment and services, materials handling and shelving, and replacement funding for critical library equipment.

GUIDING PRINCIPLES AND/OR INVESTMENT STRATEGY

The business plan categorizes services as follows:

1.) Essential Services include basic adult and children information services found in all public libraries, and a central main library facility to house these services. Included are children's and adult fiction and non-fiction materials, reference materials and reference assistance, and basic children's literacy programming such as story time.

Support services for these direct public services are also categorized as essential. Examples include the technology and staffing to select, purchase, catalog,

process, and shelve materials, technology and staffing to allow the public to use and check out materials, and resources to clean and maintain the facility.

- **2.) Desirable Services** are enhancements to essential services and provide additional service points and facilities to accommodate population growth and/or convenience, outreach programs to ensure equal information access by all community members, and programs that enable the library to offer access to information in alternative forms and contribute to the community's economic vitality by functioning as an important local arts venue.
- **3.) Discretionary Services** enhance desirable library services. Currently funded discretionary services include Books-by-Mail and branch library cultural programming.

Funding recommendations are guided by the library's business plan, with essential services being given priority over desired or discretionary services. In addition to the business plan framework, the library's investment strategy is based on the following guiding principles:

- The library's mission and vision statements guide program and policy decisions.
- Priority consideration is given to programs and services that:
 - serve significant numbers of people,
 - help BPL keep pace with advancements in the delivery of library services,
 - reach groups that cannot easily access library services or are under-served in the community,
 - generate or leverage additional funding, and/or
 - foster community involvement through volunteerism.
- Facilities must be safe, clean and well maintained.

OVERVIEW OF ACTION PLAN

The 2008 Action Plan identifies two types of improvements. Highest priority funding needs are focused on essential services which at present are inadequately funded to provide sustainable service quality in the Fiscally Constrained Plan, as described above. Lower priorities are assigned to other strategies identified in the Action Plan, but remain important if the library is to provide quality services that stay current with the changes occurring in the world of information services, and also address the needs of changing community demographics. Included among these is the change most frequently requested by library patrons - restoring hours that were reduced in 2004 and 2005.

The Action Plan also proposes relatively modest improvements to meeting areas, and reconfiguration of library space to better meet the needs of library users. In the technology area, the plan addresses the growing demand for online information services

by recommending additional resources to develop information portals, expansion of remotely accessed services and simplified access to content available on the BPL Web site. In the area of outreach and services to diverse populations, the plan addresses the needs of Boulder's growing Latino population by proposing expansion of the Spanish language collection and translation of portions of the Web site.

Finally, the Action Plan recommends that library furnishings and fixtures be replaced on a 25-year cycle, and that a program plan be developed to address the long-term needs and services of the Carnegie branch facility.

Please refer to Attachment B of the 2008-09 Budget Message for a listing of those Action Plan Items that were recommended for funding. The listing is presented in order by fund and department. Please see the section titled "City Council Direction on the Recommended Budget" for any changes from Attachment B.

OVERVIEW OF VISION PLAN

The Boulder Public Library vision of excellence is intended to create physical and virtual crossroads to connect patrons to past and present information and provide them with the tools and facilities to create new knowledge, to interact with others, to read and reflect on their own, and to enjoy and be inspired by the arts.

Much of the vision plan is dependent upon a comprehensive study of current functions and uses of space within the library system. In order to achieve the objectives of becoming a leading edge center for access to information technology and to provide flexible, state-of-the-art multimedia meeting and community spaces, the library staff will engage the services of a qualified consultant to evaluate the current use of space and propose recommendations for future uses.

The space study will also be used to evaluate the necessity for an expanded main library facility, as well as additional branch and/or mobile facilities to serve other needs of the community, including robust collaboration with area educational, business and non-profit institutions, and a world-class technology/homework center for teens and children.

Finally, the vision plan will provide the citizens of Boulder with the materials collection befitting a progressive, highly educated community, by developing and implementing a sustainable financial method to endow such a collection.

PERFORMANCE MEASURES

		Actual 2006	Target 2007	Target 2008	Target 2009
1.	Probability that materials or information sought by patrons can be obtained through Boulder Public library services.	N/A*	N/A*	.90	N/A
2.	(a) Conventional use of information sources (books, videos, tapes)	1,109,619	1,132,000 items circulated	1,155,000	1,178,000
	(b) Remote use of library resources (remote access to library webpage)	1,630,945	1,665,000 remote visits	1,700,000	1,734,000
3.	Percent of users who perceive that Boulder Public Library staff provide competent, courteous service	94%	95%	95%	95%
4.	Number participating in the Library's cultural and educational programming.	53,564	54,000	55,000	56,100
5.	Attendance at Diversity Outreach Programs	8,647	8,800	9,000	9,200

 $^{^{*}}$ Question not included in 2006 patron survey. Will be included in 2008 patron survey. Surveys administered every other year.

2008-09 BUDGET ARTS DEPARTMENT

MISSION STATEMENT

The mission of the Boulder Arts Commission is to further the development of a dynamic arts community through encouraging artistic innovation, collaboration, public art and organizational stability; to increase awareness of, participation in, and access to the arts as a community-wide resource; to promote multicultural expression and participation in the arts through support of diverse ethnic cultures and artistic aesthetics; to create opportunities for Boulder artists and arts organizations to participate successfully in their communities; to act as an advocate on behalf of the arts in the public and private sectors; and to foster a creative cultural climate in the community.

BUSINESS PLAN NARRATIVE

The quality of life implications of a thriving arts community are apparent, but the financial reasons for supporting the arts are less obvious. The latest Arts Commission/Americans for the Arts economic study completed in May 2007 show the arts generated \$27.58 million in local economic activity. This results from arts audiences' event-related expenditures in local restaurants, hotels, retail stores and services and artist/organizational expenditures to produce events. The arts are a clean industry that attracts audiences, spurs business development, supports jobs and generates revenue for government services.

Recognizing the arts' role in economic vitality, the Arts Commission continues to focus grant funding on efforts which will position Boulder as a major center known for quality arts offerings. In addition to supporting diverse and professional arts performances, exhibits and works, funding has also included organizational training and resource development for arts groups to enhance business and management skills, with a strong focus on mentorship. Local and regional partnerships with the business community and other arts organizations have been focused on marketing, promotion and coordinated support of the arts.

Implementation of the Cultural Master Plan, a joint effort of the Boulder Arts Commission, community arts organizations and artists is complete and community arts objectives have been initiated.

GUIDING PRINCIPLES OR INVESTMENT STRATEGY

The arts program seeks to strategically support and promote the development of Boulder's fine and performing arts in alignment with the Arts Department mission.

Current arts services and programs are categorized using the following investment strategy model:

- **1. Essential Services:** There are no arts services meeting the essential services definition as presented in the City Business Plan.
- **2. Desirable Services:** Desirable arts services and programs contribute to the local economic vitality, help shape the identity of the community, attract creative talent and enhance the community's quality of life.
- **3. Discretionary Services:** Discretionary arts services and programs enhance or expand desirable arts programs or are programs that benefit a limited population or group.

OVERVIEW OF ACTION PLAN

Please refer to Attachment B of the 2008-09 Budget Message for a listing of those Action Plan Items that were recommended for funding. The listing is presented in order by fund and department. Please see the section titled "City Council Direction on the Recommended Budget" for any changes from Attachment B.

OVERVIEW OF VISION PLAN

With the completion of the Cultural Master Plan, the Boulder Arts Commission is committed to position Boulder as an important and thriving year-round center for the arts. The BAC's role in implementing the Cultural Master Plan includes strategic funding to support the following goals:

- Positioning, Marketing and Promoting: Raise the profile of the arts through more
 aggressive marketing and education. The BAC will support these efforts through
 innovative grant making, facilitating the sharing of resources, pursuing publicity
 and public relations and bringing arts leaders together to keep the arts community
 focused on the plan's goals and objectives.
- Community and Arts Partnerships: Develop greater resources within public and private sectors to support the arts. Create partnerships with the business community that yield returns for both entities.
- Organizational Development: Coordinate the cultural development efforts of arts organizations and individual artists. Sponsor professional workshops to develop skills and provide networking opportunities for the arts.
- Increase public awareness of the value of arts and culture: Create opportunities for joint programming and marketing among cultural organizations. Advance arts promotion strategies designed to education and inform the community.

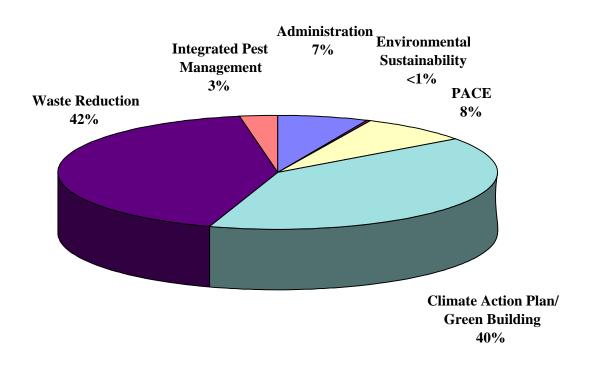
PERFORMANCE MEASURES

		Actual 2006	Target 2007	Target 2008	Target 2009
1.	Increase the number of participants registered in the Boulder Arts Resource.	525	550	575	600
2.	Increase the number of new public art pieces incorporated into City projects.	2	2	2	2

OFFICE OF ENVIRONMENTAL AFFAIRS



2008 BUDGET \$2,324,973



2008-09 BUDGET ENVIRONMENTAL AFFAIRS

		2006 ACTUAL	A	2007 PPROVED		2008 APPROVED	P	2009 PROPOSED
BUDGET BY PROGRAM								
Administration	\$	36,758	\$	188,342	\$	152,600	\$	156,784
PACE		193,791		183,324		186,776		191,703
Climate Action Plan/ Green Building		257,034		52,626		927,626		933,054
Environmental Sustainability		10,320		10,000		10,000		10,200
Waste Reduction		1,054,966		1,062,284		984,224		1,007,003
Integrated Pest Management (IPM)	_	59,139	_	20,423	_	63,748	_	65,523
TOTAL	\$_	1,612,007	\$	1,517,000	\$_	2,324,973	\$	2,364,266
BUDGET BY CATEGORY Personnel Expenses Operating Expenses Interdepartmental Charges TOTAL	\$ - \$_	431,305 1,173,089 7,613 1,612,007	\$ _ \$_	473,255 1,037,390 6,355 1,517,000	\$ _ \$_	741,397 1,574,976 8,600 2,324,973	\$ _ \$_	765,492 1,590,002 8,772 2,364,266
BUDGET BY FUND General .15 Cent Sales Tax Fund Climate Action Plan TOTAL	\$ \$_	1,405,825 206,182 0	\$ 	1,230,000 287,000 0	\$ \$	1,152,000 297,974 875,000 2,324,973	\$	1,180,231 304,660 879,375 2,364,266
AUTHORIZED FTE's Standard FTE's TOTAL	- -	6.00		5.50 5.50		9.50 9.50		9.50 9.50

2008-09 BUDGET CITY MANAGER'S OFFICE OFFICE OF ENVIRONMENTAL AFFAIRS

MISSION STATEMENT

To guide the community and city organization in protecting the quality of our environment by reducing pollution, curbing resource consumption and promoting sustainable practices.

BUSINESS PLAN NARRATIVE

The 2008 budget for the Office of Environmental Affairs is comprised of \$1,152,000 from the General Fund - Trash Haulers' Occupation Tax revenues, \$298,000 from a portion of the 0.15% Sales Tax - Dedicated Environment Fund and \$875,000 from the Climate Action Plan tax.

Budget History

As part of the 2005 budget, City Council approved increasing the Trash Tax by \$468,000. A portion of this, \$258,000 had been dedicated to greenhouse gas emissions reduction programs, but expired at the end of 2006. The remaining \$210,000 Trash Tax increase does not expire and is dedicated to carrying out the fiscally constrained portion of the city's Master Plan for Waste Reduction (MPWR).

OEA's 2007 budget target included no funding for greenhouse gas emissions reduction programs, except personnel costs associated with 1.0 FTE still funded by the base Trash Tax. At this level, the fiscally constrained portion of the city's Climate Action Plan was under-funded.

Implementation of the Climate Action Plan (CAP) began in January 2007. Because Xcel Energy began collecting the CAP tax on April 1, 2007, tax revenue is not projected to provide the City Council approved budget of \$860,265. Staff estimated that \$700,000 in CAP tax revenue would be generated in 2007. Of the \$860,265 appropriated in 2007, \$160,265 was carried over from unspent climate & energy program budgets and excess trash tax revenues collected in 2006. If received, excess CAP tax revenues will be used to reimburse the trash tax. If tax revenues are short, programmatic expenses will be reduced.

Full scale implementation of the Climate Action Plan will be phased in during 2007 and 2008. The CAP assumed that programs, strategies and funding levels would be adjusted over time to ensure the emissions reduction goal is met and to respond to actual program results, changes in utility program offerings and other factors. Staff is evaluating the emissions reduction potential associated with existing programs, as well as other more aggressive measures outlined in the CAP. Staff will review their analysis and options with the CAP Advisory Group and City Council during July and August and request

input on options for 2008. Potential changes include increasing the annual budget to expand or add programs, as well as regulatory options that reduce energy use in homes and commercial buildings.

OVERVIEW OF ACTION PLAN

In April 2006, City Council adopted the Master Plan for Waste Reduction (MPWR), which includes a Fiscally Constrained current plan, an Action Plan and a Vision Plan and outlines a roadmap to achieve 85 percent waste reduction by 2017. Funding for the action or vision plans of the MPWR would likely come from future increases to the city Trash Tax.

The MPWR and the Climate Action Plan will be merged into a larger Strategic Plan for the Office of Environmental Affairs, expected by the early part of 2008. In the interim, the Action Plan includes those immediate needs that are above the personnel and non-personnel expense (NPE) increase for the 2007-2012 budget planning period. This includes expenses associated with residential and commercial green building programs.

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OVERVIEW OF VISION PLAN

OEA's work program currently encompasses six different focus areas. City Council has accepted master plans for two of these focus areas: waste reduction and greenhouse gas emissions reduction. The MPWR outlines a vision of 85 percent waste diversion by 2017. The Climate Action Plan lays out the plan to get the city to the Kyoto Protocol goal. City Council could set a greenhouse gas emissions reduction goal higher than the Kyoto Protocol target as a Climate Vision Plan.

For the four other program areas: integrated pest management (including West Nile Virus), urban wildlife management, green building and pollution prevention (PACE), no master plans currently exist. The vision for city of Boulder green building programs includes implementation of a comprehensive residential Green Points program, adding green multifamily and affordable housing programs as well. All green building programs will be integrated into Planning and Development Services business processes, and is updated every three years to keep pace with industry norms, technological advances and the standard code adoption process. In addition, a green building vision includes a city of Boulder commercial green building code that results in all new and remodeled commercial construction being designed and built to a LEED (Leadership in Energy & Environmental Design) standard or a predetermined performance measure. The vision

for the program areas without master plans will be clarified in the Environmental Affairs' Strategic Plan.

GUIDING PRINCIPLES OR INVESTMENT STRATEGY

OEA uses its funding to address needs in the community, seeking opportunities for cost-effective and equitable programs and partnerships to achieve City Council objectives and by leveraging outside programs and funds when appropriate. The General Fund - Trash Tax funding is used primarily for waste reduction programs although some personnel expenses have been spent on program management for non-waste reduction related programs in the past (Climate Action Plan, green building and municipalization). The 0.15% Sales Tax - Dedicated Environment funding is used for other environmental programs that do not have a dedicated funding source (e.g., green building, integrated pest management, PACE).

Essential services include financial management, program administration, West Nile Virus administration and education, state Weed Law implementation and residential green building. These services encompass components of programs that address public health, state legal requirements, as well as legal and professional responsibilities within the city organization for employee and financial management.

Desirable services are those which address community values and quality of life improvements and that are not obtainable through other means. The main program areas include: maintaining and expanding community recycling options, reducing greenhouse gas emissions, green building, business assistance and certification through PACE, reducing chemical use and pest problems through integrated pest management and project management for the ongoing municipalization feasibility study and Xcel Energy franchise negotiations.

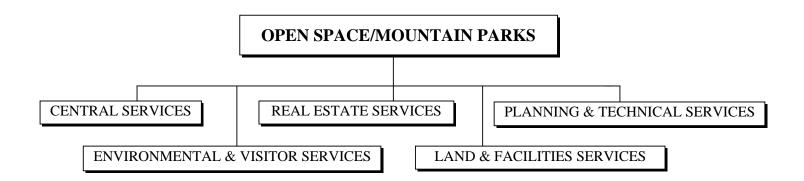
Discretionary services contribute to but are not essential to achieving City Council goals and OEA objectives. Services in this category include electronics and Hard-to-Recycle materials recycling.

PERFORMANCE MEASURES

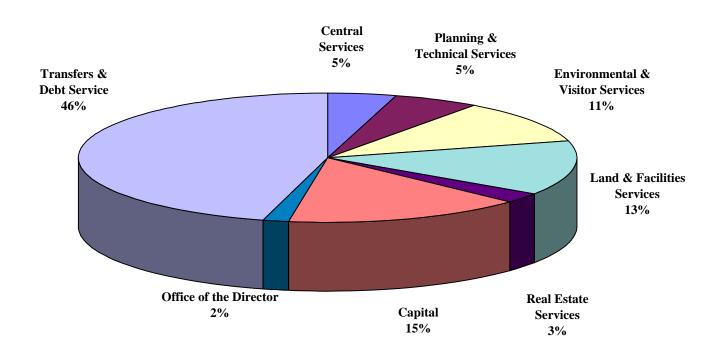
		ACTUAL 2006	TARGET 2007	TARGET 2008	TARGET 2009
1.	Residential waste reduction	49%	70%	60%	65%
2.	Commercial waste reduction	33%	50%	50%	65%
3.	Energy (commercial): Number of commercial energy audits	7	30	40	40

		ACTUAL 2006	TARGET 2007	TARGET 2008	TARGET 2009
4.	Energy (residential): Number of residential energy audits	10	280	350	500
	Number of weatherization projects	10	10	25	30

OPEN SPACE/MOUNTAIN PARKS



2008 BUDGET \$25,699,523



2008-09 BUDGET OPEN SPACE/MOUNTAIN PARKS

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Debt Service 5,745,648 11,694,175 10,949,852	
TOTAL \$ 24,035,837 \$ 25,449,926 \$ 25,699,523	\$ <u>24,035,837</u> \$ <u>25,449,926</u> \$ <u>25,699,523</u> \$ <u>25,752,182</u>

2008-09 BUDGET OPEN SPACE/MOUNTAIN PARKS

		2006 ACTUAL	Α	2007 APPROVED	I	2008 APPROVED	I	2009 PROPOSED
BUDGET BY PROGRAM								
BUDGET BY FUND								
General	\$	112,514	\$	121,277	\$	129,715	\$	133,931
Lottery		76,102		0		0		0
Open Space		23,847,221		25,328,649		25,569,808		25,618,252
TOTAL	\$	24,035,837	\$	25,449,926	\$	25,699,523	\$	25,752,182
AUTHORIZED FTE's		77.50		92.25		02.00		02.00
Standard FTE's		77.58		83.25		92.00		92.00
Seasonal Temporary FTEs		13.00	_	24.00	_	24.00	_	24.00
TOTAL	_	90.58	=	107.25	=	116.00	=	116.00

2008-09 BUDGET OPEN SPACE AND MOUNTAIN PARKS DEPARTMENT

MISSION STATEMENT

The Open Space and Mountain Parks Department preserves and protects the natural environment and land resources that characterize Boulder. The Department fosters appreciation and use that sustain the natural values of the land for current and future generations.

BUSINESS PLAN NARRATIVE

Council established and clarified two major priorities in 2005 with approval of the Visitor Master Plan and extension of the Acquisitions and Management Plan from 2006 through 2011. The Acquisitions and Management Plan 2000-2006 was first approved by council in 1999 and expanded in 2001. It set the framework for completion of the Open Space acquisitions program, entering its 40th year in 2007, at approximately 51,000 acres extending from Coal Creek Canyon in the south to Table Mountain and the Saint Vrain Creek Drainage to the north. Approximately 6,700 acres remain for acquisition including full fee purchases, purchased and donated conservation easements and Intergovernmental Agreements (IGAs). The staff feels it is on target to complete the plan using the tools available including partnerships with other entities and IGAs, and utilizing the remaining bonding authorities from previous elections, the Boulder Municipal Property Authority (BMPA) notes and annual CIP appropriations from the Open Space Fund fund balance.

The Visitor Master Plan (VMP) will enter its third full year of implementation in 2008. Major capital projects envisioned in the plan were scheduled within a 6 year CIP horizon through 2010 but the plan also acknowledges that it would "require a longer time period to complete all identified capital and non-capital projects". The Fiscally Constrained Budget (Current Funding Scenario) relied on a combination of Open Space capital funds and Lottery funds. OSMP has nearly doubled its contribution for Visitor Infrastructure to \$450,000 per year and raised the potential for capital implementation toward the Vision Plan (Identified Need) Level when combined with the Lottery Funds. However, the reallocation of the Lottery funds to Parks and Recreation for 2 years, in 2007 and 2008, has put implementation below the Action Plan (Accelerated Funding) level for that time period.

A particularly dynamic aspect of the VMP is the Trails Study Area (TSA) concept. The VMP identified 9 TSAs within the system for further study in order to produce, including extensive public process, a comprehensive and detailed set of recommendations for each area including actions for existing trails, undesignated trails and new trails. Completion of the first two TSAs in the Marshall Mesa/Southern Grasslands and Eldorado Mountain/Doudy Draw areas has resulted in visitor infrastructure plans that are more detailed than the broad brush of the Management Area Designations found in the VMP.

This in turn has driven the need for staffing to implement these plans including construction and maintenance, and education and enforcement as well as monitoring. In 2006, the staff condensed the initial 9 TSAs into 4 TSAs, determined so as to complete a system plan that will address and link together resource management needs not addressed in the VMP or other approved area and resource management plans. In 2006, council also directed staff to complete a Grasslands Plan for its consideration by first quarter of 2008.

Voter approval in 2003 of an additional 0.15 cent sales and use tax for Open Space purposes from 2004 through 2019 made it possible for the department to begin restoration of programs and services starting in 2004. This increase of revenues is the reason that the department has been able to re-program itself to meet the needs of the VMP as aggressively as it has and to continue with the vision of the Acquisitions and Management Plan.

Staff's strategy for accomplishing the goals and strategies of these plans has been to start out with fixed term positions and then evaluate their long term effectiveness and fiscal sustainability. In this way staff is taking gradual steps to achieve the goals of the plans and maintain a balance with all departmental commitments to programs and funding, including maintenance and acquisitions, in the context of actual and projected revenues and expenditures.

The business plan indicates deficiencies in several areas linked to implementation of the VMP including administrative support for all functions, ranger services, education, resource conservation, planning and technical services, trails and related facilities, as well as key operational functions. Fixed term professional staff (10.92 FTEs) and seasonals (2 FTEs) now fill many of these positions. Because the positions now providing services to the community expire at the end of 2007, a number of programs and services would fall well below acceptable service standards without the Action Plan funding requested for 2008.

In 2008, the department proposes a combination of fixed term and ongoing positions across major service areas of the organization to address some of these needs. These include administrative support for new programs, rangers, education, resource conservation, monitoring and coordination of VMP, construction and maintenance of trails and related facilities, including signs, and resource operations, as well as a currently unfunded cultural resources program. Approximately 18% of the funding would come directly from reallocations. Additionally, existing fleet will be more actively pooled, and staff will continue to explore cost savings that might be realized by using smaller vehicles, extending replacement cycles and sharing equipment.

GUIDING PRINCIPLES AND/OR INVESTMENT STRATEGY

- 1.) Essential Services include the Charter goals of land acquisition for open space and mountain parks; preservation and restoration of open space and mountain parks land to protect unusual, spectacular, historically important and valuable terrain, geologic formations, flora and fauna. Other Charter goals include preservation of water resources by purchase of water rights; shaping the development of the City; limiting urban sprawl through land acquisitions; and preserving land for its aesthetic or passive recreational value and its contribution to the quality of life of the community. In addition to attaining Charter goals, the Department must comply with local, state and federal laws and regulations; for example, state weed laws and dam safety regulations.
- 2.) **Desirable Services** include enforcement of City code requirements including dog management, parking on Flagstaff Mountain and trailhead curfews. In April 2005, the City Council approved the Visitor Master Plan establishing long-term policies and practices designed to improve the visitor experience on OSMP land. Additionally, OSMP is guided by the adopted Boulder Valley Comprehensive Plan, the Open Space Long Range Management Policies and resource management plans including Forest Ecosystem Management Plan and the Grasslands/Black-tailed Prairie Dog Plan. All of the plans require that the Department take specific actions for implementation and management.
- **3.)** Discretionary Services include certain aspects of facility maintenance, education and enforcement, volunteer management, and monitoring and planning that are important to members of the community as well as management of third tier prairie dog issues which include relocation of prairie dogs from private property in the City to other sites. This relocation is no longer being performed as it is no longer feasible.

OVERVIEW OF ACTION PLAN

Please refer to Attachment B of the 2008-09 Budget Message for a listing of those Action Plan Items that were recommended for funding. The listing is presented in order by fund and department. Please see the section titled "City Council Direction on the Recommended Budget" for any changes from Attachment B.

OVERVIEW OF VISION PLAN

The Open Space and Mountain Parks Vision Plan would include full implementation of the Visitor Master Plan approved by Council in April 2005, including outcomes of the Trails Study Area (TSA) public processes now in development together with the goals of the Acquisition and Management Plan 2005-2011 extended by Council in October 2005.

The Open Space and Mountain Parks' Visitor Master Plan outlines a Fiscally Constrained Plan, an Action Plan and a Vision Plan (identified as Current Funding Investment, Accelerated Funding Investment and Identified Need Investment Programs respectively in the Visitor Master Plan). The Action Plan is the next set of strategic steps that will provide additional resources across the Department including trails construction and maintenance, education and outreach, cultural and recreational resource programs and administrative support.

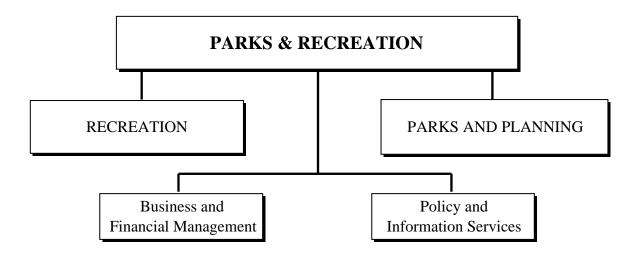
Staffing needs have grown with the commitments from the VMP, a growing trails system, increasing acreage and heightened community expectations for the OSMP program. It is unrealistic for the department to expect to accomplish the aggressive level of VMP implementation it has undertaken without gradually increasing staffing levels. Increased and sustained funding for operations staff starting in 2008 will move the department further toward attainment of these goals.

PERFORMANCE MEASURES

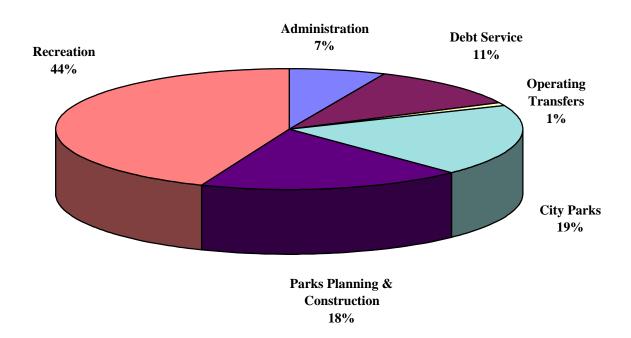
		Actual 2006	Target 2007	Target 2008	Target 2009
1.	Total acres under Management and Stewardship of Department	43,797	44,800	45,800	46,800
2.	Number of adopted Trail Study Area Plans	1	2	3	4

Actual acres acquired through 2006 total 43,797.

PARKS AND RECREATION



2008 BUDGET \$23,259,532



2008-09 BUDGET PARKS AND RECREATION

2006 ACTUAL	2007 APPROVED	2008 APPROVED	2009 PROPOSED
\$ 114,880	\$ 0	\$ 0 \$	0
0	329,238	353,223	363,415
578,503	354,078	274,300	283,182
139,337	142,771	230,065	235,588
155,881	0	0	0
326,678	322,340	328,555	337,961
340,354	217,799	236,346	243,794
2,739,939	2,733,297	2,591,287	2,385,453
245,908	501,836	212,809	221,270
0	103,133	105,697	109,132
4,641,480	4,704,491	4,332,284	4,179,795
236,549	582,567	598,224	614,907
169,983	156,265	150,000	153,000
3,056,508	3,321,673	3,544,705	4,129,208
3,463,040	4,060,505	4,292,929	4,897,115
95,786	156,682	68,291	70,358
2,823,505	2,965,389	3,208,059	3,300,265
628,571	669,870	705,107	724,827
453,609	470,075	469,051	482,844
4,001,471	4,262,017	4,450,507	4,578,294
170,423	369,268	333,195	344,024
594,797	498,847	454,285	468,167
1,904,676	0	0	0
0	1,870,227	1,978,172	2,030,214
1,250,268	0	0	0
0	1,637,664	1,774,452	1,827,424
1,367,721	0	0	0
0	2,105,048	2,175,368	2,242,855
696,945	709,264	751,254	772,663
690,423	819,799	823,438	846,296
1,294,752	1,326,114	1,367,447	1,404,634
714,586	0	0	0
240,081	209,956	199,810	205,717
188,680	241,816	326,392	336,865
9,113,352	9,788,003	10,183,813	10,478,860
\$ 21,219,343	\$ 22,815,016	\$ 23,259,532 \$	24,134,064
	0 578,503 139,337 155,881 326,678 340,354 2,739,939 245,908 0 4,641,480 236,549 169,983 3,056,508 3,463,040 95,786 2,823,505 628,571 453,609 4,001,471 170,423 594,797 1,904,676 0 1,250,268 0 1,367,721 0 696,945 690,423 1,294,752 714,586 240,081 188,680 9,113,352	0 329,238 578,503 354,078 139,337 142,771 155,881 0 326,678 322,340 340,354 217,799 2,739,939 2,733,297 245,908 501,836 0 103,133 4,641,480 4,704,491 236,549 582,567 169,983 156,265 3,056,508 3,321,673 3,463,040 4,060,505 95,786 156,682 2,823,505 2,965,389 628,571 669,870 453,609 470,075 4,001,471 4,262,017 170,423 369,268 594,797 498,847 1,904,676 0 0 1,637,664 1,367,721 0 0 2,105,048 696,945 709,264 690,423 819,799 1,294,752 1,326,114 714,586 0 240,081 209,956 <td>0 329,238 353,223 578,503 354,078 274,300 139,337 142,771 230,065 155,881 0 0 326,678 322,340 328,555 340,354 217,799 236,346 2,739,939 2,733,297 2,591,287 245,908 501,836 212,809 0 103,133 105,697 4,641,480 4,704,491 4,332,284 236,549 582,567 598,224 169,983 156,265 150,000 3,056,508 3,321,673 3,544,705 3,463,040 4,060,505 4,292,929 95,786 156,682 68,291 2,823,505 2,965,389 3,208,059 628,571 669,870 705,107 453,609 470,075 469,051 4,001,471 4,262,017 4,450,507 170,423 369,268 333,195 594,797 498,847 454,285 1,904,676 0</td>	0 329,238 353,223 578,503 354,078 274,300 139,337 142,771 230,065 155,881 0 0 326,678 322,340 328,555 340,354 217,799 236,346 2,739,939 2,733,297 2,591,287 245,908 501,836 212,809 0 103,133 105,697 4,641,480 4,704,491 4,332,284 236,549 582,567 598,224 169,983 156,265 150,000 3,056,508 3,321,673 3,544,705 3,463,040 4,060,505 4,292,929 95,786 156,682 68,291 2,823,505 2,965,389 3,208,059 628,571 669,870 705,107 453,609 470,075 469,051 4,001,471 4,262,017 4,450,507 170,423 369,268 333,195 594,797 498,847 454,285 1,904,676 0

2008-09 BUDGET PARKS AND RECREATION

		2006 ACTUAL	A	2007 APPROVED	I	2008 APPROVED	P	2009 PROPOSED
BUDGET BY PROGRAM								
BUDGET BY FUND								
General	\$	3,980,367	\$	3,844,839	\$	3,975,660	\$	4,092,193
Lottery		1,010,790		1,100,000		1,000,000		525,000
.15 Cent Sales Tax Fund		203,386		276,000		286,807		294,330
.25 Cent Sales Tax Fund		5,264,204		6,014,254		6,196,134		6,257,045
Recreation Activity		8,915,173		9,532,961		9,916,758		10,204,350
Permanent Parks & Recreation		1,845,423		2,046,962		1,884,174		2,761,148
TOTAL	\$ <u></u>	21,219,343	\$	22,815,016	\$	23,259,532	\$	24,134,064
AUTHORIZED FTE's Standard FTE's		145.25		144.62		145.82		145.82
Seasonals		79.00		79.00		79.00		79.00
TOTAL	_	224.25	=	223.62	=	224.82	=	224.82

2008-09 BUDGET PARKS AND RECREATION DEPARTMENT

MISSION STATEMENT

The mission of the city of Boulder Parks and Recreation Department is to provide safe, clean, and beautiful parks and facilities and high-quality leisure activities for the community. These services shall enhance residents' health and well-being and promote economic vitality for long-term community sustainability. We will accomplish this through creative leadership, environmentally sustainable practices, and the responsible use of available resources.

BUSINESS PLAN NARRATIVE

Since 2001, the city of Boulder has been combating the effects of a local and national recession. Competition for retail sales tax, the crux of the city's revenue base, coupled with rising inflation created an ongoing funding challenge for the provision of municipal services. This impacted the department of Parks and Recreation since sales tax revenue directly or indirectly funds 40 percent of its functions. Additionally, the department's General Fund budget was reduced by \$1,100,000 during this period and the general fund subsidy for recreation services was reduced by \$330,000. As a budget strategy, funding for maintenance and renovation of the departments current assets was prioritized over new development in the .25 Cent Sales Tax Fund. The shift in funding for maintenance from the General Fund to the .25 Sales Tax Fund placed more of the burden of ongoing maintenance on the dedicated tax revenue but was insufficient to fully cover increased maintenance costs. As a result of these factors, the park system is being maintained at a decreased level of service; however, the department is committed to resolving and preventing all health, safety and sanitation issues at all sites.

In 2006, the department implemented more strategies to identify efficiencies within the organization and minimize public impact. As a result, a \$415,000 budget reduction was implemented to resolve a Recreation Activity Fund (RAF) imbalance between revenues and expenditures. The RAF is the primary funding source for recreation programs and services including the three recreation centers, Boulder Reservoir, Flatirons Golf Course, and the two outdoor pools. The additional \$415,000 reduction was not related to any General Fund budget reduction, but instead reflects that Recreation Activity Fund revenue sources (e.g. user fees and General Fund transfer) must balance with expenditures (e.g. recreation facility and program costs).

Because departments city-wide have been faced with fiscal constraints on operations, it is necessary to determine what offerings are essential and must be provided at an acceptable service standard level. These priorities are determined through the department's Master Plan and the city's Business Plan. The department's master plan categorizes its recommendations within a fiscally constrained, action and vision plan framework. The

city's Business Plan categorizes all city programs and services into essential, desirable and discretionary categories and determines what will be funded within fiscally constrained, action and vision plans.

A key objective for the department in both the business plan and master plan is to take care of existing assets. Necessary services include: snow removal, sidewalk, parking lot, playground, walkway and path maintenance, basic turf maintenance, trash removal, security lighting, protective fencing, bridge repair, maintenance of retaining walls, precautionary signage; hazardous tree removal, noxious weed mitigation, protective wildlife management (e.g. bear encroachment); general health and safety maintenance and repairs to recreation facilities, restrooms and shelters; ADA requirements (accessibility and inclusion). The department's Fiscally Constrained Plan reflects how the department manages these functional areas.

The department is striving to best serve the community with its available resources. Reallocations in the 2007 budget provided increased ongoing funding for parks maintenance and capital renovations of approximately \$170,000. Beginning in 2006, the department's Capital Improvement Program (CIP) has been increased to reflect stabilizing and improved sales tax collections in the .25 Cent Sales Tax Fund. The Parks and Planning Division is phasing in an organizational restructure to position itself to better allocate current resources and create a more sustainable system.

The department's Action Plan submission includes unfunded priorities necessary to restore and expand programs and services. For 2008, key requests include: increased park maintenance staffing to meet an acceptable service standard level, expansion of the Youth Services Initiative (YSI) to provide comprehensive services at additional sites citywide, implementation of a framework to align programs and services with cost-recovery goals/levels. All efforts are currently not viable unless additional funding is provided or new revenues are produced.

The department's long-term outlook for financial sustainability emerged as one of the most critical issues of the master plan. Two expiring sales taxes, the .15 cent and the .25 cent, volatile user fee revenues and increasing costs contribute to an unstable long term financial picture. The department's ability to generate additional revenue through the provision of recreation programs and services is challenged by competition from private providers and local competition. In recent years, many neighboring communities have built new recreation centers and increased the number of programs offered to their residents. Market comparisons indicate that recreation center fees are higher in Boulder than in neighboring communities.

To ensure the solvency of the Recreation Activity Fund (RAF), revenue generation must grow at the same rate as expenditures. RAF expenses are projected to increase in 2007 and beyond based on higher costs related to day-to-day business, including increased staffing, utilities and other operational requirements. Staff assumes personnel expenses will continue to grow annually at approximately 4 percent. Additional seasonal staff will be required to support the department's more popular seasonal program and service

offerings requiring a higher staff-to-participant ratio. Staff also assumes the majority of non-personnel expenditures will generally rise at the rate of the Denver/Boulder Consumer Price Index (CPI) of approximately 3 percent. However, utilities and fuel expenses are projected to remain volatile and it is anticipated that they will continue to rise at a rate higher than the CPI. As a result, the gap between revenues and expenditures will continue to grow.

Similar to the General Fund's reserve policy, the department strives to maintain a 10 percent fund balance reserve in the RAF. This balance would be available to assist in sustaining programs and services in the event of decreased financial performance due to weather-related incidence and/or program and facility attendance.

Even though the Recreation Division continues to be challenged by financial conditions, the department has initiated strategies that have increased revenue production in the RAF. New practices have been adopted including: implementation of a pricing methodology for programs, activities and services; implementation of the annual pass monthly payment option intended to give payment flexibility to users and to make purchasing an annual pass more affordable; implementation of a discount program for the purchase of annual passes aimed at employees of businesses that belong to the Boulder Chamber of Commerce; implementation of special promotional programs that target existing and potential customers; and hiring a Marketing Manager to centralize and evaluate marketing efforts with an interest in effectiveness and increased return on investment. As a result of the new practices, the Recreation Division has experienced increases in attendance, sales volume, and revenues. Although revenues have increased for the past three years, rising costs coupled with the need to maintain adequate reserves will result in a \$675,000 fund balance in 2013.

GUIDING PRINCIPLES AND INVESTMENT STRATEGY

City Council approved the department's master plan in December 2006. The master plan incorporated public feedback from Town Hall Meetings, focus groups, survey data and the recommendations of the Parks and Recreation Advisory Board and city Planning Board. The master plan discussions with the community clearly indicated that Boulder residents place a high value on Parks and Recreation services and programs. Although budgetary conditions remain fiscally constrained, the department is committed to developing long-term sustainability and providing great parks and recreation experiences to the public.

The recently-adopted master plan is being utilized to provide the framework, recommendations and guidance necessary to help the department achieve goals that align with the city's business plan goals. In an effort to integrate the principles of economic, social, and environmental sustainability into operational decision making, the department's goals are as follows:

- Maintain and protect our parks and recreation facilities and programs.
- Become economically sustainable.

- Fill in the gaps in our parks and recreation system.
- Engage a broader range of the community, especially underrepresented populations.
- Be a communitywide leader in environmental sustainability.
- Enhance our quality of life.

The department's investment strategy also aligns with the city's business plan, which all city departments utilize to create funding priorities and recommendations. Services are categorized as essential, desirable, and discretionary.

- 1.) Essential services include programs and services that are equally available to all residents for no additional charge and support the operations and maintenance of the existing system for health and safety purposes. These include: snow removal, sidewalk, parking lot, playground, walkway and path maintenance, basic turf maintenance, trash removal, security lighting, protective fencing, bridge repair, maintenance of retaining walls, precautionary signage; hazardous tree removal, noxious weed mitigation, protective wildlife management (e.g. bear encroachment); general health and safety maintenance and repairs to recreation facilities, restrooms and shelters; ADA requirements (accessibility and inclusion); strategic management (financial/budget, crisis communication).
- 2.) **Desirable** services include programs and services that benefit a large portion of the community, are provided to residents at no cost or for an appropriate user fee, and sustain a system derived from significant public investment at parks and recreation industry standards These include: expansion of the system to meet ballot measure commitments (planning, design, construction); parks and facilities routine and preventative maintenance; capital improvements, replacement and modification to achieve or maintain industry standards; safety net programming (EXPAND, Youth Services Initiative; learn to swim and public open swim programs); societal benefit through recreation, programs for people with financial barriers; administrative services to sustain operations.
- 3.) **Discretionary** services include programs and services that benefit a wide range of targeted interest groups, age groups or ability levels by developing or enhancing the system beyond industry standards and providing programs and services some of which have high cost recovery rates that subsidize desirable programs and services. The benefits associated with discretionary programs typically benefit the individual participant more directly than the community. These include: land acquisition beyond current service level standards; development of currently owned undeveloped land; aesthetic enhancements to land and facilities (flower beds, turf edging); enhanced park maintenance; golf course and reservoir operations; maintenance outside of health and safety reasons; habitat restoration; public youth and adult programs with high cost recovery capability; public education programs.

Additionally, the department is considerate of the community's future needs and prioritizes its efforts and operating funding accordingly. The department's investment priorities are as follows:

Priority 1: Take care of existing assets.

Priority 2: Develop the highest priority park sites.

Priority 3: Invest in revenue-producing facilities.

Priority 4: Increase maintenance funding.

Priority 5: Broaden access to programs and services to meet changing demographics.

Priority 6: Complete the remaining gaps in the park system.

Priority 7: Adapt to changing needs.

Priority 8: Implement vision plans and enhance the system.

OVERVIEW OF ACTION PLAN

Please refer to Attachment B of the 2008-09 Budget Message for a listing of those Action Plan Items that were recommended for funding. The listing is presented in order by fund and department. Please see the section titled "City Council Direction on the Recommended Budget" for any changes from Attachment B.

OVERVIEW OF VISION PLAN

Vision Statement

The vision of the department is to strive for excellence in our parks and recreation system to reflect and serve the unique values and qualities of our community.

Vision Narrative

Our vision is to create a world-class parks and recreation system to match Boulder's commitment to fitness, health and recreations. We want to become the destination of choice for parks and recreation facilities in the region.

Our vision calls for transforming our parks and recreation facilities into exceptional public gathering places that are attractive, safe and reflect the community's unique character and natural beauty.

We will connect people and places throughout the city with physical links between parks and recreation facilities and other destinations. Our vision revitalizes parks and recreation facilities near 29th Street and the Transit Village, and connects them to new places for people to live, work, shop, eat and play.

We will complete our park system, including Valmont City Park and community, neighborhood and pocket parks. We intend to pursue opportunities, partnerships and new

funding sources to develop inviting new parks, green spaces, and plazas that will become increasingly important links to nature and places of respite in our urban environment.

We will invest in revenue generating facilities to enhance our recreation opportunities and attract visitors for tournaments and other events. Recreation facilities and programs will promote fitness, healthy lifestyles, and economic vitality through events that capitalize on Boulder's spectacular setting and passion for recreation.

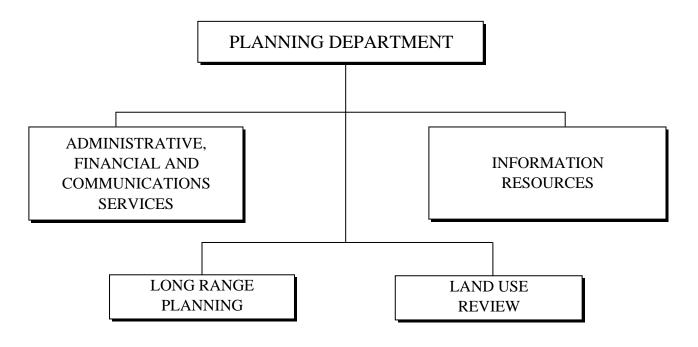
We will adapt programs and services to reflect changing demographics and population growth. We will ensure diversity of programs in the arts, sports and fitness. Working with other agencies, we will improve community connections and provide more inclusive access for the under-served to programs and facilities through scholarships and reduced fees.

The department will be a leader in environmental sustainability. We will use sustainable materials and practices in building and maintaining parks and recreation facilities that are powered by renewable energy sources. Our parks will integrate with surrounding areas, use low-water plants and irrigation systems and be maintained with zero waste and without pesticides.

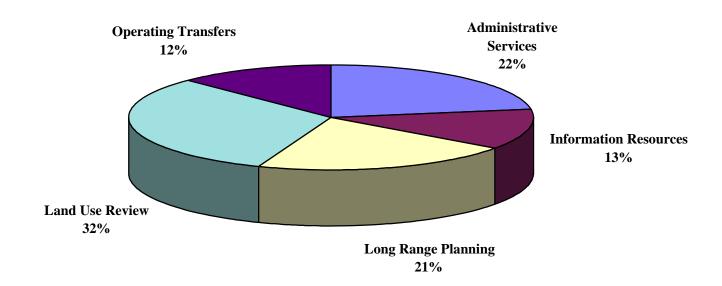
PERFORMANCE MEASURES

	2006 ACTUAL	2007 TARGET	2008 TARGET	2009 TARGET
Recreation Center attendance	432,814	441,560	449,500	457,150
Outdoor Pool attendance	41,558	45,000	49,000	50,000
Adult Sports attendance	205,681	216,000	210,000	212,000
Recreation Class enrollment	29,587	30,475	31,400	32,330
Three Urban Park acres per 1,000 population	3/1,000	3/1,000	3/1,000	3/1,000
Reservoir attendance	50,899	53,440	56,110	58,915
Rounds of Golf	48,000	48,500	49,000	49,500

PLANNING DEPARTMENT



2008 BUDGET \$3,470,575



2008-09 BUDGET PLANNING

		2006 2007 ACTUAL APPROVED		,	2008 APPROVED		2009 PROPOSED		
BUDGET BY PROGRAM									
ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICES	\$	662,085	\$	660,650	\$	777,626	\$	719,925	
INFORMATION RESOURCES		402,593		382,928		439,234		452,295	
LONG RANGE PLANNING		749,703		620,819		719,783		742,097	
LAND USE REVIEW		884,600		1,011,100		1,102,060		1,137,117	
OPERATING TRANSFERS		538,479		404,847		431,872		449,147	
TOTAL	\$ <u></u>	3,237,460	\$	3,080,343	\$	3,470,575	\$	3,500,581	
BUDGET BY CATEGORY									
Personnel Expenses Operating Expenses	\$	2,275,540 306,249	\$	2,238,488 321,188	\$	2,556,570 363,121	\$	2,639,658 290,383	
Interdepartmental Charges		117,192		107,706		112,276		114,522	
Capital		0		8,114		6,736		6,871	
Other Financing Uses		538,479		404,847		431,872		449,147	
TOTAL	\$	3,237,460	\$	3,080,343	\$	3,470,575	\$	3,500,581	
BUDGET BY FUND Planning & Development Services	\$	3,237,460	\$	3,080,343	\$	3,470,575	\$	3,500,581	
	<u> </u>		_		_		_		
TOTAL	\$ <u></u>	3,237,460	\$_	3,080,343	\$ _	3,470,575	\$_	3,500,581	
AUTHORIZED FTE's									
Standard FTE's	_	23.58	_	25.76	_	28.27	_	28.27	
TOTAL	=	23.58	_	25.76	=	28.27	_	28.27	

2008-09 BUDGET PLANNING DEPARTMENT

MISSION STATEMENT

The mission of the Planning Department is to help create, enhance and preserve a natural, physical and economic environment that fosters a unique quality of life in the City of Boulder.

BUSINESS PLAN NARRATIVE

The business plan narrative can be found in the Planning and Development Services page.

GUIDING PRINCIPLES AND/OR INVESTMENT STRATEGY

The guiding principles and/or investment strategy can be found in the Planning and Development Services page.

OVERVIEW OF ACTION PLAN

The overview of the action plan can be found in the Planning and Development Services page.

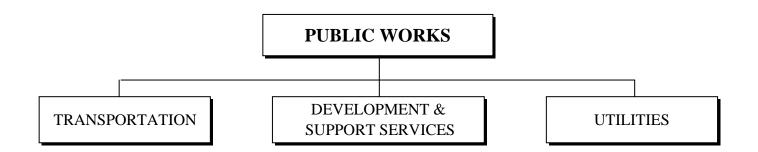
OVERVIEW OF VISION PLAN

The overview of the vision plan can be found in the Planning and Development Services page.

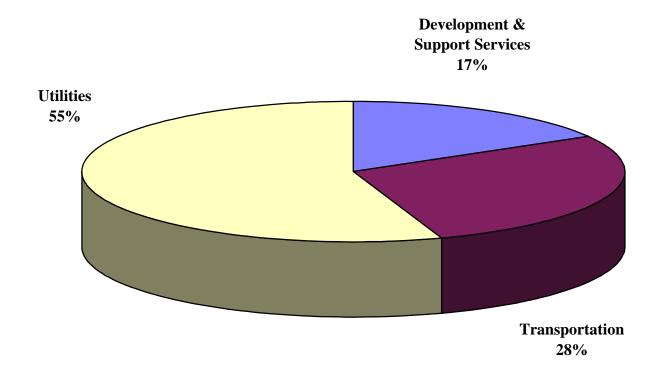
PERFORMANCE MEASURES

Performance measures are reported in the Planning & Development Services page.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT



2008 BUDGET \$102,243,994



2008-09 BUDGET PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT

2006 ACTUAL	2007 APPROVED	2008 APPROVED	2009 PROPOSED
\$ 16,638,421	\$ 17,447,928	\$ 16,981,305	\$ 17,235,089
23,979,001	32,167,928	28,684,685	26,494,043
62,977,542	47,526,264	56,578,004	55,501,039
103,594,965	97,142,121	102,243,994	99,230,171
\$ 20,439,148	\$ 21,724,929	\$ 23,386,748	\$ 24,146,816
27,067,885	21,081,432	23,814,959	24,073,860
4,270,103	4,198,153	4,633,331	4,725,997
34,318,790	34,001,494	34,181,711	30,081,555
11,408,963	11,218,823	11,117,413	10,943,008
1,242,367	0	43,935	(
4,847,710	4,917,291	5,065,897	5,258,934
\$ 103,594,965	\$ 97,142,121	\$ 102,243,994	\$ 99,230,171
\$ 3,103,451	\$ 3,400,717	\$ 3,149,999	\$ 3,223,212
786,960	111,238	112,440	115,287
4,295,065	4,806,640	5,214,523	5,196,877
			450,262
			490,174
			25,256,017
		,	842,952
			10,570 32,597,092
			32,397,092 16,268,002
			6,445,447
			6,550,675
			574,510
			1,209,093
\$ 103,594,965	\$ 97,142,121	\$ 102,243,994	\$ 99,230,171
284.98 11.50	294.97 11.50 306.47	299.16 11.50 310.66	299.16 11.50 310.66
	\$ 16,638,421 23,979,001 62,977,542 103,594,965 \$ 20,439,148 27,067,885 4,270,103 34,318,790 11,408,963 1,242,367 4,847,710 \$ 103,594,965 \$ 3,103,451 786,960 4,295,065 419,630 391,082 21,437,468 2,198,600 10,212 27,169,286 28,901,318 6,734,377 5,523,920 741,931 1,881,665 \$ 103,594,965	\$ 16,638,421 \$ 17,447,928 23,979,001 32,167,928 62,977,542 47,526,264 97,142,121 \$ 27,067,885 21,081,432 4,270,103 4,198,153 34,318,790 34,001,494 11,408,963 11,218,823 1,242,367 0 4,847,710 4,917,291 \$ 103,594,965 \$ 97,142,121 \$ 3,103,451 \$ 3,400,717 786,960 111,238 4,295,065 4,806,640 419,630 428,576 391,082 1,857,283 21,437,468 26,156,646 2,198,600 4,242,623 10,212 9,476 27,169,286 27,532,464 28,901,318 13,578,041 6,734,377 6,236,126 5,523,920 6,212,687 741,931 1,326,102 1,881,665 \$ 103,594,965 \$ 97,142,121	\$ 16,638,421 \$ 17,447,928 \$ 16,981,305 23,979,001 32,167,928 28,684,685 62,977,542 47,526,264 56,578,004 103,594,965 97,142,121 102,243,994 \$ 27,067,885 21,081,432 23,814,959 4,270,103 4,198,153 4,633,331 34,318,790 34,001,494 34,181,711 11,408,963 11,218,823 11,117,413 1,242,367 0 43,935 4,847,710 4,917,291 5,065,897 \$ 103,594,965 \$ 97,142,121 \$ 102,243,994 \$ 103,594,965 \$ 97,142,121 \$ 102,243,994 \$ 1,857,283 1,109,652 21,437,468 26,156,646 26,769,762 2,198,600 4,242,623 897,687 10,212 9,476 10,570 27,169,286 27,532,464 31,017,403 28,901,318 13,578,041 15,771,865 6,734,377 6,236,126 9,602,585 1,881,665 1,243,502 1,182,281 \$ 102,243,994 \$ 103,594,965 \$ 97,142,121 \$ 102,243,994 \$ 1,857,283 1,109,652 21,437,468 26,156,646 26,769,762 2,198,600 4,242,623 897,687 10,212 9,476 10,570 27,169,286 27,532,464 31,017,403 28,901,318 13,578,041 15,771,865 6,734,377 6,236,126 9,602,585 5,523,920 6,212,687 6,401,538 741,931 1,326,102 562,255 1,881,665 1,243,502 1,182,281 \$ 103,594,965 \$ 97,142,121 \$ 102,243,994 \$ 102,243,99

2008-09 BUDGET PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT

DEPARTMENT OVERVIEW

The Public Works Department continues to work toward building a "sustainable organization" by focusing on operational efficiencies and improvements. These efforts are consistent with ongoing budget themes supported by council for the 2008-09 budget process. These themes are exemplified by the department's commitment to reevaluate systems and business processes through costing of service analysis, implementing and monitoring performance measures, and analyzing privatization options. Public Works is committed to fiscal sustainability by maintaining reserve goals in each of its special revenue and enterprise funds. These are analyzed and adjusted accordingly based on operational and fund balance goals.

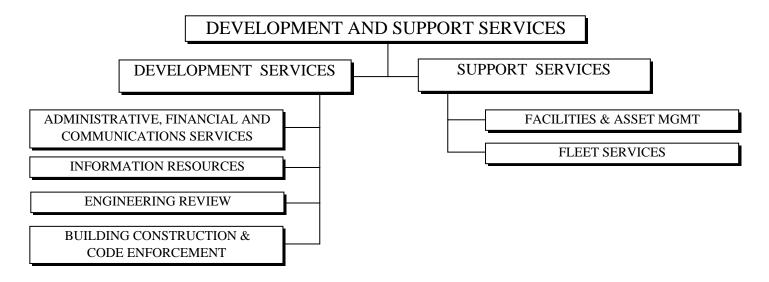
BUSINESS PLAN

Please see the individual Public Works Division sections for a complete discussion of the business plan.

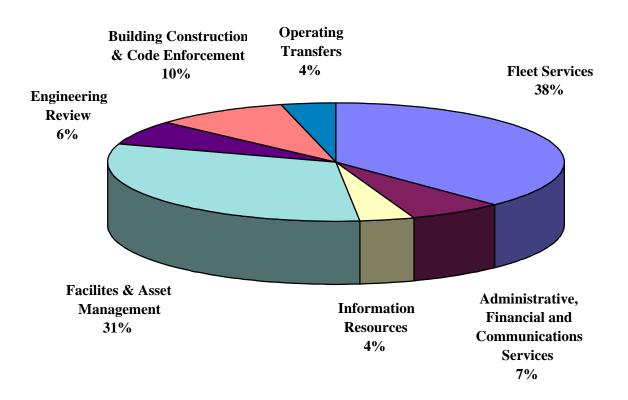
PERFORMANCE MEASURES

Performance measures are reported within the separate Public Works Divisions.

DIVISION OF DEVELOPMENT AND SUPPORT SERVICES



2008 BUDGET \$16,981,305



2008-09 BUDGET DEVELOPMENT & SUPPORT SERVICES DIVISION

		2006 ACTUAL	1	2007 APPROVED		2008 APPROVED	j	2009 PROPOSED
BUDGET BY PROGRAM								
DEVELOPMENT SERVICES								
Engineering Review	\$	949,803	\$	1,044,461	\$	1,110,971	\$	1,145,427
Building Construction & Code Enforcement		1,304,880		1,496,693		1,630,453		1,619,399
Administrative Services		842,653		1,033,324		1,166,439		1,079,888
Information Resources		512,391		598,938		658,851		678,443
Operating Transfers TOTAL	_	685,338	_	633,222 4,806,639	_	5,214,523	_	673,720
TOTAL		4,295,064		4,800,039		5,214,525		5,196,877
SUPPORT SERVICES								
Facilities & Asset Management		6,819,436		6,428,602		5,365,243		5,487,536
Fleet Services	_	5,523,920	_	6,212,687	_	6,401,539	_	6,550,676
TOTAL		12,343,357		12,641,289		11,766,782		12,038,212
TOTAL	\$_	16,638,421	\$_	17,447,928	\$_	16,981,305	\$_	17,235,089
Personnel Expenses Operating Expenses Interdepartmental Charges Capital Other Financing Uses TOTAL	\$ - \$_	4,712,588 4,244,646 1,130,905 5,497,558 1,052,725 16,638,421	\$ \$_	5,451,832 4,042,004 1,051,929 5,863,116 1,039,048 17,447,928	\$ \$_	5,824,825 4,363,639 1,090,871 4,632,118 1,069,852 16,981,305	\$ _ \$_	6,014,133 4,270,912 1,112,688 4,724,760 1,112,596 17,235,089
BUDGET BY FUND								
General	\$	2,989,251	\$	3,319,184	\$	3,066,835	\$	3,138,385
Capital Development		786,960		111,238		112,440		115,287
Planning & Development Services		4,295,065		4,806,640		5,214,523		5,196,877
.25 Cent Sales Tax		419,630		428,576		441,433		450,262
Fleet		5,523,920		6,212,687		6,401,538		6,550,675
Equipment Replacement		741,931		1,326,102		562,255		574,510
Facility Renovation & Replacement	e -	1,881,665	<u>e</u>	1,243,502	<u>-</u>	1,182,281	_	1,209,093
TOTAL	\$ =	16,638,421	\$_	17,447,928	\$_	16,981,305	\$ =	17,235,089
AUTHORIZED FTE's								
Standard FTE's		71.57		74.05		75.74		75.74
Seasonal Temporary FTE's		0.00		0.00		0.00		0.00
TOTAL	-	71.57	_	74.05	-	75.74	_	75.74
1011112	=	/1.5/	=	77.03	=	13.14	=	73.17

2008-09 BUDGET PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT DEVELOPMENT AND SUPPORT SERVICES DIVISION

MISSION STATEMENT

The mission of Development and Support Services is

- to effectively assist customers in a regulatory environment while preserving public health, safety and environmental quality for our community overall, through the efficient administration of codes and standards,
- to provide quality facilities and asset management (FAM) services to City departments for the design, construction and maintenance of facilities,
- to effectively maintain the City's fleet while balancing customer and community values.

BUSINESS PLAN NARRATIVE

Since 2004, FAM has reduced its operating budget by \$695,000 and has eliminated three standard positions. FAM continues to focus its resources on preserving programs and activities central to its mission. Reductions have been in non-essential maintenance, outsourcing custodial services, and postponing non-essential projects.

Operations and Maintenance (O&M) funding levels for General Fund facilities are projected to be 2.13 percent of the Current Replacement Value (CRV) by the end of 2007. The recommended service standard is 2.5 percent of the CRV. O&M needs will continue to be prioritized based upon the most essential needs. Under the Current Funding Program, all preventative and corrective maintenance will be performed on essential systems in all FAM maintained buildings. However, maintenance on non-essential systems will be done in the 26 essential buildings only. These essential buildings provide core community services such as Police, Fire, and Public Works.

Major Maintenance/Facility Renovation and Replacement (MM/FR&R) funding levels are projected to be 1.62 percent CRV by the end of 2007. This percentage would have been even lower except in 2006 FAM reallocated \$107,165 from desirable and discretionary services in operating accounts to essential projects in MM/FR&R and in 2007, FAM received one-time funding of \$290,000. The recommended service standard is 2.0 percent CRV. Without additional funding in MM/FR&R, the maintenance backlog is projected to increase from approximately \$4.6 million in 2007 to \$5.2 million by the

¹ Backlog is an industry standard term used to define the accumulation of uncorrected or deferred deficiencies that represent a liability (in both physical and financial terms) for a facility. These items include maintenance deficiencies, equipment or systems overdue for replacement, etc. Future maintenance items, planned replacements and efficiency improvements are not part of the backlog.

end of 2008; \$4 million is the point at which the overall condition rating for General Fund facilities changes from "good" to "fair" and is the maximum desired maintenance backlog amount.

The focus of Fleet Services' fiscally constrained plan is to continue to effectively maintain the city's fleet while balancing customer and community values. Fleet Services is in the process of finalizing its strategic plan with a completion date in 2007.

In 2006, Fleet Services retained the services of a consulting firm, Mercury Associates Inc., to assist in the development of the strategic plan. Mercury Associates reviewed the methodology used by Fleet Services to establish chargeback costs to customers for the purpose of recovering the operating and maintenance (O&M) cost of Fleet Services. As a result of Mercury Associates' analysis of fleet operating costs and input received from fleet customers, a new rate structure was implemented in 2007.

OVERVIEW OF ACTION PLAN

The FAM Master Plan Update was accepted by City Council on July 19, 2005. The plan recommends industry standard levels of service at all General Fund facilities. The plan also recognizes the city's current economic climate and the need to prioritize services such that the 26 essential facilities will receive industry standard levels of service and the remaining facilities will receive services commensurate with available funding. The plan also presents an Action Plan that identifies additional funding so that the recommended service standard goal of 2.5 percent CRV for O&M and the recommended service standard goal of 2.0 percent CRV for MM/FR&R are realized by 2014. In May 2006, the Action Plan was updated in order to reflect additions to FAM's maintenance backlog. In 2007, the total additional amount needed to meet industry service standards is \$684,115 per year; \$225,862 for O&M and \$458,253 for MM/FR&R.

In addition, FAM's 2008 Action Plan includes requests to return the reallocation of \$107,165 to major maintenance, return the reallocation of \$156,049 to Facility Maintenance (352235) "desirable" services which includes 0.5 FTE (Building Maintenance Person II), return the reallocation of \$83,794 to P & R: O & M (352237) "desirable" services which includes 0.5 FTE (Building Maintenance Person II). The Action Plan also includes a request for \$186,513 which is the "fiscally constrained erosion" amount related to construction and contractual; these costs have been rising at a rate of 5 percent per year. These funding increases would:

- Restore surface refurbishments from minimal standards (greater than ten years) to a ten year schedule,
- Allow implementation of energy improvements with a longer payback period all projects with less than a five year payback; the Fiscally Constrained Plan includes all projects with less than a three year payback, and
- o Maintain the maintenance backlog below \$4 million.

Business Plan implementation, including the development and updating of associated departmental Master Plans, continues to inform investment priorities for capital expenditures and the FAM action plan. As an example, the Library Master Plan effort has illustrated that with over 800,000 customer visits per year, the HVAC system at the Main library has been challenged to perform adequately for a building of its size and design. Patrons are increasingly concerned about the heat, humidity and lack of air flow in this essential facility. As a result, FAM is currently working with the Library Department to evaluate possible improvements to the existing evaporative cooling system installed at the Main Library in 1992. Short-term actions include:

- Conducting an Indoor Air Quality sample at key areas of the building to determine actual temperature, humidity, carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide levels over a period of several days.
- Contracting with an engineering firm to re-commission the heating, ventilating, and air conditioning (HVAC) systems to determine if improvements to the existing system are possible.

These assessment steps will help determine the longer-term needs. Should replacement of the air conditioning system be warranted, a system that is designed to meet current needs at the Main Library would cost approximately \$1 million.

The Fleet Services Action Plan will include purchasing hybrid and alternative fuel vehicles (HAFV) 75 percent of the time they are offered by manufacturers. The current goal of 65 percent was set by the (staff) Fleet Policy Advisory Board. The city Fleet's Green House Targets (GHG) for the implementation of the Kyoto Protocol has been met; the city's fleet produces a total of seven percent less emissions than in 1990. As funds become available, high priority operational and facility needs for Fleet Services will be completed such as upgrading the fuel delivery system, purchasing a test set for digital radios, and installing a sound-dampening system for the Radio Shop in order to help to reduce noise levels caused by being located next to the heavy equipment maintenance area at Fleet Services. The need to replace the fleet facilities roof has been identified and is scheduled to be replaced in 2009 as part of the Facilities Renovation and Replacement Fund (fund 650) CIP program.

Please refer to the Planning and Development Services' Business Plan Narrative.

Please refer to Attachment B of the 2008-09 Budget Message for a listing of those Action Plan Items that were recommended for funding. The listing is presented in order by fund and department. Please see the section titled "City Council Direction on the Recommended Budget" for any changes from Attachment B.

GUIDING PRINCIPLES OR INVESTMENT STRATEGY

1). Maintenance of City Assets (Essential):

FAM: Provides industry standard levels of O&M for 26 essential buildings assigned to the General Fund (GF). Essential services also include providing preventive and corrective maintenance on only essential building systems in the remaining GF facilities assigned to FAM, security and access control systems, energy payments and essential MM/FR&R projects. Implements energy-saving projects with a payback of three years or less.

Fleet Services: Includes all vehicle and equipment maintenance and acquisition services directly related to vehicle safety. Also includes the Fleet Replacement Fund (FRF) which replaces existing vehicles classified as "emergency" such as police patrol cars and heavy trucks used for snow and ice control. Provides preventive and corrective maintenance on all mobile and stationary communications equipment.

2.) Maintenance of City Assets (Desirable):

FAM: Provides O&M service levels in "Non-Essential Buildings" to industry standards for all buildings assigned to FAM, periodic surface finish replacements on a ten year cycle, administrative services, staff training and includes the Equipment Replacement Fund (ERP) payments for capital equipment assigned to FAM. Implements energy-saving projects with a payback of five years or less. Fleet Services: Includes all non-essential customer requested services such as providing a self-service car wash facility, increased implementation of HAFV technologies, and includes the Fleet Replacement Fund (FRF) which replaces existing vehicles classified as "non-emergency" such as non-patrol sedans and pickup trucks.

3.) Maintenance of City Assets (Discretionary):

FAM: Includes funding for furnishing GF common areas such as conference areas and outdoor furniture and administrative services associated with investigating renewable energy technologies such as solar and wind, where cost effective. Implements energy-saving projects with a payback of ten years or less.

Fleet Services: Includes a one percent Emergency Reserve and a two percent Operating Reserve which are annually appropriated to fund unanticipated emergency and operating needs. Also includes funding for lower priority facility needs and construction of a separate Radio Shop facility.

Please refer to Planning and Development Services' Guiding Principles or Investment Strategy.

OVERVIEW OF VISION PLAN

The Vision Plan for FAM identifies additional funding so that the recommended service goal of 2.0 percent CRV for MM/FR&R is realized by 2014. In 2007, the additional amount needed to meet this industry service standard is \$458,523 per year. For O&M, the Vision Plan increases the service standard from 2.5 percent CRV to 3.0 percent CRV. In 2007, the additional amount needed to meet this higher service standard is \$506,211 per year. This level of funding would:

- Restore surface refurbishments to a seven year schedule rather than a ten year schedule,
- o Allow implementation of energy improvements with a longer payback period all projects with less than a ten year payback,
- o Exploration of new energy technologies,
- o Improve security systems
- o Maintain the maintenance backlog below \$4 million
- o Implement a long term replacement program for city facilities, and
- o Implement planned maintenance and replacement strategy for land improvements that are currently done on an as-needed basis.

The Vision Plan for Fleet Services is currently being developed as part of the Fleet Strategic Plan. It will include:

- o Implementation of HAFV technologies to the maximum extent possible which will result in further exceeding the city's GHG targets and Kyoto Protocol goals,
- o Construction of a separate Radio Shop facility at the City Yards, and
- o Completion of facility changes at the City Yards in coordination with other divisions of Public Works Department Yards as detailed in the FAM Master Plan.

PERFORMANCE MEASURES

	ACTUAL 2006	TARGET 2007	TARGET 2008	TARGET 2009
Fleet Services				
Repairs returned for rework	0.26%	<2%	<1%	<1%
2. Increase miles traveled between road calls	91,469 miles	>40,000 miles	>60,000 miles	>60,000 miles

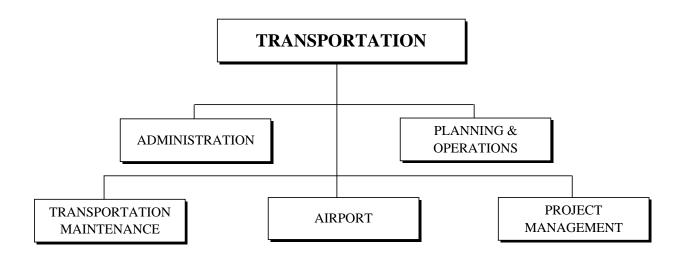
	ACTUAL 2006	TARGET 2007	TARGET 2008	TARGET 2009
FAM				
1. Maintenance Backlog ²	\$4,538,175	\$4,000,000	\$4,000,000	\$4,000,000
2. Funding Level for Major Maintenance / Facility Renovation & Replacement ³	1.7% CRV	2% CRV	2% CRV	2% CRV
3. Funding Level for Operations & Maintenance ⁴	2.2% CRV	2.5% CRV	2.5% CRV	2.5% CRV

² A Maintenance backlog of \$4 million corresponds to the transition point where overall condition rating of General Fund facilities goes from "good" to "fair." A maintenance backlog of \$8 million corresponds to the transition point where the overall condition rating of General Fund facilities goes from "fair" to "poor."

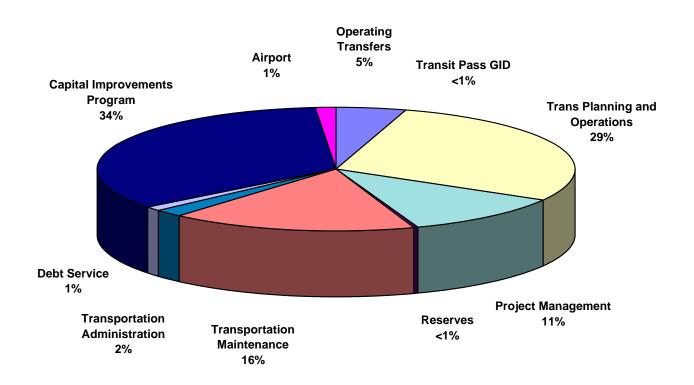
³ The industry standard funding level for Major Maintenance (MM) / Facility Renovation and Replacement (FR&R) is 2% current replacement value (CRV).

⁴ The industry standard funding level for Operations and Maintenance (O&M) is 2.5% of the current replacement value (CRV).

DIVISION OF TRANSPORTATION



2008 BUDGET \$28,684,685



2008-09 BUDGET TRANSPORTATION DIVISION

	2006 ACTUAL	2007 APPROVED	2008 APPROVED	2009 PROPOSED
BUDGET BY PROGRAM				
TRANSPORTATION DIVISION				
Operating Transfers				
Cost Allocation/Transfers	\$ 1,401,233	\$ 1,362,980	\$ 1,375,305	\$ 1,426,611
TOTAL	1,401,233	1,362,980	1,375,305	1,426,611
Capital Payments				
Boulder Transit Village - Debt Payments	272,758	123,523	292,515	123,458
TOTAL	272,758	123,523	292,515	123,458
Reserves				
Operating Reserves	0	110,000	110,000	110,000
TOTAL	0	110,000	110,000	110,000
Transportation Planning & Operations				
Traffic Engineering	78,423	90,600	94,713	97,417
Street Lighting & Construction	876,115	1,028,064	1,048,625	1,069,598
Signs/Markings	977,037	1,052,641	1,107,675	1,135,565
Signal Maintenance & Upgrade	897,887	972,793	1,171,398	1,200,638
Transportation Operations	562,552	619,986	665,768	686,203
Transportation System Management	214,222	149,979	202,302	206,668
Transportation Planning				
Transit Service Operations	2,372,908	1,617,054	2,864,509	2,922,226
Travel Demand Management (TDM)	511,459	505,632	626,050	641,610
TDM Grants	76,655	127,492	79,739	82,049
Facilities/Regional Planning	207,707	123,687	128,381	131,664
Master/Community Planning	156,830	202,697	210,540	215,987
Bike/Ped Planning	52,958	0	0	0
subtotal	3,378,517	2,576,563	3,909,217	3,993,536
TOTAL	6,984,754	6,490,626	8,199,699	8,389,625
Project Management				
CIP Administration	312,731	331,266	359,055	369,889
Transportation Rehabilitation				
Overlay	1,165,771	1,342,197	1,420,460	1,449,901
Sidewalk Maintenance	204,835	230,004	245,429	250,778
Major Street Reconstruction	457,664	317,728	338,130	345,958
Bikeways Capital Maintenance	186,280	195,658	207,491	211,868
subtotal	2,014,550	2,085,587	2,211,509	2,258,505
3rd Party Construction	105,109	600,000	600,000	612,000
TOTAL	2,432,390	3,016,852	3,170,564	3,240,395

2008-09 BUDGET TRANSPORTATION DIVISION

	2006 ACTUAL	2007 APPROVED	2008 APPROVED	2009 PROPOSED
UDGET BY PROGRAM				
Alternative Transportation				
Transit Pass GID	10,212	9,476	10,570	10,570
TOTAL	10,212	9,476	10,570	10,570
Transportation Maintenance				
Administration	354,496	425,442	439,122	452,461
Fleet Liaison	37,814	43,812	46,134	47,576
Bikeway Maintenance	245,377	336,201	361,999	371,977
Graffiti Maintenance	72,436	80,443	89,249	91,874
Median Maintenance	614,953	611,080	650,505	668,873
Street Sweeping	441,240	501,713	536,182	549,982
Street Snow & Ice Control	924,256	632,480	646,406	662,452
Repair & Maintenance	1,571,434	1,578,840	1,704,759	1,746,864
O&M Study Implementation	0	0	250,000	250,000
TOTAL	4,262,007	4,210,012	4,724,356	4,842,059
Transportation Administration				
Division Administration	429,836	456,051	482,795	496,586
Support Services	108,820	110,299	114,378	117,940
TOTAL	538,656	566,350	597,173	614,526
Airport				
Administration	130,033	143,464	149,839	154,051
Repair & Maintenance				
Lighting Maintenance	5,758	3,500	3,900	3,978
Runway/Taxiway Maintenance	17,157	41,102	18,000	18,360
Grounds Maintenance	52,248	55,512	70,300	71,706
Building Maintenance	72,685	74,320	140,886	143,704
subtotal	147,849	174,434	233,086	237,748
TOTAL	277,882	317,898	382,925	391,799
Capital Improvement Program				
Capital Improvement Program	7,799,109	15,960,210	9,821,578	7,345,000
TOTAL	7,799,109	15,960,210	9,821,578	7,345,000
TOTAL	\$ 23,979,001	\$ 32,167,928	\$ 28,684,685	\$ 26,494,043

2008-09 BUDGET TRANSPORTATION DIVISION

		2006 ACTUAL	1	2007 APPROVED	ı	2008 APPROVED	I	2009 PROPOSED
BUDGET BY PROGRAM								
BUDGET BY FUND								
General	\$	97,554	\$	64,554	\$	65,845	\$	67,162
Airport		391,082		1,857,283		1,109,652		490,174
Transportation		21,281,552		25,993,992		26,600,930		25,083,185
Transportation Development		2,198,600		4,242,623		897,687		842,952
Transit Pass General Improvement District		10,212		9,476		10,570		10,570
TOTAL	\$	23,979,001	\$	32,167,928	\$	28,684,685	\$	26,494,043
<u>AUTHORIZED FTE's</u> Standard FTE's		62.97		65.99		68.24		68.24
Seasonal Temporary FTE's		5.00		5.00		5.00		5.00
TOTAL	=	67.97	=	70.99	=	73.24	=	73.24

2008-09 BUDGET PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT TRANSPORTATION DIVISION

MISSION STATEMENT

The Transportation Division provides for the mobility of persons and goods by developing and maintaining a safe, efficient, environmentally sound and balanced transportation system with emphasis on providing travel choice through all modes – transit, pedestrian, bicycle and vehicular transportation; maintains streets and bikeways; and maintains the municipal airport to provide for safe and efficient aircraft operations.

BUSINESS PLAN NARRATIVE

Following a sustained period of reductions in the Transportation Budget from 2002 through 2005, Transportation, like much of the rest of the city organization, is seeing a modest recovery in total revenues. However, during this period Transportation has experienced cost escalation that has significantly outpaced the consumer price index. The erosion of buying power in the transportation industry has been significant, resulting in additional reduction in service levels even during this modest recovery. Throughout this period of deep cuts and modest increases, the Transportation budget has been guided consistently by a set of principles that were created through transportation prioritization analyses and transportation policy as noted below. The analyses and policies were grounded in public involvement and board and Council review and approval and have been reinforced through the City Manager's Business Plan. As revenues continue to modestly rebound and cost escalation continues to be a significant factor, these same guiding principles have been used for prioritizing budget restoration.

In the current budget cycle, Council will note changes to the budget due to:

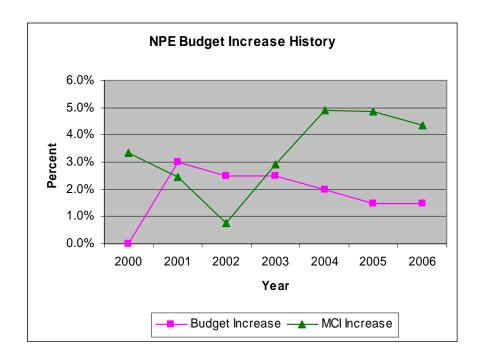
- Lower revenues than previously projected for the Transportation Excise Tax (TET);
- o increases in the cost of doing business in the transportation arena;
- o catching up operations and maintenance with cumulative additions to the transportation system;
- o keeping up with new maintenance requirements as a result of unusual winter conditions and findings from a recent maintenance practice study; and
- keeping up with leveraged funding awarded to the city by state and federal sources, thereby keeping funding secured and avoiding cost escalation due to project delay.

The revenues from Transportation Excise Tax (TET) have dropped significantly in recent years, due to a number of factors. What used to be a revenue source of \$1 million to \$1.1 million annually, dropped to approximately \$400,000 in 2006. As a result of updating projections to be more realistic (a total impact of \$1.3 million over the next 5 years), the TET has been reduced to reflect a more modest cash flow for transportation projects. Projects and programs between the Transportation Fund and the Transportation

Development Fund have been rebalanced accordingly. This development excise tax issue is in play for other departments as well and Transportation staff supports the concept of doing a study to evaluate the effectiveness and potential changes to the excise tax system and policies.

In the past, the city has appropriated non-personnel expense (NPE) increases based on the ability to pay, which typically was less than CPI or even no increase at all. At the same time, construction costs for materials such as asphalt, steel, Portland Cement, fuel, and other materials and supplies have increased at greater rates. For example, during 2004 and 2005 the Colorado Construction Cost Index went up 70% and then stabilized in 2006 at that upper level. We will continue to track these indices and monitor and coordinate with state and regional responses to cost escalation. These costs apply to construction as well as operations and maintenance activities in Transportation. (Note the graphic below illustrating the difference between NPE and the Municipal Cost Index--an additional monitored measure). Material cost increases impact multiple service areas such as the street resurfacing program, day-to-day potholing and patching maintenance programs, and the capital construction program.

Another major impact to the city over the last year has been the particularly punishing winter that we experienced over the end of 2006 and early 2007. The combination of moisture and low temperatures created a freeze-thaw cycle which significantly impacted roadway surfaces, adding to our maintenance needs.



The result of the combination of increased material costs, unusual weather conditions, incremental additions to and requirements of the system is that some elements of the Transportation system continue to not meet minimum acceptable service standards. In order to prudently manage and maintain our community's valuable infrastructure,

Transportation proposes focusing fiscally constrained revenue increases on catching up with the cost of doing business through NPE increases (additional 4% in areas most affected by cost/weather impacts) and catching up operations and maintenance activities.

Finally, Transportation has initial results from an Operations and Maintenance Study which identifies the need to improve data collection and data management for tracking and programming preventative maintenance activities for the transportation system. Two specific activities include finalizing the implementation of an industry-standard pavement management system and updating the rating of the condition of the street/transportation system. This data update and data management system will then allow us to improve our strategic planning and implementation to right-size efforts such as resurfacing, patching, chip and seal, crack sealing and other maintenance practices. Therefore, a line item is proposed to finalize pavement management, contract services to rate the system's condition, and include some flexibility to respond to immediate preventative maintenance efforts.

In the past, Transportation has been successful at seeking leveraged funding opportunities. On a positive note, if Transportation had not been successful at winning "reconstruction" dollars, our need for additional maintenance funding would be even greater than it is now. Also, most projects that have added travel choices, system improvements and safety enhancements have included leveraged funding. For example, Boulder was recently awarded federal funding for transportation connections in the Boulder Transit Village vicinity, stretching our local resources to address a community goal. However, one challenge that staff faces is that the Denver Regional Council of Governments (DRCOG), Colorado Department of Transportation and Federal Government have been simultaneously creating penalties, as severe as losing funding, for delaying project construction and creating more requirements to achieve project approval. Add the city's ethic of thorough and comprehensive public involvement and we face the challenge of implementing the approved CIP in a timely fashion without losing valuable federal and state funding. Also, each year a project is delayed, the more it is impacted by escalating material costs. Overall, it is important to advance the CIP in a timely manner in order to keep valuable leveraged funds. Historically, Transportation has averaged \$2 million annually in leveraged investments in our transportation infrastructure.

As a result of public and private development of the transportation system over time, there have been traffic signals added to the system. The number of signals increased from 122 in 1993 to 144 in 2005. We have reached the threshold of adding enough signals to the system that we are not meeting acceptable service levels for Operations & Maintenance (O & M) of the system with current staffing levels. A guideline in the signal industry is a ratio of 1 technician per 30 or 40 signals. Along with the increase of signals, there are also more other kinds of electronic signs. From 2000 to 2005, the number of flashing pedestrian crossing treatments went from 1 to 11, and the number of radar speed display signs increased from 3 to 23. With these additions to the system and in order to catch up with minimum acceptable service standards, Transportation is proposing one additional FTE for O & M of the signal system. This FTE is consistent with the Budget Guiding Principles since it focuses on day-to-day maintenance and operations of the existing system.

Similar to the previous budget cycle, in out years of the Transportation Fund of the capital program, we are attempting to allow continued flexibility to provide local match for federal funding and/or local implementation to optimize FasTracks and other community objectives. Please note that, while we have had great success in past years in leveraging federal funds, it may be more difficult in the future as federal funds are diminishing. Recent estimates indicate that on its current course, the Highway Users Trust Fund (HUTF) would no longer have funds available to distribute as soon as 2009. Staff also will be monitoring changes at the federal level which would impact funding of DRCOG's Transportation Improvement Program, our primary source of federal funds.

Another item reflected beginning with a supplemental in the 2007 budget and continued with the 2008 budget is a contractual change for the HOP service. The contract change reflects the RTD contribution to the HOP in addition to the City of Boulder's contribution. The HOP service contract change makes it clear that Special Transit is providing the HOP service on behalf of municipal government, which allows Special Transit to pay lower fuel taxes. Since the full amount of this budget increase is reimbursed from RTD, there is no real difference in what the city invests in the HOP, but this administrative and budget tracking change keeps money invested in local transportation.

GUIDING PRINCIPLES AND/OR INVESTMENT STRATEGIES

Aligning with the policies of the Transportation Master Plan is an important aspect of the Transportation Budget's guiding principles. As previously outlined in Council/Board budget processes, the following priorities and strategies have been used to develop the Transportation budget:

- ► Maintain Integrity of Transportation Prioritization, in order:
 - Maintenance and Operations (Essential)
 - Multimodal System Expansion (Desirable)
 - Enhancements without system performance benefit (Discretionary)
- ► Achieve Sustainable Budget Over Time
- ► Continue Efficiency Improvements
- ► Maintain Leveraged Funded Projects
- ► Reduce Boulder Transit Village (BTV) debt through annual operating savings if available

The essential, desirable, discretionary categories of funding are derived similarly and are described below with examples:

1.) Essential Services include Operation and Maintenance of Existing System to Maintain Public Safety. Examples include pothole repair, street resurfacing, taking care of signs and signals, addressing safety issues and basic levels of existing direct service for all modes, etc. This area has sustained reductions, but to a much lesser extent than other areas at about 18% reductions on average across Operations and Maintenance. Quality of life is addressed in this area though air quality, quality of experience in travel (e.g.

- addressing failing streets, potholes, sidewalk hazards, etc.), and maintaining a reliable system (e.g. traffic signals functioning and in good condition).
- 2.) Desirable Services include Expansion of Multimodal System All modal system expansion has been slowed. The expansion of the multimodal system includes roadway, bicycle, pedestrian, transit and travel demand management projects, programs and services. Examples include new sections of path, sidewalk, improved roadway segments and intersections, expanded transit service and increases to Eco Pass enrollment. This area has received cuts over the past several years in excess of 50%. At this point, if a citizen sees a project it is highly likely that it either has leveraged funds, is associated with a capital maintenance project, or both. The quality of life enhancement consists of improving system performance, providing more travel choices, connecting citizens to basic needs and activities, improved air quality, and increasing mobility. Also, a capital improvements program helps support the community's economic vitality efforts.
- **3.) Discretionary Services include** Mitigation Projects Examples include things like noise walls and Neighborhood Traffic Mitigation such as traffic circles, bulb outs, speed bumps, etc. This area of the budget does not improve system performance or preserve the quality or integrity of the infrastructure and/or system. This area of the budget has sustained a 100% reduction. Until the economy recovers sufficiently, we will not be considering any new mitigation projects.

OVERVIEW OF ACTION PLAN

The Transportation Master Plan outlines a Current Plan (Fiscally Constrained), an Action Plan and a Vision Plan. The Action Plan is the next set of strategic steps that will provide a prioritized increment of multimodal connections, subsequent O & M investments, travel demand management expansion, transit service enhancements, and progress with regional coalitions toward expanding regional travel choices. The Action Plan's estimated cost is \$5.5 million annually. The Action Plan's funding would be dependent upon new revenues above and beyond current funding sources.

However, since the TMP was adopted, FasTracks was created by RTD and approved by the voters. The Transportation Advisory Board (TAB) and staff have been working with a steering committee to better understand how FasTracks will serve our community and which projects and programs the city needs to advance to maximize the benefit of FasTracks. Also, the city needs to adjust costs to reflect a new fiscal reality as a result of cost escalation in the transportation industry. At a May 29, 2007 study session, Council's guidance to staff and TAB included returning to Council with updated project lists for the Fiscally Constrained Plan and Action Plan of the TMP. Staff and TAB are refining those lists and will return to Council for final action. Also, staff and TAB will be coordinating with Blue Ribbon Commission work and outcomes to develop new revenue sources for transportation which Council would consider to advance the Action Plan project list of the TMP.

The Boulder Municipal Airport (BMA) completed its Master Plan and will be implementing Fiscally Constrained and Action Plan elements based on its enterprise status.

Please refer to Attachment B of the 2008-09 Budget Message for a listing of those Action Plan Items that were recommended for funding. The listing is presented in order by fund and department. Please see the section titled "City Council Direction on the Recommended Budget" for any changes from Attachment B.

OVERVIEW OF VISION PLAN

In Transportation, the Vision Plan consists of a completed multimodal system providing travel choice throughout the community. It also includes operating and maintaining that travel choice system to preferred service levels. Complimenting travel choices with a full spectrum of travel demand management programs is included in the plan. Finally, the Vision Plan addresses effectively working with regional coalitions to develop and fund expanded regional travel choices. Please note that the Vision Plan does not consist of a "wish list" of brand new systems and technologies. For example, it does not include expensive monorail, people movers or subways. The Vision Plan is a grounded plan that would complete basic multimodal systems of roadway, transit service and facilities, pedestrian and bicycle systems and travel demand management.

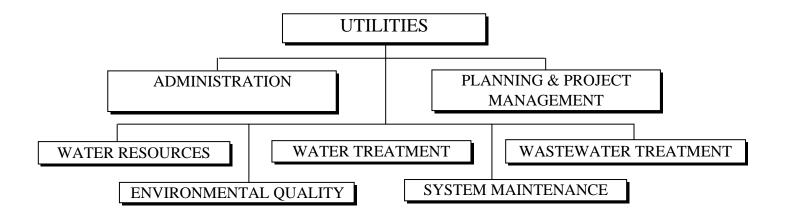
Similar to the Action Plan, funding for the Vision Plan would come from new revenue sources above and beyond existing sources.

PERFORMANCE MEASURES

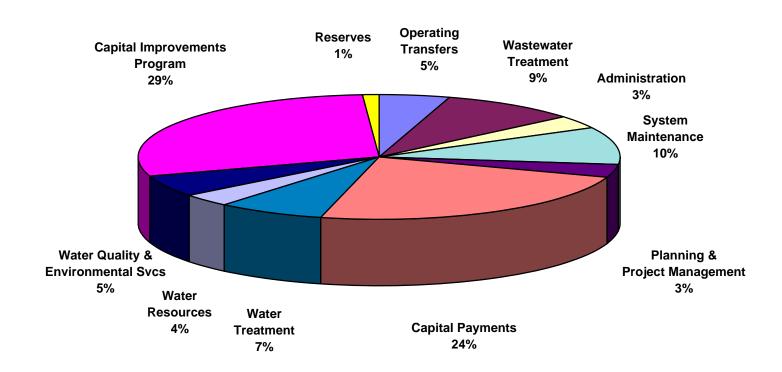
		Actual 2006	Target 2007	Target 2008	Target 2009
1.	Daily vehicle miles of travel (VMT) in Boulder Valley: maintain at 1994 levels (2.46M).	2.61 Million	2.69 Million	2.68 Million	2.67 Million
2.	Modal shift – Reduce SOV travel to 25% of trips by 2025.	38.4%	36%	35.3%	34.6%
3.	Transportation System Performance: maintain average drive times; maintain congestion at 20% of the system.	16%	20%	20%	20%

		Actual 2006	Target 2007	Target 2008	Target 2009
4.	Of total number of potholes reported, the number of potholes filled within one business day.	82%	95%	95%	95%
5.	Of total number of sidewalk trip hazards reported, the number of hazards repaired within one business day.	75%	95%	95%	95%

DIVISION OF UTILITIES



2008 BUDGET \$56,578,004



2008-09 BUDGET UTILITIES DIVISION

	2000 ACTU		2007 APPROVED	2008 APPROV	2009 ED PROPOSED
UDGET BY PROGRAM					
UTILITIES DIVISION					
Capital Payments					
Windy Gap Payments	\$ 2,11	8,388 \$	2,108,314	\$ 2,438,	779 \$ 2,457,567
Debt Service Payments	11,13	6,205	11,095,300	10,868,	834 10,819,549
TOTAL	13,25	4,592	13,203,614	13,307,	613 13,277,116
Operating Transfers					
Transfers/Cost Allocation	2,39	3,801	2,515,263	2,620,	740 2,719,727
TOTAL	2,39	3,801	2,515,263	2,620,	740 2,719,727
Reserves					
Operating Reserves		0	654,000	700,	000 714,000
TOTAL		0	654,000	700,	
Administration					
Division Administration	25	1,598	737,357	782,	001 806,829
Rate Administration		19	195,000	35,	000 35,700
Computer Replacement	17	5,101	193,000	199,	000 202,980
Billing Services	47	9,767	683,626	721,	891 740,489
Support Services	16	6,898	177,334	184,	403 189,767
TOTAL	1,07	3,383	1,986,318	1,922,	295 1,975,765
Planning & Project Management					
Planning & Project Management	86	3,834	879,100	924,	250 950,536
Unallocated Construction	59	5,312	500,000	500,	000 510,000
Flood Management	36	9,931	449,019	446,	884 456,810
TOTAL	1,82	9,077	1,828,119	1,871,	134 1,917,347
Water Resources					
Water Resources Management	1,21	5,599	1,083,535	1,203,	880 1,230,479
Watershed Operations	33	5,485	328,024	344,	826 354,650
Hydroelectric Operations	36	1,946	376,711	395,	826 406,660
Stormwater Contract Management		3,849	46,129		052 47,993
TOTAL	1,96	6,879	1,834,398	1,991,	583 2,039,782
Water Treatment					
Betasso Treatment Plant	1,97	9,304	1,986,353	2,069,	562 2,125,792
Boulder Reservoir Treatment Plant	1,58	8,362	1,557,347	1,626,	
System Controls		6,227	255,671	247,	
WTP Residuals Handling		1,461	123,177	122,	_
TOTAL	3,80	5,354	3,922,548	4,065,	329 4,175,020
Water Quality Environment Services					
Industrial Pretreatment	32	2,769	325,180	337,	331 347,516
Water Conservation	37	6,394	446,648	455,	027 466,003
Drinking Water Quality Services		1,441	752,691	788,	
Wastewater Quality Services	48	7,906	508,558	528,	
Stormwater Quality Services	77	8,190	812,929	910,	
TOTAL	2,71	6,700	2,846,006	3,020,	653 3,103,602

2008-09 BUDGET UTILITIES DIVISION

	2006 ACTUAL	2007 APPROVED	2008 APPROVED	2009 PROPOSED
DGET BY PROGRAM				
System Maintenance				
Distribution System Maintenance	1,703,801	1,785,783	1,889,239	1,940,740
Collection System Maintenance	1,224,327	1,493,517	1,563,807	1,606,495
Storm Sewer Maintenance	524,425	609,020	638,658	656,251
Flood Channel Maintenance	237,334	242,389	257,255	264,269
Meter Services	582,076	1,109,939	1,157,269	1,186,197
TOTAL	4,271,963	5,240,650	5,506,227	5,653,952
Wastewater Treatment				
75th Street Treatment Plant	3,202,376	3,442,049	4,028,058	4,134,546
Marshall Landfill Operations	1,470	174,848	89,545	91,336
Cogeneration	66,633	108,878	103,886	106,918
Biosolids Operations	709,042	719,575	1,011,940	1,036,928
TOTAL	3,979,521	4,445,350	5,233,429	5,369,728
Capital Improvements Program				
Capital Improvements Program	27,686,273	9,050,000	16,339,000	14,555,000
TOTAL	27,686,273	9,050,000	16,339,000	14,555,000
TOTAL	\$ 62,977,542	\$ 47,526,264	\$ 56,578,004	\$ 55,501,039
Operating Expenses Interdepartmental Charges Capital Debt Service Non-Recurring Expenditures Other Financing Uses TOTAL	14,767,738 1,647,520 21,160,760 11,136,205 1,242,367 2,393,801 \$ 62,977,542	11,005,013 1,562,676 9,971,975 11,095,300 0 2,515,263 \$ 47,526,264	11,962,051 1,677,236 17,262,600 10,824,899 43,935 2,620,740 \$ 56,578,004	12,171,304 1,710,781 15,497,072 10,819,550 (2,719,727 \$
DGET BY FUND				
General	\$ 16,646	\$ 16,979	\$ 17,319	\$ 17,665
Transportation	155,916	162,655	168,832	172,832
Water Utility	27,169,286	27,532,464	31,017,403	32,597,092
Wastewater Utility	28,901,318	13,578,041	15,771,865	16,268,002
Stormwater and Flood Management Utility	6,734,377	6,236,126	9,602,585	6,445,447
TOTAL	\$62,977,542	\$ 47,526,264	\$ 56,578,004	\$ 55,501,039
THORIZED FTE's	150.44	154.02	155.10	155.10
Standard FTE's Seasonal Temporary FTE's	150.44	154.93	155.18	155.18
TOTAL	6.50 156.94	6.50	6.50	6.50
TOTAL	130.94	161.43	161.68	101.08

2008-09 BUDGET PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT UTILITIES DIVISION

MISSION STATEMENT

The Utilities Division's mission is to provide quality water services, as desired by the community, in a manner which protects human and environmental health and emphasizes efficient management of fiscal and natural resources. Our services include:

- ♦ Potable Water Treatment and Distribution
- ♦ Water Resources and Hydroelectric Management
- **♦** Wastewater Collection and Treatment
- **♦** Stormwater Collection and Conveyance
- **♦** Water Quality Protection and Enhancement
- Infrastructure Planning, Construction and Maintenance
- ♦ Administration and Emergency Planning/Response

BUSINESS PLAN NARRATIVE

Each of the city's three utilities (Water, Wastewater and Stormwater/Flood Management) is a separate enterprise fund established to finance and account for the acquisition, administration, operation and maintenance of each utility's facilities and services. The utility funds receive a majority of their revenues from monthly user charges and utility system development fees.

The implementation of the new water budget rate structure in January 2007 provides a bit of uncertainty as to water revenue projections for the next several years. It was anticipated that the new water budget rate structure overall would be revenue neutral for the water utility although some customers may pay more and some less. Revenue forecasts have been made with the best available information and staff will monitor and evaluate actual revenues on a monthly basis.

Late in 2006, the city had contracted with Red Oak Consulting to conduct a review of the various financial reserves and reserve levels for each of the city's three utilities. This included a survey of the reserve policies of ten other utilities in the Front Range and Southwestern United States. The findings of the study were presented to the Water Resources Advisory Board (WRAB) in January 2007. Based on the study findings, consultant's recommendation and the WRAB's input, staff is proposing to modify the reserve policies of each utility. It is recommended that each utility shows a 25% operating reserve (changed from a range of 20%-25%) and a separate capital reserve. The amount of the capital reserve is based on the minimum annual renewal and replacement costs for capital. Having both an operating and capital reserve will provide the utility with greater financial stability and flexibility should emergencies or revenue

shortfalls occur and will function indirectly as a rate stabilization fund. These changes to the reserves are reflected in both the Reserve Policies and in each utility fund financial.

The fiscally constrained plan for the 2008 budget reflects the administration, operation and maintenance of each utility's facilities and services that can be funded with an annual 2% increase in revenue, beginning in 2008. Since the 2008 Budget Guidelines provide for a 2% nonpersonnel expense (NPE) increase in General Fund activities, the Utilities' Funds have also used this amount as its fiscally constrained base. Programs and projects which exceed this minimum funding level comprise the Utilities' action plan.

All of the Utilities' services and programs meet or exceed the minimum acceptable service standard levels except for maintenance activities for the water distribution system. Prior to 2007, this activity operated at an acceptable standard level, but in reviewing the business plan for 2007, it was revised to below standard. Increases in the costs of materials and fuels in excess of historical nonpersonnel increases have impacted the service level in this area. This situation falls into the "fiscally constrained erosion" category and a reallocation of funds is being proposed for 2008 that would bring this program back to an acceptable service standard level. Energy costs for the water treatment facilities have also increased beyond historical nonpersonnel increases. Even though to date these increases have not negatively impacted the service levels in this area, funds have been diverted from other areas in water treatment to offset the energy costs. This is also an area where fiscal erosion has occurred and is identified in the action plan.

In addition to reallocating dollars to address increased fuel costs in utility maintenance, Utilities is also recommending the following budget reallocations for 2008: reallocating nonpersonnel dollars to fund a 0.50 FTE communications support specialist for 2008 (\$12,500), reallocating funds from Marshall Landfill Operations to offset some of the additional ongoing operating costs related to the recent Wastewater Treatment Plant Improvements (\$150,000) and reallocating dollars from Rate Administration, Stormwater Quality Improvements, and the Capital Improvements Program to fund a one-time data collection effort on Boulder Creek for the Environmental Protection Agency (\$55,000).

GUIDING PRINCIPLES OR INVESTMENT STRATEGY

- 1.) Essential Services include those that ensure highly reliable treatment and delivery systems and those that meet federal and state regulatory criteria. These services and programs include treatment operations, maintenance of existing facilities, watershed protection of raw water quality, pretreatment program, financial management, utility billing operations, planning and analysis, raw water supply management and emergency response programs.
- **2.)** Desirable Services include expansion of treatment and delivery systems. This includes services and programs that are desired to respond to impacts of future growth, meet federal or state goals, or which support city goals. These services

and programs include conservation and public education programs, hydroelectric operations and household hazardous waste program.

3.) Discretionary Services include enhancement of treatment and delivery systems. This includes services and programs that enhance the existing systems or to help others (but not required) perform their basic business service. These services and programs include the acquisition of new water supplies beyond that needed for build-out projections, treatment optimization programs and some facility maintenance projects.

OVERVIEW OF ACTION PLAN

Please refer to Attachment B of the 2008-09 Budget Message for a listing of those Action Plan Items that were recommended for funding. The listing is presented in order by fund and department. Please see the section titled "City Council Direction on the Recommended Budget" for any changes from Attachment B.

OVERVIEW OF VISION PLAN

The vision plan for each utility reflects services, programs and projects which will complete and sustain the high quality water services, as desired by the community, in a manner which protects human and environmental health and emphasizes efficient management of fiscal and natural resources. This will require, in some cases, going beyond the minimum requirements established by federal and state regulatory agencies.

For example, during the term of the Capital Improvement Program (2008-2013), the Northern Colorado Water Conservancy District Pipeline (Carter Lake to Boulder Reservoir) is a vision plan project which is not required, but which is desirable and would protect Boulder's water supply from future contamination and pollution, thereby securing Boulder's water supply for future generations. This project is anticipated to begin construction in 2009. At the July 31st Study Session, City Council expressed concerns about funding this project in 2008 and 2009 and asked for additional information about the project and the potential for federal funding before proceeding with and approving funding for this project. City Council did approve one million dollars in the 2008 Budget for activities related to environmental analysis, design, permitting and property acquisition, but has not approved or committed to construction funds.

The Utilities Division will consolidate its multiple master plans and strategic plans consistent with the city's Business Plan over the next several years. The Business Plan calls for a separate master plan for each of the Utilities Division three restricted funds. It is anticipated the current Wastewater Treatment Master Plan and Wastewater Collection System Master Plan will be merged as the Wastewater Utility Master Plan and work on this will begin in 2007. The Water Utility Master Plan and Stormwater and Flood Management Utility Master Plan will follow in future years.

REVENUE ISSUES

Utility Rate Increases

Based upon current revenue and expenditure estimates, the following revenue increases for 2008 are being recommended (in bold). The 2007 percentages are currently in effect:

			Stormwater/Flood
Year	Water	Wastewater	Management
2007	4%	6%	3%
2008	4%	3%	3%
2009*	10%	3%	3%
2010*	10%	10%	4%
2011*	12%	8%	3%
2012	2%	6%	3%

The proposed increases for 2008 would increase the annual utility bill for a typical residential customer by about \$21.00 or \$1.75 per month. The rate increases for 2008 are primarily needed to cover inflationary increases for personnel and nonpersonnel items. These increases will also fund new costs associated with the improvements at the wastewater treatment plant, new water assessments to both the Northern Colorado Water Conservancy District and the Platte River authority and increased energy costs at the treatment facilities. Any future changes to the water budget rate structure that are considered would also include an analysis of the impact to water revenues and water rates.

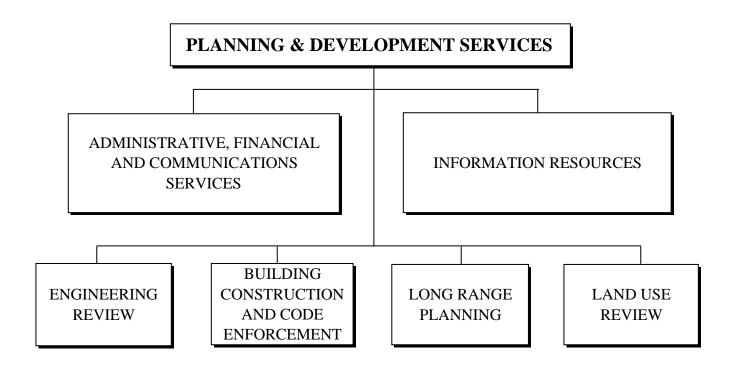
*The projected 2009-2011 increases for water assume the city's participation in the Carter Lake Pipeline Project. If the city does not participate and construct the pipeline, the projected increases for water revenues for 2009-2011 are reduced to 5%, 5% and 6%, respectively. In addition, if the city were to receive federal funding for the project the rate increases would be decreased accordingly.

PERFORMANCE MEASURES

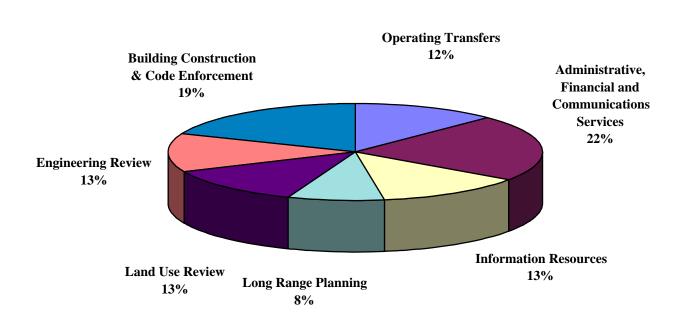
		Actual 2006	Target 2007	Target 2008	Target 2009
1.	Average length of time for an				
	unplanned water service outage - not to exceed 5 hours	100% less than 5 hours	100% less than 5 hours	100% less than 5 hours	100% less than 5 hours

		Actual 2006	Target 2007	Target 2008	Target 2009
2.	Water Treatment percent of compliance (based on days per quarter) in which all of the reportable regulatory standards are met.	100% Compliance	100% Compliance	100% Compliance	100% Compliance
3.	Wastewater Treatment – percent of compliance (based on days per quarter) in which all of the reportable regulatory standards are met.	99.18% Compliance	100% Compliance	100% Compliance	100% Compliance
4.	City of Boulder Community Rating System (CRS) for Flood Insurance Purposes.	Rating = 8	Rating = 8	Rating = 7	Rating = 7

PLANNING & DEVELOPMENT SERVICES



2008 BUDGET \$8,685,098



2008-09 BUDGET PLANNING & DEVELOPMENT SERVICES

The information on this page is also displayed on the Public Works Department/Development and Support Services Division page (under Development Services) and on the Planning Department page.

		2006 ACTUAL	-	2007 APPROVED		2008 APPROVED]	2009 PROPOSED
BUDGET BY PROGRAM								
ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICES								
General Administration	\$	993,775	\$	1,303,957	\$	1,200,437	\$	1,235,388
Planning & Dev Svcs Center		331,520		207,602		549,080		363,627
Budget & Finance		179,443		182,415	_	194,549		200,798
		1,504,738		1,693,974	-	1,944,066		1,799,813
INFORMATION RESOURCES								
Information Resources Administration		130,012		159,424		166,098		170,731
LandLink Administration		236,794		230,479		311,506		320,734
Records & Research		97,865		132,582		141,868		145,946
Geographic Information Systems		450,314	_	459,381	_	478,613	_	493,327
		914,985		981,866		1,098,086		1,130,738
LONG RANGE PLANNING								
Long Range Planning Administration		575,147		473,265		558,324		575,734
Historic Preservation		174,557	_	147,554	_	161,459	_	166,363
		749,703		620,819		719,783		742,097
LAND USE REVIEW								
Land Use Review		197,725		268,556		155,293		159,956
Planner Review Services		422,689		371,252		573,295		591,645
Zoning Administration	_	264,185	_	371,291	-	373,471	_	385,516
		884,600		1,011,100		1,102,060		1,137,117
ENGINEERING REVIEW								
Engineering Review		143,865		168,777		177,241		182,137
Engineer Review Services		554,515		649,205		700,048		722,421
Right-of-Way Inspection		251,423	_	226,479	-	233,682	_	240,869
DUIL DING CONSTRUCTION & CODE ENTORGENTEN		949,803		1,044,461		1,110,971		1,145,427
BUILDING CONSTRUCTION & CODE ENFORCEMEN	N I	256 910		467.951		500 202		455.010
Environmental and Zoning Code Enforcement		356,810		467,851		500,393		455,910
Building Construction Administration		111,679		123,664		130,319		133,958
Building Inspection Services		610,897		658,146		751,849		773,632 255,899
Building Code Plan Review Services		225,494 1,304,880	_	247,033 1,496,693	-	247,892 1,630,453	_	1,619,399
OPERATING TRANSFERS		1,304,660		1,490,093		1,030,433		1,019,399
Cost Allocation/Transfers		1,223,817		1,038,069		1,079,680		1,122,867
Cost Anocation/ Transfers	_	1,223,817	_	1,038,069	-	1,079,680	_	1,122,867
		1,223,617		1,036,009		1,079,080		1,122,607
TOTAL	_	7,532,525	_	7,886,983	-	8,685,098	_	8,697,458
TOTAL	=	1,552,525	=	7,000,703	=	0,000,000	=	0,077,130
BUDGET BY CATEGORY	¢.	# 4 ~ ~ ^ ^	4.	# -#4 +AA			4	c 0.57 155
Personnel Expenses	\$	5,166,882	\$	5,651,208	\$	6,165,132	\$	6,365,499
Operating Expenses		769,431		811,658		1,040,719		801,533
Interdepartmental Charges		372,395		365,244		382,727		390,382
Capital		0		20,804		16,840		17,177
Other Financing Uses	_	1,223,817	-	1,038,069	-	1,079,680	_	1,122,867
TOTAL	\$_	7,532,525	\$_	7,886,983	\$	8,685,098	\$_	8,697,458

2008-09 BUDGET PLANNING & DEVELOPMENT SERVICES

	20 ACT		2007 ROVED	2008 APPROVED	2009 PROPOSED	
SUDGET BY PROGRAM						
UDGET BY FUND Planning & Development Services	\$ 7,5	32,525 \$ 7	7,886,983 \$	8,685,098	\$ 8,697,458	
TOTAL			7,886,983 \$	8,685,098	\$ 8,697,458	
UTHORIZED FTE's						
Standard FTE's TOTAL		64.74 64.74	69.36 69.36	72.56 72.56	72.56 72.56	

2008-09 BUDGET PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT SERVICES

MISSION STATEMENT

Planning and Development Services (P&DS) strives to develop and implement the desired long-term future of the natural and built environment in the city of Boulder by:

- Supporting a community vision and plan that preserves Boulder's high quality of life,
- Protecting the public health and safety,
- Promoting economic, environmental, and social sustainability, and
- Supporting others in carrying out their mission.

BUSINESS PLAN NARRATIVE

P&DS is funded from three primary sources: General Fund transfer, fees, and restricted fund transfers. The approximately \$8.2 million annual operating budget is appropriated across seven different work functions and funds 49 services. Since 2003, P&DS has reduced its operating budget by \$995,000 and has eliminated 9 standard and 7 temporary positions. The reductions have been in areas where resources provided were in excess of the current demand and in activities which may enhance the efficiency and effectiveness of P&DS but were not absolutely essential to its central mission. All but one of our discretionary services have been eliminated through budget reductions or reallocation.

P&DS has been focused on minimizing impacts to services central to the mission, as well as improving the service standards where possible. Of the 49 services provided, 63% of our operating budget is spent on essential services. In 2007, P&DS focused on improving essential services identified as below standard in the Development Review, Building Permit, and Environmental and Zoning Enforcement areas. To improve these services, \$149,500 was added and \$120,500 was reallocated in the 2007 operating budget. Of the total, an on-going amount of \$25,500 and \$60,000 for a fixed-term FTE through 2008 was funded by the General Fund. The remaining \$185,500 was funded by revenue.

The emphasis of the 2008 Fiscally Constrained Plan has been on the reallocation of resources to improve service standards in essential areas. For example, in order to address the below service level standard in the Development Review area, non-personnel dollars are recommended to be shifted to personnel dollars in order to add a fixed-term position to manage development review cases.

GUIDING PRINCIPLES OR INVESTMENT STRATEGY

Essential Services

The essential services category is described as programs, services or facilities essential to ensuring the health and safety of the people and property in the community and municipal corporation, as well as programs or expenses that are legally mandated by federal or state law or City Charter.

Essential services provided by P&DS include health and safety related code compliance such as the review and inspections associated with building, floodplain, right of way and utility permits and the land use and engineering review associated with annexations, rezoning and subdivisions. City Charter mandated services include the coordination of the comprehensive plan, capital improvement program, and department master plans.

Desirable Services

The desirable services category is described as programs that further community goals by protecting cultural and natural resources and by enhancing the quality of the built environment.

Desirable services provided by P&DS include area planning, discretionary review processes, code amendments, and other programs such as historic preservation. Area planning enhances the built environment by bridging the gap between the broad policies of the comprehensive plan and site-specific project review. Discretionary review includes land use review processes that define community standards for development while allowing flexibility in project design which is an example of how the community can enhance the quality of the built environment. Code amendments include changes to the land use regulations to implement Council policy direction, special projects, area plans, and other refinements to update the regulations as needed. The historic preservation program is an example of protecting the cultural resources in the community. The wetland permitting program and environmental planning are examples of activities that protect natural resources. In addition, environmental and zoning enforcement and the rental licensing program enhance the quality of life.

Discretionary Services

The discretionary services category is described as programs and services that further enhance Boulder's quality of life or that provide a special convenience to the customer.

The only discretionary service provided by P&DS is the residential permit allocation system as it serves to enhance Boulder's quality of life. All other discretionary services have been eliminated through either budget reductions or reallocations.

OVERVIEW OF ACTION PLAN

The P&DS Action Plan represents the next step to achieve the service level or restoration that should occur when funding is available within current revenue sources or new approved sources. The 2008 P&DS Action Plan identifies additional resources necessary to improve the service level for essential and desirable services that are currently below the service standard. The Action Plan includes expenses associated with improving or restoring service levels for the following services: building permit and inspection services, development review, comprehensive planning, historic preservation, environmental planning, mapping data maintenance, floodplain permits, right-of-way permit review and inspection, equipment replacement and Service Center.

The total P&DS Action Plan for all services is estimated at \$1,122,000 (\$922,000 annually and \$200,000 one-time) and represents an additional 10.5 FTE. Of the total, \$444,750 including 3.75 FTE is necessary to improve the service level for General Fund services and \$477,250 including 6.75 FTE and \$200,000 one-time is necessary to improve the service level for Revenue services. Each resource identified as necessary to improve the service level has been prioritized based on a critical need due to increased activity level.

For 2008-2009, in the General Fund, P&DS recommends a total resource increase of approximately \$205,000 in on-going funding including a 1.0 FTE to address service level deficiencies and to implement City Council initiated projects that further community sustainability goals. Of the \$205,000, \$75,000 represents our 1% highest priority that focuses on improving service levels as described below and the remaining \$130,000 is to restore consulting services to support Council initiated projects such as the Pops and Scrapes/FAR project.

In the Revenue area, P&DS recommends a total resource increase of \$404,000 (\$204,000 on-going and \$200,000 one-time) including 3.0 FTE to address service level deficiencies as described below.

Please refer to Attachment B of the 2008-09 Budget Message for a listing of those Action Plan Items that were recommended for funding. The listing is presented in order by fund and department. Please see the section titled "City Council Direction on the Recommended Budget" for any changes from Attachment B.

OVERVIEW OF VISION PLAN

The vision for Planning and Development Services is to provide a full range of planning and development services from proactive long range planning to code enforcement in order to protect and enhance Boulder's quality of life, built environment, environmental quality, and health and safety including:

Provision of comprehensive, area, historic, and environmental planning services that meet community, council, and planning board expectations. This would include the ability to prepare area plans and undertake environmental and other special planning projects as requested by Council, and having the appropriate staff expertise and consultant resources. Staff areas of expertise would expand from environmental, historic and comprehensive planning to include urban design.

The vision for Planning & Development Services includes both a physical and virtual one-stop-shop. Currently, P & DS staff have offices in the Park Central Building, Atrium Building and Municipal Services Center. While the existing customer services center located on the 3rd floor of the Park Central Building has generally centralized access to information and development and permit application intake, customers cannot easily access all staff. Providing a true one-stop-shop with all P & DS staff in the same building remains part of the vision for service delivery.

P & DS continues to provide access to information and e-government services on-line. Providing a "virtual" services center with the full array of existing services on-line is an objective of our action plan, currently under development. The "virtual" service delivery model also includes providing real-time access to information for staff in the field. Ultimately, the vision for the virtual services center is the same as that proposed for the physical services center in that excellent customer service would be delivered through both venues. Further details including key aspects of improved service delivery across P & DS under this vision, are outlined in the draft Strategic Plan included with this proposed budget.

PERFORMANCE MEASURES

	ACTUAL 2006	TARGET 2007	TARGET 2008	TARGET 2009
Total number of applications received annually (projected).	6087	5,700	6,000	6,000
2. Administrative Review (ADR) (1): Administrative Setback Variances, Minor Modifications, etc. Target = 12 days	48%	85%	85%	85%
Land Use Review (LUR) (1): Site Reviews, Use Reviews, Annexations, etc. Target = 19 days	38%	85%	85%	85%
Technical Document Review (TEC) (1): Target = 19 days	56%	85%	85%	85%

		ACTUAL 2006	TARGET 2007	TARGET 2008	TARGET 2009
	Building-related Permits (2):				
	New Residential - SFD = 40 days	38%	85%	85%	85%
	New Residential - MFD = 60 days	11%	85%	85%	85%
	New Commercial = 60 days	13%	85%	85%	85%
	Commercial Tenant Finish = 60 days	74%	85%	85%	85%
	Residential Alt/Add = 20 days	34%	85%	85%	85%
	Commercial Alt/Add = 25 days	35%	85%	85%	85%
	Commercial Tenant Remodel = 25 days	50%	85%	85%	85%
	Single/Stand Alone = 12 days	70%	85%	85%	85%
3.	\mathcal{E}				
	applications processed "over-the-	61%	65%	65%	65%
	counter" (projected).				
4.	Number of cases investigated and action				
	taken annually in Zoning and	3,260	4,000	4,000	4,000
	Environmental Code Enforcement.				
5.					
	inspections performed within three	61%	88%	90%	90%
	calendar days of receipt of complaint.				
6.	Percent of complaints for which all				
	investigation and action by	68%	76%	80%	80%
	Environmental Enforcement Officers is	0070			0070
	completed with 30 calendar days.				
7.	Percent of complaints for which all				
	investigation and action by Zoning	72%	75%	80%	80%
	Officers is completed with 60 calendar	, _ , ,	, , , ,		
	days.				
NI	EW PERFORMANCE MEASURES (3):				
De	velopment Review:				
	rcent of Business Licenses reviewed thin 1 week of application.				

	ACTUAL 2006	TARGET 2007	TARGET 2008	TARGET 2009
Permits:				
Percent of floodplain permits in conveyance and high hazard flood zones reviewed within 3 weeks of application.				
Percent of Right of Way and Utility permits reviewed within 48 hours of application.				
Percent of Sign Permits reviewed within 10 days of application.				
Percent of Wetland Permits reviewed within three weeks of application.				
Percent of Revocable Permit and Lease applications reviewed within 14 days of application.				
<u>Inspections:</u>				
Percent of building inspections performed within 24 hours of the request.				
Percent of Right-of-Way and Utility inspections performed within 24 hours of the request.				
Licensing:				
Percent of contractor licenses processed within 24 hours of application.				
Percent of rental housing licenses processed within 3 days of application.				

	ACTUAL 2006	TARGET 2007	TARGET 2008	TARGET 2009
Historic Preservation:				
Percent of Demolition Permit applications reviewed by the Design Review Committee within one week.				
Percent of Demolition Permit applications reviewed by the Landmarks Preservation Advisory Board within six weeks.				
Percent of Landmark Alteration Certificate applications reviewed by staff or Landmarks Design Review Committee within one week.				
Percent of Landmark Alteration Certificate applications reviewed the full Landmarks Board within six weeks.				
Service Center Operations:				
Percent of Skip-a-Trip applications processed within 48 hours.				
Percent of response to Project Specialist telephone inquiries within 24 hours.				

⁽¹⁾ Performance measures for development review activities are based on the actual time an application is under review. For 2006, a tolerance of +/- 5 calendar days has not been included as in previous years thus providing a possibly more accurate account of these performance measures. Staff will be working toward improving these performance measures in 2007. Another metric we are monitoring is the elapsed time an application is held prior to the start of review. Reviews for approximately 46% of the cases submitted were not started the same week (i.e., on the same "Track") in which they were submitted, but placed on "Hold" for one to two tracks – two to six weeks – until sufficient staff resources became available to initiate review.

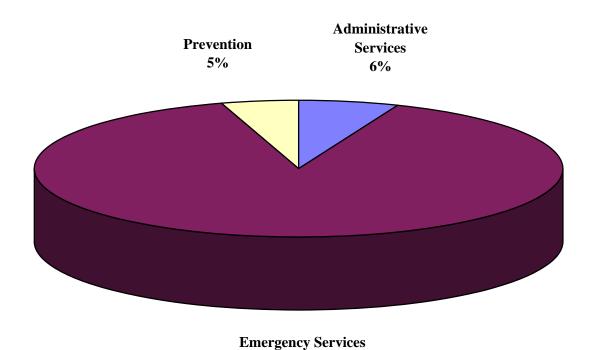
⁽²⁾ For building permits, performance is based on the time an application is under review from the date it's received. In 2006, from January through August, building permits were put on hold for an average of three to four weeks before the review was started. This is reflected in the performance ratings. In September 2006, the time frame for building permit review improved and almost all permits were on-time. Due to the design of the statistical reports this improvement is not reflected in the performance ratings.

⁽³⁾ As part of the Draft P&DS Strategic Plan, sixteen new performance measures have been added. The 2008 and 2009 target information for these performance measures will be included following the compilation of data from peer city surveys anticipated to be completed by the end of 2007.

FIRE



2008 BUDGET \$12,815,286



89%

2008-09 BUDGET FIRE

		2006 ACTUAL API		2007 APPROVED				2009 PROPOSED		
BUDGET BY PROGRAM										
ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICES										
General	\$	524,815	\$	610,400	\$	663,294	\$	683,768		
Communication/Contracted Svcs	_	363,947		358,673	_	122,258 785,553	_	125,521		
EMERGENCY SERVICES		888,762		969,073		/85,555		809,290		
General		9,640,899		10,202,107		10,581,317		10,913,830		
Wildland Coordination		456,163		507,725		527,771		543,627		
Specialty Teams		52,073		67,336		78,448		80,655		
Training	_	248,453		214,389		250,796		258,488		
		10,397,588		10,991,557		11,438,332		11,796,599		
PREVENTION										
Prevention	_	442,211		536,890		591,401		609,774		
		442,211		536,890		591,401		609,774		
TOTAL	\$	11,728,561	\$	12,497,520	\$	12,815,286	\$	13,215,663		
BUDGET BY CATEGORY										
Personnel Expenses	\$	10,169,431	\$	10,733,377	\$	11,525,744	\$	11,900,331		
Operating Expenses		893,697		1,101,649		519,041		529,422		
Interdepartmental Charges	_	665,432	. —	662,494	_	770,500	_	785,910		
TOTAL	\$=	11,728,561	\$=	12,497,520	\$=	12,815,286	\$=	13,215,663		
BUDGET BY FUND										
General	\$	11,662,047	\$	12,426,481	\$	12,739,107	\$	13,137,208		
Open Space	_	66,514	_	71,039	_	76,179	_	78,455		
TOTAL	\$ =	11,728,561	\$ =	12,497,520	\$=	12,815,286	\$=	13,215,663		
AUTHORIZED FTE's										
Standard FTE's		111.33		111.33		111.33		111.33		
Seasonal Temporary FTE's	_	2.50	_	2.50	_	2.50	_	2.50		
TOTAL	_	113.83	_	113.83	_	113.83	_	113.83		

2008-09 BUDGET FIRE DEPARTMENT

MISSION STATEMENT

The Boulder Fire Department strives to make Boulder a safe place to live, work and play. We reduce the human suffering caused by fires, accidents, sudden illness, hazardous material releases, or other disasters.

BUSINESS PLAN NARRATIVE

The Fire Department Business Plan supports the goals, objectives and service standards outlined in the Boulder Valley Comprehensive Plan (BVCP). It identifies areas where the Fire Department does not currently meet goals outlined in the BVCP. It also addresses the needs of the Boulder Fire Department in order to met national standards and recognized fire industry good practices.

The overall goals outlined in the BVCP call for well trained, well equipped fire fighters strategically located throughout the City who can arrive at emergencies within six minutes.

Actual and anticipated growth and redevelopment coupled with the City economic environment have impacted the Fire Department's ability to meet the BVCP goals. Higher density and more congestion increase calls for service and increased traffic slows emergency response. Relocation of fire stations built decades ago will be necessary. The addition of more fire trucks in existing fire stations and more fire fighters on those fire engines will help meet the BVCP goals and move the Fire Department towards compliance with national standards resulting in a higher level of safety for the community and the fire fighters.

Budget constraints over the past five years have caused the Fire Department to reduce or postpone support activities like outside training and equipment replacement in order to redirect those funds to maintain emergency response services at a consistent level in the community.

The Fire Department Master Plan will be finished in early 2008. This Business Plan is consistent with the draft master plan. It will provide the basis for the Action and Vision Plan for this crucial city service.

GUIDING PRINCIPLES OR INVESTMENT STRATEGY

- 1.) Essential Services include those that directly provide for the health and safety of the people and property in the community. These services are not provided by another entity. These include response to emergencies within and around the City, and the support activities necessary to safely and efficiently mitigate those emergencies. Examples include; fire and emergency medical response, automobile, technical and water rescues, fire fighter training and fire safety inspections to comply with City and State regulations and ordinances. Replacement of aging fire vehicles is essential.
- **2.) Desirable Services** include those that enhance essential services or improve quality of life in the Boulder community. Examples include wildland fire mitigation and public safety education designed to reduce the demand for emergency responses.
- **3.) Discretionary Services** include those that serve limited special interest. Examples are funding of a regular fire apparatus replacement program and our smoke detector give away program funded through donations.

OVERVIEW OF ACTION PLAN

Please refer to Attachment B of the 2008-09 Budget Message for a listing of those Action Plan Items that were recommended for funding. The listing is presented in order by fund and department. Please see the section titled "City Council Direction on the Recommended Budget" for any changes from Attachment B.

OVERVIEW OF VISION PLAN

The Vision Plan allows the Boulder Fire Department meet accepted national standards for fire fighting and hazardous materials response. Meeting national standards greatly improves firefighter safety and has the potential to reduce fire insurance rates in Boulder. The Vision Plan continues replacement of outdated facilities and increases the capability of the seasonal wildland mitigation efforts improving community safety in the wildland interface area of the City.

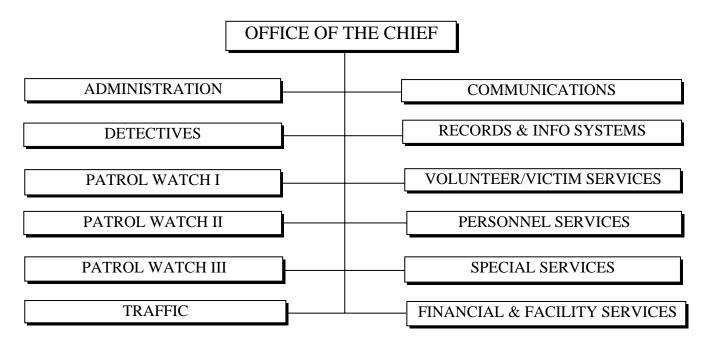
PERFORMANCE MEASURES

		ACTUAL 2006	TARGET 2007	TARGET 2008	TARGET 2009
1.	Percentage of emergency responses within six minutes. Target 90%	69% ¹	90%	90%	90%
2.	Number of fire fighters per 1000 population. Target less than 1.0	.92	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
3.	Percentage of all units dispatched to emergencies arrive on scene within 11 minutes.	96.08%	90%	90%	90%

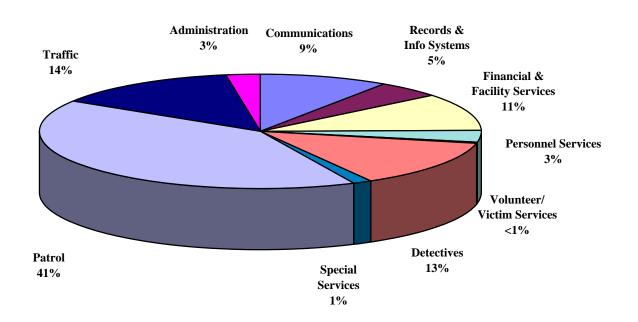
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¹ This is a significant change from the previous year of 84.7%. It appears to be due to a number of factors including lengthy road construction on major arterials, severe weather and increasing call loads. 2007 responses are being closely monitored.

POLICE



2008 BUDGET \$26,817,806



2008-09 BUDGET POLICE

633,463 984,343 010,707 864,457 707,7359 70,575 476,204 576,442 278,382 096,381 221,269 603,343 10,703 211,361 834,988 754,100 838,311 205,900 36,677	\$ \$ 	618,394 2,122,631 1,193,062 2,669,340 833,812 107,110 3,429,198 374,202 4,602,601 3,550,862 2,428,722 3,526,157 0 0 25,456,090	\$ \$	697,639 2,522,925 1,306,251 2,806,102 877,774 113,638 3,542,516 379,673 4,532,500 3,798,193 2,608,544 3,632,050 0 26,817,806	\$ \$ #	719,771 2,602,972 1,348,159 2,871,321 903,637 117,160 3,655,876 390,729 4,679,012 3,921,439 2,693,126 3,734,331 0 0 27,637,533
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834,988	\$	25,456,090	\$	26,817,806	\$	27,637,533
834,988	\$	25,456,090	\$	26,817,806	\$	27,637,533
834,988	\$	25,456,090	\$	26,817,806	\$	27,637,533
263.25		269.25		273.25		273.25
263.25	_	269.25	_	273.25		273.25
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2008-09 BUDGET POLICE DEPARTMENT

MISSION STATEMENT

The mission statement of the Boulder Police Department is very simple: Working with the community to provide service and safety.

BUSINESS PLAN NARRATIVE

From 2001 to 2005 the department experienced a 7.5% budget reduction for a cumulative total of \$1,643,718.00. In the midst of these cuts, the Police Department has been committed to absorbing these reductions without compromising the efficiency of core public safety services to the citizens of Boulder. The Department has been successful at protecting the quality of core services, but the reductions inevitably had to impact some services and efficiencies. We have taken across the board reductions from non-personnel accounts in an attempt to meet unfunded liabilities. We have reduced our staffing by 19.25 FTE's. We have also taken steps to increase efficiencies by streamlining our arrest and report writing procedures, and reducing our paperwork for officers. We have also made one time adjustments to our vehicle replacement fund.

The loss of an annex reduced the Department's efforts to develop partnerships within the community which were beneficial in utilizing both the resources of the Department and the community to maintain a safe environment. It is a loss of decentralization of police services and loss of improved access/convenience for residents which would have provided a neighborhood approach to service delivery.

Another service affected by budget cuts was the reduction of services in the Records Section. The Police Records Specialists provide direct service to the community at the front desk as well as to department staff. They maintain police records, and are responsible for data entry of reports in the Police Information Network (PIN). These services are still available, but operating hours had to be reduced by eliminating the graveyard shift and closing the section on week-ends. This impacts citizens as well as officers and detectives who need to access information.

The Detectives Division was also affected when reduced staffing forced them to decrease the types of cases for follow-up. Detectives are unable to follow-up on forgeries or check frauds under \$1,500. These are now referred to the District Attorney for alternative disposition. The functions performed by a reduced Police Sergeant position, namely responsibility for Special Events and Emergency Preparedness, were assigned to a Patrol Division Commander in addition to regular duties.

The canine unit, consisting of two officers and two dogs, was disbanded completely and the funding reallocated to fund core services. The canine unit was a great asset in

providing officer safety in situations where building searches are needed. The Police Master Plan was originally completed in 1996 and later updated in 2001 (approved by Council in 2003). The Police Department will continue to focus efforts on meeting basic functions and core services identified during the master planning process. Staffing and equipping the department to maintain service levels as the community grows will be part of future action and vision plans.

GUIDING PRINCIPLES AND/OR INVESTMENT STRATEGY

- 1.) Essential Services include: Those functions and services that contribute to our ability to respond to emergency situations involving threat to persons or property, to meet the service demands of our community, to investigate criminal acts, and to prevent crime. This also includes those functions necessary to support these critical services. Quality of life is addressed through our ability to create and maintain a safe and secure environment for our citizens. Minimal cuts have occurred in these services. Examples of services that fall into this category are responses to calls such as assaults in progress, injury accidents, and other crimes in progress. It would also include those police services that are considered basic to public safety, such as taking reports of serious crimes and then conducting follow-up investigations. Burglaries and robberies would fall into this category. We also need to provide a minimum level of police presence to deter crime and provide adequate back-up and safety for our officers.
- 2.) Desirable Services include: Those functions and services that contribute to our efforts in providing a safe and secure environment, but are not generally considered as critical as essential services. These functions are often expected or demanded by our community as core services and enhance our ability to serve the community in a variety of ways beyond emergency services. Some cuts have occurred in these areas. And example of this type of service would be the investigation of non-jury traffic accidents. It is desirable to investigate and determine who is at fault in a traffic accident so that proper accountability can be applied. It is also desirable to protect the safety of those involved and to clear the roadways as quickly as possible to enhance traffic flow. Another desirable service would be having officers on foot and bicycle patrols on the Hill and Mall. This enhances safety and provides for more personal and attentive service to the special needs of those districts.
- 3.) Discretionary Services include: Those functions and services that are supportive of our core services and enhance the quality of life in our community. Generally an enhancement to other services provided by the department or a response to expressed desires of the community, but not as critical to public safety. Many of these services have experienced cuts over the past few years. An example of this type of service is our School Resource Officers. They work in our high schools and middle schools to respond to

service needs, build relationships with the students, provide safety education, work with at risk youth, and work with other service agencies in protecting our communities' children.

OVERVIEW OF ACTION PLAN

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OVERVIEW OF VISION PLAN

To work in partnership with the community to provide excellent police service and proactive crime prevention methods by improving staffing levels and utilizing state of the art technology.

Our vision for the Boulder Police Department recognizes the importance of involving our community in addressing and resolving crime and safety concerns in a growing, dynamic, diverse community. We will continue to look for creative and enhanced ways to include our community in problem solving efforts to meet future needs. Furthermore, the demand for law enforcement services continues to climb in terms of calls for service and community expectations. In recent years, our ratio of police officers to every 1,000 citizens has dropped while the demands for service have risen. This will only be exacerbated as the development in north Boulder continues, the Transit Village becomes a reality, and other projects such as the Peloton and the Palmeros property are developed. We have already seen an increase in demand for police services on the new 29th Street Shopping complex. In 2006, our calls for service reached an all time high of 84,746, a one year increase of 6.8%. Additional staffing in the near future will be necessary to maintain our level of services. Any expanded services will require either a re-allocation of current services or increased staffing beyond adequate levels.

Today we find ourselves behind in the current state of the art technology as it applies to carrying out our responsibilities to an efficient, effective and excellent level. Our vision is to upgrade and better utilize available technology to improve functions such as communications, record keeping, retrieving data, suspect identification, laboratory processes, officer accountability, evidence gathering, less lethal weapons, enhanced training, etc. Through technology, we can develop methods to better track and record officer activities, have communications interoperability, and have access to real time law enforcement and suspect data. Our vision encompasses using technology to increase our effectiveness and efficiency in identifying, addressing, and solving law enforcement issues in our community.

We envision a 21st century police department that provides an excellent level of police services to enhance quality of life and serves as a model for modern day policing. We will attain our vision by improving our community partnerships, increasing our staffing to improve and enhance our service levels, including proactive efforts to prevent crime, and by using the latest technology in our fight against crime.

PERFORMANCE MEASURES

	Actual 2006	Target 2007	Target 2008	Target 2009
Reduce the harmful effects resulting from the use of alcohol, by reducing the number of vehicle accidents that involve injuries and deaths and are alcohol related by 5% under the last five years average. (50)	27	<50	<50	<50
To report the number of D.U.I. arrests	1,168	1,000	1,100	1,100
Part I Crimes per 1000 citizens Report the total number	32.3	32	32	32
of customers served by the Community Police Centers.	6,768	6,500	6,500	6,500
To provide improved delivery of police service to the community of Boulder, by evaluating police effectiveness through the use of crime clearance statistics to exceed the national average of 21%.	32%	25%	27%	27%

	Actual 2006	Target 2007	Target 2008	Target 2009
Evaluate police effectiveness through the improvement of police emergency response under the last five-year average of 6.2 minutes.	3.5 minutes	3.5 minutes	3.5 minutes	3.5 minutes

FUND FINANCIALS

	АВ	BP	BS	BV	BX	BZ	СВ	CD	CF
1	Consumer Price Index	3.60%	3.20%	2.60%	3.10%	2.90%	3.10%	3.00%	3.00%
4	Sales Tax Growth	4.51%	5.18%	3.89%	3.27%	3.20%	3.24%	3.20%	3.20%
5		ACTUAL	REVISED	APPROVED	PROJECTED	PROJECTED	PROJECTED	PROJECTED	PROJECTED
6		2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
36	TOTAL BEGINNING RESOURCES	13,278	11,764	11,941	11,059	10,938	10,663	10,212	(842)
37	REVENUE:								
38	Sales/Use Tax	35,708	37,553	39,014	40,291	41,578	42,926	33,268	34,333
44	Add'l Sales Tax from Add'l Auditor	0	0	90	93	96	99	102	105
45	Tax Increment (10th & Walnut)	245	547	597	651	697	739	782	826
46	Food Service Tax	443	458	473	490	508	526	544	563
50 53	Property Tax	12,526	12,896	13,218	13,549	13,955	14,374	14,805	15,249
53	Public Safety Property Tax	4,116	4,280	4,387	4,519	4,654	4,794	4,938	5,086
54 57	Cable TV Franchise	1,080	1,049	999	1,009	1,019	1,030	1,040	1,050
57	Liquor Occupation Tax	568	586	601	619	637	656	676	696
58	Telephone Occupation Tax	768	768	768	768	768	768	768	768
59	Accommodation Tax	2,467	2,590	2,655	2,787	2,927	3,073	3,227	3,388
60	Admission Tax	406	350	359	368	377	386	396	406
61	Add'l Admissions Tax (29th Street)	0	75	285	292	299	307	315	322
62	Xcel Franchise Fee	3,910	3,990	4,090	4,212	4,339	4,469	4,603	4,741
63 64	Specific Ownership Tax	1,435	1,435	1,471	1,500	1,530	1,561	1,592	1,624
64	Tobacco Tax	395	395	385	385	385	385	385	385
65	NPP and Other Parking Revenue	159	71	74	74	74	74	74	74
66	Meters-Out of Parking Districts	311	307	311	311	311	311	311	311
70 71	Sale of Other Services	103	186	191	194	198	202	206	210
71	Sale of Goods	50	56	57	59	61	63	65	67
73	Licenses	210	186	191	196	202	208	215	221
74	Court Fees and Charges	1,705	1,648	1,648	1,648	1,648	1,673	1,673	1,673
75 77	Parking Violations	1,804	1,970	1,970	1,970	1,970	1,970	1,970	1,970
-7-7	Other Fines & Penalties	4 499	2	2 109	2	2	2	2	2
79	Court Awards-DUI, No Ins. & Seized Property		106		112	115	119	122	126
80 82	Photo Enforcement Revenue Interest Income	1,034 866	1,797 909	1,842 989	1,888 1,007	1,935 1,024	1,984 1,043	2,033 1,061	2,084 1,082
82	Rental Income	148	147	151	1,007	1,024	1,043	1,061	1,062
84	Other Revenue	478	621	637	662	688	716	745	774
90	Housing/Human Services Fees	252	245	250	254	259	264	269	275
91	Parks Fees (see Other Revenue)	168	184	185	187	188	189	190	191
101	Action Plan frm Add'l Rev (Parking Meter Increase)	0	0	164	169	174	179	185	190
103	SUB-TOTAL CURRENT REVENUE	71,858	75,406	78,161	80,423	82,781	85,254	76,730	78,969
	Other Revenue	7 1,000	70,100	70,101	00,120	02,101	00,201	10,100	7 0,000
106	Grants	1,758	1,307	814	833	852	871	891	912
109	Carryovers and Supplementals from Add'l Revenue	962	0	0	0	0	0	0.01	0
110	Meters-Within Parking Districts	1,416	1,817	2,210	2,483	2,483	2,483	2,483	2,483
111	Trash Hauler Occupation Tax	1,590	1,230	1,152	1,164	1,175	1.187	1,199	1,211
113	BURA Bond Reserves	0	380	111	0	0	0	0	0
114	BURA Bond Reserves for EV thru 2008	ő	0	293	0	0	0	0	ő
115	Education Excise Tax (to Fund Balance Reserves)	425	ő	0	0	0	0	0	ő
116	.15 Sales Tax	3,610	3,691	3,835	3,960	4,087	4,219	4,354	ő
117	Recommended Funding for Sales Tax System	0	77	0	0	0	0	0	ő
118	SUB-TOTAL OTHER REVENUE	9,761	8,502	8,415	8,440	8,597	8,760	8,927	4,606

	АВ	BP	BS	BV	BX	BZ	СВ	CD	CF
1	Consumer Price Index	3.60%	3.20%	2.60%	3.10%	2.90%	3.10%	3.00%	3.00%
4	Sales Tax Growth	4.51%	5.18%	3.89%	3.27%	3.20%	3.24%	3.20%	3.20%
5		ACTUAL	REVISED	APPROVED	PROJECTED	PROJECTED	PROJECTED	PROJECTED	PROJECTED
6		2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
120	TRANSFERS IN:								
128	Cost Allocation - Current Opr Costs-All Funds	5,985	5,855	6,110	6,294	6,482	6,677	6,877	7,083
129	Add'l Cost Allocation for Auditor & Fin Rprting Mgr	0	0	87	52	53	55	56	58
130	Other Transfers	174	49	83	53	55	56	58	60
145	Mall Reimbursement from CAGID (see Revenue)	500	500	500	500	500	500	44	44
148	SUB-TOTAL TRANSFERS IN	6,659	6,404	6,781	6,898	7,090	7,288	7,035	7,245
149	ANNUAL SOURCES (EXCLUDING FUND BALANCE)	88,278	90,312	93,357	95,761	98,468	101,303	92,693	90,820
150	TOTAL SOURCES OF FUNDS	101,556	102,076	105,298	106,820	109,406	111,965	102,904	89,978
	USES OF FUNDS								
152	City Council	281	295	300	307	314	321	328	336
153	Municipal Court	1,328	1,526	1,605	1,642	1,680	1,718	1,757	1,797
155	City Attorney	1,736	1,793	1,819	1,861	1,904	1,947	1,992	2,037
158	City Manager (including Internal Audit)	1,396	1,413	1,691	1,730	1,770	1,810	1,851	1,894
159	West Nile Virus Program	211	300	300	300	300	300	300	300
160	Economic Vitality Program	486	361	111	0	0	0	0	0
161	Economic Vitality thru 2008	0	0	293	0	0	0	0	0
163	Washington School Project	37	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
164	Public Power Project	91	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
165	Conference and Visitors Bureau	621	642 137	694	715	744 126	774	806	838
166	Non-departmental Boulder Television	90 134	150	120 70	123 0	126	128 0	131 0	134 0
167	Contingency	21	115	118	121	123	126	129	132
168 171	Contingency Contingency for Parking Meter Rev for Univ Hill	0	0	10	0	0	0	0	0
172	Extraordinary Personnel Expense	22	115	118	121	123	126	129	132
173	Utility Contingency	0	250	145	0	0	0	0	0
174	Environmental Affairs	1.406	1.230	1,152	1,164	1.175	1.187	1,199	1,211
175	DUHMD/Parking Svcs	859	935	1,142	1,169	1,195	1,223	1,250	1,279
177	Downtown BID	248	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
178	Communications	592	658	633	648	662	678	693	709
180	Unemployment & Volunteer Ins	77	108	107	109	112	115	117	120
181	Property & Casualty Ins.	1,609	1,767	1,974	1,974	1,974	1,974	1,974	1,974
182	Compensated Absences	661	311	311	311	311	311	311	311
186	Information Technology	4,516	3,803	3,948	4,040	4,132	4,226	4,323	4,421
187	IT/Computer Replacement Funding	0	602	613	627	641	656	671	686
188	IT/Technology Funding	0	51	52	53	54	56	57	58
189	IT/Telecommunications Funding	0	46	46	47	49	50	51	52
191	Human Resources	1,223	1,296	1,627	1,665	1,703	1,742	1,781	1,822
192	Finance	2,448	2,585	2,501	2,526	2,583	2,642	2,702	2,764
193	Campaign Financing	0	43	0	46	0	0	0	0
194	Police	23,835	25,456	26,818	27,444	28,065	28,709	29,362	30,031
196	Fire	11,662	12,427	12,739	13,036	13,331	13,637	13,948	14,265
199	Public Works	3,103	1,960	1,681	1,720	1,759	1,800	1,840	1,882
200	Municipal Facilities Fund	0	827	842	862	882	902	922	943
202	Equipment Replacement	0	25	25	26	26	27	28	28
204	Facilities Renovation & Replacement	0	591	602	616	630	644	659	674

1 4 5	Consumer Price Index			0.000/	0.400/	0.000/	CB	0.000/	CF
	Sales Tax Growth	3.60% 4.51%	3.20% 5.18%	2.60% 3.89%	3.10% 3.27%	2.90% 3.20%	3.10% 3.24%	3.00% 3.20%	3.00% 3.20%
5	Sales Tax Glowin								
6		ACTUAL 2006	REVISED 2007	APPROVED 2008	PROJECTED 2009	PROJECTED 2010	PROJECTED 2011	PROJECTED 2012	PROJECTED 2013
205	Parks	3,980	3,845	3,976	4,069	4,161	4,256	4,353	4,452
211	Arts	187	199	204	209	213	218	223	228
212	Real Estate (Open Space)	113	121	130	133	136	139	142	146
213	Housing/Human Services	5,304	5,209	4,824	4,937	5,048	5,164	5,282	5,402
217	Mid-year Benefit Triggers (Mgmt)	0,001	0,200	0	0	0,010	0,101	0,232	0, 102
218	Mid-year Salary Triggers (Fire)	ő	110	Ö	ő	0	0	0	0
219	Annual Merit Added to Base	0	0	0	900	1,820	2,762	3,725	4,710
221	Greenhouse Gas Program	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
235	Downtown EcoPass	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
242	Carryovers and Supplementals from Fund Balance	2,270	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
263	Carryovers and Supplementals from Add'l Revenue	962	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
264	Encumbrance Carryovers from Fund Balance	652	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
265	Humane Society Bldg Loan	114	114	114	112	112	112	112	112
270	Special Purpose Reserve (2013 Add'l Payroll)	0	301	301	301	301	301	301	301
273	Community Sustainability Strategic Plan	10	74	0	0	0	0	0	0
275	Police/Fire Old Hire Contribution	497	773	773	773	773	773	773	773
278	Workers Comp Rate Adj	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
279	Recommended Ongoing Funding	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
280	Recommended One-Time Funding	0	0	980	0	0	0	0	0
286	Recommended Action Item from Add'l Revenue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
289	SUB-TOTAL USES	72,782	72,563	75,509	76,438	78,932	81,554	84,224	86,955
291 C									
292	Existing Debt	1,731	1,728	1,724	1,679	1,670	1,674	604	0
293	SUB-TOTAL DEBT	1,731	1,728	1,724	1,679	1,670	1,674	604	0
	RANSFERS OUT								
296	Recreation Activity Fund	1,336	1,664	1,785	1,827	1,868	1,911	1,954	1,999
297	Planning and Development Services Fund	1,903	2,076	2,170	2,221	2,271	2,323	2,376	2,430
299	Affordable Housing Fund	391	399	406	416	425	435	445	455
300	Library Fund	5,302	5,605	6,019	6,160	6,299	6,443	6,590	6,740
301	Open Space Fund (Mountain Parks)	958	1,013	1,057	1,082	1,106	1,132	1,157	1,184
302	CAGID and UHGID Funds (Parking Meter Revenue	1,416	1,817	2,200	2,483	2,483	2,483	2,483	2,483
304	Plng and Dvlpmnt Srvcs Fund (Excise Tax Admin)	5 0	5	5	5	5	5	6	6
312	Utilities Fund (Fire Training Center property)	-	130 0	130 0	130	130 0	130 0	130 0	130
313	Transportation Fund (excess Photo Enfcmnt Rever Misc One-time Transfers	170 140	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
314 318	SUB-TOTAL TRANSFERS OUT	11,621	12,709	13,772	14,322	14,587	14,862	15,141	15,426
	15 ALLOCATION	11,021	12,709	13,112	14,322	14,367	14,002	15,141	15,426
320	Debt Service (Muni renovation portion)	120	121	120	119	120	120	120	0
321	Debt Service (Multi reflovation portion) Debt Service (Parks&Recreation portion)	441	443	442	439	439	439	439	0
322	O&M Four Mile Complex (P&R)	203	276	287	350	379	404	431	445
323	Dedicated Human Services	1,457	1,434	1,490	1,584	1,635	1,688	1,742	1,797
324	Dedicated Environment	206	287	298	317	327	338	348	359
325	Dedicated Youth Opportunity	286	287	298	317	327	338	348	359
327	Dedicated Arts	276	287	298	317	327	338	348	359
328	SUB-TOTAL .15 ALLOCATION	2,989	3,135	3,233	3,443	3,553	3,664	3,777	3,321

	A B	BP	BS	BV	BX	BZ	CB	CD	CF
1	Consumer Price Index	3.60%	3.20%	2.60%	3.10%	2.90%	3.10%	3.00%	3.00%
4	Sales Tax Growth	4.51%	5.18%	3.89%	3.27%	3.20%	3.24%	3.20%	3.20%
5		ACTUAL	REVISED	APPROVED	PROJECTED	PROJECTED	PROJECTED	PROJECTED	PROJECTED
6		2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
356	TOTAL USES OF FUNDS	89,123	90,135	94,238	95,882	98,743	101,753	103,746	105,702
357	SURPLUS (DEFICIT) ANNUAL REVENUE-EXP	(845)	177	(882)	(121)	(275)	(451)	(11,053)	(14,882)
358	INC (DEC) TO FUND BALANCE RESERVES	669	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
359	ENDING BALANCE	11,764	11,941	11,059	10,938	10,663	10,212	(842)	(15,724)
382									
383	DESIGNATIONS: Designated Reserve	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%
384	Unrestricted Reserve	8,737	8,883	9,342	9,505	9,789	10,088	10,285	10,479
387	Total Reserve Designations	8,737	8,883	9,342	9,505	9,789	10,088	10,285	10,479
388	SURPLUS/(DEFICIT) vs. RESERVE GOAL	3,027	3,058	1,717	1,433	873	123	(11,127)	(26,203)

COMMUNITY HOUSING ASSISTANCE PROGRAM FUND

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
	ACTUAL	REVISED	APPROVED	PROJECTED	PROJECTED	PROJECTED	PROJECTED	PROJECTED
FUND BALANCE	#2.024.500	¢4 000 074	CO4 C44	COE 047	CO7 C40	#20.024	COO 074	COACAO
Beginning of Year	\$3,031,589	\$1,899,071	\$24,611	\$25,317	\$27,612	\$29,931	\$32,274	\$34,642
SOURCES OF FUNDS:								
Property Tax	\$1,260,865	\$1,310,788	\$1,350,112	\$1,390,615	\$1,432,334	\$1,475,304	\$1,519,563	\$1,565,150
Development Tax	\$116,575	\$350,000	\$250,000	\$250,000	\$250,000	\$250,000	\$250,000	\$250,000
Interest	\$104,220	\$35,000	\$35,000	\$35,000	\$50,000	\$50,000	\$50,000	\$50,000
Transfer from CDBG/interest for sec 108 loan	\$23,527							
Loan repayment				\$964,510	\$935,306			
Proceeds from Sale of Units	\$192,524							
Other	\$4,459							
TOTAL SOURCES OF FUNDS	\$1,702,171	\$1,695,788	\$1,635,112	\$2,640,126	\$2,667,640	\$1,775,304	\$1,819,563	\$1,865,150
USES OF FUNDS:								
Operating:								
Program Management	\$248,701	\$292,497	\$285,561	\$294,842	\$304,424	\$314,318	\$324,533	\$335,081
Housing Authority Transfer	\$21,139	\$71,667	\$73,230	\$74,939	\$76,690	\$78,483	\$80,320	\$82,203
Total Operating Uses of Funds	\$269,840	\$364,164	\$358,791	\$369,781	\$381,114	\$392,801	\$404,854	\$417,283
Transfers to Other Funds								
Cost Allocation	\$16,335	\$16,610	\$17,275	\$17,966	\$18,684	\$19,432	\$20,209	\$21,017
Excise Tax Administration	\$4,840	\$4,985	\$5,135	\$5,289	\$5,447	\$5,611	\$5,779	\$5,953
Transfer to CDBG for section 108 loan	\$63,250							
Total Transfers to Other Funds	\$84,425	\$21,595	\$22,409	\$23,254	\$24,132	\$25,042	\$25,988	\$26,970
Housing Project Grants/Funding:								
Acquisition/Rehabilitation/Construction	\$2,480,424	\$2,457,699	\$1,253,205	\$2,244,795	\$2,260,076	\$1,355,117	\$1,386,353	\$1,418,503
Housing Authority Bridge Loan	* ,,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	* ,,	, , ,	* ,,-	+ //	+ ,,	, , -,
Total Capital Improvements Program	\$2,480,424	\$2,457,699	\$1,253,205	\$2,244,795	\$2,260,076	\$1,355,117	\$1,386,353	\$1,418,503
Project Carryovers & Encumbrances		\$726,790						
TOTAL USES OF FUNDS	\$2,834,689	\$3,570,249	\$1,634,406	\$2,637,831	\$2,665,322	\$1,772,961	\$1,817,195	\$1,862,756
UNRESTRICTED FUND BALANCE	\$1,899,071	\$24,611	\$25,317	\$27,612	\$29,931	\$32,274	\$34,642	\$37,036
DESIGNATIONS:								
Designated Reserve *	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Sick/Vacation/Bonus Liability	\$20,925	\$23,171	\$22,307	\$23,032	\$23,781	\$24,554	\$25,352	\$26,176
Pay Period 27 Reserve	Ψ20,923	\$1,440	\$3,010	\$4,580	\$6,150	\$7,720	\$9,290	\$10,860
Total Reserve	\$20,925	\$24,611	\$25,317	\$27,612	\$29,931	\$32,274	\$34,642	\$37,036
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SURPLUS/(DEFICIT) vs. RESERVE GOAL	\$1,878,146	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	(\$0)	(\$0)
			•					

^{*} There is no need for a "designated reserve" as the CHAP allocation process allows the Housing Project Funding to function as a reserve.

CAPITAL DEVELOPMENT FUND

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
	ACTUALS	REVISED	APPROVED	PROJECTED	PROJECTED	PROJECTED	PROJECTED	PROJECTED
UNAPPROPRIATED FUND BALANCE								
Beginning of Year	\$3,907,171	\$3,472,763	\$3,872,413	\$4,188,104	\$4,519,164	\$4,834,664	\$4,361,131	\$4,696,923
SOURCES OF FUNDS								
Excise Taxes	\$211,340	\$433,565	\$250,000	\$250,000	\$250,000	\$250,000	\$250,000	\$250,000
Interest on Investments	\$141,212	\$77,323	\$178,131	\$194,747	\$180,767	\$193,387	\$174,445	\$187,877
TOTAL SOURCES OF FUNDS	\$352,552	\$510,888	\$428,131	\$444,747	\$430,767	\$443,387	\$424,445	\$437,877
USES OF FUNDS								
Cost Allocation	\$24,217	\$26,253	\$27,305	\$28,398	\$29,818	\$31,309	\$32,874	\$34,518
Excise Tax Administration	\$4,840	\$4,985	\$5,135	\$5,289	\$5,448	\$5,611	\$5,779	\$5,779
Total Operating Uses of Funds	\$29,057	\$31,238	\$32,440	\$33,687	\$35,266	\$36,920	\$38,653	\$40,297
Continuation Projects	\$727,903	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
New Projects	\$30,000	\$80,000	\$80,000	\$80,000	\$80,000	\$880,000	\$50,000	\$50,000
Total Capital Uses of Funds	\$757,903	\$80,000	\$80,000	\$80,000	\$80,000	\$880,000	\$50,000	\$50,000
Carryovers & Encumbrances	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
TOTAL USES OF FUNDS	\$786,960	\$111,238	\$112,440	\$113,687	\$115,266	\$916,920	\$88,653	\$90,297
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$3,472,763	\$3,872,413	\$4,188,104	\$4,519,164	\$4,834,664	\$4,361,131	\$4,696,923	\$5,044,503
Restricted Reserve	\$500,000	\$500,000	\$500,000	\$500,000	\$500,000	\$500,000	\$500,000	\$500,000
SURPLUS (DEFICIT) vs RESERVES	\$2,972,763	\$3,372,413	\$3,688,104	\$4,019,164	\$4,334,664	\$3,861,131	\$4,196,923	\$4,544,503

LOTTERY FUND

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
	ACTUAL	REVISED	APPROVED	PROJECTED	PROJECTED	PROJECTED	PROJECTED	PROJECTED
UNAPPROPRIATED FUND BALANCE								
Beginning of the Year	1,400,403	1,446,105	512,379	498,602	481,153	467,724	458,504	453,687
SOURCES OF FUNDS								
Intergovernmental Revenues	1,073,511	903,623	926,319	930,951	935,605	940,283	944,985	949,710
Interest Income	59,083	61,108	59,904	51,600	50,966	50,496	50,198	50,095
TOTAL SOURCES OF FUNDS	1,132,594	964,731	986,223	982,551	986,571	990,779	995,183	999,805
USES OF FUNDS								
Operating								
Habitat Restoration - P & R	150,484	156,466	125,665	128,178	130,742	133,357	136,024	138,744
Capital Refurbishment - P & R	87,120	520,538	354,500	246,822	244,258	241,643	238,976	236,256
Total Operating Uses of Funds	237,604	677,004	480,165	375,000	375,000	375,000	375,000	375,000
Transfers To Other Funds								
Cost Allocation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Debt Service								
Total Debt Service	304,344	304,344	169,835	-	-	-	-	-
Capital Improvement Program								
Capital Projects - P & R	-	50,000	200,000	-	-	-	-	-
Tributary Greenways - Public Works	468,842	373,864	150,000	150,000	150,000	150,000	150,000	150,000
Capital Projects - OSMP	76,102	493,245	-	475,000	475,000	475,000	475,000	475,000
Total Capital Improvement Program	544,944	917,109	350,000	625,000	625,000	625,000	625,000	625,000
TOTAL USES OF FUNDS	1,086,892	1,898,457	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000
UNRESTRICTED FUND BALANCE	1,446,105	512,379	498,602	481,153	467,724	458,504	453,687	453,491

PLANNING & DEVELOPMENT SERVICES

	2006 ACTUALS	2007 REVISED	2008 APPROVED	2009 PROJECTED	2010 PROJECTED	2011 PROJECTED	2012 PROJECTED	2013 PROJECTED
UNAPPROPRIATED FUND BALANCE								
Beginning of Year	\$2,585,150	\$4,088,094	\$3,390,390	\$3,165,737	\$3,125,524	\$3,260,187	\$3,372,345	\$3,459,379
SOURCES OF FUNDS								
General Fund Transfer	\$1,903,366	\$2,076,244	\$2,169,665	\$2,172,955	\$2,238,144	\$2,305,288	\$2,374,447	\$2,445,680
Restricted Funds' Transfers (Public Works)	\$678,902	\$635,409	\$654,471	\$674,105	\$694,329	\$715,158	\$736,613	\$758,712
Restricted Funds' Transfers (Excise Tax Collections)	\$24,200	\$24,925	\$25,673	\$26,443	\$27,236	\$28,053	\$28,895	\$29,762
Fees & Permits	\$6,284,398	\$5,114,000	\$5,415,099	\$5,550,474	\$5,689,236	\$5,831,467	\$5,977,254	\$6,126,685
Interest on Investments	\$144,604	\$85,552	\$170,538	\$147,207	\$145,337	\$151,599	\$156,814	\$160,861
TOTAL SOURCES OF FUNDS	\$9,035,469	\$7,936,130	\$8,435,446	\$8,571,184	\$8,794,282	\$9,031,567	\$9,274,025	\$9,521,703
USES OF FUNDS								
Operating								
Administrative, Financial and Communications Services	\$1,504,737	\$1,668,975	\$1,919,066	\$1,770,638	\$1,795,947	\$1,849,825	\$1,905,320	\$1,962,480
Information Resources	\$914.985	\$981,867	\$1,098,086	\$1,131,028	\$1,062,989	\$1,094,879	\$1,127,725	\$1,161,557
Long Range Planning	\$749,703	\$620,819	\$719,783	\$689,876	\$710,572	\$731,889	\$753,846	\$776,462
Land Use Review	\$884,600	\$1,011,102	\$1,102,060	\$1,135,122	\$1,088,835	\$1,121,500	\$1,155,145	\$1,189,800
Engineering Review	\$935,243	\$1,018,705	\$1,084,701	\$1,117,242	\$1,150,759	\$1,185,282	\$1,220,840	\$1,257,465
Floodplain & Wetland Management	\$14,560	\$25,755	\$26,270	\$27,058	\$27,870	\$28,706	\$29,567	\$30,454
Building Construction and Inspection Services	\$948,070	\$1,023,162	\$1,130,061	\$1,163,963	\$1,198,881	\$1,234,848	\$1,271,893	\$1,310,050
Environmental and Zoning Enforcement	\$356,810	\$473,531	\$500,393	\$453,604	\$467,213	\$481,229	\$495,666	\$510,536
Restricted Operating Reserve	\$0	\$25,000	\$25,000	\$25,000	\$25,000	\$25,000	\$25,000	\$25,000
TOTAL OPERATING USES OF FUNDS	\$6,308,708	\$6,848,914	\$7,605,418	\$7,513,530	\$7,528,066	\$7,753,158	\$7,985,003	\$8,223,803
Transfers to Other Funds								
Cost Allocation	\$1,223,817	\$1,038,069	\$1,079,680	\$1,122,867	\$1,156,553	\$1,191,250	\$1,226,987	\$1,263,797
TOTAL TRANSFERS TO OTHER FUNDS	\$1,223,817	\$1,038,069	\$1,079,680	\$1,122,867	\$1,156,553	\$1,191,250	\$1,226,987	\$1,263,797
ENCUMBRANCES, CARRYOVERS, ATBs	\$0	\$771,851	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
TOTAL USES OF FUNDS	\$7,532,525	\$8,658,834	\$8,685,098	\$8,636,397	\$8,684,619	\$8,944,409	\$9,211,992	\$9,487,603
Restricted Reserve Adjustment	\$0	\$25,000	\$25,000	\$25,000	\$25,000	\$25,000	\$25,000	\$25,000
UNRESTRICTED FUND BALANCE	\$4,088,094	\$3,390,390	\$3,165,737	\$3,125,524	\$3,260,187	\$3,372,345	\$3,459,379	\$3,518,479
Operating Reserve	\$314,220	\$255,700	\$541,510	\$555,047	\$568,924	\$583,147	\$597,725	\$612,668
State Historic Tax Credit Fund	\$9,593	\$20,429	\$20,429	\$20,429	\$20,429	\$20,429	\$20,429	\$20,429
Pay Period 27 Liability	\$0	\$30,850	\$69,150	\$107,450	\$145,750	\$184,050	\$222,350	\$260,650
Sick/Vacation/Bonus Accrual Adjustment	\$404,088	\$412,170	\$420,413	\$428,821	\$639,373	\$658,554	\$658,554	\$658,554
SURPLUS (DEFICIT) vs. RESERVE GOAL	\$3,360,193	\$2,671,241	\$2,114,235	\$2,013,776	\$1,885,712	\$1,926,165	\$1,960,318	\$1,966,174

.25 CENT SALES TAX FUND

	2006 ACTUAL	2007 REVISED	2008 APPROVED	2009 PROJECTED	2010 PROJECTED	2011 PROJECTED	2012 PROJECTED	2013 PROJECTED
UNAPPROPRIATED FUND BALANCE								
Beginning of the Year	3,076,942	3,442,033	1,500,904	1,422,478	1,577,075	1,151,470	1,190,165	1,137,434
SOURCES OF FUNDS								
Sales Tax	5,840,468	6,152,245	6,391,505	6,600,732	6,811,666	7,032,451	7,257,489	7,490,024
Interest	156,865	161,464	155,637	158,884	162,429	153,197	151,354	149,991
Intergovernmental Revenue	20,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Grants	18,153	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Revenue	13,439	19,060	12,000	12,000	12,000	12,000	12,000	12,000
TOTAL SOURCES OF FUNDS	6,048,925	6,332,769	6,559,142	6,771,616	6,986,095	7,197,648	7,420,843	7,652,015
USES OF FUNDS								
Land Operations & Maintenance	1,133,525	1,279,221	1,353,544	1,394,150	1,435,975	1,479,054	1,523,426	1,569,128
Administration	238,075	380,122	410,640	422,959	435,648	448,717	462,179	476,044
Planning and Project Management	254,246	348,830	354,086	364,709	375,650	386,919	398,527	410,483
Sports Field Maintenance	88,671	90,677	93,638	96,447	99,341	102,321	105,390	108,552
Civic Park Complex	223,608	75,000	75,000	75,000	75,000	75,000	75,000	75,000
Historical & Cultural	52,616	51,502	50,000	50,000	50,000	50,000	50,000	50,000
FAM - Ongoing and Major Maintenance	419,630	428,576	441,433	454,676	468,317	482,366	496,837	511,742
Capital Refurbishment	228,884	427,219	405,000	459,539	466,804	473,869	480,725	488,233
Total Operating Uses of Funds	2,639,255	3,081,147	3,183,341	3,317,481	3,406,734	3,498,247	3,592,084	3,689,183
Transfers To Other Funds								
Cost Allocation	188,417	148,874	157,774	164,085	169,008	174,078	179,300	184,679
Transfer to the Recreation Activity Fund	-	300.000	-		-	,	-	
Total Transfers	188,417	448,874	157,774	164,085	169,008	174,078	179,300	184,679
Debt Service								
Total Debt Service	2,385,193	2,428,953	2,421,453	2,385,453	2,385,959	2,386,628	2,402,190	2,401,975
Capital Improvement Program								
Capital Projects	470,969	493,000	875,000	750,000	1,450,000	1,100,000	1,300,000	1,280,000
Carryovers & Encumberances		1,821,924						
TOTAL USES OF FUNDS	5,683,834	8,273,898	6,637,568	6,617,019	7,411,700	7,158,952	7,473,574	7,555,837
FUND BALANCE END OF YEAR	3,442,033	1,500,904	1,422,478	1,577,075	1,151,470	1,190,165	1,137,434	1,233,612
Designations:								
Newcomer Legacy	(187,949)	-	=	_	=	_	=	=
Pay Period 27 - 2013 Reserve	(107,049)	(11,000)	(21,790)	(32,580)	(43,370)	(54,160)	(64,950)	(75,740)
Sick & Vacation Liability Reserve	(180,336)	(185,746)	(191,318)	, , ,	(202,970)	(209,059)	(215,331)	(221,791)
SURPLUS/(DEFICIT) VS. RESERVE GOAL	3,073,748	1,304,158	1,209,369	1,347,437	905,130	926,947	857,154	936,082

AFFORDABLE HOUSING FUND

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
	ACTUAL	REVISED	APPROVED	PROJECTED	PROJECTED	PROJECTED	PROJECTED	PROJECTED
FUND BALANCE	ACTUAL	KLVIOLD	AFFROVED	FROJECTED	FROJECTED	FROJECTED	FROJECTED	FROJECTED
Beginning of Year	\$2,367,232	\$1,680,259	\$26,031	\$28,064	\$30,063	\$32,089	\$34,144	\$36,229
beginning or real	\$2,307,232	φ1,000,259	φ20,031	φ20,004	\$30,003	φ32,009	Ф34, 144	φ30,229
SOURCES OF FUNDS:								
Cash In Lieu of Affordable Units	\$1,113,338	\$1,500,000	\$2,900,000	\$3,100,000	\$1,000,000	\$1,000,000	\$1,000,000	\$1,000,000
Transfer from General Fund	\$390,577	\$398,000	\$406,000	\$414,120	\$422,402	\$430,850	\$439,467	\$448,257
Fannie Mae Line of Credit Proceeds	\$0	\$600,000						
Proceeds from Line of Credit Projects (Pollard)**	\$156,000	\$156,000	\$156,000	\$156,000	\$156,000	\$156,000	\$156,000	\$156,000
Interest	\$72,010	\$35,000	\$35,000	\$35,000	\$50,000	\$50,000	\$50,000	\$50,000
Loan repayment				\$138,544	\$134,349			
Proceeds from Sale of Units	\$31,000							
Fees from Resale of Units	\$26,030	\$64,000	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
TOTAL SOURCES OF FUNDS	\$1,788,955	\$2,753,000	\$3,497,000	\$3,843,664	\$1,762,751	\$1,636,850	\$1,645,467	\$1,654,257
USES OF FUNDS:								
Operating:	.			.				
Program Management	\$175,911	\$295,238	\$340,894	\$351,973	\$363,412	\$375,223	\$387,418	\$400,009
Housing Authority Transfer			\$50,000	\$51,000	\$52,020	\$53,060	\$54,122	\$55,204
Total Operating Uses of Funds	\$175,911	\$295,238	\$390,894	\$402,973	\$415,432	\$428,284	\$441,540	\$455,213
Transfers to Other Funds								
Cost Allocation	\$25,003	\$10,167	\$10,575	\$10,998	\$11,438	\$11,895	\$12,371	\$12,866
Total Transfers to Other Funds	\$25,003	\$10,167	\$10,575	\$10,998	\$11,438	\$11,895	\$12,371	\$12,866
Total Transfers to Other Funds	Ψ20,000	φ10,107	ψ10,070	Ψ10,000	Ψ11,400	Ψ11,000	Ψ12,071	Ψ12,000
Debt Service & Fees on	\$643,280	\$780,000	\$1,593,600					
Fannie Mae Line of Credit	, , , , , ,	,,	* ,,					
Debt Service on BTV-Pollard site	\$229,343	\$229,281	\$229,214	\$229,143	\$219,358			
Housing Project Grants/Funding:	•	•	•	•			•	•
Acquisition/Rehabilitation/Construction	\$1,308,025	\$2,999,915	\$1,176,204	\$3,102,182	\$1,016,201	\$1,094,354	\$1,087,205	\$1,079,749
Affordable Housing Fee Waivers	\$94,367	\$92,627	\$94,480	\$96,369	\$98,297	\$100,262	\$102,268	\$104,313
BoulderTransit Village &/or Mapleton MHP								
Total Capital Improvements Program	\$1,402,392	\$3,092,542	\$1,270,684	\$3,198,551	\$1,114,497	\$1,194,617	\$1,189,472	\$1,184,063
Project Carryovers & Encumbrances								
TOTAL USES OF FUNDS	\$2,475,929	\$4,407,228	\$3,494,967	\$3,841,665	\$1,760,725	\$1,634,795	\$1,643,383	\$1,652,141
UNRESTRICTED FUND BALANCE	\$1,680,259	\$26,031	\$28,064	\$30,063	\$32,089	\$34,144	\$36,229	\$38,344
GRILD INICIED FORD BALANCE	φ1,000,239	φ20,031	φ20,004	φου,υσο	φ32,009	φυ4, 144	φου,229	φου,υ44

AFFORDABLE HOUSING FUND

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
	ACTUAL	REVISED	APPROVED	PROJECTED	PROJECTED	PROJECTED	PROJECTED	PROJECTED
DESIGNATIONS:	<u></u>							
Designated Reserve *	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Sick/Vacation/Bonus Liability	\$0	\$25,516	\$26,409	\$27,268	\$28,154	\$29,069	\$30,014	\$30,989
Pay Period 27 Reserve		\$515	\$1,655	\$2,795	\$3,935	\$5,075	\$6,215	\$7,355
Total Reserve	\$0	\$26,031	\$28,064	\$30,063	\$32,089	\$34,144	\$36,229	\$38,344
SURPLUS/(DEFICIT) vs. RESERVE GOAL	\$1,680,259	\$0	\$0	\$0	(\$0)	\$0	(\$0)	(\$0)

^{*} There is no need for a "designated reserve" as funds will only be allocated after they have been collected rather than based upon revenue projections. The AHF allocation process allows Housing Project Funding to function as a reserve.

^{**} The Fannie Mae Line of Credit (FMLOC) expires in 2008, at which time any outstanding balance will be due.

LIBRARY FUND

		2006 ACTUAL		2007 REVISED		2008 APPROVED	PF	2009 ROJECTED	P	2010 PROJECTED	Р	2011 ROJECTED	PI	2012 ROJECTED	Р	2013 ROJECTED
UNAPPROPRIATED FUND BALANCE																
Beginning of Year	\$	419,385	\$	450,905	\$	206,912	\$	206,912	\$	206,912	\$	206,912	\$	206,912	\$	206,912
SOURCES OF FUNDS																
Library Fund Revenues																
Property Tax	\$	524,748	\$	545,000	\$	550,450	\$	561,459	\$	572,688	\$	584,142	\$	595,825	\$	607,741
Fees: Overdues, Fines, Reserve Charges		141,482		99,000		102,000		115,000		115,000		115,000		115,000		115,000
Facility Rental		4,440		3,000		3,000		3,000		3,000		3,000		3,000		3,000
Food Service		3,503		2,500		3,000		3,000		3,000		3,000		3,000		3,000
Interest on Investment		22,987		10,500		15,000		15,000		15,000		15,000		15,000		15,000
Other																
Gifts																
Miscellaneous/Third Party Revenues		34,854		24,000		24,000		24,000		24,000		24,000		24,000		24,000
Total Library Fund Revenues		732,014		684,000		697,450		721,459		732,688		744,142		755,825		767,741
Transfer from the General Fund		5,301,973		5,605,475		6,019,160		6,047,883		6,172,041		6,298,682		6,427,855		6,559,612
TOTAL SOURCES OF FUNDS	\$	6,033,987	\$	6,289,475	\$	6,716,610	\$	6,769,342	\$	6,904,729	\$	7,042,824	\$	7,183,680	\$	7,327,354
USES OF FUNDS																
Operating																
Programs	\$	6,002,467	\$	6,289,475	\$	6,716,610	\$	6,769,342	\$	6,904,729	\$	7,042,824	\$	7,183,680		\$7,327,354
Fund Balance Expenditures	•		•	-,, -	•	-	•	-	•	-	•	-	•	-		-
Total Operating Uses of Funds	\$	6,002,467	\$	6,289,475	\$	6,716,610	\$	6,769,342	\$	6,904,729	\$	7,042,824	\$	7,183,680	\$	7,327,354
Carryovers and Encumbrances																
Carryover Budget		0		10,500		0		0		0		0		0		0
Carryover Encumbrances		0		175,243		0		0		0		0		0		0
Total Carryovers and Encumbrances		0		185,743		0		0		0		0		0		0
Mid Year Adjustments to Base																
May, 2007 ATB		0		34,600		0		0		0		0		0		0
Dec, 2007 ATB		0		23,650		0		0		0		0		0		0
Total Mid Year Adjustments to Base		0		58,250		0		0		0		0		0		0
TOTAL USES OF FUNDS	\$	6,002,467	\$	6,533,468	\$	6,716,610	\$	6,769,342	\$	6,904,729	\$	7,042,824	\$	7,183,680	\$	7,327,354
UNRESTRICTED FUND BALANCE	\$	450,905	\$	206,912	\$	206,912	\$	206,912	\$	206,912	\$	206,912	\$	206,912	\$	206,912
DESIGNATIONS																
Designated Reserve - 10% of LF Revenues (changed from 5% to 10% beginning in 2004)		73,201		68,400		69,745		72,146		73,269		74,414		75,582		76,774

RECREATION ACTIVITY FUND

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
	ACTUAL	REVISED	APPROVED	PROJECTED	PROJECTED	PROJECTED	PROJECTED	PROJECTED
UNAPPROPRIATED FUND BALANCE								
Beginning of the Year	223,365	515,431	937,788	881,299	829,250	782,084	740,273	704,312
SOURCES OF FUNDS								
Recreation Revenue	5,432,594	5,574,538						
Golf Revenue	1,556,528	1,565,400	1,568,108	1,615,151	1,663,606	1,713,514	1,764,919	1,817,867
Reservoir Revenue	759,159	774,800	791,951	815,710	840,181	865,386	891,348	918,088
Recreation Centers			2,043,195	2,104,491	2,167,626	2,232,654	2,299,634	2,368,623
Recreation Programs			1,867,070	1,923,082	1,980,775	2,040,198	2,101,404	2,164,446
Aquatics			465,000	478,950	493,319	508,118	523,362	539,062
Sports			1,165,378	1,200,339	1,236,350	1,273,440	1,311,643	1,350,993
Access and Inclusion			81,840	84,295	86,824	89,429	92,112	94,875
Interest Income	29,633		•	•	•	•	•	
Transfers from the General Fund (GF)	1,336,325	1,762,782	1,784,727	1,847,192	1,911,844	1,978,759	2,048,015	2,119,696
Transfer from the .25 Cent Sales Tax Fund	, -	300,000	•	, -	,	,	, -	,
Transfers from Worker's Compensation Fund	80,000	80,000	80,000	80,000	80,000	80,000	80,000	80,000
Transfers from Transportation Fund	13,000	13,000	13,000	13,000	13,000	13,000	13,000	13,000
TOTAL SOURCES OF FUNDS	9,207,239	10,070,520	9,860,269	10,162,211	10,473,523	10,794,498	11,125,437	11,466,650
USES OF FUNDS								
Recreation	6,608,214	7,536,088						
Administration	170,422	111,635	271,917	280,075	288,477	297,131	306,045	315,226
Special Projects, Promotion, & Marketing	-,	,,,	439,804	452,998	466,588	480,586	495,003	509,853
Golf	1,294,752	1,326,114	1,367,447	1,408,470	1,450,725	1,494,246	1,539,074	1,585,246
Reservoir	714,585	522,868	673,407	693,609	714,417	735,850	757,926	780,663
Recreation Centers	,	,	1,978,172	2,037,517	2,098,643	2,161,602	2,226,450	2,293,244
Recreation Programs			2,175,302	2,240,561	2,307,778	2,377,011	2,448,322	2,521,771
Aquatics			1,162,367	1,197,238	1,233,155	1,270,150	1,308,254	1,347,502
Sports			1,074,548	1,106,784	1,139,988	1,174,188	1,209,413	1,245,696
Pleasantview	97,567	108,794	119,699	123,290	126,988	130,798	134,722	138,764
Access and Inclusion	,	, -	654,095	673,718	693,929	714,747	736,190	758,275
Total Operating Uses of Funds	8,885,540	9,605,499	9,916,758	10,214,260	10,520,688	10,836,309	11,161,398	11,496,240
Transfers To Other Funds								
Transfer to the General Fund	29,633							
Total Transfers	29,633							
Carryovers & Encumberences		42,664						
TOTAL USES OF FUNDS	8,915,173	9,648,163	9,916,758	10,214,260	10,520,688	10,836,309	11,161,398	11,496,240
TOTAL FUND BALANCE	515,431	937,788	881,299	829,250	782,084	740,273	704,312	674,721
Pay Period 27 - 2013 Reserve		(29,100)	(66,670)	(104,240)	(141,810)	(179,380)	(216,950)	(254,520)
Operating Reserve	(50,000)	(50,000)	(50,000)	(50,000)	(50,000)	(50,000)	(50,000)	(50,000)
Total Reserves	(50,000)	(79,100)	(116,670)	(154,240)	(191,810)	(229,380)	(266,950)	(304,520)
UNRESTRICTED FUND BALANCE	465,431	858,688	764,629	675,010	590,274	510,893	437,362	370,201
-	,	-,,,	- ,	,	,			

CLIMATE ACTION PLAN

	2006 ACTUAL	2007 REVISED	2008 APPROVED	2009 PROJECTED	2010 PROJECTED	2011 PROJECTED	2012 PROJECTED	2013 PROJECTED
UNAPPROPRIATED FUND BALANCE								
Beginning of the Year	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SOURCES OF FUNDS								
Climate Action Plan Tax	0	700,000	875,000	879,375	883,772	888,191	892,632	897,095
Transfer from the General Fund		160,265	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL SOURCES OF FUNDS	0	860,265	875,000	879,375	883,772	888,191	892,632	897,095
USES OF FUNDS								
Operating	0	860,265	875,000	879,375	883,772	888,191	892,632	897,095
Total Operating Uses of Funds	0	860,265	875,000	879,375	883,772	888,191	892,632	897,095
Transfers To Other Funds								
Cost Allocation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL USES OF FUNDS	0	860,265	875,000	879,375	883,772	888,191	892,632	897,095
TOTAL FUND BALANCE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

OPEN SPACE FUND

	2006 ACTUAL	2007 REVISED	2008 APPROVED	2009 PROJECTED	2010 PROJECTED	2011 PROJECTED	2012 PROJECTED	2013 PROJECTED
UNAPPROPRIATED FUND BALANCE								
Beginning of Year	\$14,372,338	\$29,944,436	\$8,916,774	\$7,637,117	\$7,003,280	\$7,583,826	\$7,774,645	\$11,537,560
SOURCES OF FUNDS								
Net Sales Tax Revenue	\$20,568,589	\$21,655,902	\$22,498,097	\$23,234,578	\$23,977,065	\$24,754,227	\$25,546,359	\$26,364,884
Investment Income	\$830,935	\$325,000	\$325,000	\$325,000	\$325,000	\$325,000	\$325,000	\$325,000
Lease & Miscl Revenue	\$469,641	\$485,909	\$485,909	\$485,909	\$485,909	\$485,909	\$485,909	\$485,909
Sale of Property	\$223,538							
Bond Proceeds - 2006	\$20,481,553	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
General Fund Transfer	\$957,836	\$1,012,481	\$1,057,324	\$1,067,897	\$1,078,576	\$1,089,362	\$1,100,256	\$1,111,258
Grants	\$37,911	\$61,000	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Total Annual Sources of Funds	\$43,570,003	\$23,540,292	\$24,366,330	\$25,113,384	\$25,866,550	\$26,654,498	\$27,457,524	\$28,287,051
USES OF FUNDS								
General Operating Expenditures	\$8,479,886	\$9,227,444	\$9,900,564	\$10,093,401	\$9,631,922	\$9,824,561	\$9,917,950	\$10,116,309
Finance Office Sales Tax System			\$32,000					
Grant Expenditures	\$37,911							
2007 Grant Carryover		\$159,302						
Administrative Transfer	\$726,134	\$776,488	\$783,571	\$814,914	\$831,212	\$847,837	\$864,793	\$882,089
Total Operating Uses of Funds	\$9,243,931	\$10,163,234	\$10,716,135	\$10,908,315	\$10,463,135	\$10,672,397	\$10,782,743	\$10,998,398
CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS PROGRAM								
Continuation Projects	\$6,967,297	\$3,980,000	\$3,980,000	\$4,150,000	\$4,150,000	\$4,150,000	\$4,150,000	\$4,150,000
Carryover from 2006		\$18,730,545						
Bond Proceeds	\$1,956,859	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Total Capital Improvements Program	\$8,924,156	\$22,710,545	\$3,980,000	\$4,150,000	\$4,150,000	\$4,150,000	\$4,150,000	\$4,150,000
DEBT SERVICE USES OF FUNDS								
Debt Service - BMPA	\$3,069,368	\$3,405,741	\$2,739,715	\$2,438,757	\$2,437,466	\$4,518,226	\$1,646,541	\$1,509,369
Debt Service - Bonds & Notes	\$6,760,450	\$8,288,434	\$8,210,137	\$8,250,150	\$8,235,404	\$7,123,055	\$7,115,325	\$7,316,563
Total Debt Service Uses of Funds	\$9,829,819	\$11,694,175	\$10,949,852	\$10,688,907	\$10,672,870	\$11,641,281	\$8,761,866	\$8,825,931
TOTAL USES OF FUNDS	\$27,997,905	\$44,567,954	\$25,645,987	\$25,747,222	\$25,286,004	\$26,463,678	\$23,694,609	\$23,974,329
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$29,944,436	\$8,916,774	\$7,637,117	\$7,003,280	\$7,583,826	\$7,774,645	\$11,537,560	\$15,850,282
OSBT CONTINGENCY RESERVE	\$5,475,000	\$5,475,000	\$5,475,000	\$5,475,000	\$5,475,000	\$5,475,000	\$5,475,000	\$5,475,000
REVENUE BOND RESERVE	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
PAY PERIOD 27 RESERVE		\$28,400	\$68,270	\$108,140	\$148,010	\$187,880	\$227,750	\$267,620
SICK/VAC/APP. BONUS LIABILITY RESERVE	\$490,000	\$490,000	\$490,000	\$490,000	\$490,000	\$490,000	\$490,000	\$490,000
PROPERTY AND CASUALTY RESERVE	\$400,000	\$400,000	\$400,000	\$400,000	\$400,000	\$400,000	\$400,000	\$400,000
SUBTOTAL - RESERVES	\$6,365,000	\$6,393,400	\$6,433,270	\$6,473,140	\$6,513,010	\$6,552,880	\$6,592,750	\$6,632,620
UNRESTRICTED FUND BALANCE	\$23,579,436	\$2,523,374	\$1,203,847	\$530,140	\$1,070,816	\$1,221,765	\$4,944,810	\$9,217,662

AIRPORT FUND

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
l	ACTUAL	REVISED	APPROVED	PROJECTED	PROJECTED	PROJECTED	PROJECTED	PROJECTED
UNAPPROPRIATED FUND BALANCE								
Beginning of Year	\$646,252	\$637,873	\$523,600	\$469,529	\$481,485	\$489,064	\$503,728	\$525,081
SOURCES OF FUNDS								
Airport Rental	\$309,904	\$344,000	\$412,092	\$420,334	\$428,741	\$448,990	\$469,240	\$478,625
Fuel Flowage Fees	7,074	6,300	7,000	7,000	7,000	7,000	7,000	7,000
Fuel Tax Refund	3,707	4,200	3,700	3,700	3,700	3,700	3,700	3,700
Federal Grant	34,229	1,375,000	600,000	0	0	0	0	600,000
State Grant	1,902	61,605	15,789	0	0	0	0	15,789
Interest on Investments	25,887	26,669	27,000	27,000	27,000	27,000	27,000	27,000
ATB	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL SOURCES OF FUNDS	\$382,703	\$1,817,774	\$1,065,581	\$458,034	\$466,441	\$486,690	\$506,940	\$1,132,114
USES OF FUNDS								
Operating:								
Airport Management	\$317,479	\$317,898	\$327,925	\$337,763	\$347,896	\$358,332	\$369,082	\$380,155
Transportation Administration	20,871	22,306	23,920	24,638	25,377	26,138	26,922	27,730
Operating Reserve	0	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000
Proposed Action Plan Adjustment	0	0	55,000	0	0	0	0	0
Subtotal Operating Uses of Funds	\$338,350	\$350,204	\$416,845	\$372,400	\$383,272	\$394,470	\$406,005	\$417,885
Transfers:								
Cost Allocation	\$52,732	\$58,869	\$61,229	\$63,678	\$65,588	\$67,556	\$69,583	\$71,670
Subtotal Transfers to Other Funds	\$52,732	\$58,869	\$61,229	\$63,678	\$65,588	\$67,556	\$69,583	\$71,670
TOTAL OPERATING USES OF FUNDS	\$391,082	\$409,073	\$478,074	\$436,078	\$448,861	\$462,026	\$475,587	\$489,555
TOTAL CAPITAL USES OF FUNDS	\$0	\$1,448,210	\$631,578	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$631,578
CARRYOVERS & ENCUMBRANCES	0	74,764	0	0	0	0	0	0
MID-YEAR ADJUSTMENTS-TO-BASE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL USES OF FUNDS	\$391,082	\$1,932,047	\$1,109,652	\$436,078	\$448,861	\$462,026	\$475,587	\$1,121,133

AIRPORT FUND

	2006 ACTUAL	2007 REVISED	2008 APPROVED	2009 PROJECTED	2010 PROJECTED	2011 PROJECTED	2012 PROJECTED	2013 PROJECTED
_								_
Restricted Reserve Adjustment	0	0	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$637,873	\$523,600	\$469,529	\$481,485	\$489,064	\$503,728	\$525,081	\$526,062
Designations:								
Designated Reserve	97,771	99,768	117,018	106,520	109,715	113,007	116,397	119,889
Sick & Vacation Liability Reserve	2,111	2,174	2,240	2,307	2,376	2,447	2,521	2,596
Pay Period 27 - 2013 Reserve	0	880	1,760	2,640	3,520	4,400	5,280	6,160
Less: Total Reserve Designations	99,882	102,823	121,018	111,466	115,611	119,854	124,197	128,645
SURPLUS/(DEFICIT) vs. RESERVE GOAL	\$537,992	\$420,777	\$348,511	\$370,018	\$373,453	\$383,875	\$400,884	\$397,417

TRANSPORTATION FUND

	2006 ACTUAL	2007 REVISED	2008 APPROVED	2009 PROJECTED	2010 PROJECTED	2011 PROJECTED	2012 PROJECTED	2013 PROJECTED
UNAPPROPRIATED FUND BALANCE	\$9,307,099	\$10,346,335	\$4,534,548	\$1,698,641	\$756,932	\$751,523	\$1,144,146	\$1,290,550
SOURCES OF FUNDS								
Sales Tax	\$13,992,325	\$14,730,197	\$15,303,252	\$15,804,133	\$16,309,081	\$16,837,601	\$17,376,306	\$17,932,958
City-Auto Registrations	241,602	241,602	241,602	241,602	241,602	241,602	241,602	241,602
County Road & Bridge	216,184	216,184	216,184	216,184	216,184	216,184	216,184	216,184
Highway User's Tax	2,252,511	2,252,511	2,252,511	2,252,511	2,252,511	2,252,511	2,252,511	2,252,511
St. Traffic Control & Hwy Maint. & Landscape	412,787	332,890	332,890	332,890	332,890	332,890	332,890	332,890
Reimbursements	1,513,826	500,000	500,000	500,000	500,000	500,000	500,000	500,000
External Funding	2,982,949	11,103,965	2,921,000	2,545,000	0	0	0	0
Federal/State Grants	42,336	181,954	0	0	0	0	0	0
Interest on Investments	388,301	420,000	420,000	420,000	420,000	420,000	420,000	420,000
Assessment Revenues	141,535	140,000	140,000	140,000	140,000	140,000	140,000	140,000
Lease Revenue - BTV	84,000	84,000	84,000	84,000	84,000	84,000	84,000	84,000
Other Miscellaneous	38,135	115,000	115,000	115,000	115,000	115,000	115,000	115,000
Land Disposal Estimates	0	1,666,170	0		0	1,215,000	0	0
Transfers from Other Funds	170,212	0	100,000	125,000	150,000	146,988	0	0
ATB's	0	1,595,914	0	0	0	0	0	0
HOP Reimbursement (RTD)	0	0	1,207,418	1,243,641	1,280,950	1,319,378	1,358,960	1,399,728
TOTAL SOURCES OF FUNDS	\$22,476,703	\$33,580,387	\$23,833,857	\$24,019,961	\$22,042,217	\$23,821,154	\$23,037,452	\$23,634,873
USES OF FUNDS								
Operating:								
Transportation Planning & Operations	6,584,347	6,205,155	8,008,291	8,418,139	8,771,536	9,034,683	9,305,723	9,584,895
Project Management	2,432,390	2,916,855	3,070,565	2,486,023	2,560,604	2,637,422	2,716,545	2,798,041
Transportation Maintenance	4,262,007	4,210,010	4,724,356	5,074,327	5,226,557	5,383,353	5,544,854	5,711,200
Transportation Administration	517,785	544,042	573,253	590,451	608,164	626,409	645,202	664,558
Other Programs	155,916	162,655	168,832	173,897	179,114	184,487	190,022	195,723
Operating Reserve	0	100,000	100,000	100,000	100,000	100,000	100,000	100,000
Budget Adjustment	0	100,000	0	0	0	0	0	0
Subtotal Operating Uses of Funds	\$13,952,445	\$14,238,717	\$16,645,297	\$16,842,837	\$17,445,976	\$17,966,355	\$18,502,345	\$19,054,416
Transfers:								
Cost Allocation	\$1,051,351	1,019,943	1,067,865	1,110,580	1,132,792	1,155,447	1,178,556	1,202,128
Finance Sales Tax System	0	44,000	0	0	0	0	0	0
Forest Glen GID	3,599	2,739	2,821	2,821	2,821	2,821	0	0
Parks & Recreation	28,000	28,000	28,000	28,000	28,000	28,000	28,000	28,000
HHS	13,000	13,000	13,000	13,000	13,000	13,000	13,000	13,000
Planning & Development Services Fund	241,344	184,724	190,266	195,974	201,853	207,909	214,146	220,570
Subtotal Transfers to Other Funds	\$1,337,294	\$1,292,406	\$1,301,952	\$1,350,375	\$1,378,466	\$1,407,177	\$1,433,702	\$1,463,698

TRANSPORTATION FUND

	2006 ACTUAL	2007 REVISED	2008 APPROVED	2009 PROJECTED	2010 PROJECTED	2011 PROJECTED	2012 PROJECTED	2013 PROJECTED	
	AOTOAL	KLVIGED	ALLINOVED	TROULUILD	TROULUILD	INCOLUTED	INCOLUTED	TROOLUILD	
Debt Payments:									
Boulder Transit Village	\$272,757	\$123,523	\$292,515	\$123,458	\$143,184	\$0	\$0	\$0	
TOTAL OPERATING USES OF FUNDS	\$15,562,496	\$15,654,646	\$18,239,764	\$18,316,670	\$18,967,625	\$19,373,532	\$19,936,048	\$20,518,114	
Capital Improvements Program:	# F 074 074	\$40,000,000	\$0.500.000	¢0.745.000	* 0.400.000	\$4.455.000	#0.055.000	\$2.055.000	
TOTAL CAPITAL USES OF FUNDS	\$5,874,971	\$10,602,000	\$8,530,000	\$6,745,000	\$3,180,000	\$4,155,000	\$3,055,000	\$3,055,000	
CARRYOVERS & ENCUMBRANCES	0	10,984,947	0	0	0	0	0	0	
MID-YEAR ADJUSTMENTS-TO-BASE	0	2,150,582	0	0	0	0	0	0	
TOTAL USES OF FUNDS	\$21,437,467	\$39,392,175	\$26,769,764	\$25,061,670	\$22,147,625	\$23,528,532	\$22,991,048	\$23,573,114	
Add: Operating Reserve Adjustment	0	0	100,000	100,000	100,000	100,000	100,000	100,000	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$10,346,335	\$4,534,548	\$1,698,641	\$756,932	\$751,523	\$1,144,146	\$1,290,550	\$1,452,310	
Designations:									
Sick & Vacation Liability Reserve	629,116	633,739	652,752	652,752	652,752	652,752	652,752	652,752	
Pay Period 27 - 2013 Reserve	0	31,550	32,630	65,260	97,890	130,520	163,150	195,780	
Undergrounding Cost Share Pgm Designation	128,459	128,459	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Less: Total Reserve Designations	757,575	793,748	685,382	718,012	750,642	783,272	815,902	848,532	
URPLUS/(DEFICIT) vs. RESERVE GOAL	\$9,588,760	\$3,740,799	\$1,013,259	\$38,920	\$882	\$360,874	\$474,649	\$603,778	

TRANSPORTATION DEVELOPMENT FUND

	2006 ACTUAL	2007 REVISED	2008 APPROVED	2009 PROJECTED	2010 PROJECTED	2011 PROJECTED	2012 PROJECTED	2013 PROJECTED
UNAPPROPRIATED FUND BALANCE								
Beginning of Year	\$4,577,412	\$4,174,314	\$186,415	\$108,727	\$32,441	\$34,781	\$35,698	\$35,138
SOURCES OF FUNDS								
Transportation Excise Tax	384,085	400,000	600,000	600,000	600,000	600,000	600,000	600,000
Interest Income	182,223	208,716	120,000	62,000	62,000	62,000	62,000	62,000
External Funding	1,226,094	7,693,644	0	0	0	0	0	0
Reimbursements	3,100	100,000	100,000	100,000	100,000	100,000	100,000	100,000
ATB's	0	(100,000)	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL SOURCES OF FUNDS	\$1,795,502	\$8,302,360	\$820,000	\$762,000	\$762,000	\$762,000	\$762,000	\$762,000
USES OF FUNDS								
Operating:			-30%	0%	0%	0%	1%	1%
Operating Expenditures	\$302,852	\$320,919	\$225,564	\$225,728	\$226,798	\$227,910	\$229,066	\$230,269
Subtotal Operating Uses of Funds	\$302,852	\$320,919	\$225,564	\$225,728	\$226,798	\$227,910	\$229,066	\$230,269
Transfers:								
Cost Allocation	6,367	6,720	6,989	7,269	7,414	7,563	7,714	7,868
Excise Tax Administration	4,840	4,985	5,135	5,289	5,448	5,611	5,779	5,953
Subtotal Transfers to Other Funds	11,207	11,705	12,124	12,558	12,862	13,174	13,493	13,821
TOTAL OPERATING USES OF FUNDS	\$314,059	\$332,624	\$237,688	\$238,286	\$239,660	\$241,083	\$242,559	\$244,090
TOTAL CAPITAL USES OF FUNDS	\$1,884,541	\$3,910,000	\$660,000	\$600,000	\$520,000	\$520,000	\$520,000	\$520,000
CARRYOVERS & ENCUMBRANCES	0	8,247,635	0	0	0	0	0	0
MID-YEAR ADJUSTMENTS-TO-BASE	0	(200,000)	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL USES OF FUNDS	\$2,198,600	\$12,290,259	\$897,688	\$838,286	\$759,660	\$761,083	\$762,559	\$764,090
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$4,174,314	\$186,415	\$108,727	\$32,441	\$34,781	\$35,698	\$35,138	\$33,049
Designations:								
Designated Reserve	25,000	25,000	25,000	25,000	25,000	25,000	25,000	25,000
No. Boulder Undergrounding	125,000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Pay Period 27 - 2013 Reserve	0	710	1,530	2,350	3,170	3,990	4,810	5,630
	150,000	25,710	26,530	27,350	28,170	28,990	29,810	30,630
SURPLUS/(DEFICIT) vs. RESERVE GOAL	\$4,149,314	\$160,705	\$82,197	\$5,091	\$6,611	\$6,708	\$5,328	\$2,419

TRANSIT PASS GENERAL IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT - FOREST GLEN

	2006 ACTUAL	2007 REVISED	2008 APPROVED	2009 PROJECTED	2010 PROJECTED	2011 PROJECTED	2012 PROJECTED	2013 PROJECTED
UNAPPROPRIATED FUND BALANCE								
Beginning of Year	\$133	\$1,512	\$1,554	\$1,552	\$1,550	\$1,548	\$0	\$0
SOURCES OF FUNDS								
Property Tax	\$6,736	\$6,329	\$7,051	\$7,051	\$7,051	\$7,051	\$0	\$0
Specific Ownership Tax	446	450	450	450	450	450	0	0
Transfers from Other Funds:							0	0
City of Boulder - ECO Pass Subsidy	3,599	2,739	3,067	3,067	3,067	3,067	0	0
City of Boulder - Administration Cost Subsidy	860	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Interest on Investments	(49)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL SOURCES OF FUNDS	\$11,592	\$9,518	\$10,568	\$10,568	\$10,568	\$10,568	\$0	\$0
USES OF FUNDS								
Operating:								
RTD ECO Pass Cost	\$9,129	\$9,130	\$10,224	\$10,224	\$10,224	\$10,224	\$0	\$0
Annual Administration Cost	860	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Election Cost	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rebate Program	224	346	346	346	346	346	0	0
Subtotal Operating Uses of Funds	\$10,213	\$9,476	\$10,570	\$10,570	\$10,570	\$10,570	\$0	\$0
Transfers to Other Funds: Interest	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL OPERATING USES OF FUNDS	\$10,213	\$9,476	\$10,570	\$10,570	\$10,570	\$10,570	\$0	\$0
Capital Improvements Program:								
TOTAL CAPITAL USES OF FUNDS	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
CARRYOVERS & ENCUMBRANCES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MID-YEAR ADJUSTMENTS-TO-BASE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL USES OF FUNDS	\$10,213	\$9,476	\$10,570	\$10,570	\$10,570	\$10,570	\$0	\$0
Restricted Reserve Adjustment	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Less: Audit Reserve Adjustment	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$1,512	\$1,554	\$1,552	\$1,550	\$1,548	\$1,546	\$0	\$0
SURPLUS/(DEFICIT) vs. RESERVE GOAL	\$1,512	\$1,554	\$1,552	\$1,550	\$1,548	\$1,546	\$0	\$0

COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT BLOCK GRANT (CDBG) FUND

	2006 ACTUAL	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
FUND BALANCE	ACTUAL	REVISED	APPROVED	PROJECTED	PROJECTED	PROJECTED	PROJECTED	PROJECTED
Beginning of Year	\$1,100,000	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
SOURCES OF FUNDS:								
Federal Grant Revenue Received	\$1,142,074							
Current Year Federal Grant		\$957,172	\$909,313	\$872,941	\$838,023	\$838,023	\$838,023	\$838,023
Available Prior Years Grant Balances		\$1,211,866						
Sale Proceeds-BHP/interest on prepayment for sec 108*	\$23,527	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Transfer from CHAP for section 108 loan*	\$63,250							
Third Party Reimbursements	\$18,243							
TOTAL SOURCES OF FUNDS	\$1,247,095	\$2,169,038	\$909,313	\$872,941	\$838,023	\$838,023	\$838,023	\$838,023
USES OF FUNDS:								
Operating:								
Program Management	\$156,255	\$165,221	\$163,492	\$155,482	\$147,735	\$146,940	\$146,113	\$145,254
Total Operating Uses of Funds	\$156,255	\$165,221	\$163,492	\$155,482	\$147,735	\$146,940	\$146,113	\$145,254
Transfers to Other Funds								
Transfer to CHAP/interest on BHP prepayment	\$23,527							
Cost Allocation	\$17,384	\$17,663	\$18,371	\$19,106	\$19,870	\$20,665	\$21,491	\$22,351
Total Transfers to Other Funds	\$40,911	\$17,663	\$18,371	\$19,106	\$19,870	\$20,665	\$21,491	\$22,351
Total Debt Service & Principal on	\$1,163,250	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Section 108 Drive In Theater Property Loan*								
CDBG Program:								
Community Development/Housing Activities	\$986,678	\$774,288	\$727,451	\$698,353	\$670,419	\$670,419	\$670,419	\$670,419
Total CDBG Program	\$986,678	\$774,288	\$727,451	\$698,353	\$670,419	\$670,419	\$670,419	\$670,419
Program Carryovers & Encumbrances		\$1,211,866						
TOTAL USES OF FUNDS	\$2,347,095	\$2,169,038	\$909,313	\$872,941	\$838,023	\$838,023	\$838,023	\$838,023
UNRESTRICTED FUND BALANCE	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
DESIGNATIONS:								
Designated Reserve	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Sick/Vacation/Bonus Liability	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Total Reserve**	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
SURPLUS/(DEFICIT) vs. RESERVE GOAL	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0

^{*}Since the CDBG is the collateral for the Section 108 Loan from the Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD), this fund serves as a flow through account for the repayment of the loan starting in 2003. This loan was used to purchase the Drive In Theater property on behalf of the City of Boulder Housing Authority. The source of funding for repayment of the loan will be sale proceeds from the Drive In site and transfer of funds from CHAP to cover remaining interest payments in last two years of loan.

^{**} This fund cannot have designated reserves because expenses are funded only on a reimbursable basis by HUD. The exception to this is in 2004 and 2005 - repayment from Boulder Housing Partners in advance of HUD section 108 loan schedule will be held here until needed for loan repayment.

HOME INVESTMENT PARTNERSHIP GRANT FUND

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
	ACTUAL	REVISED	APPROVED	PROJECTED	PROJECTED	PROJECTED	PROJECTED	PROJECTED
FUND BALANCE	40	00	*	00	*	*	00	00
Beginning of Year	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
SOURCES OF FUNDS:								
Federal Grant Revenue Received	\$1,005,994							
Current Year Federal Grant		\$1,167,422	\$1,300,000	\$1,400,000	\$1,400,000	\$1,400,000	\$1,400,000	\$1,400,000
Available Prior Years Grant Balances		\$981,040						
Third Party Reimbursements								
TOTAL SOURCES OF FUNDS	\$1,005,994	\$2,148,462	\$1,300,000	\$1,400,000	\$1,400,000	\$1,400,000	\$1,400,000	\$1,400,000
USES OF FUNDS:								
Operating:								
Program Management	\$69,330	\$88,328	\$98,851	\$106,748	\$106,594	\$106,434	\$106,268	\$106,095
Total Operating Uses of Funds	\$69,330	\$88,328	\$98,851	\$106,748	\$106,594	\$106,434	\$106,268	\$106,095
Transfers to Other Funds								
Cost Allocation	\$3,463	\$3,553	\$3,696	\$3,844	\$3,998	\$4,157	\$4,324	\$4,497
Total Transfers to Other Funds	\$3,463	\$3,553	\$3,696	\$3,844	\$3,998	\$4,157	\$4,324	\$4,497
HOME Program:								
HOME consortium to other communities		\$536,268	\$598,520	\$645,475	\$645,475	\$645,475	\$645,475	\$645,475
Housing Activities	\$933,201	\$539,273	\$598,933	\$643,933	\$643,933	\$643,933	\$643,933	\$643,933
Total HOME Program	\$933,201	\$1,075,541	\$1,197,453	\$1,289,408	\$1,289,408	\$1,289,408	\$1,289,408	\$1,289,408
Program Carryovers & Encumbrances		\$981,040						
TOTAL USES OF FUNDS	\$1,005,994	\$2,148,462	\$1,300,000	\$1,400,000	\$1,400,000	\$1,400,000	\$1,400,000	\$1,400,000
UNRESTRICTED FUND BALANCE	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
DESIGNATIONS:								
Designated Reserve	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Sick/Vacation/Bonus Liability	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Total Reserve*	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
SURPLUS/(DEFICIT) vs. RESERVE GOAL	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	6 0
SURFLUS/(DEFICIT) VS. RESERVE GUAL	\$0	\$ U	\$ U	Φ0	\$0	\$ U	Φ0	\$0

^{*} This fund cannot have designated reserves because expenses are funded only on a reimbursable basis by the Department of Housing and Urban Development.

WATER UTILITY FUND

SUMPROPRIATED FUND BALANCE Beginning of Year Fund Balance \$31,414,234 \$52,157,441 \$37,585,448 \$33,518,250 \$26,835,394 \$25,496,811 \$26,167,916 \$	\$25,505,596 \$27,714,254 \$554,285 \$103,000 \$1,790,000 \$25,000 \$30,186,539 \$2,500,000 \$165,000 \$5,000 \$0 \$1,020,224 \$18,500 \$0 \$130,000 \$0 \$3,838,724 \$34,025,262
Sale of Water to General Cust \$21,263,897 \$18,311,744 \$19,087,162 \$19,890,200 \$21,922,829 \$24,163,192 \$27,116,750 Projected Rate Increase \$0 3% \$732,470 4% \$763,486 4% \$1,999,020 10% \$2,192,283 10% \$2,899,583 12% \$542,335 2% Bulk/Irrigation Water Sales \$122,533 \$772,100 \$97,500 \$99,500 \$100,000 \$1,790,000 \$1,	\$554,285 \$103,000 \$1,790,000 \$25,000 \$30,186,539 \$2,500,000 \$165,000 \$0 \$1,020,224 \$18,500 \$0 \$130,000 \$0 \$130,000 \$0 \$3,838,724
Sale of Water to General Cust \$21,263,887 \$18,311,744 \$19,087,162 \$19,890,200 \$21,922,829 \$24,163,192 \$27,116,750 \$19,000 \$2,000,000 \$1,790,000 \$1,790,000 \$1,790,000 \$1,790,000 \$2,500	\$554,285 \$103,000 \$1,790,000 \$25,000 \$30,186,539 \$2,500,000 \$165,000 \$0 \$1,020,224 \$18,500 \$0 \$130,000 \$0 \$130,000 \$0 \$3,838,724
Projected Rate Increase	\$554,285 \$103,000 \$1,790,000 \$25,000 \$30,186,539 \$2,500,000 \$165,000 \$0 \$1,020,224 \$18,500 \$0 \$130,000 \$0 \$130,000 \$0 \$3,838,724
Buik/Irrigation Water Sales	\$103,000 \$1,790,000 \$25,000 \$30,186,539 \$2,500,000 \$165,000 \$5,000 \$0 \$1,020,224 \$18,500 \$0 \$130,000 \$0 \$3,838,724
Hydroelectric Revenue \$2,130,770 \$2,000,000 \$2,000,000 \$1,790,000 \$1,790,000 \$1,790,000 \$1,790,000 \$25	\$1,790,000 \$25,000 \$30,186,539 \$2,500,000 \$165,000 \$5,000 \$1,020,224 \$18,500 \$0 \$130,000 \$0 \$3,838,724
Miscellaneous Operating Revenues \$30,676 \$47,500 \$25,000	\$25,000 \$30,186,539 \$2,500,000 \$165,000 \$5,000 \$1,020,224 \$18,500 \$0 \$130,000 \$0 \$1330,000 \$0 \$138,538,724
Non-Operating	\$30,186,539 \$2,500,000 \$165,000 \$5,000 \$0 \$1,020,224 \$18,500 \$0 \$130,000 \$0 \$0 \$3,838,724
Plant Investment Fees \$2,743,297 \$2,500,000 \$2,500,000 \$2,500,000 \$2,500,000 \$2,500,000 \$2,500,000 \$2,500,000 \$2,500,000 \$2,500,000 \$2,500,000 \$2,500,000 \$2,500,000 \$2,500,000 \$2,500,000 \$2,500,000 \$2,500,000 \$2,500,000 \$165,000 \$100	\$165,000 \$5,000 \$0 \$1,020,224 \$18,500 \$0 \$130,000 \$0 \$0 \$3,838,724
Plant Investment Fees \$2,743,297 \$2,500,000	\$165,000 \$5,000 \$0 \$1,020,224 \$18,500 \$0 \$130,000 \$0 \$0 \$3,838,724
Connection Charges \$ 179,853 \$150,000 \$165,000 \$165,000 \$165,000 \$165,000 \$5,00	\$5,000 \$0 \$1,020,224 \$18,500 \$0 \$130,000 \$0 \$0 \$3,838,724
Special Assessments \$5,706 \$10,000 \$5,000	\$0 \$1,020,224 \$18,500 \$0 \$130,000 \$0 \$0 \$3,838,724
Interest on Investments	\$1,020,224 \$18,500 \$0 \$130,000 \$0 \$0 \$3,838,724
Rent, assessments and other misc revenues \$13,886 \$16,500 \$17,500 \$17,500 \$117,500 \$18,500 \$18,500 \$31	\$18,500 \$0 \$130,000 \$0 \$0 \$3,838,724
Sale of Real Estate - Yards Masterplan \$0 \$250,000 \$130,000 \$10 \$5,085,000 \$0 <td>\$0 \$130,000 \$0 \$0 \$3,838,724</td>	\$0 \$130,000 \$0 \$0 \$3,838,724
Transfer from General Fund - Fire Training Center	\$130,000 \$0 \$0 \$3,838,724
Extraordinary Revenues - Lakewood Settlement \$19,500,000 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0	\$0 \$0 \$3,838,724
Projected Bond Proceeds \$0 \$25,938,187 \$0 \$28,235,000 \$0 \$0 \$5,085,000 TOTAL NON-OPERATING SOURCES OF FUNDS \$24,458,128 \$29,759,111 \$4,573,059 \$32,393,230 \$3,890,916 \$3,838,372 \$8,950,217 TOTAL SOURCES OF FUNDS \$48,006,004 \$50,922,925 \$26,546,208 \$56,291,950 \$29,921,027 \$32,818,147 \$38,527,302 USES OF FUNDS Operating Expenditures Administration \$543,361 \$881,926 \$863,402 \$889,304 \$915,983 \$943,463 \$971,767 Planning and Project Management \$454,115 \$560,345 \$581,825 \$599,280 \$617,258 \$635,776 \$654,849	\$0 \$3,838,724
TOTAL NON-OPERATING SOURCES OF FUNDS \$24,458,128 \$29,759,111 \$4,573,059 \$32,393,230 \$3,890,916 \$3,838,372 \$8,950,217 TOTAL SOURCES OF FUNDS \$48,006,004 \$50,922,925 \$26,546,208 \$56,291,950 \$29,921,027 \$32,818,147 \$38,527,302 USES OF FUNDS Operating Expenditures Administration \$543,361 \$881,926 \$863,402 \$889,304 \$915,983 \$943,463 \$971,767 Planning and Project Management \$454,115 \$560,345 \$581,825 \$599,280 \$617,258 \$635,776 \$654,849	\$3,838,724
TOTAL SOURCES OF FUNDS \$48,006,004 \$50,922,925 \$26,546,208 \$56,291,950 \$29,921,027 \$32,818,147 \$38,527,302 USES OF FUNDS Operating Expenditures Administration \$543,361 \$881,926 \$863,402 \$889,304 \$915,983 \$943,463 \$971,767 Planning and Project Management \$454,115 \$560,345 \$581,825 \$599,280 \$617,258 \$635,776 \$654,849	, ,
USES OF FUNDS Operating Expenditures Administration \$543,361 \$881,926 \$863,402 \$889,304 \$915,983 \$943,463 \$971,767 Planning and Project Management \$454,115 \$560,345 \$581,825 \$599,280 \$617,258 \$635,776 \$654,849	\$34,025,262
Operating Expenditures \$543,361 \$881,926 \$863,402 \$889,304 \$915,983 \$943,463 \$971,767 Planning and Project Management \$454,115 \$560,345 \$581,825 \$599,280 \$617,258 \$635,776 \$654,849	
Administration \$543,361 \$881,926 \$863,402 \$889,304 \$915,983 \$943,463 \$971,767 Planning and Project Management \$454,115 \$560,345 \$581,825 \$599,280 \$617,258 \$635,776 \$654,849	
Planning and Project Management \$454,115 \$560,345 \$581,825 \$599,280 \$617,258 \$635,776 \$654,849	
	\$1,000,920
	\$674,495
Water Resources and Hydroelectric Operations \$1,913,030 \$1,788,269 \$1,944,533 \$2,002,869 \$2,062,955 \$2,124,844 \$2,188,589 Water Treatment \$3,805,353 \$3,922,548 \$4,065,330 \$4,187,290 \$4,312,909 \$4,442,296 \$4,575,565	\$2,254,247 \$4,712,832
Water Treatment \$3,805,353 \$3,922,548 \$4,065,330 \$4,187,290 \$4,312,909 \$4,442,296 \$4,575,565 Water Quality & Environmental Svcs \$751,442 \$752,691 \$788,691 \$812,352 \$836,722 \$861,824 \$887,679	\$914,309
Water Conservation \$376,393 \$446,648 \$455,027 \$468,678 \$482,738 \$497,220 \$512,137	\$527,501
Vales Collectivation 37.05.5 \$2,859,246 \$3,006,417 \$3,096,610 \$3,189,508 \$3,285,193 \$3,383,749	\$3,485,261
Windy Gap Payment \$2,118,387 \$2,108,314 \$2,438,779 \$2,457,567 \$2,479,532 \$2,500,539 \$2,523,910	\$2,546,836
Emergency Reserve \$0 \$330,000 \$360,000 \$370,800 \$381,924 \$393,382 \$405,183	\$417,339
Sick/Vacation Accrual (\$93.512) \$100,000 \$100,000 \$106,090 \$109,273 \$112,551	\$115,927
TOTAL OPERATING USES OF FUNDS \$12,121,126 \$13,749,987 \$14,604,004 \$14,987,749 \$15,385,619 \$15,793,809 \$16,215,978	\$16,649,666
Debt	
BRWTP 1996 Revenue Bond; Refunding in 2005 \$850,713 \$851,520 \$845,302 \$843,810 \$844,505 \$848,752 \$854,690	\$854,438
Silver Lake 1999 Revenue Bond \$1,238,110 \$232,330 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0	\$ 0
Barker/ AMR/ Caribou 2000 Revenue Bond \$2,273,436 \$396,999 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0	\$ 0
Refunding of the 1999 and 2000 Revenue Bonds \$0 \$31,780,033 \$3,258,354 \$3,257,654 \$3,253,354 \$2,507,921 \$2,506,088	\$2,511,421
Lakewood Pipeline 2001 Revenue Bond \$2,181,069 \$2,180,919 \$2,178,969 \$2,180,202 \$2,174,452 \$2,171,885 \$2,172,302	\$2,175,502
Arbitrage Payment \$0 \$0 \$13,352 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0	\$0
Projected Bond-Boulder Res WTP Improvements \$0 \$0 \$285,000 \$285,000 \$285,000 \$285,000 Projected Bond-NCWCD Conveyance Line \$0 \$0 \$2,285,000 \$2,285,000 \$2,285,000 \$2,285,000 \$2,285,000	\$285,000
Projected Bond-NCWCD Conveyance Line \$0 \$0 \$2,285,000 <	\$2,285,000 \$465.000
TOTAL DEBT SERVICE \$6,543,328 \$35,441,801 \$6,295,977 \$8,851,666 \$8,842,311 \$8,098,558 \$8,568,080	\$8,576,361
Transfers Out	
Cost Allocation \$1,043,443 \$1,105,108 \$1,149,406 \$1,195,382 \$1,314,920 \$1,446,412 \$1,591,053	\$1.750.159
Planning & Development Services \$167,800 \$172,834 \$178,019 \$183,360 \$188,860 \$194,526 \$200,362	* / /
Other Transfers \$10,000 \$10,000 \$15,000 \$15,450 \$15,914 \$16,391 \$16,883	\$206,373

WATER UTILITY FUND

	2006 ACTUALS	2007 REVISED	2008 APPROVED	2009 PROJECTED	2010 PROJECTED	2011 PROJECTED	2012 PROJECTED	2013 PROJECTED
TOTAL TRANSFERS OUT	\$1,221,243	\$1,287,942	\$1,342,425	\$1,394,192	\$1,519,694	\$1,657,329	\$1,808,298	\$1,973,921
Capital Improvements Program								
TOTAL CAPITAL USES OF FUNDS	\$6,041,221	\$5,950,000	\$8,775,000	\$9,980,000	\$6,000,000	\$7,100,000	\$8,030,000	\$6,400,000
LAKEWOOD PIPELINE - BOND	\$1,242,367	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
PROJECTED BOND - BRWTP IMP	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$3,000,000	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
PROJECTED BOND - NCWCD CONVEYANCE	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$25,000,000	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
PROJECTED BOND - BETASSO WTP IMP	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$5,000,000	\$0
PROJECTED BONDS - ISSUANCE COSTS	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$235,000	\$0	\$0	\$85,000	\$0
ENCUMBRANCES, CARRYOVERS & MID-YR ATB's	\$0	\$9,495,188	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
TOTAL USES OF FUNDS	\$27,169,285	\$65,924,918	\$31,017,406	\$63,448,606	\$31,747,624	\$32,649,696	\$39,707,356	\$33,599,948
Emergency Reserve Adjustment	\$0	\$330,000	\$304,000	\$370.800	\$381,924	\$393,382	\$405,183	\$417.339
Sick/Vacation Accrual Adjustment	(\$93,512)	\$100,000	\$100,000	\$103,000	\$106,090	\$109,273	\$112,551	\$115,927
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$52,157,441	\$37,585,448	\$33,518,250	\$26,835,394	\$25,496,811	\$26,167,916	\$25,505,596	\$26,464,177
Designated Reserves -								
Bond Reserves	\$6,270,103	\$3,068,830	\$3,068,830	\$3,068,830	\$3,068,830	\$3,068,830	\$3,068,830	\$3,068,830
Lakewood Pipeline Remediation Reserve	\$15,283,877	\$14,891,793	\$15,473,648	\$14,036,810	\$14,681,658	\$15,356,131	\$12,993,453	\$13,590,370
Lakewood/USFS Damage Claims Reserve	\$100,000	\$100,000	\$100,000	\$100,000	\$100,000	\$100,000	\$100,000	\$100,000
Vacation/Sick/Bonus Liability	\$588,974	\$606,643	\$624,843	\$643,588	\$662,895	\$682,782	\$703,266	\$724,364
Pay Period 27 - 2013 Reserve	\$0	\$40,280	\$80,560	\$111,560	\$142,560	\$173,560	\$204,560	\$235,560
TOTAL RESERVES	\$22,242,954	\$18,707,546	\$19,347,881	\$17,960,788	\$18,655,943	\$19,381,303	\$17,070,109	\$17,719,124
SURPLUS/(DEFICIT) vs. DESIGNATED RESERVE	\$29,914,487	\$18,877,902	\$14,170,369	\$8,874,606	\$6,840,867	\$6,786,613	\$8,435,488	\$8,745,053
OPERATING RESERVE (Goal: 25% of Operating)	\$3,335,592	\$3,759,482	\$3,986,607	\$4,095,485	\$4,226,328	\$4,362,785	\$4,506,069	\$4,655,897
CAPITAL RESERVE (Goal: \$2,000,000)	\$2,000,000	\$2,000,000	\$2,000,000	\$2,000,000	\$2,000,000	\$2,000,000	\$2,000,000	\$2,000,000
SURPLUS/(DEFICIT) vs. ALL RESERVES	\$24,578,895	\$13,118,419	\$8,183,762	\$2,779,121	\$614,539	\$423,828	\$1,929,419	\$2,089,157

^{*} Reserve levels are based on industry standards and are maintained for revenue bonds, revenue fluctuations (weather and water usage impacts) and the capital intensive nature of the utility.

WASTEWATER UTILITY FUND

	2006 ACTUALS	2007 REVISED	2008 APPROVED	2009 PROJECTED	2010 PROJECTED	2011 PROJECTED	2012 PROJECTED	2013 PROJECTED
UNAPPROPRIATED FUND BALANCE Beginning of Year Fund Balance	\$58,066,163	\$44,101,976	\$10,992,065	\$9,644,066	\$8,066,436	\$4,762,054	\$4,820,111	\$4,769,533
SOURCES OF FUNDS								
Operating								
Sewer Charges to General Customers	\$11,886,243	\$11,775,070	\$12,506,537	\$12,907,497	\$13,321,311	\$14,682,749	\$15,889,084	\$16,876,114
Projected Rate Increase	\$0	20% \$706,504	6% \$375,196	3 % \$387,225	3 % \$1,332,131 10 9	6 \$1,174,620	8% \$953,345	6 % \$506,283 3 %
Surcharge/ Pretreatment Fees	\$127,243	\$120,500	\$131,000	\$131,000	\$131,000	\$131,000	\$131,000	\$131,000
Cogeneration Revenues	\$78,128	\$80,000	\$80,000	\$80,000	\$80,000	\$80,000	\$80,000	\$80,000
TOTAL OPERATING SOURCES OF FUNDS	\$12,091,614	\$12,682,074	\$13,092,733	\$13,505,722	\$14,864,442	\$16,068,369	\$17,053,429	\$17,593,397
Non-Operating								
Plant Investment Fees	\$491,189	\$420,000	\$450,000	\$450,000	\$450,000	\$450,000	\$450,000	\$450,000
Connection Charges	\$15,977	\$11,500	\$11,500	\$11,500	\$11,500	\$11,500	\$11,500	\$11,500
Special Assessments	\$4,220	\$20,000	\$5,000	\$5,000	\$5,000	\$5,000	\$5,000	\$5,000
Interest on Investments	\$2,254,268	\$380,000	\$511,131	\$385,763	\$322,657	\$190,482	\$192,804	\$190,781
Rent and other miscellaneous revenue	\$26,603	\$27,500	\$28,500	\$29,500	\$31,500	\$32,500	\$34,500	\$36,500
Sale of Real Estate - Yards Masterplan	\$0	\$125,000	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Projected Bond - WWTP Imp/ Biosolids Digester	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$13,205,000	\$0	\$0	\$0
TÓTAL NON-OPERATING SOURCES OF FUNDS	\$2,792,257	\$984,000	\$1,006,131	\$881,763	\$14,025,657	\$689,482	\$693,804	\$693,781
TOTAL SOURCES OF FUNDS	\$14,883,871	\$13,666,074	\$14,098,865	\$14,387,484	\$28,890,100	\$16,757,851	\$17,747,233	\$18,287,179
USES OF FUNDS								
Operating Expenditures								
Administration	\$351,803	\$505,244	\$468,646	\$482,705	\$497,187	\$512,102	\$527,465	\$543,289
Planning and Project Management	\$200,556	\$323,974	\$332,469	\$342,443	\$352,716	\$363,298	\$374,197	\$385,423
Wastewater Quality & Environmental Svcs	\$810,675	\$833,738	\$866,010	\$891,990	\$918,750	\$946,313	\$974,702	\$1,003,943
System Maintenance	\$1,257,647	\$1,529,994	\$1,603,898	\$1,652,015	\$1,701,575	\$1,752,623	\$1,805,201	\$1,859,357
Wastewater Treatment	\$3,979,521	\$4,445,351	\$5,233,429	\$5,390,432	\$5,552,145	\$5,718,709	\$5,890,270	\$6,066,979
Proposed Action Plan Adjustments								
WWTP Improvements - 2010 Improvements	\$ 0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$210,000	\$216,300	\$222,789
WWTP Biosolids Digester	\$0	\$0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$0	\$65,000	\$66,950	\$68,959
Emergency Reserve	\$ 0	\$240,000	\$250,000	\$257,500	\$265,225	\$273,182	\$281,377	\$289,819
Sick/Vacation Accrual	\$53,260	\$75,000	\$75,000	\$77,250	\$79,568	\$81,955	\$84,413	\$86,946
TOTAL OPERATING USES OF FUNDS	\$6,653,462	\$7,953,301	\$8,829,452	\$9,094,336	\$9,367,166	\$9,923,181	\$10,220,876	\$10,527,502
Debt								
WWTP Improvements 2005 Revenue Bond	\$3,504,466	\$3,574,833	\$3,565,944	\$3,557,523	\$3,556,583	\$3,550,367	\$3,546,533	\$3,544,883
2005 Refunding of the 1992 Marshall Landfill Bond	\$168,713	\$169,621	\$170,057	\$170,331	\$165,456	\$165,568	\$175,454	\$0
Arbitrage Payment	\$0	\$0	\$30,583	\$0	\$ 0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Projected Bond - WWTP Biosolids Digester	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$285,000	\$285,000	\$285,000	\$285,000
Projected Bond - WWTP Improvements	\$ 0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$920,000	\$920,000	\$920,000	\$920,000
TÓTAL DEBT SERVICE	\$3,673,179	\$3,744,454	\$3,766,584	\$3,727,854	\$4,927,039	\$4,920,935	\$4,926,987	\$4,749,883
Transfers Out								
Cost Allocation	\$736,024	\$756,926	\$787,268	\$818,758	\$900,634	\$990,697	\$1,089,767	\$1,198,744
Planning & Development Services	\$168,310	\$173,360	\$178,560	\$183,917	\$189,435	\$195,118	\$200,972	\$207,001
TOTAL TRANSFERS OUT	\$904,334	\$930,286	\$965,828	\$1,002,675	\$1,090,069	\$1,185,815	\$1,290,739	\$1,405,745
Capital Improvements Program TOTAL CAPITAL USES OF FUNDS	\$1,124,219	\$950,000	\$2,210,000	\$2,475,000	\$3,950,000	\$1,025,000	\$1,725,000	\$1,375,000

WASTEWATER UTILITY FUND

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
	ACTUALS	REVISED	APPROVED	PROJECTED	PROJECTED	PROJECTED	PROJECTED	PROJECTED
BOND-WWTP IMPROVEMENTS	\$16,546,124	\$29,669,048	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
PROJECTED BOND-BIOSOLIDS DIGESTER	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$0	\$0	\$3,000,000	\$0	\$0	\$0
PROJECTED BOND-WWTP IMPROVEMENTS	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$0	\$0	\$10,000,000	\$0	\$0	\$0
BOND - ISSUANCE COSTS	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$0	\$0	\$205,000	\$0	\$0	\$0
CARRYOVERS, ENCUMBRANCES & MID-YR ATE	3: \$0	\$3,843,896	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
TOTAL USES OF FUNDS	\$28,901,318	\$47,090,985	\$15,771,864	\$16,299,865	\$32,539,274	\$17,054,931	\$18,163,602	\$18,058,130
Emergency Reserve Adjustment	\$0	\$240,000	\$250,000	\$257,500	\$265,225	\$273,182	\$281,377	\$289,819
Sick/Vacation Accrual Adjustment	\$53,260	\$75,000	\$75,000	\$77,250	\$79,568	\$81,955	\$84,413	\$86,946
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$44,101,976	\$10,992,065	\$9,644,066	\$8,066,436	\$4,762,054	\$4,820,111	\$4,769,533	\$5,375,346
Designated Reserves -								
Bond Reserves	\$170,250	\$170,250	\$170,250	\$170,250	\$170,250	\$170,250	\$170,250	\$170,250
Sick/Vacation/Bonus Liability	\$623,645	\$642,354	\$661,625	\$681,474	\$701,918	\$722,975	\$744,665	\$767,005
Pay Period 27 - 2013 Reserve	\$ 0	\$29,580	\$59,160	\$83,760	\$108,360	\$132,960	\$157,560	\$182,160
TÓTAL RESERVES	\$793,895	\$842,184	\$891,035	\$935,484	\$980,528	\$1,026,185	\$1,072,475	\$1,119,415
SURPLUS/(DEFICIT) vs. DESIGNATED RESERNOPERATING RESERVE (Goal: 25% of Operating CAPITAL RESERVE (Goal: \$500,000) SURPLUS/(DEFICIT) vs. ALL RESERVES		\$10,149,881 \$2,220,897 \$500,000 \$7,428,984	\$8,753,031 \$2,448,820 <u>\$500,000</u> \$5,804,211	\$7,130,952 \$2,524,253 <u>\$500,000</u> \$4,106,699	\$3,781,526 \$2,614,309 \$500,000 \$667,218	\$3,793,926 \$2,777,249 \$500,000 \$516,677	\$3,697,059 \$2,877,904 <u>\$500,000</u> \$319,155	\$4,255,931 \$2,983,312 \$500,000 \$772,619

^{*} Reserve levels are based on industry standards and are maintained for revenue bonds, revenue fluctuations (weather and water usage impacts) and the capital intensive nature of the utility.

STORMWATER/FLOOD MANAGEMENT UTILITY FUND

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
	ACTUALS	REVISED	APPROVED	PROJECTED	PROJECTED	PROJECTED	PROJECTED	PROJECTED
UNAPPROPRIATED FUND BALANCE Beginning of Year Fund Balance	\$9,361,428	\$9,121,411	\$5,170,442	\$3,434,930	\$3,410,409	\$3,381,472	\$3,383,760	\$3,407,994
SOURCES OF FUNDS Operating								
Service Charge Fees	\$4,588,721	\$4,518,297	\$4,663,154	\$4,812,654	\$4,966,948	\$5,175,957	\$5,341,898	\$5,513,160
Projected Rate Increases	\$0 3%	\$135,549 <mark>3%</mark>	\$139,895		3% \$198,678 4 %	\$155,279 3%	\$160,257	3% \$165,395 3 %
TOTAL OPERATING SOURCES OF FUNDS	\$4,588,721	\$4,653,846	\$4,803,048	\$4,957,034	\$5,165,626	\$5,331,236	\$5,502,155	\$5,678,555
Non-Operating								
Plant Investment Fees	\$497,558	\$500,000	\$500,000	\$500,000	\$500,000	\$500,000	\$500,000	\$500,000
Urban Drainage District Funds	\$860,229	\$485,000	\$500,000	\$500,000	\$500,000	\$500,000	\$500,000	\$500,000
Colorado Dept of Transportaion Funds	\$0 \$10,080	\$1,722,000	\$1,529,000	\$0 \$0	\$0 \$0	\$0 \$0	\$0 \$0	\$0 \$0
State & Federal Grants	\$10,080	\$49,864	\$0 \$240,426	\$0 \$137,397	\$0 \$136,446	\$0	\$0 \$435.350	* -
Interest on Investments Intergovernmental Transfers (WASH Program)	\$404,063 \$126,023	\$225,000 \$159.252	\$240,426 \$123,600	\$137,397 \$127,308	\$136,416 \$131,127	\$135,259 \$135,061	\$135,350 \$139.113	\$136,320 \$143,286
Rent and other miscellaneous revenue	\$50,094	\$17,000	\$31,000	\$31,000	\$31,000	\$31,000	\$1,000	\$1,000
Sale of Real Estate - Yards Masterplan	\$0 \$0	\$125,000	\$0	\$0 \$0	\$01,000 \$0	\$0	\$1,000	\$0
Projected Bond - South Boulder Creek	\$0	\$0	\$0 \$0	\$0 \$0	\$3.085.000	\$0 \$0	\$0 \$0	\$0 \$0
TOTAL NON-OPERATING SOURCES OF FUNDS	\$1,948,047	\$3,283,116	\$2,924,026	\$1,295,705	\$4,383,544	\$1,301,320	\$1,275,463	\$1,280,606
TOTAL SOURCES OF FUNDS	\$6,536,768	\$7,936,962	\$7,727,074	\$6,252,739	\$9,549,170	\$6,632,556	\$6,777,619	\$6,959,161
USES OF FUNDS								
Operating Expenditures								
Administration	\$260,879	\$384,150	\$365,247	\$386,504	\$398,100	\$410,043	\$422,344	\$435,014
Planning and Project Management	\$1,174,407	\$943,800	\$956,840	\$985,545	\$1,015,112	\$1,045,565	\$1,076,932	\$1,109,240
Stormwater Contract Management	\$53,849	\$46,129	\$47,052	\$48,464	\$49,917	\$51,415	\$52,957	\$54,546
Stormwater Quality and Education	\$761,544	\$795,950	\$893,606	\$874,064	\$900,286	\$927,295	\$955,114	\$983,767
System Maintenance	\$605,843	\$688,754	\$727,081	\$748,893	\$771,360	\$794,501	\$818,336	\$842,886
Emergency Reserve Sick/Vacation Accrual	\$0 (\$42,400)	\$84,000 \$40,000	\$90,000 \$50.000	\$92,700	\$95,481 \$53,045	\$98,345	\$101,296	\$104,335
TOTAL OPERATING USES OF FUNDS	(\$42,408) \$2,814,114	\$2,982,783	\$3,129,826	\$51,500 \$3,187,671	\$53,045 \$3,283,301	\$54,636 \$3,381,800	\$56,275 \$3,483,254	\$57,964 \$3,587,752
Debt								
Goose Creek/BVRC 1998 Revenue Bond	\$805.158	\$806,309	\$806,273	\$810,029	\$1,126,036	\$493.531	\$491,872	\$494,288
Projected Bond - South Boulder Creek	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$285.000	\$285.000	\$285.000	\$285.000
Crawford Property Acquisition	\$114,539	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
TOTAL DEBT SERVICE	\$919,697	\$806,309	\$806,273	\$810,029	\$1,411,036	\$778,531	\$776,872	\$779,288
Transfers Out								
Cost Allocation	\$156,776	\$182,544	\$189,861	\$197,456	\$217,202	\$238,922	\$262,814	\$289,095
Planning & Development Services	\$101,448	\$104,491	\$107,626	\$110,855	\$114,180	\$117,606	\$121,134	\$124,768
Other Transfers	\$10,000	\$10,000	\$15,000	\$15,450	\$15,914	\$16,391	\$16,883	\$17,389
TOTAL TRANSFERS OUT	\$268,224	\$297,035	\$312,487	\$323,761	\$347,296	\$372,919	\$400,831	\$431,252
Capital Improvements Program								
TOTAL CAPITAL USES OF FUNDS	\$2,732,342	\$2,150,000	\$5,354,000	\$2,100,000	\$1,600,000	\$2,250,000	\$2,250,000	\$2,250,000
PROJECTED BOND - SOUTH BOULDER CREEK	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$3,000,000	\$0	\$0	\$0
PROJECTED BOND - ISSUANCE COSTS	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$85,000	\$0 \$0	\$0 \$0	\$0
ENCUMBRANCES, CARRYOVERS & MID-YR ATBS	\$0	\$5,775,804	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
TOTAL USES OF FUNDS	\$6,734,377	\$12,011,931	\$9,602,586	\$6,421,461	\$9,726,632	\$6,783,249	\$6,910,957	\$7,048,292
Emergency Reserve Adjustment	\$0	\$84,000	\$90,000	\$92,700	\$95,481	\$98,345	\$101,296	\$104,335
Sick/Vacation Accrual Adjustment	(\$42,408)	\$40,000	\$50,000	\$51,500	\$53,045	\$54,636	\$56,275	\$57,964

STORMWATER/FLOOD MANAGEMENT UTILITY FUND

	2006 ACTUALS	2007 REVISED	2008 APPROVED	2009 PROJECTED	2010 PROJECTED	2011 PROJECTED	2012 PROJECTED	2013 PROJECTED
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$9,121,411	\$5,170,442	\$3,434,930	\$3,410,409	\$3,381,472	\$3,383,760	\$3,407,994	\$3,481,161
Designated Reserves -								
Bond Reserves	\$824,715	\$824,715	\$824,715	\$824,715	\$824,715	\$824,715	\$824,715	\$824,715
Post Flood Property Acquisition	\$1,050,000	\$1,050,000	\$1,050,000	\$1,050,000	\$1,050,000	\$1,050,000	\$1,050,000	\$1,050,000
Sick/Vacation/Bonus Liability	\$127,049	\$130,860	\$134,786	\$138,830	\$142,995	\$147,285	\$151,703	\$156,254
Pay Period 27 - 2013 Reserve	\$0	\$9,230	\$18,460	\$25,660	\$32,860	\$40,060	\$47,260	\$54,460
TÓTAL RESERVES	\$2,001,764	\$2,014,805	\$2,027,961	\$2,039,205	\$2,050,570	\$2,062,060	\$2,073,678	\$2,085,429
SURPLUS/(DEFICIT) vs. DESIGNATED RESERVE: OPERATING RESERVE (Goal: 25% of Operating) CAPITAL RESERVE (Goal: \$200,000) SURPLUS/(DEFICIT) vs. ALL RESERVES	\$7,119,647 \$770,585 \$200,000 \$6,149,063	\$3,155,637 \$819,955 \$200,000 \$2,135,682	\$1,406,969 \$860,578 \$200,000 \$346,391	\$1,371,204 \$877,858 \$200,000 \$293,346	\$1,330,902 \$907,649 \$200,000 \$223,253	\$1,321,701 \$938,680 \$200,000 \$183,021	\$1,334,316 \$971,021 \$200,000 \$163,295	\$1,395,732 \$1,004,751 \$200,000 \$190,981

^{*} Reserve levels are based on industry standards and are maintained for revenue bonds and the capital intensive nature of the utility.

Downtown Commercial District Fund (formerly titled CAGID Fund)

		2006 ACTUALS		2007 REVISED	-	2008 APPROVED	P	2009 ROJECTED	P	2010 ROJECTED	2011 PROJECTED		2012 PROJECTED		2013 PROJECTED	
UNAPPROPRIATED FUND BALANCE																
Beginning of the Year	\$	1,311,773	\$	1,564,631	\$	894,495	\$	567,250	\$	1,150,542	\$	1,826,374	\$	3,989,839	\$	6,361,312
SOURCES OF FUNDS																
Property/Owner. Tax	\$	921,612	\$	959,612	\$	988,400	\$	1,018,052	\$	1,048,593	\$	1,080,051	\$	1,112,453	\$	1,145,826
Short Term Fees	,	1,226,302	•	1,550,156	•	1,444,320	•	1,444,320	•	1,444,320	,	1,459,494	•	1,479,823	•	1,536,743
Long Term Fees		2,017,268		2,060,016		2,246,300		2,246,300		2,384,955		2,384,955		2,504,541		2,504,541
Meterhood & Tokens		199,805		142,500		156,214		156,214		156,214		156,214		156,214		156,214
Interest		51,481		47,430		41,594		18,436		37,393		59,357		129,670		206,743
Rental Income		209,933		421,523		365,590		365,590		365,590		365,590		365,590		365,590
Miscellaneous		\$57,347		\$41,710		\$19,060		\$19,196		\$19,334		\$19,474		\$19,616		\$19,760
Transfers In		1,240,530		1,270,728		1,941,500		1,941,500		1,941,500		1,941,500		1,941,500		1,941,500
10th/Walnut Bond Proceeds		11,927		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
10th/Walnut - Property, Sales, Accommodations and TIF		1,173,866		1,016,762		1,087,267		1,119,885		1,153,482		1,188,086		1,223,729		1,260,441
10th/Walnut- other Revenue		-		62,832		64,154		66,079		68,061		70,103		72,206		74,372
TOTAL SOURCES OF FUNDS	\$	7,110,071	\$	7,573,269	\$	8,354,399	\$	8,395,572	\$	8,619,442	\$	8,724,824	\$	9,005,342	\$	9,211,730
USES OF FUNDS																
Parking Operations	\$	1,149,679	Ф	982,252	¢	1,200,472	Ф	1,238,663	¢	1,259,595	\$	1,293,230	\$	1,315,137	Ф	1,337,423
Major Maintenance - Parking	Φ	24,680	Φ	70,000	Φ	1,240,000	Φ	1,300,000	Φ	1,300,000	Φ	250,000	Φ	250,000	Φ	250,000
Capital Technology Improvements		24,000		70,000		802,161		1,300,000		1,300,000		230,000		230,000		230,000
Downtown & University Hill Management Division		\$797,522		\$979,321		\$949,618		\$977,391		\$994,295		\$1,011,497		\$1,029,003		\$1,046,818
10th and Walnut Parking Expense		20		412,177		420,942		430,699		446,480		459,875		473,671		487,881
Eco-Pass Program		461,391		501,896		511,934		522,173		532,616		543,268		554,134		565,216
Conference Center Studies		101,001		001,000		125,000		-		-				-		-
Major Maintenance - Mall		1,644		=		100,000		-		-		-		-		_
Sick/Vacation Accrual		(2,664)		6,464		6,561		6,774		6,876		6,979		7,083		7,190
Capital Replacement Reserve		12,100		12,100		165,675		168,989		172,368		175,816		179,332		182,919
TOTAL OPERATING USES OF FUNDS		2,444,372		2,964,210		5,522,363		4,644,689		4,712,230		3,740,665		3,808,360		3,877,447
DEBT SERVICE																
Series 1998		1,075,771		1,070,591		1,069,024		1,073,043		1,076,895		1,078,454		1,082,737		1,084,764
Series 2002 Refunding		1,524,251		1,636,089		-,,		-,-: 0,0 .0		-,-: 0,000		-,		-,,		-,,
Series 2003 (10th and Walnut)		936,075		938,683		936,005		924,722		916,844		920,118		922,234		927,752
TOTAL DEBT SERVICE		3,536,097		3,645,363		2,005,029		1,997,765		1,993,739		1,998,572		2,004,971		2,012,515
TRANSFERS TO OTHER FUNDS																
Cost Allocation		129,220		123,622		128,577		133,720		135,726		137,762		139,828		141,925
Mall Improvements - Payback to GF		500,000		500,000		500,000		500,000		500,000		43,549		-		-
TOTAL TRANSFERS TO OTHER FUNDS	-	629,220		623,622		628,577		633,720		635,726		181,311		139,828		141,925

Downtown Commercial District Fund (formerly titled CAGID Fund)

	2006	2007		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012		2013
	 ACTUALS	REVISED	Α	PPROVED	PI	ROJECTED	P	ROJECTED	PI	ROJECTED	PI	ROJECTED	P	ROJECTED
Carryover & Encumbrances & Adjustments	-	\$732,207		-		-		-		-		-		-
CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS PROGRAM Less: Excess TIF to City of Boulder	244,861	284,467		532,236		542,881		608,790		647,791		687,793		728,872
TOTAL USES OF FUNDS	\$ 6,854,550	\$ 8,249,869	\$	8,688,205	\$	7,819,054	\$	7,950,485	\$	6,568,338	\$	6,640,952	\$	6,760,759
Less: Sick/Vacation Accrual Adjustment	2,664	(6,464)		(6,561)		(6,774)		(6,876)		(6,979)		(7,083)		(7,190)
UNRESTRICTED FUND BALANCE	\$ 1,564,631	\$ 894,495	\$	567,250	\$	1,150,542	\$	1,826,374	\$	3,989,839	\$	6,361,312	\$	8,819,473
Designations:														
Designated Reserve	244,437	296,421		293,954		464,469		471,223		374,066		380,836		387,745
Natural Disaster Reserve	176,086	189,076		197,682		193,622		200,338		203,500		211,915		218,107
Pay Period 27 - 2013 Reserve		7,000		14,000		21,000		28,000		35,000		42,000		49,000
Sick and Vacation Liability Reserve	 91,407	106,903		113,464		120,238		127,114		134,092		141,176		148,365
SURPLUS/(DEFICIT) vs. RESERVE GOAL	\$ 1,052,701	\$ 295,095	\$	(51,850)	\$	351,213	\$	999,699	\$	3,243,180	\$	5,585,385	\$	8,016,256

University Hill Commercial District Fund (formerly titled UHGID Fund)

	2006 ACTUALS	2007 REVISED	2008 APPROVED	2009 PROJECTED	2010 PROJECTED	2011 PROJECTED	2012 PROJECTED	2013 PROJECTED
UNAPPROPRIATED FUND BALANCE								
Beginning of the Year	\$675,109	\$719,509	\$732,925	\$577,994	\$701,108	\$824,073	\$945,042	\$1,065,681
SOURCES OF FUNDS								
UHGID Sources of Funds								
Property Tax	\$24,506	\$25,965	\$26,744	\$27,546	\$28,372	\$29,223	\$30,100	\$31,003
Ownership Tax	\$1,790	\$1,900	\$1,900	\$1,900	\$1,900	\$1,900	\$1,900	\$1,900
SUBTOTAL: UHGID Taxes	\$26,296	\$27,865	\$28,644	\$29,446	\$30,272	\$31,123	\$32,000	\$32,903
14th Street Lot-Meters	\$44,461	\$53,307	\$84,000	\$84,000	\$84,000	\$84,000	\$84,000	\$84,000
Pleasant LotMeters	\$12,053	\$13,990	\$21,400	\$21,400	\$21,400	\$21,400	\$21,400	\$21,400
Pleasant LotPermits	\$32,402	\$33,276	\$34,928	\$34,928	\$36,674	\$36,674	\$38,508	\$38,508
Parking Products - Meterhoods/Tokens	\$1,292	\$1,222	\$1,222	\$1,222	\$1,222	\$1,222	\$1,222	\$1,222
SUBTOTAL: UHGID Parking	\$90,208	\$101,795	\$141,550	\$141,550	\$143,297	\$143,296	\$145,130	\$145,130
Interest/ Misc.	\$9,809	\$7,455	\$11,247	\$6,676	\$8,098	\$9,518	\$10,915	\$12,309
TOTAL UHGID SOURCES	\$126,312	<u>\$137,115</u>	<u>\$181,441</u>	<u>\$177,672</u>	<u>\$181,666</u>	<u>\$183,937</u>	<u>\$188.045</u>	\$190,342
City of Boulder General Fund Transfers								
On-Street Meters	\$174,665	\$175,000	\$257,617	\$267,617	\$267,617	\$267,617	\$267,617	\$267,617
13th & Pennsylvania Lot - Meters	\$55,963	\$56,595	\$86,500	\$86,500	\$86,500	\$86,500	\$86,500	\$86,500
Parking Products - Meterhoods/Tokens	\$3,321	\$3,143	\$3,143	\$3,143	\$3,143	\$3,143	\$3,143	\$3,143
SUBTOTAL: GF Parking	\$233,949	\$234,738	\$347,260	\$357,260	\$357,260	\$357,260	\$357,260	\$357,260
Interest/ Misc.	\$19,914	\$15,135	\$22,834	\$13,554	\$16,441	\$19,325	\$22,161	\$24,990
Non Recurring Revenue - Benefits Adjust	(\$372)							
TOTAL GF TRANSFER SOURCES	<u>\$253,491</u>	<u>\$249,873</u>	\$370,094	<u>\$370,814</u>	<u>\$373,701</u>	<u>\$376,585</u>	<u>\$379,421</u>	\$382,250
TOTAL SOURCES OF FUNDS	\$ <u>379,804</u>	\$ <u>386,988</u>	\$ <u>551,535</u>	\$ <u>548,486</u>	\$ <u>555,367</u>	\$ <u>560,522</u>	\$ <u>567,466</u>	\$ <u>572,592</u>
UHGID USES of Funds								
Parking Operations Personnel	\$69,775	\$86,784	\$95,081	\$98,944	\$100,428	\$101,934	\$103,463	\$105,015
Parking Operations NonPersonnel	\$51,395	\$65,461	\$92,132	\$54,195	\$55,279	\$56,384	\$57,512	\$58,662
Capital Major Maintenance/Improvements	\$0	\$10,000	\$10,200	\$10,404	\$10,612	\$10,824	\$11,041	\$11,262
Capital Replacement Reserve	\$9,000	\$9,000	\$9,000	\$9,180	\$9,180	\$9,180	\$9,180	\$9,180
DUHMD/Admin Personnel	\$26,940	\$27,355	\$30,756	\$30,501	\$30,959	\$31,423	\$31,894	\$32,373
DUHMD/Admin Non Personnel	9274	\$9,005	9245	\$9,430	\$9,618	\$9,811	\$10,007	\$10,207
Marketing/Economic Vitality	\$13,282	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Eco-Pass Program	\$0	\$649	\$662	\$675	\$689	\$702	\$717	\$731
Sick/Vacation Accrual	(\$1,966)	\$304	\$304	\$314	\$324	\$335	\$345	\$357
Cost Allocation	\$22,350	\$18,586	\$19,331	\$20,104	\$20,406	\$20,712	\$21,023	\$21,338
SUBTOTAL: UHGID Uses of Funds	\$200,050	\$227,144	<u>\$266,711</u>	\$233,747	<u>\$237,495</u>	<u>\$241,306</u>	<u>\$245,182</u>	\$249,12 <u>5</u>

University Hill Commercial District Fund (formerly titled UHGID Fund)

	2006 ACTUALS	2007 REVISED	2008 APPROVED	2009 PROJECTED	2010 PROJECTED	2011 PROJECTED	2012 PROJECTED	2013 PROJECTED
City of Boulder General Fund Uses of Funds								
Parking Operations Personnel	\$25,997	\$32,289	\$32,691	\$33,943	\$34,452	\$34,969	\$35,493	\$36,026
Parking Operations Non Personnel	\$12,703	\$18,230	\$313,266	\$53,312	\$54,378	\$55,466	\$56,575	\$57,707
DUHMD/Admin Personnel	\$54,697	\$55,538	\$62,444	\$61,927	\$62,856	\$63,799	\$64,756	\$65,727
DUHMD/Admin NonPersonnel	\$18,829	\$18,284	\$18,771	\$19,147	\$19,530	\$19,921	\$20,319	\$20,725
Marketing/Economic Vitality	\$6,264	\$0	\$0	\$10,207	\$10,411	\$10,619	\$10,832	\$11,048
Sick/Vacation Accrual	(\$1,311)	\$202	\$202	\$209	\$215	\$222	\$230	\$237
Cost Allocation	\$14,900	\$12,391	\$12,887	\$13,403	\$13,604	\$13,808	\$14,015	\$14,225
SUBTOTAL: GF Uses of Funds	<u>\$132,079</u>	<u>\$136,934</u>	<u>\$440,261</u>	<u>\$192,147</u>	<u>\$195,447</u>	<u>\$198,804</u>	<u>\$202,220</u>	<u>\$205,695</u>
TOTAL OPERATING USES OF FUNDS	\$ <u>332,129</u>	\$ <u>364,078</u>	\$ <u>706,972</u>	\$ <u>425,895</u>	\$ <u>432,942</u>	\$ <u>440,109</u>	\$ <u>447,402</u>	\$ <u>454,820</u>
TRANSFERS TO OTHER FUNDS								
Carryovers & Encumbrances		\$10,000	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
TOTAL USES OF FUNDS	\$ <u>332,129</u>	\$ <u>374,078</u>	\$ <u>706,972</u>	\$ <u>425,895</u>	\$ <u>432,942</u>	\$ <u>440,109</u>	\$ <u>447,402</u>	\$ <u>454,820</u>
Sick/Vacation Accrual Adjustment	\$3,277	(\$506)	(\$506)	(\$522)	(\$539)	(\$557)	(\$575)	(\$594)
UNAPPROPRIATED FUND BALANCE	<u>\$719,509</u>	<u>\$732,925</u>	\$577,994	<u>\$701,108</u>	<u>\$824,073</u>	\$945,042	<u>\$1,065,681</u>	<u>\$1,184,047</u>
Designations:								
Designated Reserve	\$83,032	\$91,020	\$176,743	\$106,474	\$108,235	\$110,027	\$111,850	\$113,705
Natural Disaster Reserve-TABOR	\$6,165	\$6,360	\$6,128	\$5,737	\$5,943	\$6,098	\$6,306	\$6,460
Pay Period 27 - 2013 Reserve		\$1,075	\$2,365	\$3,655	\$4,945	\$6,235	\$7,525	\$8,815
Sick and Vacation Liability Reserve	\$10,791	\$15,075	\$15,581	\$16,103	\$16,643	\$17,200	\$17,775	\$18,369
SURPLUS/(DEFICIT) vs. RESERVE GOAL	\$619,521	\$619,395	\$377,176	\$569,139	\$688,306	\$805,482	\$922,225	\$1,036,698

PERMANENT PARKS & RECREATION FUND

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
l	ACTUAL	REVISED	APPROVED	PROJECTED	PROJECTED	PROJECTED	PROJECTED	PROJECTED
UNAPPROPRIATED FUND BALANCE								
Beginning of the Year	4,746,138	4,824,937	1,266,824	1,589,691	869,511	635,127	548,986	669,838
SOURCES OF FUNDS								
Property Tax	1,418,448	1,460,320	1,496,828	1,534,249	1,572,605	1,611,920	1,652,218	1,693,523
Interest	198,336	217,267	220,977	211,985	190,227	183,299	184,492	181,226
Parks Development Excise Taxes	239,650	240,000	380,000	224,400	228,888	233,466	238,135	242,898
Recreation Development Excise Taxes	59,915	60,000	95,000	56,100	57,222	58,366	59,534	60,724
Other Revenues	7,873	16,457	14,235	14,235	14,235	14,235	14,235	14,235
TOTAL SOURCES OF FUNDS	1,924,222	1,994,044	2,207,040	2,040,969	2,063,177	2,101,286	2,148,614	2,192,607
USES OF FUNDS								
Operations & Construction Management	240,882	392,222	394,139	405,963	418,142	430,686	443,607	456,915
Capital Refurbishment Projects	201,843	534,000	35,000	470,000	470,000	495,000	520,000	555,000
Total Operating Uses of Funds	442,725	926,222	429,139	875,963	888,142	925,686	963,607	1,011,915
Transfers To Other Funds								
Cost Allocation	52,651	47,977	49,900	51,896	53,972	56,131	58,376	60,711
Excise Tax Collection	4,840	4,985	5,135	5,289	5,448	5,611	5,779	5,953
	57,491	52,962	55,035	57,185	59,420	61,742	64,155	66,664
Debt Service								
Total Debt Service	50,402	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital Improvement Program								
Capital Projects	1,294,805	1,070,000	1,400,000	1,828,000	1,350,000	1,200,000	1,000,000	1,400,000
Carryovers & Encumberences		3,502,973						
TOTAL USES OF FUNDS	1,845,423	2,049,184	1,884,174	2,761,148	2,297,561	2,187,428	2,027,762	2,478,579
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	4,824,937	1,266,824	1,589,691	869,511	635,127	548,986	669,838	383,866
Designations:								
Pay Period 27 - 2013 Reserve	-	(2,120)	(5,120)	(8,120)	(11,120)	(14,120)	(17,120)	(20,120)
Sick & Vacation Liability Reserve	(55,421)	(57,084)	(58,796)	(60,560)	(62,377)	,	(66,176)	, , ,
Total Designations	(55,421)	(59,204)	(63,916)	(68,680)	(73,497)	_ , , ,	(83,296)	
SURPLUS/(DEFICIT) vs. RESERVE GOAL								

TELECOMMUNICATIONS FUND

[2006 ACTUAL	2007 REVISED	2008 APPROVED	2009 PROJECTED	2010 PROJECTED	2011 PROJECTED	2012 PROJECTED	2013 PROJECTED
UNAPPROPRIATED FUND BALANCE								
Beginning of Year	1,443,830	1,611,477	1,368,968	510,154	453,837	614,813	762,111	894,372
SOURCES OF FUNDS								
Telecom Phone System User Charges	581,497	570,755	584,795	590,643	596,549	602,515	608,540	614,625
Telecom Chanrges Billed to outside Entity	4,073	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Long Distance Phone Charges		20,000	22,000	22,220	22,442	22,667	22,893	23,122
Telecommunications Planning & Deployment	52,921	44,000	46,000	46,000	46,460	46,925	47,394	47,868
Leased Fiber Maint Payments - Outside Entity		5,000	5,125	5,125	5,125	5,125	5,125	5,125
BRAN		0	0	0	0	0	0	0
BRAN Maintenance	62,250	70,000	70,000	70,000	70,000	70,000	70,000	70,000
Remote Telecom User Charges		0		0	0	0	0	0
Interest	54,435	32,230	27,379	10,203	9,077	12,296	15,242	17,887
TOTAL SOURCES OF FUNDS	755,176	741,985	755,299	744,191	749,653	759,527	769,194	778,628
USES OF FUNDS								
Operating:								
Telecom Phone System	451,238.05		0	0	0	0	0	0
-Quarterly Admin Chgs		235,345	231,064	242,617	254,748	267,485	280,860	294,903
-Monthly Op Chgs		304,583	234,576	208,305	182,720	191,856	201,449	211,521
-Long Distance Chgs		16,317	17,188	18,047	18,950	19,897	20,892	21,937
City Telephone Personnel Expense			219,709					
Capital Telephone Expenses	17,318		780,291	200,000	0	0	0	0
Telecommunications Planning & Deployment	70,043	347,316	51,125	51,125	51,585	52,050	52,519	52,993
BRAN		0	0	0	0	0	0	0
BRAN Maintenance	37,998	70,000	70,000	70,000	70,000	70,000	70,000	70,000
Other _	·		0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Operating Uses of Funds	576,597	973,561	1,603,953	790,094	578,003	601,288	625,719	651,353
Transfers to Other Funds:								
Debt Payments	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Cost Allocation	10,932	10,932	10,160	10,414	10,674	10,941	11,215	11,495
Total Transfers to Other Funds	10,932	10,932	10,160	10,414	10,674	10,941	11,215	11,495
TOTAL USES OF FUNDS	587,529	984,493	1,614,113	800,508	588,677	612,229	636,934	662,848
UNRESTRICTED FUND BALANCE	1,611,477	1,368,968	510,154	453,837	614,813	762,111	894,372	1,010,151
Required Reserve: Total Required Reserve	1,611,477	1,368,968	510,154	453,837	614,813	762,111	894,372	1,010,151
·	, ,		,		•	,		
SURPLUS(DEFICIT) vs RESERVE GOAL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

PROPERTY AND CASUALTY INSURANCE FUND

	2006	2007	2008		2009		2010		2011		2012		2013
	ACTUAL	REVISED	APPROVED	PI	ROJECTED	PF	ROJECTED	PF	ROJECTED	PF	ROJECTED	PF	OJECTED
UNAPPROPRIATED FUND BALANCE													
Beginning of Year	\$ 2,211,462	\$ 2,720,351	\$ 3,298,936	\$	3,828,538	\$	4,253,055	\$	4,579,082	\$	4,832,135	\$	5,008,704
SOURCES OF FUNDS													
Charges to Departments	\$ 1,609,000	\$ 1,767,000	\$ 1,974,000	\$	1,974,000	\$	1,974,000	\$	1,974,000	\$	1,974,000	\$	1,974,000
Interest on Investments	121,082	125,136	153,401		124,427		138,224		148,820		157,044		162,783
Payment from Excess Insurance	256,112	0	0		0		0		0		0		0
Restitution Payments	11,831	0	0		0		0		0		0		0
Risk Purchasing Group Profit Sharing	 0	0	0		0		0		0		0		0
TOTAL SOURCES OF FUNDS	\$ 1,998,025	\$ 1,892,136	\$ 2,127,401	\$	2,098,427	\$	2,112,224	\$	2,122,820	\$	2,131,044	\$	2,136,783
USES OF FUNDS													
Insurance Premiums:													
Airport	\$ 10,249	\$ 10,761	\$ 11,299	\$	11,864	\$	12,457	\$	13,080	\$	13,734	\$	14,421
Public Safety Bldg	1,220	1,281	1,345		1,412		1,483		1,557		1,635		1,717
Liability	216,944	227,791	239,181		251,140		263,697		276,881		290,725		305,262
Crime	7,531	7,757	7,990		8,230		8,477		8,731		8,993		9,263
Boiler	26,707	28,042	29,444		30,916		32,462		34,085		35,789		37,579
Property	360,989	379,038	397,990		417,889		438,784		460,723		483,759		507,947
Difference in Conditions	76,478	80,301	84,316		88,532		92,958		97,606		102,487		107,611
AJG Broker Fee	45,835	48,127	50,533		53,060		55,713		58,499		61,424		64,495
Gallagher Bassett Fee	12,650	13,282	13,946		14,643		15,376		16,144		16,952		17,799
Information Resources and Permits	645	710	781		859		945		1,040		1,143		1,258
Dues/Memberships/Training	590	649	714		785		864		950		1,045		1,150
Internal Litigation Services	6,972	69,551	77,227		80,316		83,529		86,870		90,345		93,958
Annual Claim Payments	651,688	380,880	455,922		479,659		537,811		564,708		590,086		625,279
Actuarial Valuation Expense and Consulting	0	0	0		0		0		0		0		0
Cost Allocation	70,639	65,380	68,000		70,720		72,842		75,027		77,278		79,596
Risk Management Administration	 0	0	159,111		163,884		168,801		173,865		179,081		184,453
TOTAL USES OF FUNDS	\$ 1,489,136	\$ 1,313,550	\$ 1,597,799	\$	1,673,910	\$	1,786,197	\$	1,869,766	\$	1,954,476	\$	2,051,787
ENDING FUND BALANCE	\$ 2,720,351	\$ 3,298,936	\$ 3,828,538	\$	4,253,055	\$	4,579,082	\$	4,832,135	\$	5,008,704	\$	5,093,700
Designations:													
Actuarially Calculated Reserve	\$ 721,968	\$ 856,082	\$ 959,911	\$	1,066,040	\$	1,138,617	\$	1,213,128	\$	1,292,885	\$	1,368,994
City Reserve Policy	 537,500	537,500	537,500		537,500		537,500		537,500		537,500		537,500
Total Required Reserve	\$ 1,259,468	\$ 1,393,582	\$ 1,497,411	\$	1,603,540	\$	1,676,117	\$	1,750,628	\$	1,830,385	\$	1,906,494
SURPLUS/(DEFICIT) vs. Required Reserve	\$ 1,460,883	\$ 1,905,354	\$ 2,331,127	\$	2,649,515	\$	2,902,965	\$	3,081,507	\$	3,178,319	\$	3,187,206

WORKER COMPENSATION INSURANCE FUND

Inflation Projection		2006		2007		2008		2009		2010	_	2011	_	2012		2013
3.00%		ACTUAL		REVISED	Α	PPROVED	PI	ROJECTED	PF	ROJECTED	PF	ROJECTED	PF	ROJECTED	PF	OJECTED
Total Working Capital	\$	3,591,591	\$	3,581,347	\$	3,612,549	\$	3,551,568	\$	3,414,728	\$	3,225,694	\$	2,996,128	\$	2,720,342
Revenues																
Collections/Charges (Projected @ 3%)	\$	1,161,277	\$	1,201,899	\$	1,429,241	\$	1,472,118	\$	1,516,282	\$	1,561,770	\$	1,608,623	\$	1,656,882
Increase to collections/adjustment of rates*		0		240,380		0		0		0		0		0		0
Interest on Investments (Projected @ 4% of Fund Balance)		145,865		149,163		166,177		142,063		136,589		129,028		119,845		108,814
Rebate of Charges for Services																
Work Comp Reimbursement to Departments																
Other Revenues		2,189		0		0		0		0		0		0		0
Total Revenues	\$	1,309,331	\$	1,591,442	\$	1,595,418	\$	1,614,181	\$	1,652,871	\$	1,690,798	\$	1,728,468	\$	1,765,696
Expenditures																
Claims Related																
Annual Claim Payments	\$	704,523	\$	809,463	\$	930,388	\$	1,003,290	\$	1,071,801	\$	1,127,218	\$	1,187,373	\$	1,249,344
Excess Insurance Premiums		89,857		92,553		95,330		98,189		101,135		104,169		107,294		110,513
Permit Holder Annual Fee		2,000		2,000		2,000		2,000		2,000		2,000		2,000		2,000
Self-Insurance Bond + Brokerage Fee		22,874		24,086		24,809		25,553		26,319		27,109		27,922		28,760
Self-Insurance Taxes		27,667		49,317		50,797		52,320		53,890		55,507		57,172		58,887
Claims Deposit		0		0		0		0		0		0		0		0
Medical Consultants - CCMSI + midyear Adj.		54,294		45,959		47.338		48,758		50.221		51,727		53,279		54.877
Consultant Services - Med Case Mqt / 2nd Med Opn		3,255		13,479		13,883		14,300		14,729		15,171		15,626		16,095
Consultant Services - Claims Audit		8,722		15,000		15,450		15,914		16,391		16,883		17,389		17,911
Consultant Services - Data Processing		0		0		0		0		0		0		0		0
Consultant Services - Legal		17,094		2,251		2,319		2,388		2,460		2,534		2,610		2,688
Consultant Services - Other		19,657		3,936		4,054		4,176		4,301		4,430		4,563		4,700
Wellness Program		177,963		229,154		236,029		243,109		250,403		257,915		265,652		273,622
Loss Prevention = Screenings/Equipment/Return to Work		6,871		58,616		60,374		62,186		64,051		65,973		67,952		69,991
Sub-Total	\$	1,134,778	\$	1,345,814	\$	1,482,770	\$	1,572,183	\$	1,657,701	\$	1,730,635	\$	1,808,832	\$	1,889,387
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Administration Related																
Cost Allocation		14,782		31,379		32,637		33,616		34,625		35,663		36,733		37,835
Temporary Personnel Services		124		0		0		0		0		0		0		0
Information Resources / Memberships		1,817		2,134		2,198		2,264		2,332		2,402		2,474		2,548
Telephone Administration / Confidential Fax / Cell Phone		1,606		937		965		994		1,024		1,055		1,086		1,119
Equipment Non-Capital		0		0		0		0		0		0		0		0
Training + ARM 1k		6,648		2,562		2,639		2,718		2,800		2,884		2,970		3,059
Salaries & Benefits		148,948		160,831		118,111		121,655		125,304		129,063		132,935		136,923
Other Materials/Supplies		9,940		16,518		17,014		17,524		18,050		18,591		19,149		19,723
Reproduction		656		64		66		68		70		72		74		76
Audio/Visual		275		0		0		0		0		0		0		0
Reallocation #2 (Risk Manager)		0		0		0		0		0		0		0		0
Sub-Total		184,797		214,425		173,630		178,839		184,204		189,730		195,422		201,284
Total Expenditures	\$	1,319,575	\$	1,560,239	\$	1,656,399	\$	1,751,022	\$	1,841,905	\$	1,920,365	\$	2,004,254	\$	2,090,671
Excess/(deficit)revenues/expenditures	\$	(10,244)	\$	31,203	\$	(60,981)	\$	(136,841)	\$	(189,034)	\$	(229,567)	\$	(275,786)	\$	(324,976)
UNRESTRICTED ENDING FUND BALANCE	\$	3,581,347	\$	3,612,549	\$	3,551,568	\$	3,414,728	\$	3,225,694	\$	2,996,128	\$	2,720,342	\$	2,395,366
RESTRICTIONS																
Estimated Liabilities @ 50% Confidence	\$	1,317,596	2	1,020,483	s	1,069,228	2	1,120,302	\$	1,173,816	2	1,229,885	.8.	1,288,633	\$	1,350,187
City Reserve Policy	Ψ	2,400,000	Ψ	2,475,000	~	2,550,000	Ψ	2,625,000	Ÿ	2.700.000	¥	2.800.000	¥	2,800,000	¥	2.800.000
Pay Period 27 - 2013 Reserve		2,400,000		1,390		2,780		4,170		5,560		6,950		8,340		9,730
BALANCE TO COMPLY WITH CITY RESERVE POLICY	_	3,717,596		3,496,873		3,622,008		3,749,472		3,879,376	_	4,036,835	_	4,096,973		4,159,917
		5,7 .7,550		5, .50,075		0,022,000		0,1 10,712		3,0.0,010		.,000,000		.,000,010		.,,
SURPLUS/(DEFICIT) OF RESERVE POLICY		(136,249)		115,676		(70,440)	1	(334,744)		(653,682)		(1,040,707)		(1,376,631)		(1,764,551)

^{*}In order to comply with the City Reserve Policy, Workers' Compensation rates increased accordingly. This assumes that claims costs will continue at the same rate as projected through our actuarial evaluation, our fiscal philosophy that funding levels will represent a 50% confidence level and our Rate Stabilization Fund goal will continue to be set at a 8:1 ratio to our excess insurance level of coverage.

COMPENSATED ABSENCES FUND

	2006	2007			2009 2010			2011		2012		2013		
	ACTUAL	REVISED		APPROVED	P	ROJECTED	PI	ROJECTED	PF	ROJECTED	PF	ROJECTED	PI	ROJECTED
UNAPPROPRIATED FUND BALANCE														
Beginning of Year	\$ 2,703,471	\$ 2,628,559	\$	2,669,030	\$	2,692,742	\$	2,716,881	\$	2,741,646	\$	2,767,053	\$	2,793,121
SOURCES OF FUNDS														
Charges from Departments	\$ 311,240	\$ 311,240	\$	311,240	\$	311,240	\$	311,240	\$	311,240	\$	311,240	\$	311,240
Additional Transfer In	350,000	0		0		0		0		0		0		0
Interest on Investments	102,894	123,017		106,761		107,710		108,675		109,666		110,682		111,725
TOTAL SOURCES OF FUNDS	\$ 764,134	\$ 434,257	\$	418,001	\$	418,950	\$	419,915	\$	420,906	\$	421,922	\$	422,965
USES OF FUNDS														
Retirement/Termination Payout	\$ 826,574	\$ 381,240	\$	381,240	\$	381,240	\$	381,240	\$	381,240	\$	381,240	\$	381,240
TOTAL OPERATING USES OF FUNDS	\$ 826,574	\$ 381,240	\$	381,240	\$	381,240	\$	381,240	\$	381,240	\$	381,240	\$	381,240
TRANSFERS TO OTHER FUNDS														
Cost Allocation	\$ 12,472	\$ 12,546	\$	13,049	\$	13,571	\$	13,910	\$	14,258	\$	14,614	\$	14,980
TOTAL TRANSFERS TO OTHER FUNDS	\$ 12,472	\$ 12,546	\$	13,049	\$	13,571	\$	13,910	\$	14,258	\$	14,614	\$	14,980
TOTAL USES OF FUNDS	\$ 839,046	\$ 393,786	\$	394,289	\$	394,811	\$	395,150	\$	395,498	\$	395,854	\$	396,220
ENDING FUND BALANCE	\$ 2,628,559	\$ 2,669,030	\$	2,692,742	\$	2,716,881	\$	2,741,646	\$	2,767,053	\$	2,793,121	\$	2,819,866
Designations:														
Required Reserve:														
Beginning Reserve Requirement	\$ 2,637,074	\$ 2,612,784	\$	2,612,784	\$	2,612,784	\$	2,612,784	\$	2,612,784	\$	2,612,784	\$	2,612,784
Annual Increase to Required Reserve	 (24,290)	0		0		0		0		0		0		0
Total Required Reserve	\$ 2,612,784	\$ 2,612,784	\$	2,612,784	\$	2,612,784	\$	2,612,784	\$	2,612,784	\$	2,612,784	\$	2,612,784
SURPLUS/(DEFICIT) vs. Required Reserve	\$ 15,775	\$ 56,246	\$	79,958	\$	104,097	\$	128,862	\$	154,269	\$	180,337	\$	207,082

FLEET OPERATIONS FUND

	2006 ACTUALS	2007 REVISED	2008 APPROVED	2009 PROJECTED	2010 PROJECTED	2011 PROJECTED	2012 PROJECTED	2013 PROJECTED
LINIADDDODDUATED EUNIO DALLANCE								
UNAPPROPRIATED FUND BALANCE Beginning of Year	\$143,030	\$220,577	\$282,028	\$355,649	\$519,702	\$678,805	\$831,528	\$976,986
SOURCES OF FUNDS								
Vehicle Charges	\$2,381,531	\$2,378,927	\$2,615,394	\$2,835,750	\$2,980,721	\$3,129,849	\$3,286,436	\$3,450,856
Vehicle Acquisition Charges	\$374,134	\$400,000	\$400,000	\$400,000	\$400,000	\$400,000	\$400,000	\$400,000
Interest Earnings	\$1,691	\$25,531	\$12,973	\$16,538	\$20,788	\$27,152	\$33,261	\$39,079
Other _	\$210,904	\$50,000	\$50,000	\$50,000	\$50,000	\$50,000	\$50,000	\$50,000
TOTAL SOURCES OF FUNDS	\$2,968,260	\$2,854,458	\$3,078,367	\$3,302,288	\$3,451,509	\$3,607,001	\$3,769,697	\$3,939,935
USES OF FUNDS								
Operating:								
Operating Expenditures	\$2,634,709	\$2,477,532	\$2,692,722	\$2,827,358	\$2,968,726	\$3,117,162	\$3,273,020	\$3,436,671
Emergencies	\$0	\$24,969	\$26,772	\$28,274	\$29,687	\$31,172	\$32,730	\$34,367
Building Replacement	\$0	\$57,261	\$57,261	\$45,809	\$45,809	\$45,809	\$45,809	\$45,809
Sick/Vacation Accrual	\$18,282	\$12,417	\$12,666	\$12,856	\$13,049	\$13,245	\$13,443	\$13,645
Total Operating Uses of Funds	\$2,652,991	\$2,572,179	\$2,789,421	\$2,914,296	\$3,057,271	\$3,207,387	\$3,365,003	\$3,530,492
Transfers to Other Funds								
Cost Allocation	\$211,150	\$220,828	\$215,325	\$223,938	\$235,135	\$246,892	\$259,236	\$272,198
Total Transfers to Other Funds	\$211,150	\$220,828	\$215,325	\$223,938	\$235,135	\$246,892	\$259,236	\$272,198
Carryovers & Encumbrances	\$26,572	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0_
TOTAL USES OF FUNDS	\$2,890,713	\$2,793,007	\$3,004,746	\$3,138,234	\$3,292,406	\$3,454,279	\$3,624,239	\$3,802,690
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$220,577	\$282,028	\$355,649	\$519,702	\$678,805	\$831,528	\$976,986	\$1,114,231
DESIGNATED RESERVES								
Reserve for Wage Accural Appropriation	\$0	\$5,700	\$11,760	\$17,820	\$23,880	\$29,940	\$36,000	\$42,060
Sick/Vac/Bon Liability Reserve	\$159,534	\$171,951	\$184,617	\$197,473	\$210,522	\$223,766	\$237,210	\$250,854
Emergency Operating Reserve (Goal = 2%)	\$53,060	\$102,610	\$156,465	\$213,012	\$272,387	\$334,730	\$400,190	\$468,924
Total Reserves	\$212,594	\$280,261	\$352,842	\$428,305	\$506,788	\$588,436	\$673,400	\$761,838
SURPLUS(DEFICIT) vs RESERVES	\$7,983	\$1,766	\$2,807	\$91,397	\$172,017	\$243,091	\$303,586	\$352,393

CITY OF BOULDER 2008 FUND BALANCE

FLEET REPLACEMENT FUND

	2006 ACTUALS	2007 REVISED	2008 APPROVED	2009 PROJECTED	2010 PROJECTED	2011 PROJECTED	2012 PROJECTED	2013 PROJECTED
UNA PROCEDIATED FUND DALAMOS								
UNAPPROPRIATED FUND BALANCE Beginning of Year	\$4,138,902	\$3,820,885	\$4,120,431	\$4,621,343	\$5,488,363	\$5,814,048	\$5,884,548	\$5,938,389
SOURCES OF FUNDS								
Equipment Replacement Charges	\$3,057,245	\$3,400,862	\$3,555,699	\$3,616,513	\$3,642,070	\$3,758,892	\$3,838,090	\$3,922,237
Sale of Assets	\$289,116	\$161,708	\$152,466	\$136,029	\$168,999	\$188,680	\$194,938	\$231,769
Interest Earnings	\$185,695	\$156,653	\$189,540	\$214,892	\$219,535	\$232,562	\$235,382	\$237,536
TOTAL SOURCES OF FUNDS	\$3,532,056	\$3,719,223	\$3,897,705	\$3,967,434	\$4,030,604	\$4,180,134	\$4,268,410	\$4,391,542
USES OF FUNDS Operating:								
Equipment Purchases	\$2,554,761	\$3,340,139	\$3,300,000	\$3,000,000	\$3,600,000	\$4,000,000	\$4,100,000	\$4,900,000
Support Services	\$22,902	\$24,333	\$25,018	\$25,769	\$26,542	\$27,338	\$28,158	\$29,003
Total Operating Uses of Funds	\$2,577,662	\$3,364,471	\$3,325,018	\$3,025,768	\$3,626,541	\$4,027,337	\$4,128,157	\$4,929,002
Transfers to Other Funds								
Cost Allocation	\$37,262	\$55,207	\$71,775	\$74,646	\$78,378	\$82,297	\$86,412	\$90,733
Total Transfers to Other Funds	\$37,262	\$55,207	\$71,775	\$74,646	\$78,378	\$82,297	\$86,412	\$90,733
Carryovers & Encumbrances	\$1,235,149	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
TOTAL USES OF FUNDS	\$3,850,073	\$3,419,678	\$3,396,793	\$3,100,414	\$3,704,919	\$4,109,634	\$4,214,569	\$5,019,734
RESTRICTED FUND BALANCE	\$3,820,885	\$4,120,431	\$4,621,343	\$5,488,363	\$5,814,048	\$5,884,548	\$5,938,389	\$5,310,196

CITY OF BOULDER COMPUTER REPLACEMENT FUND

2008 FUND BALANCE

	2006 ACTUAL	2007 REVISED	2008 APPROVED	2009 PROJECTED	2010 PROJECTED	2011 PROJECTED	2012 PROJECTED	2013 PROJECTED
UNAPPROPRIATED FUND BALANCE								
Beginning of Year	3,538,537	3,860,538	3,194,132	3,232,518	3,246,186	2,848,412	2,538,626	1,574,548
SOURCES OF FUNDS								
Transfer In - General Fund/Subsidy	590,000	601,000	601,000	601,000	601,000	601,000	601,000	601,000
Transfer In - Dept Contributions	746,234							
Transfer In - General Fund/Departments	160,275	219,309	223,695	228,169	232,732	237,387	242,135	246,978
Transfer In - Restricted Funds	128,711	621,235	633,660	646,333	659,260	672,445	685,894	699,611
Other Dept Contibutions (Amt over Standard)								
Chrgs to External entities	3,066							
Revenue booked to CRF in Error								
Misc Used Equipment Sales	1,200	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Interest on Investments Emergency Fund	1,116							
Interest on Investments Citywide Acct	75,640							
Interest on Investments Departmental	41,735	141,541	154,422	127,765	129,301	129,847	113,936	101,545
TOTAL SOURCES OF FUNDS	1,747,977	1,583,085	1,612,776	1,603,267	1,622,293	1,640,679	1,642,965	1,649,134
USES OF FUNDS								
Refund Nexus Savings to RF			140,000					
Equipment Disposal Expense		5,000	5,250	5,513	5,788	6,078	6,381	6,700
Computer Replacements GF	259,606							
Computer Replacements RF	112,506							
CityWide Replacements	1,038,223	2,229,989	1,414,057	1,568,701	1,998,585	1,928,380	2,584,335	2,351,865
TOTAL OPERATING USES OF FUNDS	1,410,334.20	2,234,988.63	1,559,306.67	1,574,213.43	2,004,373.05	1,934,457.52	2,590,716.30	2,358,565.06
Transfers to Other Funds:								
Cost Allocation	15,642	14,503	15,084	15,386	15,693	16,007	16,327	16,654
Total Transfers to Other Funds	15,642	14,503	15,084	15,386	15,693	16,007	16,327	16,654
TOTAL USES OF FUNDS	1,425,976	2,249,492	1,574,391	1,589,599	2,020,066	1,950,465	2,607,044	2,375,219
ENDING FUND BALANCE Desinations:	3,860,538	3,194,132	3,232,518	3,246,186	2,848,412	2,538,626	1,574,548	848,463
Required Reserve:		0.077.005.00	1 640 040 50	1 002 005 50	2 002 070 22	1 OFF 040 00	2 044 504 47	1 460 400 40
Beginning Reserve Requirement - Annual Increase to Required Reserve		2,277,235.29 672,495.89	1,648,649.53 672,495.89	1,903,965.59 685,945.80	2,093,676.39 699,664.72	1,955,619.22 713,658.02	2,011,584.47 727,931.18	1,469,192.19 742,489.80
•	0.00	•	•	(496,235.01)	(837,721.89)	(657,692.76)	(1,270,323.46)	,
Decrease for Replacement Purchases Total Required Reserve	2,277,235	(1,301,081.65) 1,648,650	(417,179.84) 1,903,966	2,093,676	1,955,619	2,011,584	1,469,192	(936,080.12) 1,275,602
rotal Required Reserve	2,211,235	1,040,030	1,903,966	2,093,676	1,955,619	2,011,384	1,409,192	1,275,002
SURPLUS/(DEFICIT) vs. Required Reserve	1,583,303	1,545,482	1,328,552	1,152,509	892,793	527,042	105,355	(427,139)

EQUIPMENT REPLACEMENT FUND

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
	ACTUALS	REVISED	APPROVED	PROJECTED	PROJECTED	PROJECTED	PROJECTED	PROJECTED
UNAPPROPRIATED FUND BALANCE								_
Beginning of Year	\$3,978,477	\$4,013,662	\$2,550,274	\$2,477,776	\$1,781,328	\$1,470,304	\$1,203,218	\$1,230,554
SOURCES OF FUNDS								
General Fund Contributions	\$335,273	\$249,434	\$147,862	\$149,341	\$150,834	\$152,342	\$153,866	\$155,404
Restricted Fund Contributions	\$283,627	\$230,246	\$224,582	\$226,828	\$229,096	\$231,387	\$233,701	\$236,038
Interest on Investment	\$158,215	\$163,584	\$117,313	\$115,217	\$71,253	\$58,812	\$48,129	\$49,222
TOTAL SOURCES OF FUNDS	\$777,116	\$643,264	\$489,757	\$491,385	\$451,183	\$442,541	\$435,695	\$440,665
USES OF FUNDS								
General Fund Equipment Purchases	\$350,542	\$730,518	\$75,073	\$152,830	\$111,748	\$488,068	\$81,260	\$6,518
Restricted Fund Equipment Purchases	\$346,272	\$535,983	\$424,927	\$970,572	\$583,453	\$151,869	\$254,612	\$224,827
Support Services	\$18,321	\$29,950	\$31,415	\$32,357	\$33,328	\$34,328	\$35,358	\$36,419
Transfers to Other Funds								
Cost Allocation	\$26,796	\$29,651	\$30,840	\$32,074	\$33,678	\$35,362	\$37,130	\$38,986
Encumbered Carryovers	\$0	\$780,550	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
TOTAL USES OF FUNDS	\$741,931	\$2,106,652	\$562,255	\$1,187,833	\$762,207	\$709,627	\$408,360	\$306,750
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$4,013,662	\$2,550,274	\$2,477,776	\$1,781,328	\$1,470,304	\$1,203,218	\$1,230,554	\$1,364,469
Reserve for Wage Accural Appropriation	\$0	\$120	\$255	\$390	\$525	\$660	\$795	\$930
General Fund Restricted Balance	\$2,067,706	\$909,851	\$1,010,100	\$1,031,937	\$1,073,079	\$731,846	\$792,206	\$927,933
Restricted Fund Restricted Balance	\$1,945,956	\$1,640,304	\$1,467,420	\$749,001	\$396,700	\$470,711	\$437,553	\$435,605
	\$4,013,662	\$2,550,275	\$2,477,776	\$1,781,328	\$1,470,304	\$1,203,217	\$1,230,554	\$1,364,469
UNRESTRICTED FUND BALANCE	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0

FACILITY RENOVATION & REPLACEMENT FUND

	2006 ACTUALS	2007 REVISED	2008 APPROVED	2009 PROJECTED	2010 PROJECTED	2011 PROJECTED	2012 PROJECTED	2013 PROJECTED
UNAPPROPRIATED FUND BALANCE								
Beginning of Year	\$3,096,977	\$2,562,386	\$1,950,012	\$1,632,693	\$1,328,277	\$973,399	\$1,017,707	\$1,068,220
SOURCES OF FUNDS								
Departmental GF Contributions	\$150,088	\$50,000	\$50,000	\$50,000	\$50,000	\$50,000	\$50,000	\$50,000
Departmental RFContributions	\$73,100	\$123,261	\$123,261	\$123,261	\$123,261	\$123,261	\$123,261	\$123,261
Transfers From Major Maintenance	\$475,313	\$379,000	\$390,799	\$398,615	\$406,587	\$414,719	\$423,013	\$431,474
General Fund CIP Contributions	\$547,424	\$200,000	\$211,201	\$215,425	\$219,734	\$224,128	\$228,611	\$233,183
Interest Earnings	\$101,149	\$96,525	\$89,701	\$75,920	\$53,131	\$38,936	\$40,708	\$42,729
TOTAL SOURCES OF FUNDS	\$1,347,074	\$848,786	\$864,962	\$863,221	\$852,713	\$851,044	\$865,593	\$880,646
USES OF FUNDS Operating:								
Operating GF Project Expenses	\$1,255,856	\$300,000	\$338,316	\$300,000	\$250,000	\$200,000	\$200,000	\$200,000
Operating RF Project Expenses	\$57,087	\$0	\$84,888	\$75,000	\$75,000	\$75,000	\$75,000	\$75,000
Support Services	\$16,929	\$14,600	\$15,016	\$15,241	\$15,470	\$15,702	\$15,937	\$16,177
Transfers to Other Funds								
Cost Allocation	\$63,122	\$68,902	\$71,664	\$74,531	\$78,258	\$82,170	\$86,279	\$90,593
Encumbered Carryovers	\$0	\$203,990	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Total Operating Uses of Funds	\$1,392,994	\$587,492	\$509,884	\$468,636	\$422,591	\$376,736	\$381,080	\$385,633
Capital Improvements Program:								
Exhisting Facility - Enhancements/Upgrades	\$483,121	\$766,000	\$31,708	\$122,000	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Exhisting Facility - Rehab/Repair/Deficiencies	\$5,550	\$94,000	\$640,689	\$577,000	\$785,000	\$430,000	\$287,000	\$137,000
New Construction	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Reconstruction	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$147,000	\$0
Study or Analysis	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Encumbered Carryovers	\$0	\$13,668	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Total Capital Uses of Funds	\$488,671	\$873,668	\$672,397	\$699,000	\$785,000	\$430,000	\$434,000	\$137,000
TOTAL USES OF FUNDS	\$1,881,665	\$1,461,160	\$1,182,281	\$1,167,636	\$1,207,591	\$806,736	\$815,080	\$522,633
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$2,562,386	\$1,950,012	\$1,632,693	\$1,328,277	\$973,399	\$1,017,707	\$1,068,220	\$1,426,233
Reserve for Wage Accural Appropriation	\$0	\$140	\$580	\$1,020	\$1,460	\$1,900	\$2,340	\$2,780
Departmental GF Annual Balance	\$1,822,988	\$1,087,353	\$731,661	\$378,985	\$4,382	\$429	\$2,680	\$312,432
Dushanbe Teahouse Balance	\$10,760	\$10,760	\$10,760	\$10,760	\$10,760	\$10,760	\$10,760	\$10,760
Departmental RF Annual Balance	\$728,637	\$851,758	\$889,691	\$937,512	\$956,796	\$1,004,617	\$1,052,438	\$1,100,259
	\$2,562,385	\$1,950,012	\$1,632,692	\$1,328,277	\$973,399	\$1,017,706	\$1,068,219	\$1,426,232
UNRESTRICTED FUND BALANCE	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0

UTILITY RATES

UTILITY RATES

OVERVIEW

The city owns and operates three utilities: water, wastewater, and stormwater/flood management. Each utility assesses a variety of rates, fees, and charges to ensure that revenues are sufficient to meet operating and maintenance costs and to maintain the financial integrity of each utility. The Utilities Division annually reviews the financial and operation performance of each utility and, as appropriate, makes recommendations to City Council regarding adjustments to user charges and other related fees. The recommendations are reviewed and approved by City Council as part of the annual budget process.

The recommended rate and financial plan is designed to fund programs and projects, satisfy debt service coverage requirements and maintain required reserves. Each utility is required to generate net revenues (total revenues minus operating expenditures) before debt service, equal to 1.25 times its annual debt payment requirements on an annual basis. These debt service coverage requirements are established as part of the utility's bond covenants. Reserves are established for bond issuances, employee compensation liabilities, emergencies/stabilization and special purposes (e.g. Lakewood Pipeline Remediation Reserve).

Late in 2006, the city had contracted with Red Oak Consulting to conduct a review of the various financial reserves and reserve levels for each of the city's three utilities. This included a survey of the reserve policies of ten other utilities in the Front Range and Southwestern United States. The findings of the study were presented to the Water Resources Advisory Board (WRAB) in January 2007. Based on the study's findings, consultant's recommendation and the WRAB's input, staff has modified the reserve policies of each utility beginning in 2008. Each utility will show a 25% operating reserve (changed from a range of 20%-25%) and also establish a separate capital reserve. The amount of the capital reserve is based on the minimum annual renewal and replacement costs for capital. The capital reserves are initially set at: Water - \$2,000,000; Wastewater - \$500,000 and Stormwater/Flood Management - \$200,000.

Having both an operating and capital reserve will provide the utility with greater financial stability and flexibility should emergencies or revenue shortfalls occur and will function indirectly as a rate stabilization fund. Water revenues especially can be significantly lower during either a very wet or very dry year and it is financially prudent to have reserves available in years when there may be a revenue shortfall. In addition, bond rating agencies favor higher reserve levels and this can contribute to higher bond ratings.

MONTHLY USER FEES

Additional revenue is needed in 2008 for all three utilities to meet each utility's financial requirements and to fund operation and maintenance costs. The following revenue increases for 2008 have been approved (in bold). The 2007 percentage increases are currently in effect.

			Stormwater/Flood
Year	Water	Wastewater	Management
2007	4%	6%	3%
2008	4%	3%	3%
2009*	10%	3%	3%
2010*	10%	10%	4%
2011*	12%	8%	3%
2012	2%	6%	3%

The rate increases for 2008 are primarily needed to cover inflationary increases for personnel and nonpersonnel items. These increases will also fund new costs associated with the improvements at the wastewater treatment plant, new water assessments to both the Northern Colorado Water Conservancy District and the Platte River Authority and increased energy costs at the treatment facilities.

*The projected 2009-2011 increases for water assume the city's participation in the Carter Lake Pipeline Project (without receipt of federal funding). If the city does not participate and construct the pipeline, the projected increases for water revenues for 2009-2011 are reduced to 5%, 5% and 6%, respectively. In addition, if the city were to receive federal funding for the project the rate increases would be decreased accordingly.

CUSTOMER BILL IMPACTS

The following table is a comparison of annual utility bills for a residential customer under the 2007 and 2008 rates. The 2008 rates will increase a typical residential customer's annual utility bill by approximately \$21.00. This is an increase of approximately \$1.75 per month.

	Annual Bill	Annual Bill	
	2007 Rates	2008 Rates	Difference
Water	\$340.10	\$349.60	\$9.50
Wastewater	218.88	227.52	8.64
Stormwater/ Flood			
Management	81.00	83.40	2.40
TOTAL	\$639.98	\$660.52	\$20.54

In June 2007 a survey of annual water and sewer bills was conducted for Front Range Communities. The bills were for a typical single-family, inside city residential customer with average winter water consumption of 5,000 gallons, total annual water consumption of 120,000 gallons, a lot size of 9,000 sq. feet and irrigable area of 5,200 sq. feet. Of the fifteen communities surveyed in 2007, Boulder

has the third lowest annual water-only bill; the fourth highest annual sewer-only bill and was in the middle (seventh lowest) for the combined water and sewer bills.

PROGRAMS AND PROJECTS WITH A POTENTIAL RATE IMPACT

In January 2007 a new water rate structure that uses water budgets was implemented. Changing to a new rate methodology will provide a bit of uncertainty to revenue projections for the next several years. Revenue forecasts have been made with the best available information and staff will monitor and evaluate actual revenues on a monthly basis in order to make adjustments, if needed. In addition any future changes to the water budget rate structure that are considered would also include an analysis of the impact to water revenues and water rates.

In addition, the Utilities' 2008-2013 fund financials reflect several bond issuances, and the associated rate increases, to fund the following capital projects:

Water Utility

- Boulder Reservoir Water Treatment Plant Improvements (\$3.0 million included in the 2009 CIP)
- Northern Colorado Water Conservancy District Conveyance Carter Lake Pipeline (\$25.0 million included in the 2009 CIP)
- Betasso Water Treatment Plant Improvements (\$5.0 million included in the 2012 CIP)

Wastewater Utility

- Biosolids Digester (\$3.0 million included in 2010 CIP, plus increase in operating budget; total project cost is \$6.0 million with \$3.0 million being cash financed)
- Wastewater Treatment Plant Improvements (\$10.0 million included in the 2010 CIP) This project is for possible additional improvements to the plant, depending upon effective regulatory limits for the 2008 discharge permit.

Stormwater/ Flood Management Utility

- Initial improvements related to South Boulder Creek (\$3.0 million included in 2010 CIP)

Cost estimates for these capital projects will likely be refined as the construction date approaches which could result in changes to projected rate increases.

PLANT INVESTMENT FEES

Utility Plant Investment Fees (PIFs) will increase by an inflationary amount (2.9%) for 2008. This amount is based on the percent change in the construction cost index for the Denver area. PIFs are a one-time fee collected when a property is annexed, developed, or redeveloped and requires access (capacity) into the existing water, wastewater and/or stormwater/ flood management systems. PIFs were recalculated, based on the replacement value of the utility assets, as part of the 2001 Utility Rate and Plant Investment Fee Review conducted by Integrated Utilities Group, Inc. and became effective January 2002. Beginning in 2003, PIFs are increased annually by a small percentage

amount to offset any potential larger increases resulting from the periodic comprehensive rate reviews. The next comprehensive study and analysis of the plant investment fees began in the fall of 2007 and is anticipated to be completed by mid-year 2008.

The 2007 and 2008 PIFs for an average-size, detached, single family residence are shown below.

	<u>2007 PIF</u>	2008 PIF
Water	\$9,710	\$9,995
Wastewater	\$1,855	\$1,910
Stormwater/Flood	\$1,820	\$1,875
Management		

PIF assessments for other types of customers (i.e. small, large) are also being revised using the base amounts listed above. All adjustments for 2008 are reflected in Section 4-20 Fines and Fees of the Boulder Revised Code (B.R.C).

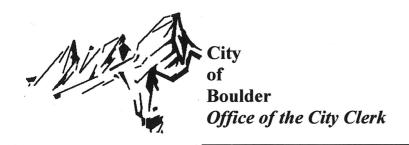
The Utilities also assess fees for specific utility related services. These are reviewed annually as part of the budget process and any changes are submitted as part of the update to Section 4-20 Fines and Fees of the B.R.C. These fees are designed to fully recover the direct costs of providing services and most indirect overhead costs.

PUBLIC PROCESS

Public process and information disbursement regarding utility rate adjustments include: submittal to and recommendation from the Water Resources Advisory Board, notification on customers utility bill and/or utility bill inserts, inclusion of related materials on the Public Works web page, Planning and Development Services' Schedule of Fees and public hearings during Council consideration of the annual budget.

All approved adjustments to the Utility rates will become effective January 1, 2008.

APPROPRIATION ORDINANCE



CERTIFICATE OF AUTHENTICITY

STATE OF COLORADO)	
)		
CITY OF BOULDER)	SS
)	
COUNTY OF BOULDER)	

I, Sandy North, Deputy City Clerk, in and for said City of Boulder, in the County of Boulder, in the State aforesaid, do hereby certify that the attached is a true and correct copy of Ordinance Number 7563, passed and adopted by the City Council of Boulder on the 13th day of November 2007.

In witness whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and the seal of the City of Boulder, this 15th day of November 2007.

S. L. North

Deputy City Clerk



ORDINANCE NO. 7563

AN ORDINANCE APPROPRIATING MONEY TO DEFRAY EXPENSES AND LIABILITIES OF THE CITY OF BOULDER, COLORADO, FOR THE 2008 FISCAL YEAR OF THE CITY OF BOULDER, COMMENCING ON THE FIRST DAY OF JANUARY 2008, AND ENDING ON THE LAST DAY OF DECEMBER 2008, AND SETTING FORTH DETAILS IN RELATION THERETO.

WHEREAS, the City Council has approved a motion to adopt the budget for 2008; and, WHEREAS, the City Council has by ordinance made the property tax levy in mills upon each dollar of the total assessed valuation of all taxable property within the City, such levy representing the amount of taxes for City purposes necessary to provide for payment in part during the City's said fiscal year of the properly authorized demands upon the Treasury; and,

WHEREAS, the City Council is now desirous of making appropriations for the ensuing fiscal year as required by Section 95 of the Charter of the City of Boulder;

NOW THEREFORE, BE IT ORDAINED BY THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF BOULDER, COLORADO, that;

Section 1. The following appropriations are hereby made for the City of Boulder's fiscal year commencing at 12:00 Midnight at the end of December 31, 2007 and ending at 12:00 Midnight at the end of December 31, 2008, for payment of 2008 City operating expenses, capital improvements, and general obligation and interest payments:

General Operating Fund	\$91,002,767
Capital Development Fund	112,440
Lottery Fund	1,000,000
Planning & Development Services Fund	8,685,098

Affordable Housing Fund	\$3,494,967
Community Housing Assistance Fund	1,634,406
.15 Cent Sales Tax Fund	2,670,726
.25 Cent Sales Tax Fund	6,637,567
Library Fund	6,716,610
Recreation Activity Fund	9,916,758
Climate Action Plan Fund	875,000
Open Space Fund	25,645,987
Airport Fund	1,109,652
Transportation Fund	26,769,762
Transportation Development Fund	897,687
Community Development Block Grant Fund	909,313
HOME Fund	1,300,000
Permanent Parks and Recreation Fund	1,884,174
General Obligation Debt Service Fund	25,000
.15 Cent Debt Service Fund	1,163,570
Water Utility Fund:	
Operating Expenses	15,946,426
Debt Service	6,295,977
Acquisition of Equipment and Capital	8,775,000
Total Water Utility Fund	\$31,017,403

Wastewater Utility Fund:

Operating Expenses	\$ 9,795,281
Debt Service	3,766,584
Acquisition of Equipment and Capital	2,210,000
Total Wastewater Utility Fund	\$15,771,865
Stormwater/Flood Management Utility Fund:	
Operating Expenses	3,442,312
Debt Service	806,273
Acquisition of Equipment and Capital	5,354,000
Total Flood Control Utility Fund	\$ 9,602,585
Telecommunications Fund (Internal Service Fund)	1,614,113
Property & Casualty Ins. Fund (Internal Service Fund)	1,597,800
Worker Compensation Ins. Fund (Internal Service Fund)	1,656,399
Compensated Absences Fund (Internal Service Fund)	394,289
Fleet Operations Fund (Internal Service Fund)	3,004,746
Fleet Replacement Fund (Internal Service Fund)	3,396,793
Computer Replacement Fund (Internal Service Fund)	1,574,391
Equipment Replacement Fund (Internal Service Fund)	562,255
Facility Renovation & Replacement Fund (Internal Service Fund)	1,182,281
Police Pension Fund	4,687
Fire Pension Fund	4,736
Less: Interfund Transfers	21,183,065
Less: Internal Service Fund Charges	13,762,933
TOTAL (including Debt Service)	\$228,889,829

Section 2. The following appropriations are hereby made for the City of Boulder's fiscal year commencing January 1, 2008 and ending December 31, 2008 for estimated carryover expenditures:

General Fund	\$ 73,482
Capital Development Fund	1,546,599
Lottery Fund	590,000
Affordable Housing Fund	500,000
CHAP Fund	990,000
.25 Cent Sales Tax Fund	1,604,756
Open Space Fund	6,000,000
Airport Fund	1,397,000
Transportation Fund	11,900,000
Transportation Development Fund	5,600,000
Community Development Block Grant Fund	1,107,000
HOME Fund	917,000
Permanent Parks and Recreation Fund	4,551,611
Fire Training Center Construction Fund	6,707,661
Water Utility Fund	8,600,000
Wastewater Utility Fund	3,400,000
Stormwater/Flood Management Utility Fund	4,700,000
Facility Renovation & Replacement Fund (Internal Service Fund)	600,000
TOTAL	\$60,785,109

Section 3. The following appropriations are hereby made for the City of Boulder's fiscal year commencing January 1, 2008, and ending December 31, 2008, for Fund Balances:

General Operating Fund	\$11,076,000
Capital Development Fund	4,187,843
Lottery Fund	498,602
Planning & Development Services Fund	3,513,806
Affordable Housing Fund	28,064
Community Housing Assistance Program Fund	25,317
.25 Cent Sales Tax Fund	1,420,300
Library Fund	230,562
Recreation Activity Fund	882,253
Open Space Fund	7,626,437
Airport Fund	469,351
Transportation Fund	1,855,730
Transportation Development Fund	108,687
Permanent Parks and Recreation Fund	1,589,439
Water Utility Fund	33,671,931
Wastewater Utility Fund	9,632,640
Stormwater/Flood Management Utility Fund	3,431,070
Telecommunications Fund (Internal Service Fund)	510,154
Property & Casualty Ins. Fund (Internal Service Fund)	3,828,625
Worker Compensation Ins. Fund (Internal Service Fund)	3,766,665
Compensated Absences Fund (Internal Service Fund)	2,692,742

Fleet Operations Fund (Internal Service Fund)	\$	351,133
Fleet Replacement Fund (Internal Service Fund)		4,621,335
Computer Replacement Fund (Internal Service Fund)		3,232,518
Equipment Replacement Fund (Internal Service Fund)		2,477,758
Facility Renovation & Replacement Fund (Internal Service Fund)		2,139,653
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	\$10	03,868,615

Section 4. The City Council hereby appropriates as revenues all 2007 year end cash balances not previously reserved for insurance or bond purposes for all purposes not designated as "emergencies", including without limitation subsequent years' expenditures, capital improvements, adverse economic conditions and revenue shortfalls, pursuant to Article X, Section 20 to the Colorado Constitution, approved by the electorate on November 3, 1992; and

Section 5. The sums of money as appropriated for the purposes defined in this ordinance shall not be over expended, and that transfers between the various appropriations defined in this ordinance shall not be made except upon supplemental appropriations by ordinance authorizing such transfer duly adopted by City Council of the City of Boulder, Colorado. It is expressly provided hereby that at any time after the passage of this ordinance and after at least one week's public notice, the Council may transfer unused balances appropriated for one purpose to another purpose, and may appropriate available revenues not included in the annual budget and appropriations ordinance.

Section 6. The City Council is of the opinion that the provisions of the within ordinance are necessary for the protection of the public peace, property, and welfare of the residents of the city, and covers matters of local concern.

Section 7. Pursuant to Section 95 of the Boulder City Charter, the annual appropriation ordinance must be adopted by December 1 and to Section 18 of the Charter, this ordinance shall take effect immediately upon publication after final passage.

INTRODUCED, READ ON FIRST READING, AND ORDERED PUBLISHED BY TITLE ONLY this 2nd day of October, 2007.

Mayor T

Attest:

City Clerk on behalf of the Director of Finance and Record

READ ON SECOND READING, AMENDED, AND ORDERED PUBLISHED BY TITLE ONLY this 16th day of October, 2007.

Attest:

City Clerk on behalf of the

Director of Finance and Record

READ ON THIRD READING, PASSED, ADOPTED, AND ORDERED PUBLISHED BY TITLE ONLY this 13th day of November, 2007.

Mayor

Attest:

City Clerk on behalf of the

Director of Finance and Record

APPENDIX

APPENDIX A

The information included in Appendix A provides the number of standard full time equivalents (or FTEs) by department and program. The FTE numbers include standard Management/Non-Union, Boulder Municipal Employees' Association (BMEA), Fire and Police positions; they also include capital and grant funded positions. The do not, however, include any temporary or standard positions.

2008-09 APPROVED BUDGET CITY COUNCIL

	2006 ACTUAL	2007 APPROVED	2008 APPROVED	2009 PROPOSED
FTE's BY PROGRAM				
City Council TOTAL	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00

2008-09 APPROVED BUDGET CITY ATTORNEY

	2006 ACTUAL	2007 APPROVED	2008 APPROVED	2009 PROPOSED
FTE's BY PROGRAM				
CITY ATTORNEY				
City Attorney	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Prosecution	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
ADMINISTRATION				
Administration	1.25	1.25	1.25	1.25
	1.25	1.25	1.25	1.25
CONSULTATION AND ADVISORY				
Consultation and Advisory	10.10	10.90	10.75	10.75
	10.10	10.90	10.75	10.75
PROSECUTION, CLAIMS AND LITIGATION				
Prosecution, Claims and Litigation	7.40	6.55	5.65	5.65
	7.40	6.55	5.65	5.65
PROPERTY & CASUALTY				
Property & Casualty	0.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
	0.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
TOTAL	18.75	19.70	18.65	18.65

2008-09 APPROVED BUDGET MUNICIPAL COURT

	2006 ACTUAL	2007 APPROVED	2008 APPROVED	2009 PROPOSED
FTE's BY PROGRAM				
ADJUDICATION				
Adjudication	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.50
	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.50
CASE MANAGEMENT				
Case Management	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Traffic/ General/ Animal	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.50
Photo Enforcement	1.50	3.00	3.00	3.00
Parking Support	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
Probation Services	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00
	10.00	11.50	11.50	11.50
ADMINISTRATION				
Administration	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.50
	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.50
TOTAL	17.00	18.50	18.50	18.50

2008-09 APPROVED BUDGET CITY MANAGER'S OFFICE

	2006 ACTUAL	2007 APPROVED	2008 APPROVED	2009 PROPOSED
FTE's BY PROGRAM				
CITY MANAGER'S OFFICE				
City Manager's Office	5.00	4.00	6.00	6.00
	5.00	4.00	6.00	6.00
INTERNAL AUDIT				
Internal Audit	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50
	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50
ECONOMIC VITALITY				
Economic Vitality Program	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Urban Redevelopment Program	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
CMO SUPPORT				
City Clerk Administration	2.70	2.70	2.70	2.70
Elections	0.30	0.30	0.30	0.30
Licensing	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Records Management	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00
	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00
MEDIA RELATIONS				
Media Relations Administration	1.50	1.75	1.75	1.75
Intergovernmental	0.00	1.00	0.00	0.00
Municipal Channel 8	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00
Neighborhood Services	0.50	0.25	0.25	0.25
University Liaison	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
	6.00	7.00	6.00	6.00
TOTAL	21.50	21.50	22.50	22.50

2008-09 APPROVED BUDGET FINANCE

	2006 ACTUAL	2007 APPROVED	2008 APPROVED	2009 PROPOSED
FTE's BY PROGRAM				
FINANCE ADMINISTRATION				
Finance Administration	1.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
BUDGET & TREASURY				
Budget	2.00	4.00	3.00	3.00
Treasury	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00
Sales Tax	6.00	6.00	7.00	7.00
	11.00	13.00	13.00	13.00
RISK MANAGEMENT				
Risk Management	0.00	0.00	4.00	4.00
	0.00	0.00	4.00	4.00
CONTROLLER				
Financial Operations	4.75	4.00	4.00	4.00
Payroll/Mail	6.50	5.87	2.37	2.37
Financial Reporting	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
	13.25	11.87	8.37	8.37
FINANCE SYSTEM ADMINISTRATION				
Finance System Administration	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
·	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
TOTAL	27.25	28.87	29.37	29.37

2008-09 APPROVED BUDGET HUMAN RESOURCES

	2006 ACTUAL	2007 APPROVED	2008 APPROVED	2009 PROPOSED
FTE's BY PROGRAM				
Administration	6.40	3.50	3.00	3.00
Employee Relations & Org Effectiveness	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Employment & Diversity	2.25	2.38	2.38	2.38
Compensation & Benefits	2.55	2.00	2.50	2.50
Employee & Labor Relations	0.00	3.00	3.00	3.00
Employee & Organizational Development	1.05	1.75	2.00	2.00
Payroll	0.00	0.00	3.50	3.50
Workers Compensation	2.00	2.00	0.00	0.00
TOTAL	14.25	14.63	16.38	16.38

2008-09 APPROVED BUDGET INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY

	2006 ACTUAL	2007 APPROVED	2008 APPROVED	2009 PROPOSED
FTE's BY PROGRAM				
IT ADMINISTRATION				
IT Administration	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00
	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00
IT APPLICATIONS				
Applications Support	12.75	12.75	12.75	12.75
	12.75	12.75	12.75	12.75
DATABASE/SYSTEM ADMINISTRATION				
Telecommunications/Phone Support	0.00	0.00	2.50	2.50
Operations/System Support	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00
	4.00	4.00	6.50	6.50
IT MICROCOMPUTER SUPPORT				
Microcomputer/LAN Support	13.00	13.00	13.00	13.00
	13.00	13.00	13.00	13.00
TOTAL	32.75	32.75	35.25	35.25

2008-09 APPROVED BUDGET DOWNTOWN UNIVERSITY HILL MANAGEMENT DIVISION/PARKING SERVICES

	2006 ACTUAL	2007 APPROVED	2008 APPROVED	2009 PROPOSED
FTE's BY PROGRAM				
GID Administration	5.96	6.71	5.96	5.96
Operations & Public Info	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Public Events	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50
Transportation	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Parking Enforcement	11.00	11.00	10.95	10.95
Parking Maintenance/Operations	17.00	18.00	18.75	18.75
Meter Program	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00
Neighborhood Permit Parking	1.04	1.04	1.09	1.09
TOTAL	40.50	42.25	42.25	42.25

2008-09 APPROVED BUDGET HOUSING AND HUMAN SERVICES

	2006 ACTUAL	2007 APPROVED	2008 APPROVED	2009 PROPOSED
TE's BY PROGRAM				
COMMUNITY SERVICES				
Community Services				
General Fund Merit Adjustment	3.30	3.27	3.27	3.27
Social Planning & Administration	1.85	1.85	1.85	1.85
Human Services Contract Programs	1.40	1.40	1.40	1.40
Human Rights & Human Relations	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
TOTAL	6.55	6.52	6.52	6.52
CHILDREN, YOUTH & FAMILIES (CYF)				
CYF Division Administration				
CYF Division Administration	2.76	3.54	3.54	3.54
TOTAL	2.76	3.54	3.54	3.54
Community Based Services				
Community Based Services Admin	1.88	1.88	1.88	1.88
Child Care Resource & Referral	1.87	1.67	2.20	2.20
Child Care Assistance Programs	1.09	1.10	1.10	1.10
Child Care Recruitment & Training	1.18	1.12	0.84	0.84
Mediation Services	2.25	1.75	1.75	1.75
Youth Opportunities	1.82	1.82	1.82	1.82
TOTAL	10.09	9.34	9.59	9.59
School Based Services				
School Based Services Admin	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Prevention & Intervention Program	5.30	4.89	4.89	4.89
Family Resource Schools	5.17	4.67	4.67	4.67
TOTAL	11.47	10.56	10.56	10.56
Early Care & Education Council Programs	1.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
Early Care & Education Council Programs TOTAL	1.00	3.00	2.00	2.00
TOTAL	1.00 25.32	3.00	2.00	2.00
IOTAL	25.32	26.44	25.69	25.69
SENIOR SERVICES				
Senior Services				
Senior Services Administration	2.17	2.17	1.92	1.92
Facilities Management	4.33	4.33	4.33	4.33
Senior Resource & Referral	2.25	2.25	2.48	2.48
Senior Recreation Programs	2.33	2.33	2.33	2.33
TOTAL	11.08	11.08	11.06	11.06

2008-09 APPROVED BUDGET HOUSING AND HUMAN SERVICES

	2006 ACTUAL	2007 APPROVED	2008 APPROVED	2009 PROPOSED
FTE's BY PROGRAM				
HOUSING/COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT				
Housing/Community Development/Administration				
Funding & Administration	4.10	4.10	4.10	4.10
Planning & Development Review	1.75	2.75	2.00	2.00
Asset Management	1.10	1.10	2.00	2.00
Home Ownership Programs	1.20	1.20	1.35	1.35
Tenant Services	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.12
TOTAL	8.27	9.27	9.57	9.57
Housing/Community Development/Direct Services				
Asset Management	0.90	1.90	0.00	0.00
Home Ownership Programs	1.30	1.30	3.40	3.40
TOTAL	2.20	3.20	3.40	3.40
CHAP/HOME/CDBG/AHF PROJECTS				
CHAP/HOME/CDBG/AHF PROJECTS	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
TOTAL	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
TOTAL	10.47	12.47	12.97	12.97
TOTAL	53.42	56.51	56.24	56.24

2008-09 APPROVED BUDGET LIBRARY

		2006 ACTUAL	2007 APPROVED	2008 APPROVED	2009 PROPOSED
TE's BY PROGRAM					
ADMINISTRATION					
Administration		5.00	4.75	4.50	4.50
TOTAL		5.00	4.75	4.50	4.50
MAIN LIBRARY SERVICES Adult Services					
Adult		17.95	17.95	18.70	18.70
Young Adult		0.50	0.50	0.75	0.75
	TOTAL	18.45	18.45	19.45	19.45
Childrens Services					
Childrens Services	TOTAL I	5.25	5.75	5.50	5.50
	TOTAL	5.25	5.75	5.50	5.50
Information Services Information Services		12.25	12.50	12.50	12.50
information Services	TOTAL	13.25	13.50	13.50	13.50
TOTAL	TOTAL	36.95	37.70	38.45	38.45
BRANCH LIBRARY SERVICES Meadows Branch Library					
Meadows Branch Library		5.23	4.85	4.85	4.85
	TOTAL	5.23	4.85	4.85	4.85
Reynolds Branch Library					
Reynolds Branch Library		4.27	4.65	4.65	4.65
	TOTAL	4.27	4.65	4.65	4.65
Carnegie Branch Library		2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
Carnegie Branch Library	TOTAL	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
TOTAL	TOTAL	11.50	11.50	11.50	11.50
PROGRAMS AND SERVICES					
Adult Programming Film Program		0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50
Concert series		0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50
Lectures, Exhibits		0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25
Public Information		1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50
	TOTAL	2.75	2.75	2.75	2.75
Childrens Programming					
Childrens Programming		0.75	0.75	0.75	0.75
	TOTAL	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.75
Volunteer Services					
Volunteer Services	TOTAL	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50
	TOTAL	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50
Literacy Program		2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
Literacy Program	TOTAL	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
	IOIAL	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00

2008-09 APPROVED BUDGET LIBRARY

	2006 ACTUAL	2007 APPROVED	2008 APPROVED	2009 PROPOSED
FTE's BY PROGRAM				
Special Services				
Special Services	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.75
Library Outreach	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
TOTAL	1.75	1.75	1.75	1.75
TOTAL	7.75	7.75	7.75	7.75
TECHNICAL SUPPORT				
Technical Support Services				
Acquisitions	1.25	0.25	0.25	0.25
Collection Org. and Maintenance	6.75	7.75	7.75	7.75
TOTAL	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00
Computer Services				
Computer Services	4.75	4.75	5.00	5.00
TOTAL	4.75	4.75	5.00	5.00
Database Services				
Database Services	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50
TOTAL	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50
TOTAL	14.25	14.25	14.50	14.50
BUILDING MAINTENANCE				
Building Maintenance	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.50
TOTAL	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.50
TOTAL	78.95	79.45	80.20	80.20

2008-09 APPROVED BUDGET ARTS

	2006 ACTUAL	2007 APPROVED	2008 APPROVED	2009 PROPOSED
TE's BY PROGRAM				
Arts Administration	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50
Arts .15% Allocation	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
		1.50	1.50	1.50

2008-09 APPROVED BUDGET ENVIRONMENTAL AFFAIRS

	2006 ACTUAL	2007 APPROVED	2008 APPROVED	2009 PROPOSED
FTE's BY PROGRAM				
Administration	0.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
PACE	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Climate Action Plan/Green Building	1.50	0.00	4.00	4.00
Waste Reduction	2.50	3.00	3.00	3.00
Integrated Pest Management	1.00	0.50	0.50	0.50
TOTAL	6.00	5.50	9.50	9.50

2008-09 APPROVED BUDGET OPEN SPACE/MOUNTAIN PARKS

	2006 ACTUAL	2007 APPROVED	2008 APPROVED	2009 PROPOSED
FTE's BY PROGRAM				
OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR				
Office of the Director	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
CENTRAL SERVICES DIVISION				
CSD-Divisional Services	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Support Services	6.45	6.95	8.45	8.45
Financial Mgmt Services	3.00	3.50	3.50	3.50
Media Services	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
	11.45	12.45	13.95	13.95
REAL ESTATE SERVICES DIVISION				
Real Estate Services	6.80	6.80	6.80	6.80
	6.80	6.80	6.80	6.80
PLANNING & TECHNICAL SERVICES DIVISION				
PTSD-Divisional Services	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Planning Services	5.00	6.00	9.00	9.00
Technical Services	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00
	10.00	11.00	14.00	14.00
ENVIRONMENTAL & VISITOR SVCS DIVISION				
EVSD-Divisional Services	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Resource Conservation & Education Outreach	10.50	13.50	15.50	15.50
Ranger Naturalist Services	12.00	13.00	14.00	14.00
	23.50	27.50	30.50	30.50
LAND & FACILITIES SERVICES DIVISION				
LFSD-Divisional Services	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Resource Operations Services	7.33	7.50	7.75	7.75
Maintenance Operations Services	9.50	9.00	8.00	8.00
Project Management Services	6.00	6.00	8.00	8.00
	23.83	23.50	24.75	24.75
TOTAL	77.58	83.25	92.00	92.00

2008-09 APPROVED BUDGET PARKS AND RECREATION

	2006 ACTUAL	2007 APPROVED	2008 APPROVED	2009 PROPOSED
ΓE's BY PROGRAM				
ADMINISTRATION				
Business and Financial Management	1.25	3.25	3.45	3.45
Technological Support	0.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Support Services	9.25	4.75	4.00	4.00
Seasonal Hiring Coordination	0.00	0.37	0.37	0.37
Office of the Director	3.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
Policy and Information Services	0.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Marketing and Volunteer Coordination	0.00	3.50	3.50	3.50
Registration	3.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Community Relations	3.50	0.00	0.00	0.00
	20.00	15.87	15.32	15.32
PLANNING				
Administration	3.10	5.50	5.50	4.50
Projects and Construction	9.90	7.00	6.00	7.00
	13.00	12.50	11.50	11.50
CITY PARKS				
Administration	1.00	1.50	0.50	0.50
City Parks	32.25	31.25	33.25	33.25
Forestry	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00
Environmental Resources	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00
Reservoir	2.12	0.00	0.00	0.00
Golf Course Operations	3.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	46.37	40.75	41.75	41.75
RECREATION				
Administration	1.00	4.00	4.00	4.00
Access and Inclusion	0.00	5.00	5.00	5.00
Youth Programs	5.00	3.00	3.25	3.25
Sports	0.00	4.00	4.00	4.00
Sports Turf	7.00	7.20	7.20	7.20
Recreation Centers	0.00	17.25	17.25	17.25
Recreation Programs	0.00	18.13	18.38	18.38
Flatirons Golf Course	0.00	7.80	7.80	7.80
Aquatics and Boulder Reservoir	0.00	6.12	6.37	6.37
Special Projects and Planning	0.00	3.00	4.00	4.00
Therapeutics	6.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Athletics	7.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
NBRC and Programs	17.25	0.00	0.00	0.00
EBRC and Programs	11.13	0.00	0.00	0.00
SBRC and Programs	11.50	0.00	0.00	0.00
	65.88	75.50	77.25	77.25
TOTAL	145.25	144.62	145.82	145.82

2008-09 APPROVED BUDGET PLANNING

	2006 ACTUAL	2007 APPROVED	2008 APPROVED	2009 PROPOSED
FTE's BY PROGRAM				
ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICES	5.80	6.98	7.27	7.27
INFORMATION RESOURCES	3.53	3.53	4.25	4.25
LONG RANGE PLANNING	5.50	5.50	5.50	5.50
LAND USE REVIEW	8.75	9.75	11.25	11.25
TOTAL	23.58	25.76	28.27	28.27

2008-09 APPROVED BUDGET DEVELOPMENT & SUPPORT SERVICES DIVISION

	2006 ACTUAL	2007 APPROVED	2008 APPROVED	2009 PROPOSED
BUDGET BY PROGRAM				
DEVELOPMENT SERVICES				
Engineering Review	12.28	12.15	12.00	12.00
Building Construction & Code Enforcement	13.00	15.00	15.00	15.00
Administrative Services	9.88	10.45	10.91	10.91
Information Resources	6.00	6.00	6.38	6.38
TOTAL	41.16	43.60	44.29	44.29
SUPPORT SERVICES				
Facilities & Asset Management	13.51	13.58	14.58	14.58
Fleet Services	16.90	16.87	16.87	16.87
TOTAL	30.41	30.45	31.45	31.45
TOTAL	71.57	74.05	75.74	75.74

2008-09 APPROVED BUDGET TRANSPORTATION DIVISION

	2006 ACTUAL	2007 APPROVED	2008 APPROVED	2009 PROPOSED
TE's BY PROGRAM				
TRANSPORTATION DIVISION				
Transportation Planning & Operations				
Traffic Engineering	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Signs/Markings	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00
Signal Maintenance & Upgrade	4.00	4.00	5.00	5.00
Transportation Operations	5.28	5.54	5.54	5.54
Transportation System Management	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20
Transportation Planning				
Transit Service Operations	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50
Travel Demand Management (TDM)	1.00	1.00	2.50	2.50
Facilities/Regional Planning	1.00	1.00	0.50	0.50
Master/Community Planning	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50
Bike/Ped Planning	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
TOTAL	20.48	20.74	22.74	22.74
Project Management				
CIP Administration	5.85	6.65	6.65	6.65
TOTAL	5.85	6.65	6.65	6.65
Transportation Dahahilitation				
Transportation Rehabilitation	0.70	0.90	0.00	0.00
Overlay Sidewalk Maintenance	0.70	0.35	0.90 0.35	0.90 0.35
Major Street Reconstruction	0.35	0.35	0.35	0.35
Bikeways Capital Maintenance	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.75
TOTAL	1.95	2.15	2.15	2.15
Transportation Maintenance	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00
Administration	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00
Fleet Liaison	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50
Bikeway Maintenance Graffiti Maintenance	2.00	3.00	3.00	3.00
	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Median Maintenance	6.00 3.00	7.00 3.00	7.00 3.00	7.00 3.00
Street Sweeping Street Snow & Ice Control	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
Repair & Maintenance		11.00		
TOTAL	29.50	31.50	11.00 31.50	11.00 31.50
m				
Transportation Administration Transportation Administration	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Division administration	2.80		2.80	2.80
Support Services		2.80		
	1.39 4.19	1.15	1.40	1.40 4.20
TOTAL	4.19	3.95	4.20	4.20
Airport				
Administration	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
TOTAL	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
TOTAL	62.97	65.99	68.24	68.24
	32.7.	30.77	30.2	55.21

2008-09 APPROVED BUDGET UTILITIES DIVISION

	2006 ACTUAL	2007 APPROVED	2008 APPROVED	2009 PROPOSED
FTE's BY PROGRAM				
UTILITIES DIVISION				
Administration				
Division Administration	4.25	5.00	5.00	5.00
Billing Services	4.00	5.75	5.75	5.75
Support Services	1.77	1.52	1.77	1.77
TOTAL	10.02	12.27	12.52	12.52
Planning & Project Management				
Planning & Project Management	11.42	11.66	11.66	11.66
Flood Management	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.75
TOTAL	12.17	12.41	12.41	12.41
Water Resources				
Water Resources Management	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
Watershed Operations	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
Hydroelectric Operations	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00
TOTAL	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00
Water Treatment				
Betasso Treatment Plant	14.50	13.75	13.75	13.75
Boulder Reservoir Treatment Plant	8.50	9.25	9.25	9.25
System Controls	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00
TOTAL	26.00	26.00	26.00	26.00
Water Quality Environment Services				
Industrial Pretreatment	3.70	3.70	3.66	3.66
Water Conservation	1.70	1.70	1.66	1.66
Drinking Water Quality Services	6.90	6.90	6.83	6.83
Wastewater Quality Services	4.05	4.05	4.12	4.12
Stormwater Quality Services	5.40	5.40	5.48	5.48
TOTAL	21.75	21.75	21.75	21.75
System Maintenance				
Distribution System Maintenance	14.95	14.95	14.95	14.95
Collection System Maintenance	13.95	13.95	13.95	13.95
Storm Sewer Maintenance	5.55	5.55	5.55	5.55
Flood Channel Maintenance	2.05	2.05	2.05	2.05
Meter Services	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00
TOTAL	44.50	44.50	44.50	44.50
Wastewater Treatment				
75th Street Treatment Plant	23.00	25.00	25.00	25.00
Cogeneration	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Biosolids Operations	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00
TOTAL	29.00	31.00	31.00	31.00
TOTAL	150.44	154.93	155.18	155.18

2008-09 APPROVED BUDGET PLANNING & DEVELOPMENT SERVICES

	2006 ACTUAL	2007 APPROVED	2008 APPROVED	2009 PROPOSED
FTE's BY PROGRAM				
ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICES				
General Administration	10.43	12.18	10.93	10.93
Planning & Dev Svcs Center	3.00	3.00	5.00	5.00
Budget & Finance	2.25	2.25	2.25	2.25
<u> </u>	15.68	17.43	18.18	18.18
INFORMATION RESOURCES				
Information Resources Administration	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Landlink Administration	2.00	2.00	3.00	3.00
Records & Research	1.53	1.53	1.50	1.50
Geographic Information Systems	5.00	5.00	5.13	5.13
	9.53	9.53	10.63	10.63
LONG RANGE PLANNING				
Long Range Planning Administration	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00
Historic Preservation	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50
	5.50	5.50	5.50	5.50
LAND USE REVIEW				
Land Use Review	1.00	2.00	1.00	1.00
Planner Review Services	3.75	3.75	6.00	6.00
Zoning Administration	4.00	4.00	4.25	4.25
Č	8.75	9.75	11.25	11.25
ENGINEERING REVIEW				
Engineering Review	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Engineer Review Services	8.28	8.15	8.00	8.00
Right-of-Way Inspection	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00
	12.28	12.15	12.00	12.00
BUILDING CONSTRUCTION & CODE ENFORCE	EMENT			
Inspection & Enforcement Admin	1.25	1.25	1.25	1.25
Building & Housing Code	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00
Zoning/Environmental Code	3.00	4.00	4.00	4.00
Building Code Review	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.75
Building Code Plan Review Services	2.00	3.00	3.00	3.00
	13.00	15.00	15.00	15.00
TOTAL	64.74	69.36	72.56	72.56

2008-09 APPROVED BUDGET FIRE

	2006 ACTUAL	2007 APPROVED	2008 APPROVED	2009 PROPOSED
FTE's BY PROGRAM				
ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICES				
General	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00
Communication/Contracted Services	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00
EMERGENCY SERVICES				
General	95.00	95.00	95.00	95.00
Wildland Coordination	3.33	3.33	3.33	3.33
Training	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
	100.33	100.33	100.33	100.33
PREVENTION				
Prevention	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00
	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00
TOTAL	111.33	111.33	111.33	111.33

2008-09 APPROVED BUDGET POLICE

	2006 ACTUAL	2007 APPROVED	2008 APPROVED	2009 PROPOSED
FTE's BY PROGRAM				
Administration	5.00	5.25	6.00	6.00
Communications	29.00	29.00	33.00	33.00
Records & Information Systems	21.75	21.75	21.50	21.50
Financial & Facility Services	10.50	10.50	10.75	10.75
Personnel Services	6.00	5.75	6.00	6.00
Volunteer/Victim Services	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50
Detectives	37.00	37.00	37.00	37.00
Special Services	6.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Patrol Watch I	51.50	55.50	53.50	53.50
Patrol Watch II	38.00	42.00	43.00	43.00
Patrol Watch III	38.00	31.00	31.00	31.00
Traffic	19.00	29.00	29.00	29.00
TOTAL	263.25	269.25	273.25	273.25